"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Tuesday; no change temperature; moderate west winds.
☞ For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,220. NEW YORK, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1918. TWENTY-TWO PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 30 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

FORM NEW GERMAN REPUBLICS; OUTBREAK IN BERLIN; PEACE PROTOCOL LIKELY TO BE SIGNED BY MARCH; ADVANCED UNITS OF OUR ARMY ENTER PRUSSIA

WILSON APPROVES MAKING WIRELESS A NAVY MONOPOLY

Administration Plans Permanent Purchase and Operation of All Plants.

BILL GOES TO CONGRESS

Single Control Necessary to Make the Radio Profitable, Alexander Asserts.

BASED ON WAR EXPERIENCE

Measure Provides for Just Compensation to Owners — Appeal to Courts if Necessary.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Permanent Government control of all radio communication through the acquisition and operation by the Navy Department of all shore wireless stations in the United States used for commercial purposes is planned by the Administration under a bill now before Congress.

Representative Alexander, Chairman of the House Merchant Marine Committee, who introduced the measure in the House, announced today that hearings on the bill would begin before this committee Dec. 12, and continue until all interests had had an opportunity to be heard. A similar bill, introduced in the Senate by Chairman Fletcher of the Committee on Commerce, has been approved by President Wilson.

Besides providing for the acquisition and operation of the stations by the navy, the bill directs that the Secretary of the Navy, so far as may be consistent with the transaction of Government business, shall open radio stations to general public business under regulations prescribed by him and shall fix the rates for such service. He also shall establish special rates for the handling of press dispatches by transoceanic or other special stations.

Commercial business has been handled through some naval wireless stations for four years, and since the nation entered the war all stations have been, as they still are, operated by the navy. Stations taken over after the declaration of war included the big plants at Sayville, L. I., and Tuckerton, N. J., which were said to have been financed by Germany.

Plants Owned by Navy.

The navy only recently completed the most powerful radio plant in this country at Annapolis, and messages from it have been sent direct to France and other foreign countries. Another new station is being built on the South Atlantic Coast. On the Pacific Coast the navy operates stations at San Francisco and San Diego.

For any stations acquired under the proposed law or those which may be closed permanently just compensation is to be paid. In case of disagreement as to the amount of this compensation the Secretary of the Navy shall make an offer. If this is refused he will pay three-fourths of it pending final adjustment of the claim in the courts.

Reasons why the Government regards it as necessary for the navy to operate or control radio stations in this country are given in a statement prepared by officials of the Navy Department and made public today by Representative Alexander. The statement says, in part:

"In general, the bill provides for the acquisition and operation by the Navy Department of all radio stations on shore used for commercial purposes. Irrespective of the general subject of Government ownership, this principle is clearly indicated as necessary in the case of this particular public utility. Since the early days of the use of radiotelegraphy many companies have tried to operate radio stations as a commercial enterprise, in the United States generally or in certain localities.

"Except in very special circumstances, these enterprises have failed to make an adequate return, and in most cases no profit has been made except through the sale of stock. The reason for this is that a complete monopoly is necessary. A period of about eighteen years has clearly demonstrated that the United States Government is the only concern able to obtain and maintain such a monopoly.

"The part played by high power stations in this war and before the United States became a party to it shows very clearly the necessity for Governmental operation of these stations. Transoceanic radio telegraphy is not a serious competitor of the cables. High power stations are not yet able to receive from one another all day in all seasons. Cable communication is secret, while signals from radio stations are transmitted equally in all directions, and all nations can read the business of all others.

Need for Regulation.

"Signals from high power stations become international matter at once. Even the signals of an ordinary shore station transcend the three-mile limit and are capable of interfering with the legitimate work of an installation under a foreign flag. Only by the most careful regulation of radio traffic, through international agreement, can the maximum good be obtained, and only by each nation having the operation of radio stations under its direct control can international agreements be properly executed.

"This bill is not to create a complete Government monopoly. The scientist, manufacturer and shipowner are specially provided for, and no change is proposed in their status under existing law. Stations may be licensed for spe-

Continued on Page Five.

FREE SUBWAY GUIDE. Get yours from your druggist, who is supplied by McKesson & Robbins, Inc., makers of Calox Tooth Powder.—Advt.

Feed Austria, Says Charles, or Bolshevism Will Rise

VIENNA, Nov. 24, (Associated Press.)—Former Emperor Charles, in an interview with an Associated Press correspondent today declared that the situation at Vienna and throughout Austria was so grave that not a single day should be lost by the United States and the Allies in helping the people here.

"I am very glad," continued the ex-Emperor, "to see an American, representing a country which also worked for peace. I worked for peace always.

"Regarding the future, (I cannot speak of the past,) I can only repeat that I feel I did my duty. However, I do hope that peace will bring good fortune, happier days, and a better understanding among all peoples."

He insisted on the danger of Bolshevism unless the country was revictualed as quickly as possible.

M'CALL LOOMING AS PEACE ENVOY

President Said to Have Eliminated All Other Republicans from Consideration.

SENATORS ARE RESENTFUL

Criticise Decision Not to Appoint Any of Their Number on the Delegation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The delay of President Wilson in announcing the American Peace Delegation is attributed to difficulty in deciding upon the Republican member. That is the understanding in well-informed quarters, where there is a disposition to believe that William H. Taft, Elihu Root, and Charles E. Hughes have been eliminated from consideration. If so, the chances of Governor Samuel W. McCall of Massachusetts would seem to be at top notch. For several days Governor McCall's name has been figuring in the speculation, and it may be said that his prominence arises from hints from the inside.

It may not be known to President Wilson, but the fact is that considerable feeling has been aroused among Senators of both parties over their understanding that the President will not appoint any member of the Senate to the peace delegation. As the Senate will pass upon the treaty of peace negotiated, it is felt by Senators, some of whom are outspoken on the subject, that, leaving aside the matter of courtesy, at least one member of the Senate should be appointed as a peace plenipotentiary.

This principle was recognized by President McKinley when he appointed the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, William P. Frye of Maine, and the Chairman of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, Cushman K. Davis of Minnesota, as members of the Peace Commission that arranged the treaty of peace with Spain. It is known that President Wilson, aware, of course, of the precedent established by Mr. McKinley, had in mind recognition of the Senate on the present peace delegation, but decided to make no such appointment. He felt, it is said, that if he appointed one Senator he would be obliged to appoint another, a member of the opposite political party, and according to reliable information, reached the conclusion that he should confine his selections to members of his Cabinet and one prominent Republican. Subsequently he is represented as having determined to make an exception by making Colonel E. M. House a peace delegate.

There was reason to believe that if the President decided to appoint members of the Senate he would choose Senator Walsh of Montana, Democrat, and Senator Knox of Pennsylvania, Republican ex-Secretary of State. The selection of the Republican Senator, following precedent, would be Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, senior member of the Committee on Foreign Relations, who will be Chairman of the committee when the Senate is reorganized by the Republicans in the next Congress. But President Wilson does not like Senator Lodge, and it was realized from the beginning that Mr. Lodge's chances were nil.

Senators feel that the President should provide means by which the Senate could be kept informed as to the progress of the peace negotiations in order that, when the treaty was brought before the Senate for ratification, there would be an intimate understanding of the document. Members feel that otherwise the Senate will be working in the dark. From what was said today, it is believed that members will take some action looking to such an arrangement.

Secretary Lansing and Secretary Houston are still regarded as likely to be members of the peace delegation. The understanding as to Secretary Baker's selection is now believed to have been erroneous and to have been due to the fact that Mr. Baker will attend the peace conference in an advisory capacity. Those well informed are positive that a third member of the Cabinet will be one of the peace delegates. It is reported that Attorney General Gregory may be chosen, or, should he be eliminated, Postmaster General Burleson. Both Mr. Gregory and Mr. Burleson are from Texas, Colonel House's State. It is inevitable that should two Texans be made members of the delegation criticism would arise in Congress.

The President's decision to attend the peace conference is not popular among Senators and Representatives, and they do not hesitate to air their opposition privately. The criticism of the President's decision is not confined to Republicans. One Democratic Senator, a leader in the upper house, said that he had not found a single man who approved the President's intention to go abroad.

PINEHURST, N. C.—Hotel Carolina now open. Special weekly events in all sports.—Advt.

PEACE PARLEYS BY STAGES

Detailed Treaty Expected to Follow Preliminary Agreement.

NOW WORKING OUT POLICIES

Removal of Economic Barriers, Freedom of Seas and Compensation at Forefront.

ARMISTICE TERMS STAND

Foch Determined to Give No Heed to Future Pleas for Modification.

PARIS, Nov. 24, (Associated Press.)—Premier Clemenceau's visit to London early in December will give him an opportunity to discuss important issues to come before the Interallied Conference and the Peace Congress with Premier Lloyd George, Foreign Secretary A. J. Balfour, and other British leaders detained in England by the election campaign.

Announcement of the Premier's intention to go to England follows the visit to Paris of Paul Cambon, French Ambassador to Great Britain, who is believed to have acquainted the authorities here with the prevailing British sentiment on the main points under discussion. According to the Echo de Paris, Premier Clemenceau will go to London on Dec. 4.

Many of the subjects to come before the Peace Congress are now in a formative state, and it will be some time, perhaps a fortnight, before the regular sittings of the Interallied Conference are resumed, to arrange the preliminaries of the congress. In the meantime, none of the British, Italian, or other foreign delegates is here excepting Colonel E. M. House, the American representative to the conference, who is confined to his bed with grip. Several members of his staff also are down with the prevailing epidemic. But those charged with the preliminaries are going ahead, and diplomatic circles are actively discussing various phases of the big questions ahead.

Protocol Signed by March.

According to information from one quarter, negotiations for the signing of preliminaries of peace cannot commence before early in January. The discussion will take about a month and a half, so that the signing of the protocol would not occur before the end of February. This would necessitate a renewal of the armistice, which expires on Dec. 17 unless extended before that time. Previous to the January sittings of the congress, however, the Interallied Conference will have sessions during December in which President Wilson will take part.

The signing of a peace protocol covering essentials and the later development of a treaty covering all details is in accordance with practice at the time of the conclusion of peace between the United States and Spain. A peace protocol was signed, after which a complete treaty was formulated by a peace commission sitting in Paris.

It is declared that Marshal Foch, the allied Commander in Chief, has said he will give no heed to further protests from the German armistice delegates made through communications from the German Foreign Secretary Solf concerning the manner of carrying out the armistice. His reply to Dr. Solf doubtless will cover any further representations that may be made by the Germans.

The Matin says that it is able to inform Dr. Solf that the overtures he has inspired at The Hague are vain and that the United States and the allied Governments will never modify the armistice clauses, which have been approved highly.

The armistice as a whole lasts thirty-six days from the date of the signing, Nov. 11, with the right of extension and the right of denunciation on forty-eight hours' notice. The evacuation of Alsace-Lorraine must be completed by Nov. 26, and the withdrawal of the German troops from the Rhine country designated in the armistice is limited to Dec. 12. A renewal of the armistice probably would carry it beyond the opening of the Peace Congress, when fuller consideration could be given to its continuance.

Removal of Economic Barriers.

While there has been no authoritative announcement, it is understood that a considerable advance has been made in discussing preliminary details and that a very thorough examination now is going on concerning all

Continued on Page Two.

Germans Cannot Renew War, Hindenburg's Word to Berlin

BERNE, Nov. 23.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg, according to the semi-official Wolff Agency, has telegraphed to the Berlin Government asserting categorically that the German Army, because of the hard terms of the armistice and of the internal situation, is in no position to renew fighting.

The German military leader added that even operations against the French Army alone would be impossible.

AMERICA SAVED US, ASSERTS MERCIER

Cardinal Says Wilson's "Just Messages" Foiled German Schemes.

DOUBTS END OF AUTOCRACY

Burgomaster Max Refuses to Tell of His Captivity—Won't "Pose as Martyr."

BRUSSELS, Nov. 23, (Associated Press.)—Cardinal Mercier and Burgomaster Max, two of the most prominent figures of the war in Belgium, excepting King Albert, received The Associated Press correspondent today. Both men are as different physically and mentally as the ideas, ideals and opinions they represent, Burgomaster Max being one of the leaders of the Liberal Party.

"You have saved us," said the Cardinal, when asked what he thought about America's participation in the war. "You have saved the world."

Cardinal Mercier is tall and dignified. He was garbed in a purple soutane. He chatted with the correspondent for more than half an hour.

"I never despaired, I never lost hope, although at times my heart was very full," the Cardinal said, referring to an incident in December, 1914, when Baron von Bissing, Military Governor of Belgium, virtually made him a prisoner in his Episcopal Palace. "I received a telegram then from The Associated Press and have never been able to answer it. I wish to reply to it now:

"'Yes, Bissing treated me as a prisoner for four days.'"

Concerning the Governors of Belgium during the war Cardinal Mercier said that Falkenhausen was more cruel and inhuman than Bissing and more perfidious, insidious and dangerous.

"There was not much to choose between them, however," he said.

Referring to his quite recent birthday anniversary the correspondent complimented the Cardinal upon his robust appearance and health. The Cardinal replied:

"It is true that I am 67, but rather it is my seventy-first, because the last four years seemed like eight to me."

Alluding to the change in the government of Germany, Cardinal Mercier said:

"I am no politician. However, the changes there seem too sudden to be lasting. The new government appears to me like a camouflage of the autocracy, and the changes seem to have been made to order according to prearranged schedule.

"It is God's justice, and the public conscience is satisfied. The triumph of justice is complete; the barbarian device that might is right has received its death blow; the dream of Pan German domination has been shattered and evaporated like noxious gas in the wind, and, thanks to God's justice, right has triumphed and the Belgians once more are free and independent. We have won the war."

On receiving confirmation of the rumor that President Wilson planned to visit Europe, Cardinal Mercier said that he was a great admirer of the President, adding:

"Your President is a great statesman, one of the greatest statesmen of all times. The Germans' dark plotting and treacherous diplomacy were completely foiled by President Wilson's magnifi-

Continued on Page Three.

ARMIES VIEW EACH OTHER

Across Moselle Thousands of Enemy Troops Loiter in Camps.

TIME EXTENSION REFUSED

Americans Veto a Request for Delayed Retiring Owing to Few Bridges.

LUXEMBURG PEOPLE COOLER

German Population at the Border Greet Pershing Force Less Heartily.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LUXEMBURG, Nov. 23.—The reception given to the American Army of Occupation cooled off considerably today when our forces reached the German border, along the northeast edge of the Duchy of Luxemburg, where the German element of the population predominates. There were brass bands and crowds, but enthusiasm was lacking.

The entire Third Army is now at the German border. Our front extends from Wallendorf on the north to Sierck on the south. From Wallendorf down to Wasserbillig it runs along the Sauer River and from there south along the Moselle. The Germans appear to be in no great hurry in moving into Germany. Today I rode along the whole front and across the narrow rivers I could see tens of thousands of German soldiers in camp and loafing about.

Our men are establishing themselves along the western banks of the streams where they may remain several days until the allied troops on the left reach the line with us.

The region which the Third Army has reached is one of great natural beauty, the northeastern part of the Duchy being known as Little Switzerland. Before the war it was a great resort for tourists.

It is very cold and clear. The heavy frosts remain all day, and these accumulations give much of the countryside the appearance of being under a blanket of snow. The weather has been perfect since the Americans entered Luxemburg. The Chief Surgeon of the Army tells me that the health of the men is excellent.

Everything connected with the movement of the army is going well except for a shortage of gasolene. The problem of the supply, which is of great extent, gives every promise of being solved promptly.

The Luxemburg tradespeople have seized the opportunity to advance their prices. The cost of meals is much higher here than in Paris. Any kind of a meal costs the equivalent of four or five dollars. Food is very scarce in Luxemburg since the supply has been cut off from Germany, traffic communications with France not yet having been restored.

First View of Germany.

Nov. 22.—Troops of the American army of occupation today reached the German border on a thirty-kilometer stretch from Schengen, in the southeastern tip of the Duchy of Luxemburg, up to the vicinity of Grevenmacher. In front of the whole army all the Germans are back of their own soil, for, although we have not yet reached the border all along, the terri-

Continued on Page Two.

Wolff Anticipated Morgenthau's Advice; Germans Suggest Visit from Wilson

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 23, (via The Hague.)—THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent is reliably informed that influential circles here are urging the German Government to invite President Wilson to visit Germany, or at least some German port, while in Europe.

The Tageblatt today quotes from THE NEW YORK TIMES of Oct. 12 former Ambassador Morgenthau's telegram to Theodor Wolff, which it says never reached the latter, but must have been stopped by the old régime.

Wolff avers that, without knowing of Morgenthau's telegram, he went to the Chancellor, Prince Max of Baden, and suggested that he advise the Kaiser in that very sense, which the Chancellor hesitatingly promised to do, having become convinced that the overwhelming majority of the German people desired the Kaiser's abdication and the constitution of a republic.

Wolff deplores that President Wilson's "just and generous intentions" have not found expression in the armistice, but that instead the German nation is being driven into chaos, destitution, and starvation.

The communication to which Theodore Walff refers was an open letter by Henry Morgenthau, printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES of Oct. 12. This letter answered a previous editorial suggestion of Wolff that Germany appeal to some friend of Wilson like the former Envoy. Mr. Morgenthau's advice was that the Kaiser and his son abdicate.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA! Use McK. & R. CIN-U-FORM LOZENGES. All drug stores. McKesson & Robbins, Inc., 91 Fulton St., N. Y. C.—Advt.

Pershing's Signal Corps Men in Germany; Rioting Reported in Retiring Forces of Enemy

AMERICAN ARMY OF OCCUPATION, Nov. 24, (Associated Press.)—The German frontier was crossed at several places yesterday by American Signal Corps units and ambulance workers. Short trips were made into Rhenish Prussia, where the inhabitants are reported to have shown the Americans every consideration.

The American forces, resting Sunday along the German frontier, spent their spare time at various points watching the Germans opposite them. In numerous instances the Germans waved farewell when their detachments started on their homeward march.

Reports of rioting continue to reach American headquarters from various sources. One report was that a German Colonel had been dragged from his horse by soldiers and beaten severely. Before crossing from Luxemburg many of the privates said that when they reached Germany they would decline to obey their officers, do as they please, and if taken to task by their officers trouble would result.

The Americans yesterday observed individual German soldiers carrying red flags, but these men did not attempt to cross to the American side, nor were they apparently in any hurry to withdraw from the frontier.

The 7th Corps, under command of Major Gen. Haan, has been attached to the army of occupation. It is composed of the 5th, 89th, and 90th Divisions. The work of the 7th Army Corps will consist chiefly of handling the back-area communications.

The American Army will mark time until further orders. At least three or four days are expected to pass before the next move is made toward the German border.

The Germans apparently are withdrawing according to schedule. The general line of retirement is along the Perl-Saarburg Road. Owing to the shortage of horses the Germans are using oxen to haul supplies and some artillery.

DUTCHMEN HOOT EX-KAISER'S HEIR

Fisher Folk Greeted Former Crown Prince With Howls of Rage When He Arrived.

EXILED ON BLEAK ISLAND

Two-Story Cottage Amid Small Cluster of Huts to be His Abode During Internment.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 21, (Associated Press.)—When the former German Crown Prince arrived at the Zuyder Zee fishing town of Enkhuyzen today he received a different welcome than he encountered elsewhere in Holland.

As he descended from the railway car with a swaggering gait and wearing a fur coat howls of execration arose from the thousands gathered outside the station gates. The outburst of hostility seemed to perturb him somewhat.

The Government yacht which was to have taken the former Crown Prince to the Island of Wieringen, which will be his future abode in Holland, grounded in the fog. A little tugboat was substituted. Affecting indifference, the former Crown Prince stepped on the gangway and lit a cigarette. The tug cast loose immediately and disappeared in the fog amid the angry shouts of the populace.

The hamlet of Mosterland, where the ex-Kaiser's heir is interned, consists of a score of small farmsteads and fishermen's huts on the bleak, lonely island of Wieringen, which is situated some distance from the Dutch naval station at Helder. The local pastor's humble two-story residence has been leased furnished for six months, and here the former Crown Prince will live. The house, which is without the slightest attraction, is off the beaten track and is hardly ever visited by strangers. The hamlet itself is inhabited for the most part by mussel fishermen, who, after their experiences with U-boats during the war, view the guest's advent with anything but favor.

The sole communication between the island of Wieringen and the mainland is a small steamer which carries mail and makes two trips daily.

To the furnishings of the parsonage, which are very simple, there has been added a small billiard table and a bath. Adjoining a Bible classroom furnishings have been installed for the former Crown Prince's guard.

A lonelier retreat for the exile could hardly be imagined.

EX-KAISER KEEPS CLOSE TO HIS DUTCH CASTLE

Never Has Left the Grounds Since He Arrived—Assailed for Hoarding Food in Berlin.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 23.—William Hohenzollern, the former German Emperor, has not left the grounds of the Amerongen Castle since he was interned there, Dutch newspapers say.

The ex-Kaiser begins each day with a walk about the castle grounds and then attends a religious service conducted by Count von Bentinck or the Count's son. The day closes with another walk in the gardens. The officers of his suite, however, dash about the country in automobiles.

The pastor of the village church twice has dined with the former Emperor's party. Other local notables also have visited the castle.

Some Dutch papers criticise the Gov-

Continued on Page Four.

HARTSHORNE & PICABIA, Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 7 Wall St.—Advt.

87 U-BOATS NOW IN ALLIED HANDS

Deutschland and Other Large Ones in Squadron of 28 Surrendered Yesterday.

TICONDEROGA MEN ABOARD

U-139, Which Sank 126 Ships, in Lot, but Her Commander Remained at Home.

HARWICH, England, Nov. 24, (Associated Press.)—In the presence of Sir Eric Geddes, First Lord of the Admiralty, twenty-eight more German U-boats surrendered today.

This was the most imposing flotilla of submarines to haul down the German flag thus far. It included several very large submarines and four of the cruiser type, one being nearly 350 feet in length. [This makes a total of eighty-seven submarines surrendered since the armistice was signed.]

The noted cruiser submarine Deutschland, U-153, was among the number. She carried two American officers who had been rescued from the American Army cargo ship Ticonderoga, which was torpedoed on Sept. 30. The officers were taken to Kiel by the Deutschland, which was returning from a three-months' cruise in American waters, and were landed today at Harwich.

Another surrendered boat was the U-139, which had just returned to a German port after a sixty-four days' cruise, commanded by Lieutenant Commander Arnauld E. La Perrière, who in 1916 received the Order Pour le Mérite for sinking 126 vessels. The U-139, however, was brought in by a First Lieutenant, who explained that Perrière was too sad to undertake the duty.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The British squadron which will go to Kiel and Wilhelmshaven this week, it is understood in naval circles, will be commanded by Vice Admiral Montague Browning, who will be accompanied by American, French, and Italian Admirals. The purpose of the journey is to see that German vessels in those ports are properly disarmed.

Knew Deutschland Was a Raider.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Information from Harwich that the cruiser-submarine Deutschland U-153 was one of the vessels which carried out raids on shipping off the Atlantic Coast confirms the belief expressed by naval officers here last Summer that the former merchant submersible was in the raiding fleet.

Reports which reached the department at that time from various sources indicated that the raiders were of the Deutschland type, and probably were converted merchantmen originally planned for trade with the United States. Because of their great cruising radius they were believed to have been assigned exclusively to raiding operations.

EXPLOITS OF DEUTSCHLAND.

First Submarine to Cross the Atlantic as a Cargo Vessel.

The Deutschland, which was among the U-boats surrendered yesterday, is the famous "merchant submarine," which made two trips to this country bringing cargoes of dyestuffs and chemicals and carrying back rubber, nickel, gold and other precious metals and materials for the lack of which Germany was suffering.

On July 9, 1916, the Deutschland arrived at Baltimore from Germany and the successful completion of the first transatlantic voyage by a submarine at-

Continued on Page Four.

GERMAN EXTREMISTS FAIL

Spartacus Adherents Are Shot in Effort to Seize Police Presidency.

CABINET IS TOTTERING

Swiss Report Wires Into Germany Cut and Believe Unusual Events Are Happening.

COAST IN NEW REPUBLIC

South Germany and Rhineland, Fearing Radicals, Are Headed for Secession.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 24.—Adherents of the Spartacus group at Berlin attempted on Friday evening to seize the Berlin Police Presidency.

Several persons were killed or injured.

GENEVA, Nov. 24, (Havas.)—All telegraphic communication between Germany and Switzerland has been interrupted. It is believed here that there has been some unusual occurrence in Germany to cause this interruption.

BERLIN, Nov. 23, via Copenhagen, (Associated Press.)—"It cannot be denied nor concealed that the situation becomes more difficult and more dangerous every day," says Theodor Wolff in the Tageblatt in referring to a statement attributed to Field Marshal von Hindenburg regarding alleged French plans for the permanent conquest of German territory.

The only way to prevent the utter dissolution of Germany, he argues, is for the Government to abandon its amateur politics and close the peace preliminaries. This would be terribly costly, Herr Wolff says, but it is the only way to save the State.

Herr Wolff declares that all South Germany is dissatisfied with conditions in Berlin and is beginning to consider the question of leaving the capital to its fate. He points out that the reported Polish aggression against the eastern borders of Germany may have fatal consequences in regard to the provisioning of Berlin.

Count Reventlow in the Tageszeitung takes the same standpoint, declaring that only a speedy preliminary peace can prevent a catastrophe.

The movement to withdraw from Germany and create a separate republic is gaining ground rapidly in the Rhineland, according to reports from Cologne to the Socialist Vorwärts. The movement finds strong support on the part of the Clericals as a result of the Prussian Government's announcement of its intention to disestablish the Church.

Rhinelanders Fear Bolshevism.

Recent events in Berlin also apparently have increased the fears of the Rhinelanders regarding Bolshevism, as the correspondent declares:

"We shall have to reckon with secession as almost unavoidable unless an immediate consolidation is reached in Berlin and the date of elections to the Constituent Assembly set with the greatest speed."

The Augsberg Evening Gazette advises the Bavarian Provisional Government to take a positive stand against the Berlin radicals and to threaten the North German terrorists with the secession of Bavaria and other South German States unless they adopt a different policy. The paper states that the opposition of the Berlin Soldiers' and Workmen's Council to a democratic republic will not only prove to be a signal for civil war, but will also result in breaking off peace negotiations and the entry of Entente troops into Germany. Continuing, it says:

"All of South Germany must disengage itself from this Berlin reign of blood and terror and prove to the world that it respects President Wilson's ultimatum, 'No peace with autocracy.'"

Leading political circles in Berlin, according to the Vossische Zeitung, believe that the Executive Committee of the present Government is falling into the same error with respect to the interpretation of the present attitude of America and the Entente as did the old régime which was unable "to grasp President Wilson's hint that the Emperor be removed."

The newspaper's informant declares that further evidence of the allied refusal to negotiate with a Government which is not representative of the whole German people was furnished by the attitude of Admiral Beatty, who, "evidently at the behest of his

Government," declined to receive the representatives of the Soldiers' and Workers' Council when arrangements were made to surrender the German fleet.

It is added that it is obvious that no food relief will be sent unless foundations for a democratic Government are firmly laid.

The Silesian coal miners are demanding a six-hour workday and 30 marks as the daily wage, and are threatening a strike, which, with the existing transportation difficulties, would menace Berlin's coal supply.

Proclaim North Sea Coast Republic.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—German newspapers, according to Copenhagen advices, report that the "United Workers' and Soldiers' Councils" have proclaimed Oldenburg, Oestfriesland, Bremen, Hamburg, and Schleswig-Holstein (on the North Sea coast of the German Empire from Holland to Denmark) a republic. The capital will be at Hamburg.

The left wing of the Social Democrats and the ultra-Radicals on Wednesday launched their expected fight on the National Assembly during the course of a largely attended meeting of the Workingmen's Council for Greater Berlin called by the Executive Board of the Soldiers' and Workmen's Council, dispatches from Berlin via Amsterdam report. It was presided over by Hermann Molkenbuhr and Herr Mueller, joint bi-partisanship Chairman of the body which considers itself the highest authority in the present Government and incidentally claims the right to disband the Cabinet if the latter refuses to carry out its policy.

Herr Mueller, who is the Independents' representative in the committee Chairmanship, asserted at the meeting that an attempt to convene a National Assembly was a plain endeavor to give the bourgeoisie control of the new democracy. He demanded a Socialistic republic, and added: "A National Assembly would be our death warrant. The path to it can only lead over my dead body."

Friedrich Ebert, head of the new German Cabinet, and Dr. Hugo Haase attended the meeting. The latter emphasized the need of a national body, and added that the achievements of the revolution would not be lost as a result of it.

This opposition to the Ebert-Scheidemann program, says the dispatch, foreshadows internal strife that is calculated to disrupt the present Government. While Haase is known to be in favor of a National Assembly because of its immediate bearing upon American food relief and the peace negotiations, it is plain that his faction is a unit against the proposition.

The Soldiers' and Workers' Council for Greater Kiel has adopted a resolution declarnig that all authority should be invested in the Council until the fruits of the revolution can be safeguarded, according to the Red Flag, the organ of Dr. Liebknecht, the Radical-Socialist. The resolution declares all banks, principal industries, and great landed property should be national property.

All legislation, it is declared, shall strive in the direction of the socialization of the State, in collaboration wth the Soldiers' and Workers' Councils. The bourgeois class is to be excluded.

The Council of the People's Commissioners welcomes the returning troops with a proclamation, saying, among other things:

"You marched into the field for the Fatherland when you had nothing to say and a handful of autocrats had the power in their hands and distributed the booty among themselves. You had to fight in silence, while hundreds of thousands at your side had to die. Today you return to your own country, where in the future only the people themselves will have anything to say."

"Germany free, our Socialist public will join the League of Nations. You will find not only all the political rights you hitherto have been deprived of, but the Fatherland shall also be your property economically."

The proclamation promises an eight-hour day and points out the scarcity of food. It concludes:

"United labor and action in a Germany possessing a Government relying upon the workers and soldiers can alone help us and obtain from our former enemies peace."

The proclamation is signed by Chancellor Friedrich Ebert, Hugo Haase, Philipp Scheidemann, Wilhelm Dittmann, Herr Landsberg, and Herr Barth, all members of the Ministry.

In a proclamation issued Friday in Karlsruhe, Grand Duke Friedrich of Baden says that he relieves officials and soldiers from their oath of fidelity and renounces the throne for himself and his descendants, in accord with his cousin and heir, Prince Maximilian, the former German Chancellor

The Provisional People's Government of Baden, in announcing the abdication to the people, declares that the Grand Duke and his family and their honor are under the protection of the Baden Republic. The announcement renders homage to the patriotism of the Grand Duke and the services of Prince Maximilian to Germany.

Field Marshal von Mackensen, the former German commander in Rumania, arrived in Berlin Thursday with his staff, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Rhenish Westphalian Gazette quoted in a telegram from Amsterdam. The German troops returning with him met Czechoslovak forces at Sillein, Moravia, and were unable to continue the journey by way of Oderberg, and were forced to withdraw from Austria by way of Vienna and Passau.

OPPOSITION TO PRUSSIA.

Political Breach Between North and South Revived by Armistice.

The fact that amid the successful revolutions in the German States the breach of political differences seems to be widening between the north and the south—the more moderate democratic organizations of the southern States declining to be dictated to by the radical councils of Berlin and the Extremists of the Baltic ports—revives a line of cleavage which, making its appearance with the Confederation of the Rhine, 1806-1815, was carried through the German "Bund," 1815-1866, caused separation in the North German Confederation, 1866-1871, and apparently disappeared under the German Empire of 1871-1918, only to come into life with the armistice of Nov. 11 last.

The Confederation of the Rhine was the work of Napoleon; it isolated the rest of Germany from Prussia. The "Bund" returned to the then thirty-nine States their autonomy with a nominal union. In 1848 the Liberals in nearly all revolted, and in 1866 some joined Prussia and some Austria in war. Prussia won and formed a northern confederation, isolating Austria and the southern States, principally Bavaria, Württemberg, Baden, and Saxony, which, in 1871, entered the empire formed by Prussia on their own terms and with special privilege under the Constitution. These are the States which now again resent Prussian dictation.

STRASBOURG TAKES POILUS TO HER ARMS

Alsatian Capital, a Mass of Flags, Gives Liberators Unexampled Welcome.

JOY INCREASES IN LORRAINE

French More Enthusiastically Received the Nearer They Approach German Border.

STRASBOURG, Nov. 23, (Associated Press.)—The reoccupation of Alsace-Lorraine by the French troops has been accompanied by growing enthusiasm on the part of the population in proportion as the forces penetrate farther toward the Rhine. Nearest to the old German frontier the rejoicing is greatest, and the manifestations are most picturesque.

After Château-Salins, Metz, and Sarrebourg in Lorraine and Mulhouse in Alsace, Colmar, and Saverne (Zabern) opened their arms and poured out their hearts to their "liberators" with an ardor that exceeded by far the welcome of Metz. All through the provinces the smallest villages and rural districts have shown particularly that their loyalty to the French nation has been deepened, rather than diminished, by their long separation.

Saverne, the small garrison town where a German Lieutenant developed a sensational affair out of an insignificant chapping incident in 1913, had on its Christmas dress when General Dupont arrived at the head of his troops. The streets had been planted on both sides with evergreens, and more bunting was flying than the entire region was supposed to possess after four years of dearth of cloth of all sorts.

Some of the tricolor flags that flew from the windows of the modest houses were made of strips of calico; others were of silk dating from the second Empire and brought from their hiding places, where they had evaded the German police for nearly fifty years.

The famous old fortress of Phalsbourg, which stood sieges so valiantly before and during 1870, was also ablaze with red, white and blue, with the Stars and Stripes and the British and other Allied flags streaming alongside the French. The countryside farmhouses and small villages were gay with bunting, which was set off by the heavy frost that had whitened the housetops and the forests of the Vosges.

Liberators Greeted in French.

In spite of the extremely cold weather, the entire population was out to meet the troops, and remained out, after the column had passed, to greet every stray follower. In this region of Alsace, where the German patois was supposed to be not only the principal but almost the only tongue, French officers and men were everywhere treated to the joyous surprise of being saluted in French. It was not Parisian in its accent, but quite understandable, and uttered with a sincere emotion that provoked tears.

The enthusiasm of the troops grew with that of the population as they advanced toward the Rhine, and when Strasbourg was reached by the advance guards yesterday afternoon came the climax of the celebration. The superb Alsatian capital was already one fluttering mass of red, white, and blue. No one is able to say just where all these flags came from, but many of them had been in the making secretly by loyal Alsatian women since the second battle of the Marne, which the majority of Alsatians regarded at the time as the turning point of the war. Thenceforth they were sure of the early arrival of the French.

flew bunting, but only the Stars and Stripes and Alsatian colors. The Alsatians put a stop to this, demanding that whoever refused to fly the French

Tricolor should fly no flags whatever. A former German officer, the owner of a hardware establishment, summoned to comply with this demand, hastily drew in the American and Alsatian colors.

Automobiles arrived with officers in advance of the troops, and the officers were taken out and carried in triumph into the city. All afternoon and all evening the troops marched through the town arm-in-arm with Alsatians in their national costume.

All day today they have done the same. This evening they are continuing by torchlight—long lines of horizon blue interspersed with the gay colors of the Alsatian costumes, ribbons stretching from curb to curb, singing, dancing; the people seemingly oblivious of the sharp cold that would slow up anything less ardent than the enthusiasm of these citizens, which is really that of a long-lost child coming within sight of his home.

Tomorrow at 10:45 o'clock will take place at the cathedral a symbolic manifestation of this great historic event. The great clock at Strasbourg will then be set to French time. Thereafter the celebrated old timepiece will beat in unison with those of the capital of France.

Germans Flew American Flags.

The inhabitants of German origin also flew bunting, but only the Stars and Stripes and Alsatian colors. The Alsatians put a stop to this, demanding that whoever refused to fly the French Tricolor should fly no flags whatever.

The solemn official entry of the French troops led by Marshal Pétain promises to be anything but solemn. The inhabitants are impatient for the moment to arrive when they can acclaim the leaders of the victorious French armies. In honor of the occasion the French soldiers will be entertained in a score of different ways by the residents.

A quick inspection of the Alsatian capital shows that the de-Germanization of the town is proceeding with prodigious rapidity, and is characterized by the frantic renaming of business houses. Every few yards there appears a white cotton band with a French name that has hastily been draped over the German firm name or the German trademark. There are now the "Café de Paris" and the "Restaurant de la Marne," replacing Teutonic names, while some proud houses have hung in their windows discreet cards, on which is written: "French house, dating from before 1870."

Towns Occupied by the French.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—The War Office announcement tonight on the operations of the army of occupation says:

"Our troops today continued their progress in Belgium and Luxemburg. Wiltz, Naville, and Nadrin were occupied. Our cavalry pushed forward to the east frontier of Luxemburg.

"Everywhere our troops were welcomed enthusiastically. In Lorraine there were moving manifestations at Wissembourg, the inhabitants of neighboring villages taking part. At Reichshofen the population organized a touching patriotic ceremony before the monument erected in 1870. Similar enthusiastic manifestations occurred at Salmbach, Seltz, and Fort Louis."

AMERICANS FINISH METZ-VERDUN ROAD

Standard Gauge Railway to be Chief Line for Supplies to Occupying Forces.

10,000 BUILDERS NOW BUSY

Pershing's Engineers Laying Rails Over No Man's Land Northeast of Verdun.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY OF OCCUPATION, Nov. 24, (Associated Press.)—American engineers today laid the last rail connecting the standard gauge railroad between Verdun and Metz, having virtually rebuilt nine miles of the track. It is over this line principally that the forces of occupation will be supplied during their advance, and regular service will begin probably tomorrow.

More than 10,000 Americans are employed on the task of rebuilding the railroads across No Man's Land northeast of Verdun, the 23d Engineers' Regiment having charge of the work. Mile after mile of trackage has been destroyed by four years' constant shelling, necessitating a new roadbed.

West of the German lines the engineers began work on the day the armistice was signed. Then when the American troops began their advance, a week ago, the engineers rushed additional forces to carry out the reconstruction work on the other side of the old German line. The most difficult task overcome by the Americans was the clearing of a tunnel two miles from Verdun in the region of Fort de la Vannes.

The tunnel was used by the French as a shelter during the siege of Verdun. In the early days of the war 800 soldiers were killed in the tunnel by an explosion, which, it was reported, was caused by a mule kicking a case of ammunition.

The German artillery for years pounded both ends of the tunnel in an endeavor to seal up this important aid to the French defenders of Verdun. Consequently the roadbed at either end was covered ten feet deep at places with earth and rocks thrown up by the shells.

The completed line leads northeast to Etain, thence to Conflans, where it connects with Mezières, Sedan, Montmedy, and Metz, one of Germany's main lines of communication during the war. From Conflans the line connects with several lines extending northward to Luxemburg.

WILSON IN ENGLAND AT ELECTION CLIMAX

Some Papers Apprehensive Concerning His Policy of Freedom of the Seas.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The British newspapers today contained little comment on the coming visit of President Wilson, probably on account of the greater interest in the political situation. The President's visit will coincide with the closing week of the general election campaign, according to the program cabled from New York.

Ordinarily, London would practically be deserted by public men, who would be making the final speeches in their constituencies, but Premier Lloyd George and the other members of the Cabinet will, of course, place their time at the President's disposition. The interest which President Wilson's presence would naturally arouse will have strong competition in the election excitement.

The Times and Observer printed editorials today assuring the President of a warm welcome and pointing out to him the advantage of meeting the chiefs of the allied nations for a personal discussion of the peace terms. Both express misgivings regarding President Wilson's policy as to the freedom of the seas, which is regarded here as the only point on which Anglo-American differences may be feared. Both argue strongly that the maintenance of Great Britain's traditional sea policy is vital, and that no change can be considered under any circumstances.

PRESIDENT TO OCCUPY MURAT HOME IN PARIS

Prince's Mansion at His Disposal —Peace Delegates to Fill Big Hotels.

PARIS, Saturday, Nov. 23.—Prince and Princess Joachim Murat, at the request of the Government, have placed their town house at 28 Rue de Monceau at the disposal of the French authorities to receive President Wilson during his stay in Paris.

The President will find in the mansion various souvenirs of General Washington, whose niece married Prince Achille Murat. The house, which was noted before the war for the splendid receptions held there, has a large garden.

At the present time Princess Murat is living at the Château de Chambly, in the Department of the Oise, where she looks after several hundred wounded French soldiers. Prince Murat re-entered the cavalry at the beginning of the war despite his age. During the war he has lost one son killed and another has been wounded seriously.

A large number of the most important hotels in Paris have been requisitioned for the accommodation of the extensive staffs of the British, French, American, Italian, and other delegations.

The Americans have taken the Hotel Crillon, facing the Place de la Concorde, and the adjoining extensive office quarters formerly occupied by the American Red Cross. This gives the Americans a frontage of nearly an entire block on the opposite side of the Rue Royale from the Ministry of Marine.

The British have taken the large Hotels Majestic and Astoria on the Champs Elysées. The Belgian mission has taken the Hotel Lutetia on the left bank of the Seine and the Hotel Louvre on the Avenue de l'Opéra also has been requisitioned. In all, some twenty-five of the largest hotels in Paris have been taken, creating a great stringency in hotel accommodations so that army and navy officers and men are finding the greatest difficulty in obtaining quarters.

Prince Murat is a son of Prince Joachim, who was born at Bordentown, N. J., in 1834, and is a descendant of Caroline Bonaparte, sister of Napoleon. Princess Murat, before her marriage, was Cecile Ney, Duchess d'Elchingen. Both Murat and Ney were Marshals in the Napoleonic armies.

PARIS AWAITS KING GEORGE.

Great Preparations to Welcome British Monarch on Thursday.

PARIS, Nov. 24, (British Wireless Service.)—Great preparations are being made for the visit of King George to France this week. President Poincaré and members of the French Government will meet the King at the railway station, whence a procession will drive to the Foreign Office, where a suite of rooms has been reserved for the use of the King and his party during their stay in Paris.

The official object of the King's visit is to convey personally to the President his congratulations on the successful termination of the war. King George will pay an official visit to the President on Thursday, the day of his arrival, and in the evening a dinner will be given by the President at the Elysée Palace. On Friday there will be a reception at the British Embassy, and on Saturday the King will leave Paris to visit the armies.

ARMIES VIEW EACH OTHER

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

tory ahead of our left is clear of the enemy.

It was along the Moselle River that the American Army first saw Germany. American detachments reached the west bank of the Moselle this morning just before noon, with the Germans in some places only two hours ahead of them. Along miles of the beautiful stream the Germans crowded one bank and the Americans the other. None of our troops has crossed the river. According to the terms of the armistice, the Germans have fifteen days to get on their own soil. According to this, the Americans' crossing cannot take place before Nov. 26.

The Germans had to make quite an effort to complete the evacuation of Luxemburg this morning. Because of the scarcity of bridges, they had asked yesterday for an extension of time. This was refused, so somehow or other they got out anyhow, being slightly behind the official schedule, however.

Today I rode along the west bank of the Moselle some twenty-five kilometers on a beautiful road just skirting the stream and running through a picturesque valley with hillsides lined with vineyards both in Germany and Luxemburg. It was interesting to see the doughboys seated on the west bank of the river, resting from their march, with the Germans seated likewise fifty yards across the stream, many of them fishing. I saw thousands and thousands of Germans across the narrow strip of water. None of them seemed belligerent. On the contrary, they extended frequent invitations to our men to come over to visit them. The curiosity of the doughboys would have prompted them to accept, except for the fact that the American commanders have issued the strictest sort of orders against fraternization.

I visited a number of villages along the bank and found the Americans everywhere getting an enthusiastic reception. American flags were placed by the side of the colors of Luxemburg on every building. Across the river one could see flags, too. There they were all German. However, civilians who have crossed the line assure the Americans of welcome in Germany.

American Officers in Treves.

Three of our officers who went into Treves under mutual arrangements tell me that boche civilians and soldiers waved to them and pretty girls smiled at them. They said no feeling of hostility was apparent to them during their six hours' stay in the German city.

The American soldiers are enjoying immensely their trip through the garden land of Luxemburg, where everything looks made to order and where cleanliness universally is practiced. There is but one trouble with them. When they received their equipment for the march they got English shoes. No doubt these are good shoes, but they do not fit the American foot and cause a good deal of complaint. However, it is much too cold to go barefoot, so the doughboys must nurse their grouches and blisters.

An official report has been made upon a distressing incident of the boche withdrawal. In Longwy was a hospital which the Germans had used for four years. They reported to the Americans that they were taking their wounded away from there. Several hours after the Americans reached the town they found that 300 Russians, several score Italians, and eight American wounded had been left twenty-four hours before without attendants and without food. There were three men dead in the yards and two dying. In Virton, where the boches had 8,000 wounded, 700 were too ill to be moved, so the Americans permitted 12 surgeons, 100 orderlies, and 22 nurses to remain behind to care for them.

FOR RELEASED AMERICANS.

Our Red Cross in France to Provide for Those Returning.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—Arrangements have been completed by the American Red Cross for American prisoners who will be received over the French frontier, where overcoats, underclothing, shoes, and uniforms will be provided for them. It is expected that these articles will be much needed by the men.

J. B. Dimmick of Scranton, Penn., is in charge of this work. Mr. Dimmick announced that 300 Americans who were prisoners of the Germans are under treatment here and if able would be invalided home. Others, he said, would be retained at hospitals here. Prisoners whose health is broken down will be quartered in various replacement camps, while those who are physically fit will be returned to their units.

The American Red Cross reports that American prisoners received fair treatment in Germany considering the shortage of food and other hardships.

Released allied military prisoners continually are arriving at the eastern stations, and all give evidence of having suffered greatly from lack of food while in German hands. Among the military prisoners are French, British, American, Belgian, and Italian soldiers. There are also Belgian and French civilian prisoners, who appear to have undergone more hardships than the soldiers.

The British soldiers apparently were subjected to harsher treatment than the others and they aroused the compassion of some of the more fortunate ones. Some of the Americans divided their clothes with the Britishers, who were in rags.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 23.—Contrary to some reports, it has been ascertained definitely that no former American war prisoners have yet crossed the Dutch frontier from Germany. A number of them, however, are expected soon.

Captain Rose of the American Military Staff at The Hague remains at Enschide, near the Prussian border south of Oldenzaal, to await the arrival of the released Americans.

GERMAN BARRIERS RAZED.

Americans Destroy Steel and Concrete Obstacles Near Verdun.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY OF OCCUPATION, Nov. 23, (Associated Press.)—American forces have completed the task of demolishing the barriers which guarded the old German front east of Verdun. The last barrier thus encountered consisted of reinforced concrete pillars, stretching along the old front for two miles. The pillars were three feet apart at the roads and fifty feet apart across the country. They were connected by two-inch cables.

When the Americans crossed the front lines last Sunday the advanced guards were halted only a few minutes by the barriers. Engineers quickly placed a few blasts of dynamite under each pillar, which made the roads passable. Since then gangs working in relays have toiled constantly to dig up immense steel rails and concrete foundations which were six feet underground, the rails extending five feet above the ground, the concrete being poured around them.

Each pillar was five feet square and stood eight feet above the ground. The pillars apparently were a year or more old, as each was camouflaged by reeds growing in nearby swamps, the concrete being scarcely noticeable from a distance. At Mars-la-Tour, just at the edge of the village, the Americans encountered tank barrires some of which were only half completed. A few blasts of dynamite soon put them out of commission.

At Etain the Germans had barriers of logs chained together on four wheels, the logs being movable like a gate. On these barriers the Germans had installed ingenious devices to remove the wheels from beneath the logs, which would then drop across the road at the main road entrance into Etain. This log barrier was just at the western entrance, the logs acting as a check in the event that the mines failed to destroy the bridge.

PERSHING GOES TO CHAUMONT

His Special Train Drawn by an American Locomotive.

LUXEMBURG, Nov. 23, (Associated Press.)—Several American airplanes flew over Luxemburg today and attracted great attention from the inhabitants. Airplanes are being used by the army of occupation as in wartime, except that they do not go ahead of the American front lines.

General Pershing was in Luxemburg again today on his way to American headquarters at Chaumont from Brussels. He traveled from Luxemburg to Brussels and return by automobile. From Luxemburg he went southward by special train. His special train was drawn by an American locomotive, and it was the first American train to reach Luxemburg, coming by way of Nancy, Metz and Longwy.

The American Signal Corps has strung telephone wires connecting the American headquarters in a suburb of Luxemburg with Longwy, Briey, Metz and Nancy.

RECORD OF 26TH DIVISION.

New England Men Were in All Our Big Operations of the War.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—This summary of the activities of the 26th (New England National Guard) Division in France is made public:

"During April, May, and June the 26th was on line in the Woevre, (north of Toul.) On July 18 it took an active part in the opening of the allied offensive near Château-Thierry, Torcy, and Bouresches, but after a few days' hard fighting it was withdrawn. It participated in the operation near St. Mihiel on Sept. 12-14.

It then moved to the front north of Verdun, where it was reported on Oct. 23 in action on the heights east of the Meuse. Here it took part in the final drive of the First American Army. When hostilities were suspended at 11 A. M. on Nov. 11 the 26th Division was actively engaged in breaking down the enemy's defense near Damvillers.

BRITISH ON GERMAN BORDER.

Have Reached Frontier to the North of Luxemburg.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Field Marshal Haig's report tonight of the British advance says:

"We reached today the German frontier immediately north of Luxemburg. Our general line along the frontier lies south of Beho, Grandmenil, Bomal, Huy, and east of Avennes."

PEACE PARLEYS BY STAGES

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

questions likely to come before the conference and the congress, particularly economic questions and the reservations made by the Allies in accepting President Wilson's fourteen points as the terms upon which peace could be made.

The economic questions are assuming a marked prominence since the announcement that an American party, including a large staff of economic and shipping experts, was coming to Paris, and the presence on this side of the Atlantic of Edward N. Hurley and other American economic and shipping authorities.

The main discussions appear to centre around President Wilson's third point, which was accepted without reservation by the Allies, providing for the removal, so far as possible, of all economic barriers. Previous to this the Allied Economic Congress held in Paris two years ago provided for an economic boycott against the Central Powers for five years after the conclusion of the war and for special trade facilities between the allied countries, their colonies, and neutrals.

This action preceded America's entrance into the war, and the United States did not subscribe to the proposed restrictions. Little has been heard since that time about putting into effect the decision of the Economic Congress, and the acceptance of President Wilson's third point by the Allies appears to substitute the principle of the removal of economic barriers for the previous one of exclusion.

The growth of American shipping during the war is another economic question which is being discussed widely. Some newspapers take the view that it will present questions of adopting America's higher standard of wages to seamen and of giving America its proportion of the world's carrying trade. How far such questions will come before the congress is not clear, but Premier Clemenceau's attitude toward the labor delegates who visited him Friday concerning a labor meeting simultaneously with the Peace Congress leads to the belief that they will have as much prominence in the conference as political and territorial questions.

Freedom of the Seas.

Freedom of the seas and compensation by Germany for all damages suffered by the Allies are two questions for further discussion and determination. Concerning freedom of the seas, the tendency in American quarters is to obtain a change in the present international practice, by which belligerents have virtually taken control of the seagoing traffic on the outbreak of war. It is contended that neutrals would profit by keeping out of war, their ocean shipping being able to move without interference from belligerents. But as this neutral shipping might be used to carry ammunition and other war supplies, it is said that some voluntary agreement would be necessary, pledging all nations not to furnish war supplies to countries going to war. This, in turn, would require an international sea patrol and the right of search at sea. While these phases are being discussed, they are so complex that no decisions are likely for some time.

Restriction of submarine operations against merchant ships so as to prevent attacks like that against the Lusitania doubtless will be proposed in the discussion by the Peace Congress of freedom of the seas. It is the view of leading naval authorities who have examined this branch of the subject that submarine operations should be limited to attacking warships forming a regular part of a navy. Attacks would be prohibited against merchant ships, either passenger or freight, and whether armed defensively or otherwise. According to this view, submarines would continue to be an arm of a naval service, but their use would be confined strictly to naval warfare.

Other points involved under the general head of freedom of the seas are the removal of all restrictions upon free passage through such waterways as the Cattegat, between the North Sea and the Baltic Sea; the Dardanelles and Bosporus, between the Mediterranean Sea and the Black Sea, and all straits exceeding one marine league which connect with the high seas. The restriction against planting mine fields, such as those across the North Sea between Norway and Scotland and the barrages in the Dover Channel, are further points of discussion under this general topic.

Compensation by Germany.

The second reserved point of the Allies—Germany to give compensation for all damages—appears generally to be accepted in principle, leaving only the question of the amount of claims by the various allies to be settled. Nonofficial estimates place the French damages as upward of 340,000,000,000 francs, including the return of the war indemnity paid to Germany in 1870, with interest, and expenses and property losses during the present war. The British claims will concern largely shipping losses and war expenses. Serbia, Belgium, and Italy have had large property losses.

Whether America's war expenses will be presented as a claim is not known. In some quarters it is held that the precedents established in the Boxer indemnity and in the Spanish war probably will prevail.

Outside of these reserved points, the main duties of the conference and the congress will be in giving treaty form and effect to President Wilson's fourteen points, which the allied Governments and the Central Powers both have accepted as the basis of agreement. Those involving territorial questions are outlined only in general principles, and the main discussion will be to give practical effect to the principles by fixing exact boundaries and safeguarding the territorial integrity and sovereignty of newly organized States, like Poland, Jugoslavia, and Czechoslovakia.

Some of these territorial questions in Southeastern Europe present delicate phases, particularly along the eastern shore of the Adriatic, where many races overlap, and where the Italians, Jugoslavs, Greeks, and Albanians each have meritorious claims of being the predominant nationality in different sections.

American naval representation in the Adriatic already is having an influence in smoothing out these delicate phases. Reports from that quarter show that American efforts have assisted greatly in removing interracial differences, as all parties accept America's disinterested good-will.

Not Understood at Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The statement in a Paris press dispatch that in some quarters there it is held that the precedents established in the Boxer indemnity and the Spanish War claims will prevail in the adjustment of America's war expenses by the peace conference is not understood here. All the nations concerned in suppressing the Boxer outbreak against foreigners in China in 1900 presented claims, amounting to $333,900,000. The American claim was $24,000,000. Eight years afterward this Government, through an act of Congress, on the recommendation of Elihu Root, then Secretary of State, remitted the payment of this indemnity on condition that the Chinese Government apply an equal amount to the education of Chinese students in the United States.

After the war with Spain, the Spanish War Claims Commission was appointed by the United States Government to adjudicate claims growing out of the war. This commission considered claims of American citizens against the Spanish Government, mainly for depredations in Cuba. The Spanish Government appointed a commission to consider claims of Spanish subjects against the United States, and each Government paid the claims of its own citizens as adjudicated by the appropriate commission.

How the practice established in the case of the Boxer indemnity and the practice established in the case of Spanish war claims are to prevail in the determination of America's right to damages against Germany is not clear.

The proposed exception to the neutralization of straits would appear to include Gibraltar, the British stronghold at the Atlantic entrance to the Mediterranean. The rock of Gibraltar, upon which the fortress stands and which commands the strait, is less than three-fourths of a mile wide, well within the marine league constituting the proposed exception.

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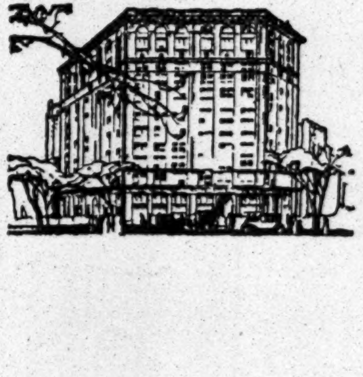

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BELGIANS HOPEFUL IN DARKEST DAYS

Welcoming the King's Entry, Brussels Citizen Tells How Morale Was Kept Up.

"UNDERGROUND RAILROAD"

He Estimates That It Carried Hundreds of Thousands of Belgians to Fight.

JOKED AT RUSSIA'S DEBACLE

Tenement Wags Proclaimed a Ward Republic in Ridicule of the Bolsheviki.

By WALTER DURANTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 22, (By Courier to Dunkirk, Nov. 24.)—The King of the Belgians entered Brussels today. It is utterly impossible to describe in detail how he was received, but imagine how you yourself would feel if for four and a half years your city had been under the heel of an invader whose principal aim was to break the national morale by every method of oppression and brutality, and then, with almost magic suddenness, that enemy had collapsed and your King, the symbol of your national pride and everything implied by the word "patriotism," had come back to you, in triumphant proof of your country's victory.

For to the Belgians the King combines all that Americans feel for the President and the flag. Theirs is no sentiment of snobbish respect for royalty or blind obedience to an autocrat ruling by divine right. Albert's title is not King of Belgium, but of the Belgians. He symbolizes the nation by the people's choice, and they respect and adore him for what that means to them. And in addition they love him for himself, because he is a soldier, a leader, and a hero, fit prototype of the gallant army that has stuck it out in the cruelest sector of the whole front, and then done its share nobly in the final drive to victory. Above all, they know that he never lost heart. His example was there as a beaconlight of patriotism to cheer them in their suffering in the dark days when even optimism was near despair.

Today they have tried to show him what place he holds in their hearts, and with it their sympathy and admiration for his soldiers and the allies who have helped them. As I write the city echoes to the "Marseillaise" and the Belgian, American, and British national anthems, that have been played, one after another, without intermission, for the last six hours.

I put the "Marseillaise" first because the thrilling strains of that most splendid clarion call of patriotism evoke by their magic a response expressive of every ideal of freedom for which the allied peoples have been fighting. When the bands play the "Marseillaise" the Brussels crowd is caught irresistibly by a wave of exaltation, and the hymn swings and echoes from street to street and square to square in a tremendous outpouring of patriotic fervor.

City Is Outwardly Unharmed.

To one who has seen the devastation of the war-wrecked territory or known Paris darkened and silent under the menace of air raids, Brussels presents an outward picture of a city that has suffered little during the war. It is true that its people have not had to suffer physical danger, or, thanks to the American Relief Commission, as every one tells you, extreme privation of hunger. But think what it means to have German soldiers crowding your mothers, wives, and sisters rudely off the sidewalk, while you are unable even to protest; to have German officers swaggering into your best hotels and restaurants and houses or appropriating them for their business or pleasure. Domestic utensils of copper and brass were ruthlessly commandeered; even doorknobs were wrenched off, "to make shells for our army," as the German officials rarely failed to add, that the sting might be more bitter.

In Belgium it is the custom among the well-to-do to collect wine as other people collect books, stamps, or pictures. Every prosperous citizen had a cellar of fine Burgundy that was his special pride. Nothing could have suited the Germans better. In plundering wine they were gratifying their own greed and hurting the Belgians in a tender spot. At any time of the night or day they would make a sudden visit, and woe to the man who attempted protest or resistance. Imprisonment or a heavy fine was mercilessly inflicted with double measure if, as generally happened, the Belgian had hidden anything the Germans wished to seize.

Yet an astonishing quantity of stuff did remain in security, walled up in cellars or concealed in the unlikeliest hiding places. For the population the watchword was, "Hide everything rather than give it up; risk any penalty rather than yield to the Germans." One family I know slept for three and a half years without sheets or mattresses to keep them from the hands of the invaders, and buried brass doorlocks, kitchenware, and lamp fittings under the courtyard paving stones. Whatever the Germans could do, the stubborn Belgian courage, that had refused to submit to alien domination since the days of Caesar, remained dauntless and unbroken, with the characteristic spirit that made a joke of the worst misfortunes and kept up their own hearts by cheeriness unconquerable.

Joked Over Russian Debacle.

Thus, when the German propaganda announced detail after detail of Russia's hopeless breakdown, one Brussels tenement precinct galvanized the whole city by a proclamation that appeared suddenly one morning on the walls and billboards. It ran something like this:

"We learn that the inhabitants of Oshoshkikoff, Russia, have proclaimed themselves an independent republic and declared war upon the neighboring capitalistic State of Plutkoff. We accordingly, in virtue of the right of all peoples to decide their own destiny, have decided to form an autonomous unity within the limits of this precinct, with our own governing Ministers, responsible to us"—then followed a list of names—"and hereby announce that we are in a state of war with the conterminous precincts and with the despotic German Empire."

The Germans were furious, and the soldiers tore down the proclamation before nightfall, but all their investigations were unable to discover its audacious authors, and the roar of laughter that swept across Brussels more than corrected the ill effects of Russia's elimination from the war.

"And we needed cheering," said my informant, "as we saw trainload after trainload of divisions from Russia pass through to the French front and heard the boches boast how they would break through the Allies by sheer weight of numbers. The Germans made little attempt to conceal such troop movements. I think they imagined that it would help break our spirit, but they little knew us. Even in the worst days of last Spring and Summer we refused to lose hope or lower our heads.

A Brave Belgian's Defiance.

"I saw one incident in a night café. (All cafés were supposed to shut at 8:30, but the Germans winked at the breach of this rule in a few cases, chiefly for the sake of their own officers.) In this place the majority of persons present were Germans, but there were half a dozen Belgian civilians and two German officers. The latter declared loudly that the war was nearly ended, that the next drive would give them Paris, and that the Allies would sue for peace. The Belgians argued bravely that Foch's command and the aid of the Americans would turn the scale in our favor. Then one of the Germans took occasion to make disparaging remarks about our King. The Belgians sprang to their feet, and one cried out, in a voice that rang through the café: 'You are at liberty to discuss the war and prophesy our defeat as you like, but keep the King's name out of it. Have I stated my opinion of your Emperor? No! I keep that for myself, and I will not permit you to say a single word against the noblest King on earth!'

"For a moment there was a dead silence, and I trembled for the bold speaker. The German went white with fury and gripped his sword hilt; but his companion stretched out a restraining hand and said something in a low voice.

Then, with much heel-clicking and show of dignity, both Germans stalked to the door characteristically omitting to settle for their bottle of champagne, which the proprietor tells me remains unpaid for to this day.

"Apropos of champaigne, my wine merchant assured me that nearly all that consumed by the boches, who toasted their Spring victories at anything from fifty to a hundred marks per bottle, was really a nasty mixture that had cost the dealer five or six marks at the outside."

Work of the "Underground Railroad."

But it was not only in words and by such papers as La Libre Belgique and La Revue de la Presse that the population maintained its independence. The "underground railroad" to the frontier never ceased to function, though during the last two years the cost—from 1,500 to 2,000 marks per head—was prohibitive to the masses. One wealthy manufacturer told me how he managed the escape of over 130 of his young employes who were willing to risk everything to join the army as volunteers.

"I arranged a rendezvous at a hotel in Mantaigu," he said, "which, though some distance from the frontier, was a famous centre of pilgrimage, and consequently their arrival was less likely to be remarked. One night the German Army Staff entered the hotel when a party of refugees—they went in batches of eight or ten—was there. The refugees hurried to the cellar, and the boches lined unsuspectingly above their heads. Thence they were conveyed in barrels or pig wagons, or hidden under piles of cabbages, to the frontier, where they passed under the noses of the German sentinels. Latterly it was necessary to put a monetary blind across the eyes of the boche guards, and that was what made the price so high. But during the first eighteen months the number who thus escaped must have run well into the hundred thousands."

As I finish this dispatch the "Marseillaise" is swelling louder than ever. "Marchons," they sing, "le jour de gloire est arrivé!" Perhaps more even than the air the words themselves are the secret of its popularity today. The people of Belgium have driven out their tyrants and broken the chains of oppression. Now, free and united, they march forward all together to their country's regeneration.

POLES CAPTURE LEMBERG.

Win Battle with Ukrainians for Capital of Galicia.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 24.—Polish troops yesterday captured Lemberg, the capital of Galicia, and its environs, according to the Polish Telegraph Bureau at Cracow.

There has been heavy fighting in and about Lemberg since early in November, when Ukrainian troops entered Galicia and captured the city by surprise. Polish forces immediately began a siege, and in the fighting it has been reported that much damage was done to important buildings in Lemberg.

ALBERT DECLARES BELGIUM SOVEREIGN

Says She Will Enjoy Independence Without Guaranteed Neutrality.

FULL SUFFRAGE FOR MALES.

He Pledges This, as Well as Language Rights to His Flemish Subjects.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 22, (Associated Press.)—King Albert, having been received enthusiastically by the inhabitants of his redeemed capital, today made an important speech from the throne in Parliament—his first utterance in the capital since almost the beginning of the war. Near the throne stood General Pershing, representing the American Army; General Plumer of the British Army, and other Generals. The chamber was filled with members, and in the galleries was the diplomatic corps, including Brand Whitlock, the American Minister, who returned Thursday to his post in Brussels.

One of the most vital points in the King's address dealt with the question of suffrage for Belgium, and in this connection he said:

"The Government proposes to the Chambers to lower, by patriotic agreement, the ancient barriers and to make the consultation of the nation a reality on the basis of equal suffrage for all men of the mature age required for the exercise of civil rights."

This statement brought a storm of applause from all of the members. Referring to the Flemish question, King Albert said:

"The necessity of a fruitful union demands the sincere collaboration of all citizens of the same country, without distinction of origin or language. In this domain of language the strictest equality and the most absolute justice will preside over the elaboration of projects which the Government will submit to the national representatives.

"A reciprocal respect for the interests of the Flemings and the Wauoons ought to be an integral principle of the administration, and should give to each the certainty of being understood when he speaks his own language and assure to him his full intellectual development, especially higher education."

In regard to the future status of Belgium the King said:

"Belgium, victorious and freed from the neutrality that was imposed upon her by States which have been shattered to their foundations by war, will enjoy complete independence. Belgium, re-established in all its rights, will rule its destinies according to its aspirations and in full sovereignty."

In speaking of the manner in which the war had been brought to a successful conclusion, King Albert referred with gratitude to the great efforts of all the Entente countries and of the United States, "a new and stalwart ally which added the weight of her effort, so great and enthusiastic, to that of the other nations and caused our formidable adversary to totter."

Near the close of his address, the King paid a further glowing tribute to the Entente nations and made a striking reference to America, which, he said, had saved Belgium from famine.

The scene in the Parliament Chamber was most impressive. Grouped about the throne as the King entered were Cardinal Mercier in his crimson robes, Burgomaster Max, General Leman, the defender of Liége, and Prince Albert of Great Britain. Queen Elizabeth, with the Prince and the Princess, had preceded the King to the royal dais. As King Albert entered he passed in front of Cardinal Mercier, Burgomaster Max, and General Leman, and shook each of them warmly by the hand.

General Pershing took no part in the parade or other ceremonies of the day, having entered the city quietly as a spectator.

After the ceremonies in the Chamber the King held an official reception to the diplomats and city officials at the City Hall. Here Minister Whitlock had a touching meeting with Burgomaster Max, whom he had not seen since his arrest and deportation to Germany. The Burgomaster was overcome with emotion.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 22, (Reuters.)—King Albert, replying today to the speech of welcome of Burgomaster Max on his entry into the capital, said:

"The Queen and I have listened with emotion to the eloquent words addressed to us by Burgomaster Max. This is the best day of our existence, this day when we return to this beautiful capital at last liberated by the victory of the Allies. After the trials of four and a half years we rejoice from the bottom of our hearts to meet once again our brother citizens who have never ceased to hold their heads erect like free men before brutality and oppression. I desire to pay them the tribute of my profound homage and admiration. Your Burgomaster has been heroic; he takes his place in the front rank among the most illustrious magistrates in our history."

HAAKON GREETS ALBERT.

King of Norway Sends Congratulations on His Triumph.

CHRISTIANIA, Nov. 23.—King Haakon sent a congratulatory message yesterday to King Albert of Belgium.

"Be assured," the message said, "that the whole Norwegian people shared the feeling of the Belgians over the triumph of righteousness."

The Parliament building was decorated in honor of King Albert's entry into Brussels.

PLANNED RUIN IN BRUSSELS.

Germans Placed Infernal Machines in the Palace of Justice.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—The Germans had laid plans to blow up the Palace of Justice in Brussels, according to a dispatch to the Soir from Brussels. In the cellar of the palace four infernal machines, placed there by the Germans, have been found close to some gunpowder and ammunition.

DEFIES TURK CABINET, ATTACKS ARMENIANS

Nouffi Pasha, Brother of Enver, Resumes Massacres—Warships May Go to Batum.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 18, (Associated Press.)—Attacks on the Armenians have been resumed in the district of Erzbeidjan, on the border of the Caucasus, by Turkish troops under the leadership of Nouffi Pasha, brother of Enver Pasha, former Minister of War. Nouffi Pasha declares that he is outside the authority of the present Constantinople Government, and that he has been delegated by the Moslems of the district to suppress the revolt of the Armenians.

If the attacks continue British warships will be sent to Batum. The Turkish Government has recalled Tathsin Bey, the Governor of Smyrna, who as Governor of Erzerum was active in the Armenian massacres of 1916.

Several steamers of the German Black Sea fleet have been disarmed. They will leave this week for Russian Black Sea ports with German and Austrian citizens. Many Germans and Austrians have expressed a desire to remain here. They will be required to wear civilian clothes and live outside the districts occupied by the Allies.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—Representatives of the Armenian settlements in Egypt and the Sudan at a meeting in Cairo, according to a dispatch to Le Temps from Cairo, adopted unanimously a resolution addressed to the Allied Powers and President Wilson declaring that the Armenian nation had been the victim of might used by barbarians.

It is added that the Armenian nation claims its right to independence and sovereignty over all of Armenia, and requests the immediate recognition of a provisional Government. It asks also that Turkish troops be withdrawn from Armenia and their places taken by allied and Armenian contingents.

DEPUTIES HEAR RUSSIANS.

Three Socialists Tell French Chamber of Bolshevist Terrorism.

PARIS, Nov. 24, (British Wireless Service.)—Three Russian Socialists, Axelrod, Roussanove, and Soukhomlin, outlined to the French Socialists in the Chamber of Deputies Saturday the terrors of the Bolshevist dictators in Russia. They declared that the revolutionary Socialists in Russia had decided to appeal to the Socialist Internationale to free them from Bolshevist oppression. The French Socialist Deputies agreed to the appointment of an international Socialist commission to investigate conditions in Russia.

The Bolsheviki, the Russian Socialist delegates reported, imprison and shoot not only those of the middle class but also Socialist workmen who do not submit to their authority. At Jaroslav, they added, 350 Workmen had been murdered by the Red Guards for rebelling against the orders of Bolshevist officials.

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AMERICA SAVED US, ASSERTS MERCIER

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

cently honest and implacably just messages."

Burgomaster Max was more reticent and refused to speak concerning his treatment by the Germans, refusing even to mention the word Germany.

"I don't wish to pose as a martyr," said the Burgomaster. "I wish to forget the past and think of the future."

The Burgomaster asked The Associated Press correspondent to convey his thanks to America and Americans for the tributes of sympathy and offers of aid from the United States. He said:

"My country needed yours sorely during the war and we need your assistance again now in work of reconstruction. Your admirable system of finances and business will find a great field of endeavor in Belgium."

Burgomaster Max is already installed in the City Hall and has resumed the duties of his office. The little couch where he slept during the dark days of August and September, 1914, is still conspicuous in a corner of his office. The Burgomaster's appearance shows traces of the sufferings, hardships, and the privations he endured during his captivity, but his indomitable spirit is unbroken. He is full of energy and radiates happiness. Referring to the more than four years of war, he said:

"That has been a long time, but we have not suffered in vain. This magnificent result is a great compensation and reward for all our sufferings. A new era is dawning upon the world; an era of freedom, liberty, and democracy. Never again shall the powers of autocracy precipitate the world in another such horrible conflict. The blood of our soldiers was not shed in vain. We have won and liberty has triumphed."

HONESTAS ET VERITAS

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Exit, financial Wild Oats

What a school teacher discovered about boys who suddenly "come into money."

AN acquaintance of ours—an ex-teacher in a private school—has told us a group of remarkable stories of the successes and the failures of rich men's sons. He has been in a position to know the facts and observe results.

He told us of one boy who inherited several hundred thousand dollars. In three years he had built it into over a million. In addition to sound business instinct, this boy was fortunate in having had excellent financial advice.

But our school teacher friend reached the opinion that few young men know the value of money—unless they have earned it. Here are three instances out of the dozens he gave us:

R. C. inherited $40,000 cash from his father. He literally squandered it in three weeks in the "automobile business." This boy is now working for a living.

C. S. might have been a traction magnate if his father's will had been planned with prudence. Instead the boy inherited a fortune in cash. Last accounts tell of utter wreck in Chicago—and poverty.

C. S.—the initials are a coincidence—inherited thousands in cash from his mother. He became a "curb" broker over night and over night the curb broke him.

THE above hazards exist in many American families. They call for definite preventive measures. We, therefore, are prepared to discuss with you the practical benefits of—

A COLUMBIA TRUST FUND
for safe-guarding the money you leave

A Columbia Trust Fund is simply money set aside under the protection of the Columbia Trust Company and soundly invested to provide definite Periodical income for definite objects.

If you plan to leave anything to your wife, son, daughter or anyone else, we believe it would be prudent at least for you to know, definitely, how a Columbia Trust Fund would safeguard their legacies against the chance of money waste.

The Vice President at any one of our offices will gladly explain how a Columbia Trust Fund can be made to fit your needs.

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SENATE TO EXPOSE ENEMY PROPAGANDA

Inquiry Will Go Back Ten Years Before America's Entrance Into the War.

TO HEAR FEDERAL AGENTS

Evidence Obtained Through Many Sources Will Show Activity of German Propagandists.

The Senate committee which has been investigating the activities of the brewery interests will begin on Dec. 3 an inquiry into German propaganda in the United States, which is expected to be farreaching. The investigation is to cover the whole field of propaganda, beginning probably ten years before the outbreak of the war and up to the present time. Scores of witnesses will be called, among them many well known persons who have been openly or secretly sympathetic with the ambitions of the former German Government. In a number of instances these men will be confronted with documentary evidence, some of it in their own handwriting. These documents will not be made public until offered in evidence before the Senate committee, of which Senator Lee S. Overman of North Carolina is Chairman.

The work of arranging the great mass of data which will be put into evidence is now under way in this city. Those engaged in this work are the representatives of the Department of Justice, the Attorney General of New York State, the Naval Intelligence Service, the Army Intelligence Service, the Alien Property Custodian, and various other Federal departments and organizations. Early in the investigation some of the officials who have been prominent in the work of frustrating enemy propagandists and spies will lay before the Senate Committee the facts in their possession. Among these officials will be Brigadier Gen. Marlborough Churchill, the Chief of the Army Intelligence Service; Captain James E. Moran, Chief of the United States Secret Service; A. Bruce Bielaski, Chief of the Department of Justice Bureau of Investigation, and Deputy Attorney General Alfred L. Becker of New York.

"I doubt," said one of the Federal investigators yesterday, "if the investigation will lead to any considerable number of prosecutions, but it will disclose to the public the identity of a large number of persons who until a comparatively recent date were active in this country in behalf of the Kaiser and his allies. In other words, we are going to disclose to the people a new 'Who's Who in German Propaganda,' and we don't expect to show any partiality in the matter. It is going to be the fairest sort of an investigation, too, and every man who appears in the Government of New York State records as having been more or less friendly to the Kaiser will have a chance to clear himself before the committee. If he succeeds in so doing the country will know it, and if he does not the country will know that, too."

Persons who in the opinion of the authorities were "lesser lights" in the old German propaganda machine will probably be the first called as witnesses. The "top men" will probably be called last. It is permissible to name some of the witnesses who are certain to be called. Among these will be George Sylvester Viereck, Dr. William Bayard Hale, Alexander Konta, a certain exarmy officer who was close to Bernstorff and Dumba, and a former managing editor of a leading German-American daily newspaper.

The coming investigation is the outgrowth of the Senate investigation of the foreign-language press and the efforts made by certain brewery interests to influence certain newspapers. The full story of the propaganda was laid before the proper authorities in Washington a few days ago, who, after reading some of the documentary evidence in the case, gave instructions for the production of all evidence bearing on propaganda activities, past and present, before the Senate Committee and for calling as witnesses everybody concerned, regardless of business or social standing.

George Sylvester Viereck, who published the pro-German weekly known as The Fatherland and who received $100,000 from the German Government, will be called early in the hearing. Viereck is the author of a number of letters which will be offered in evidence. These letters were addressed to "Frau Eichorn, Tystalund, Sweden," and to "Charles Feil, Stockholm." These persons proved to be his mother and father. The investigators state that some of these letters are in fact code communications, and that at the proper time they will present them in their decoded form.

In one of these letters, addressed to "Herr Feil," and dated June 2, 1916, Viereck after an uncomplimentary reference to the President added the following postscript:

"P. S.—Dr. William Bayard Hale has sailed today on the Frederick VIII. for Germany. He is the representative of Hearst, and is one of our good friends with whom we have many social relations and who also is of great use to us politically. Hearst, who is perhaps the most prominent American publicist, has ranged himself on the side of Germany. He telephoned me this morning, but could not reach me. I have sent Hale a telegram to lock you up, if possible. He understands some German. His wife was born a Muchenheim. He is the same Dr. Hale who once had the famous interview with the Kaiser. He is further the one time biographer of Wilson, whom he now, on the other hand, attacks sharply, &c."

In another letter written in April, 1916, and also to "Lieber Papa" Viereck wrote that he inclosed "a letter which Ridder and I have sent in common to the German-American newspaper publishers." He added that "it looks as though the President is bent on bringing about a break with the Central Powers," but he observed that "perhaps Congress will rap the schoolmaster on the fingers."

It was pointed out by the investigators that Viereck's reference in the postscript of letter of June 2, 1916, to a man who had telephoned to him was to Dr. Hale and not to Hearst as would appear at first glance.

On March 13, 1917—three weeks before Congress declared war on Germany—Viereck addressed a long letter to "Frau Eichorn," in the course of which, among other things, he wrote:

> The situation here is very serious. I am afraid that we are standing on the verge of war. Some of our friends —Dr. Fuehr, Dr. Albert, Dr. Machlenburg, and Mr. Plage—will no doubt have called on you, will have told you about me, and how we are. If you are in any trouble or if you need any help, I suggest that you communicate at once with Fuehr and with Dr. Albert. Both like me and both are under obligations to me.
>
> I have had no letters from you for a very long time. I also have received no manuscripts from papa. I still have two or three of his articles to print. I am using them rather sparingly so as to have something at least on hand.
>
> The circulation of my paper, which is now called Viereck's, the American Weekly, analogous to Collier's, the National Weekly has not at all suffered in circulation owing to the crisis. I believe it will aid our paper, so far as circulation is concerned, though it will impair our advertising. I hope that no attempt will be made to interfere with the freedom of the press, and especially with my freedom of speech. My telephone is being tapped, presumably by British agents.
>
> The American people do not want war. Bryan, Hearst, we, the twelve Senators, and the thirteen Congressmen who opposed war stand for the majority of the American people, even if they seem to represent a much minority in the press and in Congress.
>
> I have made charges against Mr. Gerard, the returning Ambassador. I have embodied Colonel Emerson's charges and the charges of Count Reventlow in one of my editorials. I shall also attack Ackerman for his treacherous article against Germany, and I shall shortly reprint Emerson's letter to the Secretary of State against Gerard. I have not taken up the charges against Gerard before this because I did not want to hurt Bernstorff. I have submitted the charges to a number of Senators and have heard from them. It is possible that they may be taken up. On the other hand, in case of war, the war fever will be so high that it will be impossible to obtain an impartial hearing.
>
> I do not know yet whether we shall go to the country this year, and if so, where. Everything depends on the international situation. I expect Mr. Untermyer to take care of me as my legal adviser in case I or my publication should be in any difficulties.
>
> The Zimmermann letter has made it very difficult for pro-Germans. As I say in one of my editorials, the pro-Germans lie in no bed of roses, and not all the thorns are planted there by the Allies. I think the Zimmermann letter is fake. I still believe that the document, at least in part, is spurious.
>
> It will please you to hear that we have almost $11,000 for the Muensterberg Fund. Almost one-fourth of that sum was contributed by the Reisinger and Busch families. Curt and I are the Trustees of this fund. With it we will purchase Professor Muensterberg's library, and, in accordance with his wishes, present the library to Harvard University. I wonder who will present my library to some university after my death? Curt promises to do so, but I do not see why he should have reason to believe that he will outlive me.

In a letter written in May, 1917, after this country entered the war, Viereck said he was organizing a bureau to get employment for enemy subjects on farms which would make it possible for them to work and would at the same time keep them from doing work which might be construed as "lending aid to the enemy" from their (the enemy subjects) point of view. He said this scheme was indorsed by the Department of Agriculture in Washington.

CALL ROOSEVELT TO HUNT.

Tennesseeans Want Him to Come and Run Down Strange Beast.

Special to The New York Times.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 24.—As a result of nightly visits to homes north of Knoxville by some wild beast which was killed and eaten many dogs and other domestic animals and terrorized citizens for several weeks past, the following telegram, signed by several citizens, was sent tonight to Colonel Theodore Roosevelt at Oyster Bay, asking him to lead hunting parties:

"Wild animal, identity not yet established, is terrorizing persons northern outskirts Knoxville. Has slain sixteen dogs, hogs, calves, &c. Citizens fear leave homes nights. School attendance reduced. Will you volunteer to lead hunting parties seeking beast?

"RUSSELL HARRISON AND OTHERS."

The strange visitor is supposed to be a lion or a panther that escaped from a circus.

FOR UNION OF SEA POWER.

Britain and America Could Insure World Peace, Says Vice Consul.

At Christ Church, Broadway and Seventy-first Street, last night C. C. Taylor, British Vice Consul, spoke on "The Influence of Naval Power on the Future Peace of the World." He said that the people of the British Empire have for the people of the United States the warmest and most affectionate feelings.

He said that control of the seas would mean controls of the lands of the earth and, inasmuch as Great Britain now exercises liberal political control over one-fourth of the population of the globe and that the United States, the richest country in the world, is able to build as many vessels as she needs, it follows that a consolidation of the sea power of Great Britain and the United States would mean everlasting peace and prosperity for all the world.

He said that the United States now produces $20.000 000.000 of new wealth every year and that in a few years its navy would be the wonder of the twentieth century. Concerted action of the two great navies of the United States and Great Britain would keep the seas open and safe for all the world or be able to close them against any people who had the temerity to even threaten war.

87 U-BOATS NOW IN ALLIED HANDS

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

tracted world-wide attention. As soon as her arrival became known, French and British warships were sent to patrol the waters outside the Virginia Capes. Captain Paul Koenig, who commanded the Deutschland, made no secret of his intention to make a return trip. He obtained clearance papers for a cargo, mainly of rubber and nickel, and on the evening of Aug. 1 the vessel left her berth at Baltimore and started seaward. She submerged well inside the three-mile limit and made her way under the blockade of British and French ships at night. She arrived at Bremen about seventeen days later, in spite of an intense search for her by British ships when she was expected to pass through the North Sea.

On Nov. 1 in the same year the Deutschland arrived in America again, this time at New London, carrying a cargo made up mainly of costly chemicals, valued at more than $10,000,000, and quantities of mail for the German Ambassador. She remained there until Nov. 17, and again made her way through the Allied blockade and arrived at Bremen.

The fact that the Deutschland was listed as a cruiser may indicate that Germany decided it was unprofitable to use undersea boats for trading and transformed the Deutschland into a raider.

The German submarine U-53 appeared suddenly at Newport, R. I., on Oct. 7, 1916, and after a stay of three hours departed . The next came reports of the sinking of six vessels off Nantucket by German submarines. A Paris dispatch in December, 1917, reported the capture of the U-53 by French naval forces.

Since Aug. 20 twenty-two vessels have been sunk off the Atlantic coast of the United States. Only four of these, however, were steamers, the remainder consisting of schooners, fishing boats, and two steam trawlers.

The torpedoing and sinking of the American Army cargo ship Ticonderoga by a German submarine, with the loss of eleven naval officers and 102 enlisted men on Sept. 30 last, was announced by Secretary Daniels on Oct. 11. Two officers, Lieutenant F. L. Muller of Oakland, Cal., and Lieutenant J. H. Fulcher of Frisco, N. C., were taken aboard the submarine as prisoners, Secretary Daniels announced.

The names of German submarine commanders guilty of particularly wanton outrages are said to have been carefully noted by the British Admiralty, which has made special endeavors to bring their careers to a close. Commanders in this class who are believed to have been alive at the end of the war were the following:

Max Valentiner, who was responsible for the barbarous sinkings of the Norwegian steamer Magda, the Spanish steamer Peña Castillo, the Italian liner Ancona, the British liner Persia, and others.

Wilhelm Werner, accused of sinking hospital ships.

Captain von Forstner, who sank with circumstances of brutality the Falaba, on which American lives were lost, early in the unrestricted U-boat war, and the Aguila.

Two others liable to special treatment by the British Admiralty are Captain Forstmann and Captain Gansser.

FOR WOMEN'S CORPS TO AID AT CAMPS

Fosdick Sends Baker a Plan for Organization on Lines of the British "Waacs."

PLENTY OF SERVICE AHEAD

Recent Survey Shows 13,047 Women Workers in 54 Areas and Many Occupations.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Because of the lack of system in hiring women workers for military camps and the lack of uniformity in housing and recreational facilities for them, Raymond B. Fosdick, Chairman of the War Department Commission on Training Camp Activities, has recommended to Secretary Baker the formation of an enlisted corps of women, self-administrative but responsible to the General Staff of the Army, to handle women's work in the camps. A report submitted by him to the Secretary of War suggests an organization modeled on the lines of the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps of Great Britain, the so-called "Waacs" or "Tommywaacs."

While the end of the war precludes the necessity for training women for work overseas, there will still be a great need for them at the cantonments and military camps, not only to release returning soldiers for industrial use but to perform tasks for which they are better fitted than men. The period of demobilization, during which the camps will be in full use, will cover many months, so the proposed new corps would have full opportunity to justify its formation by service.

A recent survey of fifty-four military areas employing women where the Commission on Training Camp Activities has a fixed post worker showed that there were 13,047 women employes in these areas alone. Five months before a survey had been made of thirty-two of these camps. In that five months period there had been an increase of 8,019 women employes, an increase of 36.86 per cent. These women serve as cooks, clerks, librarians, telephone and telegraph operators, nurses, waitresses, dietitians, laundresses, seamstresses, chemists, and bacteriologists. Also in each camp there are women representatives of the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A., or the War Camp Community Service. While the average number of women employed in the camps is 236, one camp has 2,325, one has only 25.

Definite Policy in England.

England since 1915 has had a definite Government policy regarding the employment of women in such capacities, but in this country, Mr. Fosdick's report says, employment has been largely accidental, dependent on local conditions. In England early in 1915 it was discovered that the withdrawal of army cooks to serve as fighters brought about a great waste of food by the inexperienced men who succeeded them, and resulted in dirty cook houses and ill-prepared meals. The Women's Legion was formed to supply cooks. The scheme worked and was rapidly extended, so that early in 1917 there were 6,000 women employed as cooks and waitresses in about 200 camps in the United Kingdom.

These women became the nucleus of the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps, the purpose of which was defined as "to effect substition of women for soldiers in certain employments throughout units, formations and offices administered by the Army Council at home and at the bases and on the lines of communication overseas. The regimental employments in which it is intended that women of the W. A. A. C. will be substituted for men are as follows: Officers' messes, clerks, sergeants' messes, tailors, quartermasters' stores, regimental institutes orderlies."

By June of this year there were 40,000 women enrolled in the W. A. A. C. performing functions from those of cook to those of vulcanizer, gardener, and groom. The largest branches of the service were the household and clerical sections. Women were recruited for the corps through the official employment agencies, and were enlisted only after a thorough investigation as to character and qualifications. After a thorough intensive training they were put into field work, from which they were advanced to executive places according to ability.

This comprehensive system met the difficulties which have been encountered here in the utilization of women workers in military areas. Among forty-seven areas reporting, only two had uniform system of selection of workers for all camps. Nurses everywhere were supplied by the army or the Red Cross; telephone operators by the various telephone companies. Three camps and six training stations obtained their clerical workers through the civil service; in others only a personal interview, a letter of recommendation or oral recommendation by a local employment agency was necessary to obtain employment.

In no case was there physical or mental examination. In many instances wives and mothers of soldiers were used for cooks, seamstresses, telegraph operators, and the like, and in one camp they had preference over other applicants. There has also been a complete lack of uniformity as to housing conditions, some areas reporting no women living within military boundaries, while others housed nurses and hospital employes, and still others took in Red Cross or Y. W. C. A. representatives and domestics employed by those organizations or officers' families.

In four, telephone operators lived on the reservations in buildings rented by the telephone companies for their exclusive use; while in one instance volunteer players lived within the military zone. A generally high standard of supervision was maintained by the companies for the telephone operators. Nurses were under army regulations enforced by the head nurse. Other women employes were under no supervision. There were scant recreation facilities for any.

Mr. Fosdick's report recommends:

That all women employed on military areas in the United States be organized, through voluntary enlistment, into a corps similar to Queen Mary's Army Auxiliary Corps.

That this corps be called the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps.

That it be a self-administrating organization, auxiliary to the army, and responsible to the General Staff through the Adjutant General.

That the plan for its development include the application of strict discipline, modeled on military lines, through rules and regulations formulated by the head of the corps, and enforced by its own administrative machinery.

The adoption of this plan is urged, in order:

To establish some form of uniform regulation for the women employed on military areas, as a protection to them, as well as to the men in training.

To raise the standard of service now being rendered by women employes on military areas, through proper selection and supervision of these women by trained experts.

To assure better results in certain lines of service for which women are better fitted than men. This implies the substitution of women for men as cooks, laundry workers, in general housework and the Reclamation Department, &c.

To provide for the possible utilization of women's service overseas. In this connection it should be said that the women who may be sent overseas to serve the army as clerks, stenographers, &c., will need to be carefully organized in order to fit into the army scheme.

To release men for active service by the employment of women wherever they may be substituted for men.

It is suggested that the corps be organized with a chief controller at the head, to represent the corps to the Army General Staff and to be the final authority in matters of administration. Under the chief controller would be a deputy chief controller and two assistant chief controllers and a corps council, with controllers in charge of inspection, recruiting, equipment, training, housing, health and welfare, and finance. The field organizations would be under area controllers situated at the various army department headquarters. This is, in brief, the organization of the "Waacs" of the United Kingdom.

MILLION AUSTRIAN DESERTERS A PROBLEM

Have Organized "Green Guards" and Are Established in Many Parts of Southeastern Europe.

PARIS, Nov. 22.—A million deserters from the Austrian armies, organized in large and small bodies and calling themselves Green Guards, are established in fortified camps in the forests of almost every part of Southeastern Europe, according to William J. Rose, agent of the Slovene Government in Laibach, the new capital of Slovakia, and of the Polish Provisional Government in Austrian Silesia.

Mr. Rose, who is from Winnipeg, is now in Paris. He is an Oxford University man and is Secretary of the World's Christian Student Federation in Poland. Throughout the war Mr. Rose lived in a country house near Gieszanow, Austrian Silesia, belonging to the Student Christian Federation. He has now prepared for Colonel House a long memorandum on the situation.

PARIS HEARS FRENCH MAY OCCUPY VIENNA

Ex-Hungarian Deputy Suggests That American Troops Occupy Disputed Territories.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—It was rumored several days ago that French troops, after entering Budapest, would go into Vienna. No official denial of the rumors has yet been issued.

VIENNA, Nov. 22, (Associated Press.)—The unsettled conditions in the former Austro-Hungarian Empire are due to differences between the various nationalities and lack of food, according to Andreas Ossoinack, formerly a Deputy from Fiume in the Hungarian Lower House.

"The allied countries," he said today, "should send a temporary commission here to settle the disputes growing up on all sides between the Czechs, Austrians, Hungarians, Italians, and Jugoslavs, who appear unwilling to wait for the peace conference, thinking that what they are able to grab now they will be able to keep. There is an instance of this at Fiume, where the population is 75 per cent. Italian, but who are disturbed by Jugoslav bands. All the disputed territories should be occupied by American troops who are immensely popular and who would be able to keep order without friction.

"Unfortunate Vienna should receive food and coal immediately or else there will be the greatest calamity here in two weeks. There is no coal to bake bread or to maintain the supply of electricity. The darkness of the streets invites Bolshevism and looting by starving persons.

"It is possible to send trains by way of Trieste. The railway is open, but it should be guarded by a few Americans to keep off the Jugoslavs. There is food in the Austrian country districts, but the Czechs will not let it come through. They want disorder here so that they may occupy Vienna with their troops."

SERB GOVERNMENT GOING TO BELGRADE

Officials Are Transferring Their Activities from Corfu to Old Capital.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The Serbian Government, which for nearly three years has had its seat at the Island of Corfu, is now being transferred to Belgrade, the old capital, said a dispatch received today by the Serbian Legation.

The legation also was advised that the Serbian Army, which has been greatly increased by former prisoners of war liberated from Bulgarian and Austro-Hungarian camps, has now occupied practically all the lands inhabited by Serbian-speaking people of the former Austria-Hungary.

BRACE READY TO QUIT.

Tells Irish Meeting He Won't Work with a New Coalition Cabinet.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—William Brace, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Home Affairs and Labor member of the House of Commons, speaking at Crumlin, Ireland, today, announced that he would not accept office under a new coalition Government.

EX-KAISER KEEPS CLOSE TO HIS CASTLE

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

ernment for placing special telephone facilities at the disposal of the former Emperor. The Bentinck family again emphasize the fact that they received the former Emperor only at the request of the Dutch Government.

"How Wilhelm Held Out" is the title of an article in the Frankfort Volks Stimme, by William Carle, a Socialist, who discovered the hoards of provisions which the former Emperor had in his Berlin palace.

"The quantity," the writer says, "exceeded all expectations. In large, white-tiled rooms was everything, literally everything, one can imagine in foodstuffs. It is inconceivable that after four years of war such huge quantities could be hoarded. There was meat and game in cold storage, salted provisions in large cases, white meal in sacks piled to the roof, thousands of eggs, gigantic boxes filled with tea, coffee, chocolate, lard, jelly, and jam; hundreds of sugar loaves, and endless stacks of peas, beans, dried fruits, and biscuits. Their value amounts to several hundred thousand marks.

"These hoarded foodstuffs could not be better used than to be preserved as a lasting memorial to our posterity, which should see how, while millions in Germany starved, those elected by the grace of God held out."

Stuff the bird with POST TOASTIES (Made of Corn) Makes the finest kind of dressing says Bobby

Adds Flavor

WHY M'ADOO QUIT HIS TWO OFFICES

Providence Journal Says It Was Because He Was Against Government Ownership.

OPPOSED CABLE SEIZURE

And Would Have Returned Railways—Two Other Cabinet Members Said to Agree With Him.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 24.—The Providence Journal will say tomorrow morning:

"The basic reason for the withdrawal of William C. McAdoo from the Cabinet is not, as stated for public consumption, the fact that the Secretary of the Treasury found it impossible to live in Washington on his official salary, but that he found himself in total disagreement with what he considers the President's set purpose to impose Government ownership or Government control of all public utilities on this country. He was determined to remain no longer a member of a Cabinet which was fast drifting into that policy.

"It is true that Mr. McAdoo could not live in Washington on his salary as Secretary of the Treasury, but it is equally true that he has never been able to do this since he first went to Washington. It has never been possible for him even to maintain his home there, outside of other expenses, on $12,000 per year.

"Mr. McAdoo has never been a public ownership man. He has always sincerely believed that the Government should not bring into its own hands the operation or ownership of any public utilities that could be run as well, or better, under private control. His recent experience as Director General of the Railroads not only strengthened him in this belief, but brought him into continuous and acrimonious discussion with Mr. Wilson and some of his fellow-Cabinet members on the subject of the future of the railroads.

"He has insisted from the start that the roads be returned to their owners at the earliest possible moment after the close of the war consistent with the public safety and on the stipulation of certain changes regarding co-operation of movement and reduction of unnecessary competition. His ideas have been bitterly opposed. With the signing of the armistice and the bringing up of the entire question of transportation readjustment, the situation became so acute that he was compelled to make his choice between resigning as a member of the President's official family or remaining in office and helping to formulate a policy entirely distasteful to him.

"When the President gave his sanction to the taking over of the cables by Secretary Burleson, Mr. McAdoo vigorously opposed this move as one disastrous alike to the political fortunes of the Administration and the interests of the United States. The Journal is in possession of the fact that he presented these ideas to Mr. Wilson without any mincing of words at the time he wrote his letter of resignation.

"At least two other members of the Cabinet are in the same frame of mind as Mr. McAdoo, and men within Administration circles are well aware that in this attitude the insurgents are supported by Colonel House, who reached the parting of the ways with Mr. Burleson several months ago.

"If Mr. McAdoo has ambitions in the direction of the Presidential nomination in 1920, he will not only not be supported by friends of the present Administration, but will be strenuously opposed by them. They are already beginning to suggest that the Secretary of the Treasury has seen fit to disassociate himself from Mr. Wilson because of these ambitions. Men who are closest to Mr. McAdoo, however, believe that he has no desire to run for the Presidency, and that the only reason for his present step is his determination not to put himself in a false light among those who have been his associates for years in his commercial enterprises, who well know his attitude on Government ownership and who would resent his further connection with an administration which has started along that path.

"Mr. McAdoo's future lies in the commercial world. His withdrawal from private life at this time is proof that he does not intend to sacrifice the confidence and respect of commercial and financial leaders who would naturally come into close contact with him in his future business career."

WAR TAXED HOSPITALS.

Thirty-six Institutions Report a Deficit at Close of Year.

The annual report distributed yesterday of the United Hospital Fund, which defrays in part the expenses of the free treatment extended by forty-six non-municipal hospitals of the city, disclosed a substantial increase in the number of persons able to pay for their own treatment. The report was rendered by Robert Olyphant, President of the fund.

The total service rendered was 2,513,622 "hospital days," an increase of 147,672. The receipts for the year ended Sept. 30, 1918, were $183,778.34, a gain of $48,688.73 over last year. The increase in price of materials and labor, due to the war, however, caused thirty-six of the forty-six member hospitals to close the year with deficits aggregating $391,431.36, with a result that some of the institutions have been compelled to reduce their free service.

The report said that the hospitals had met unusual demands in caring for men in the service, taken ill in near by camps or in transit. The institutions have also treated many recruits sent by local boards for operations which would permit the enlistment of the recruits.

WARNS OF OVER-SYMPATHY.

Lauzanne Prays That We Be Not Too Charitable at Peace Table.

A plea that America go to the peace table steeled against over-sympathy for the Germans was made last night by Stephane Lauzanne, member of the French High Commission, in speaking in the Free Synagogue Forum, 36 West Sixty-eighth Street. Mr. Lauzanne declared that it would require an army of 100,000 men working twenty years to repair the damage done to Belgium and Northern France, where, he said, more than 350,000 buildings had been destroyed.

"For God's sake—it is my prayer—do not be too sympathetic and charitable," he declared, after saying that only a Germany morally guaranteed could be admitted to the League of Nations. "If you do, the Germans will take it as a sign of weakness. Do not for a moment think that the German people are different from their ex-Kaiser."

The French editor closed his talk with a warning against supplying the Germans too liberally. He said there was plenty of food in Germany to take care of the population and that if the Allies shipped foodstuffs into Germany she would recover her strength too quickly and, perhaps, might begin preparations for another war.

Da Gama Heads Brazil's Envoys.

RIO JANEIRO, Nov. 24.—The Brazilian delegation to the Peace Congress will sail for Europe early in December. It will be under the presidency of Domicio Da Gama, minister of Foreign Affairs.

MARNE HERO AT ANNAPOLIS.

Arthur Heller, Who Joined Marines at 16, a Candidate for Navy.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Nov. 24.—A youth who was in the thick of the fighting around Château-Thierry and Belleau Wood, having spent a full year abroad as a marine, has obtained an appointment for the Naval Academy, and is in Annapolis preparing for his entrance examinations. He is Arthur C. Heller, son of C. Arthur Heller, an attorney of Newark, N. J., and is now a student at the naval preparatory school.

Heller was cited during the debates in Congress upon the question of lowering the draft age as an example of what a very young man could accomplish. He enlisted in the Marine Corps when he was only 16 years old, and has just reached 18. Consequently, he carried his full burden of campaign and actual combat while he was 17 years of age. It was argued from his case that the best kind of fighting could be done by American youths between the ages of 18 and 21.

Heller will try for the Academy by virtue of a regular Congressional appointment.

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Eight billions of dollars, one-third of our appropriations, have been advanced to the Allies at 6%, representing which we have issued 4¼% bonds at par —to say nothing of taxation, charging expense instead of investment account—and thereby curtailing essential credit in commercial lines. Why cannot this part of our debt at least be re-financed upon the same basis as we lend? Have any steps yet been taken to list our government obligations on the London Stock Exchange and the Paris Bourse to relieve congestion here, and assist in marketing our securities issued for Allied benefit?

We pride ourselves upon our position as the financial and economic centre of the universe. How long can we hold up our heads if we continue to finance our Allies for their expected further demands along these same lines? What will be the condition of trade, or where employment for our boys, with credit thus denied? If we are ever to become international bankers in fact, as well as in our strut, it is high time for us at least to begin to prepare.

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LONDON PARIS BORDEAUX

TELLS HOW CARRIERS SHOULD BE RELEASED

President Warfield Explains the Railroad Program of the Security Holders.

CALLS FOR LEGISLATION

Would Retain Some of the Federal Administrative Methods, but Would Increase Individual Initiative.

Before leaving for Baltimore yesterday S. Davies Warfield, President of the National Association of Owners of Railroad Securities, which has named prominent lawyers from various parts of the country, headed by ex-Senator Elihu Root, as Advisory Counsel, made the following statement:

"In response to many inquiries made by telegram, letter, and otherwise, coming from the press, from shippers, from individuals and security holders, and in number impossible to make reply otherwise than by public statement, it seems necessary that this statement be made:

"The railroads must be returned under plans which shall:

1. Protect alike the shipper, the traveling public, labor, and the security owner.
2. Provide adequate means for governmental regulation, including supervision of railroad security issues. The Interstate Commerce Commission is the authorized agency to which this will be likely intrusted. Legislation by the Congress is necessarily required for the direction of that commission, if continued by the Congress as the regulating body.
3. Provide for the retention of such methods of administration as may have been found to be effective during Federal control, such as joint use of important terminals, but increase rather than diminish the advantages to be secured from individual initiative. To concentrate to the extent of its destruction and to limit reasonable competition essential to constant and continuing improvement of service will retard business, industrial, and agricultural growth essential during reconstruction and thereafter. It is not ficult to limit the extent to which this shall go.
4. Provide for taking care of the obligations to the Government of each railroad incurred or to be incurred during the continuance of Federal control. The railroads cannot be returned with their credit impaired. If it is, it will be costly to the shipper and to the public. The higher their credit the cheaper can money be secured by them for purposes of hauling freight and passengers. The contract made by Director General Burleson with the telephone company provides that its obligations to the Government shall be paid in twenty years in yearly installments. Loans made by the Government to the railroads are made on call.

Plan Not Yet Matured.

"In reply to the question whether the association has matured its plans and what will now be done, it may be stated that plans have been discussed but not matured. Such plans as may be worked out will be submitted to the committees of the association. This association through its membership, directly and indirectly, by institutional and individual membership, represents $5,000,000,000 of the outstanding $17,000,000,000 of securities of the railroads. It represents through such membership 30,000,000 people of the country of the 50,000,000, nearly one-half of the total population, who own or are interested in railroad securities. Its management is vested in an Advisory Committee of 150 members from sixty-seven cities and thirty-six States, an Executive Committee of thirty-three members, an active Sub-Executive Committee of nine members, a Financial Committee of seventy named from thirty-four cities and thirty States, a General Committee of fifteen representing ten States, many of this latter committee being shippers.

"There are five Vice Presidents, one from each of the following cities: San Francisco, Chicago, Galveston, Atlanta, and Newark. Any plan that may be developed will be finally acted upon by the above mentioned committees, originating with the Sub-Executive Committee in consultation with the advisory counsel of the association, who will play an important part in these proceedings, and other counsel. What will be done will be also in consultation with accredited representatives of the shippers, such as the Committee of Nine recently named at the convention held in Cincinnati, of the National Industrial Traffic League, which represents trade bodies, and individuals and associations of shippers, to the extent of upward of 300,000.

Sees Need of Legislation.

"It should be recognized that the return of the railroads calls for important legislative action by the Congress, to provide for their proper and safe return under plans which will promote continuing efficiency, protect the various interests concerned, and produce sane methods of regulation.

"This association on the faith of the intention and the provision made by the Congress, as expressed through the Federal Control act, that the railroads will be returned within a 'reasonable time after the war,' believes that its duty to its members demands that it take as prompt action as the importance of the subject permits and render such service as it can in the solution of problems incident to such return. And also to perform its duty to the public in order that such plans as may be suggested, shall make such return permanent. It has no fight to make. The questions involved are far too great to approach this subject in any such spirit."

WANTS BONDS REGISTERED.

Treasury Urges Holders of Coupon Bonds to Make Exchange.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—To insure against loss or theft of Liberty Bonds, owners are being urged by the Treasury to have their coupon bonds registered, although the procedure results in a great amount of work and expense for the Government now that the number of bond owners runs above 30,000,000. The registration can be arranged at most banks, and is done without cost to the owner. After registration, if a bond is lost, stolen, or destroyed, the Government will pay it at maturity just the same, and interest checks will be mailed to the bond owner twice a year, without requiring him to go to the trouble of clipping coupons and presenting them at a bank.

The Treasury explains that owing to the mechanical difficulties of preparing millions of interest checks on registered bonds, coupon bonds will not be exchanged for registered bonds or registered bonds transferred on the books from one owner to another, during a month before an interest paying date of each particular loan. For example, exchanges or transfers cannot be arranged for First Liberty Loan Bonds between May 15 and June 16; and between Nov. 15 and Dec. 16. For the Second Loan, these dates would be April 15 to May 16, and Oct. 15 to Nov. 16. For the Third Loan, Feb. 15 to March 16, and Aug. 15 to Sept. 16. For the Fourth Loan, March 15 to April 16, and Sept. 15 to Oct. 16.

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THEY prevent waste because they make the meat go farther. Make yours luscious by flavoring them with plenty of the sauce with the Frenchy tang—

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UNITED STATES RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION

W. G. McADOO, Director General of Railroads

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And help prevent congestion at ticket offices by buying

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SAVED ITALIAN ART WORKS.

Army Let None of Real Value Fall Into the Invaders' Hands.

How Italy saved her art treasures was explained yesterday by the Italian Bureau of Information in this city.

In Italy, the boast of the Germans that they had on exhibition in Berlin a valuable collection of paintings and sculpture, captured in the drive into Northern Italy last Fall, has afforded great amusement to the people. It is quite possible that the materialistic Prussians may really believe that the few pieces of art which the Italians allowed to fall into their hands were of real value, but the facts, according to the article, are that only a very limited and mediocre collection was left to be plundered.

As soon as it became evident that the Italian line was wavering, Arduino Colasenti, at the request of the Director General of Finance, was placed in charge of the work of saving the art treasures. The supreme commander of the army placed at Colasenti's disposal trucks, necessary timber, and men to carry on the work.

There was not much time for deliberation. The instructions were to keep in contact with the enemy and to remove art objects only when it became evident that a town was to fall. Colasenti was therefore obliged to watch 400 miles of front and rush his trucks and men to a yielding point at a moment's notice.

To be ready for an emergency the citizens had in the meantime prepared for shipment all the works of art in the threatened towns. Frequently it happened that these were departing on trucks from one side of a town just as the Austrians were entering from the other.

In Belluno the citizens had boxed up all the collections in the Museum, but there was no means of transportation. The high command at once supplied army trucks despite the pressure of the moment.

In the meantime another party went up further into the mountains and saved paintings by Bellunello and memoirs in the original manuscript of Pietro Calvi, and a painting by Lorenzo Lotto. This was accomplished while the Austrians were actually in the villages of Quinto al Sile and Piave di Cadore.

In many places, while the bombardment was going on, the soldiers would try to save frescoes from destruction. Often their efforts were unavailing, but they did not give up, and during their rest periods they would prowl among the ruins collecting colored plaster, with the hope that some of the wreckage might be put together again.

Hold Five Men in Fiala Case.

Five men were held without bail by Magistrate Nash in the Morrisania Police Court yesterday on an affidavit charging suspicion of homicide in connection with the murder of Otto Fiala, 68 years old, ticket agent in the Intervale Avenue Station of the Bronx subway line, in a station robbery on Nov. 14. About $100 was stolen after the agent was killed. Three of the men were arrested in Syracuse, where they were followed by dectectives. The police told Magistrate Nash that the men who killed Fiala escaped in a taxicab, and that the arrests in Syracuse were made upon information about the taxicab's license number furnished by sailors who were near the station.

WANTS WIRELESS A NAVY MONOPOLY

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

cial communication, and these are exempted from Government operation.

"This is not a war measure. In accordance with the Act of 1912, all radio stations in the United States and possessions, which were not already in the Government's hands, were taken over by the Navy Department promptly in April, 1917, as a war measure, and are now being operated by that department. Many changes have occurred during the war. Stations formerly operated commercially have been found to be unnecessary for either commercial or war purposes.

"The business of all companies having been suspended, and their operators having made an instant show of patriotism by joining the navy in the earliest days of the war, it is believed that most of the companies owning radio stations would be glad at this time to sell their stations to the Government at a fair price, which is provided for in the bill.

"At this time, when most of the world is to be made over, when the United States is fostering the beginnings of a great merchant marine, whose servant radio-telegraphy is, and when the American news and American viewpoint are to be disseminated throughout the nations, it is submitted that the greatest good to the people of the United States as a whole will accrue to them from well-regulated communications with their ships at sea and with foreign nations at reasonable rates without interference from a variety of rival interests within our own borders, utilizing the systems of stations which is absolutely necessary for the control of the fleet."

GRIGGS DOUBTS PASSAGE.

Marconi Company Official Says Navy Officers Are Not Agreed.

John W. Griggs, President of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America, when informed last night of the Administration's desire to own and operate the wireless systems, said:

"A similar bill was before Judge Alexander's committee a year ago last January, but after full hearings in the matter, the committee refused to report the bill because the members at that time were not in favor of Government ownership. At that time the bill had the indorsement of every member of the President's Cabinet, but apparently this was not sufficient to influence the committee to act against its own opinions.

"These last two bills reflect the desire of the Navy Department to bring radio communication, for commercial purposes, entirely into its own hands. If these bills are pushed now, they will have to be taken in joint consideration with the control of the cables and the land wires. I think that, in view of the great importance of the question of public or Governmental ownership, such measures will not be put before the members of Congress in the short session that will soon begin. Such bills should be brought up for consideration when there is ample time for investigation—I doubt whether Congress, realizing its limitations as regards time, will seriously consider these proposals.

"I do not think, either, that they will be pushed. There are members of Congress who are not in favor of Government ownership, you know. As regards the Navy Department, the officers are divided on control; some of them seem to be wrapped up in Government ownership, while others are not at all in favor of it."

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Will Place on Sale Today

6000 Men's Madras Shirts

At 2.00

These shirts were bought a year ago. They are of a quality impossible to obtain in the present market *wholesale* at less than two dollars. Even if the novice will compare them with any other shirts around town at the price, the marked superiority of these shirts will speak for itself.

Made Right — which means the button holes are all barred to prevent fraying. The collar bands are all shrunk. And the sleeves and shoulders are simply perfection in the art of cutting and tailoring.

Candy Stripings and Novelty Patterns, as well as a splendid showing of Satin stripings. All sizes.

600 Men's Silk Mufflers

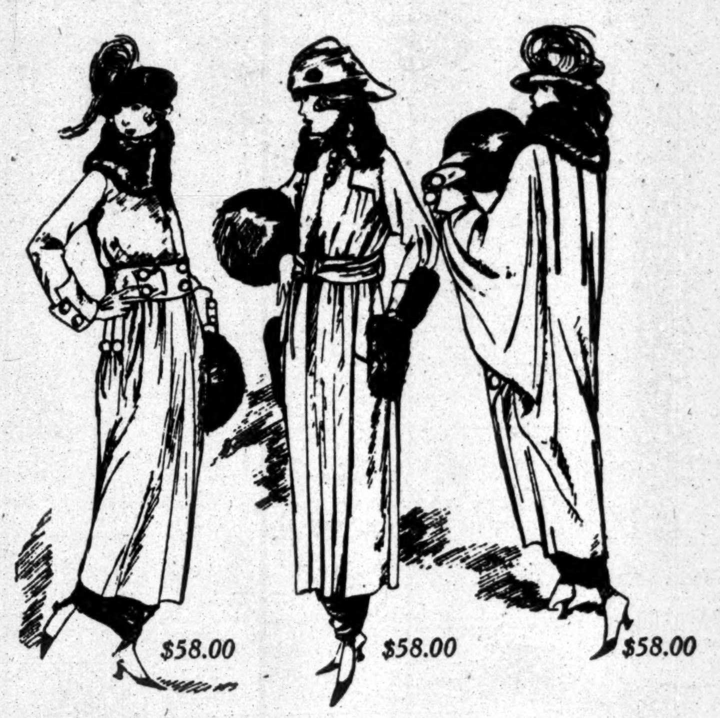
In a Special Sale

At $1.85

Sample reefers and mufflers, in pure silk, and a few in silk Fibre, that have been used to emphasize the superiority of a leading manufacturer's product to the trade. In College Stripings, Plain Black, White and other good colors.

Broadway Saks & Company *at 34th St*

"In the Heart of New York"—Direct by Subway, Tube and "L"



The Choicest and Most Effective Winter Styles Will Be Shown Today in a

Special Sale of

Women's Smart Coats

Regularly $75 to $95

At $58

Those wonderful Dolman Coats are included in a variety of rich, soft fabrics, and the most exclusive Street coats, in both straight line and belted models. Each model simply teems with original style treatments and sets a new standard of excellence in the tailoring of fine coats for immediate service.

The Materials

Vicunas, Buro Cloth, Normandy Cloth, Bolivia, Suede Velour, Silvertone

Luxuriously trimmed with the choicest of furs or strictly tailored. Sizes 36 to 52½ bust. Three styles *pictured.*

Also—A Wonderful Collection of

Women's Ultra-Smart Coats

Regularly $35 to $69.50

At $28, $38 and $45

At each price the selection of models and materials is most extensive, and the values so unusual as to warrant immediate action. Beautifully tailored in Silvertone, Broadcloth, Bolivia, Normandy Cloth, Velour de Laine, Wool Velour, Pom-Pom and other fashionable materials, lined and interlined. Sizes 34 to 52½.

A Rare Opportunity—

Women's Higher-Cost Street and Afternoon Frocks

in an Important Sale Today

at Greatly Reduced Prices

These charming frocks are all from our regular stocks; are in perfect condition and have been reduced to the following low prices *only* because the size and color assortments are incomplete. There are all sizes in the lot, but not all sizes and colors in each style.

Embroidered Charmeuse and Beautiful Satin Afternoon Frocks. Also Combination Chiffon Velvet and Georgette Crepe Frocks of a highly individual type. Regularly $59.50 to $69.50..........Reduced to $39.50

Silk Tricolette Dresses, in very charming Fringe Trimmed models. Regularly $45..........Reduced to $29.50

Embroidered Serge Frocks, in several stunning models. Regularly $39.50, Reduced to $29.50

Velveteen Frocks, made of guaranteed fast pile and color velveteen, richly embroidered or braid trimmed. Regularly $39.50 to $45..........Reduced to $29.50

Satin and Meteor Dresses, in most exclusive Fringe trimmed styles. Regularly $30 to $35..........Reduced to $21.50

Today and Tuesday Only

Women's Handsome Velveteen Suits

Regularly $45 to $55

Reduced to $36

The most distinctive suits for women created for Winter, and offered today *for the first time* at this low price. Excellent selection of strictly tailored and elaborately fur-trimmed models, with shawl and large convertible collars. Handsomely lined with plain or fancy silks, and warmly interlined.

Such Values Are Exceptional—to Say the Least

200 Women's Cloth Suits

Tailored or Fur-Trimmed

Formerly $65 to $95

Reduced to $47

No smarter suits have been shown this season. They are developed in all wanted materials for immediate wear, embellished with Hudson Seal, Nutria, Beaver, or Mole. Each suit beautifully lined and interlined. Sizes 34 to 44, and several models to 50½ bust. *Fourth Floor.*

500 Pairs Evening Slippers

For Women and Misses

Regularly $6, $7 and $8

Special at $4.95

Dainty evening slippers in Imported Cloth of Silver or Gold; Rich Brocades; Black or Bronze Kidskin with beaded vamps; and Black, White, Pink, Silver or Gold Satin. All sizes in the lot, but not in each style.

Also—50 Pairs Sample Evening Slippers at $4.95

Only one pair of a kind. Sizes 4B and 4½B.

Beautiful Beaded Bags

Very Special $5

Skilful reproductions of much higher-priced imported bags, with mirror-backed full beaded tops. Made of Panne Velvet, in shades of Taupe, Plum, Navy and Black. *Illustrated.*

Nothing More Acceptable as a Gift!

The Shortage of Labor Is Still Acute

Early Christmas Shopping

is urged upon every one, so that all the men and women Uncle Sam needs for important Government work will be readily available. Do your Christmas shopping now.

Limited to Monday and Tuesday—

Sale of

Lyra and American Lady Corsets

Low and medium bust models, beautifully made of Fancy Broche Coutil. Reduced to the following low prices because manufacturer cannot duplicate material.

Lyra Corsets..........Reg. $5..........Now $3.75
American Lady Corsets...Reg. $3..........Now $2.00

As a Practical Gift What Would Please a Boy Better Than One of These

Military Outfits

Special at $3.95

Outfit consists of Cap, Coat, Breeches, Leggins, and Sam Brown Belt.

Nothing pleases the boy better as a play suit, and they are tailored with a care certainly rare in moderate priced clothes.

Made of good quality Cotton Khaki, Sizes 4 to 16 years. *Illustrated.*

R. H. Macy & Co's Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Store opens 9:00 A. M. and closes 5:30 P. M.

Take Your Rest On One of Our Mattresses

As we spend one-third of our lives in bed, it behooves us to make our hours of rest and sleep as comfortable as possible.

For most folks the mattress is of greater moment than the bed, and for this reason we pay particular attention to the mattresses in our store.

In fact, we make nearly all of them in our own work rooms on the premises. We have a fine, air-swept and sun-drenched shop away up on the roof.

Specially Priced

Our Silk Floss Mattresses are filled with a pure vegetable product known as silk floss, and at present they are specially priced—the 2 ft. 6 in. size at **$22.49,** and the 4 ft. 6 in. size at **$26.50.**

The Cotton mattresses filled with good quality cotton and covered in fancy ticking are priced at **$4.79** for the 2 ft. 6 in. size and **$11.82** for the 4 ft. 6 in. size.

Consult the mattress salesmen on the Sixth floor, and see how much they can contribute to your comfort this winter.

Macy's—Sixth Floor, 35th St., Rear.

Practical Patriotism

Shop with a BLUE "WILL-TAKE" TRANSFER. It saves time, labor and materials.

Instead of carrying your parcels from counter to counter—

Instead of waiting for change—

Instead of having your purchases sent—carry them home in one compact parcel, presented to you at our main floor desk, where you pay for them in one payment when ready to leave the store.

We provide the service—you provide the cooperation.

Shop With A Blue Card

Pullman Slippers $1.69

A pair of fine leather slippers with padded soles made from soft, comfortable material that folds readily; neatly fitted into a leather clasp case of same material.

Macy's—Men's Shoe Dept., Main Floor Balcony, 35th St., Rear.

1,109 CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED IN AMERICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCES

List Makes Army Total 85,781, Including 100 of Otranto's Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The War Department gave out one army casualty list today, which contained 1,109 names, bringing the total for the army up to 85,781. Not included in today's total of 1,109 are 100 casualties on the Otranto. No Marine Corps list was issued, but the total previously reported for that branch of the service was 4,026, making the total for both arms of the service 89,807 on the basis of names thus far made public.

The army list today contained the names of 336 killed in action, 60 died of wounds, 13 died of accident and other causes, 232 died of disease, 50 wounded severely, 236 wounded to a degree undetermined, 106 wounded slightly, 62 missing in action, and 14 prisoners.

SUMMARY OF ARMY CASUALTIES TO DATE.

Deaths.	Previously Reported.	Reported Nov. 24.	Total.
Killed in action	15,754	336	16,090
Lost at sea	625	*100	725
Died of wounds	6,448	60	6,508
Died of accident	1,533	13	1,546
Died of disease	7,367	232	7,590
Total	31,727	741	32,468
Wounded	44,497	392	44,889
Missing	8,348	76	8,424
Total	84,572	1,209	85,781

*One hundred additional missing in the sinking of the Otranto.

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA)	Died from Accident or other Cause.	Gen.	General.
(DD)	Died of Disease.	Col.	Colonel.
(DP)	Died from Airplane Accident.	Maj.	Major.
(DW)	Died from Wounds.	Capt.	Captain.
(KA)	Killed in Action.	Lt.	Lieutenant.
(LS)	Lost at Sea.	Sgt.	Sergeant.
(MA)	Missing in Action.	Corp.	Corporal.
(P)	Prisoner.	Bgl.	Bugler.
(RD)	Returned to Duty.	Mch.	Mechanic.
(WL)	Wounded Slightly.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
(WS)	Wounded Severely.	Mus.	Musician.
(WU)	Wounded (Degree Undetermined.)	Hrs.	Horseshoer.

CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED NOV. 24.

NEW YORK CITY.

ABRAMSON, HARRY; Louis Abramson, 1,311 East New York Av., Brooklyn....(KA)
ACKERINO, ANTHONY A.; Mrs. Mary O'Brien, 133 East 5th St., Brooklyn....(WL)
ANDERSON, JAMES A.; Mrs. F. Barton, 138 E. 115th St. (DD)
BARRY, T. F.; Mrs. M. Barry, 625 Baker Av., Bronx.(KA)
BATTAGLIA, E.; A. Nasi, 249 W. 49th St.—Cook....(DW)
BOERA, E.; Mrs. H. Boera, 2,147 Houghton Av.....(KA)
BUCKEL, E.; Mrs. E. Buckel, 516 Westchester Av....(KA)
BYRNE, J. P.; Mrs. Ann Byrne, 349 E. 58th St.—Lt...(WU)
CASTELLANO, ANTHONY; Victor Castellano, 791 Kent Av., Brooklyn—Corp....(WS)
COBB, ALTON W.; Mrs. Loretta Cobb, 507 W. 42d St.(DD)
COHEN, L.; Mrs. F. Cohen, 118 Eldridge St.—Sgt...(WU)
COLEMAN, W. F.; T. J. Coleman, 1,452 Lexington Av.(WS)
COOPER, MAYER; H. Cooper, 66 Montgomery St....(KA)
CURLEY, WILLIAM C.; Mrs. Elizabeth Curley, 208 20th St., Flushing—Mch....(WL)
DAVIS, NATHAN; Harris Davis, 17 W. 118th St.....(DW)
DE ROSAIRE, FRANK; Mrs. Frank De Rosaire, 88 Clarkson Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
DONLEN, P.; Mrs. J. Dorman, 31 Driggs Av., Bklyn.(KA)
DUNN, FRANK P.; J. F. Dunn, 862 Macy Pl., Bronx.(KA)
DUNNE, J. P.; Mrs. B. Dunne, 105 W. 95th St.—Corp.(KA)
FRANCAVILLO, NICK; Mrs. Luccia Francavillo, 67 Mott St.—Corp....(KA)
GAGLIANO, CHARLES R.; Jack Tedesca, 7 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn....(KA)
GARDINER, SYDNEY H.; Mrs. Gussie Gardiner, 538 New Jersey Av., Brooklyn—Sgt....(DD)
GELARO, LAWRENCE; A. Gelaro, 229 Av. B—Sgt..(WU)
GILKYSON, G. B.; Miss C. Gilkyson, 106 W. 47th St.(WU)
GRAHAM, J.; Mrs. A. Kelly, 259 So. 9th St., Bklyn..(WU)
JOHN, CHARLES B.; Mrs. M. John, 177 E. 93d St...(WU)
JOHNSON, LESTER; A. Johnson, 240 Centre St....(WU)
KANOWITZ, ARCHIE; Hyman Kanowitz, 830 Hewitt Place,—Corp....(WL)
KESSLER, HENRY; Mrs. H. P. Kessler, 1,125 Halsey St., Brooklyn....(WL)
LANIO, T.; Mrs. M. Lanio, 47 Myrtle Av.—Corp....(DW)
LAWSON, A. E.; E. C. Lawson, 1,060 72d St., Bklyn.—Sgt..(KA)
LE DELIA, ALPHONSO; Mrs. D. Le Delio, 93 Jay St.(WU)
LEWIS, M.; Miss I. Lewis, 860 E. 161st St., Bronx...(KA)
LISS, JOSEPH; Morris Liss, 199 Forsyth St....(WL)
LOCKE, CHARLES F.; J. Locke, 245 W. 111th St...(WU)
LOIKO, WINCIENTI J.; John Loiko, 535 E. 12th St.(WU)
McALEER, FRANK LEO; Mrs. Ellen McAleer, 609 Lexington Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
McCARTAN, M.; J. McCartan, 216 East 84th St—Sgt..(P)
McCLYMONT, THEO.; William McClymont, 27 West 84th St—Corp....(DD)
McDERMOTT, FRANK; Miss Susan McDermott, 507 W. 38th St....(DD)
MANNING, J. F.; Mrs. C. Manning, 153 E. 29th St..(WU)
MECHLING, E. J.; Mrs. E. Mechling, 342 E. 146th St.(WU)
MEIER, CHARLES P.; Mrs. A. Meier, 184 E. 95th St.(WU)
MIDTSKAUG, ALF P.; Mrs. Christine Midtskaug, 1,419 8th Av., Brooklyn....(WL)
MILLER, T.; Mrs. J. Miller, 210 W. 110th St.—Lt...(WU)
MODRA, TAD; R. L. Modra, Municipal Bldg.—Corp..(WU)
MORSE, JULIUS; Mrs. B. Morse, 396 E. 171st St....(WL)
MULLIN, LEO A.; Mrs. Mary Mullin, 683 Evergreen St., Brooklyn—Corp....(P)
MURNANE, JAMES; P. Murnane, 656 Carroll St., Brooklyn—Corp....(KA)
MURRAY, W.; P. Murray, 166 Mott Av., L. I. City..(KA)
NALLIN, JOHN; J. Nallin, 85 East End Av....(KA)
NEHWADOWICH, WASILE; Michael Nehawadowich, Tillary St., Brooklyn....(DW)
NELSON, JOHN W.; Mrs. E. T. Bengston, 481 9th St., Brooklyn—Corp....(WU)
O'BRIEN, FRANK; Mrs. Mary O'Brien, 327 Sterling Place, Brooklyn....(KA)
O'CONNOR, J.; Mrs. K. O'Connor, 726 East 134th St.(WS)
OHLHAUSEN, GEO. N.; G. Ohlhausen, 450 Harriman St.—Corp....(KA)
OTT, JOHN M.; Mrs. L. Rounner, 1,240 Franklin Av.(KA)
PATTECK, SAMUEL; H. Patteck, 178 Grand St. Extended, Brooklyn....(WU)
POTTER, ARTHUR; C. Potter, 68 4th Av., Brooklyn—Corp....(KA)
RIEGGER, JOHN; Mrs. L. Riegger, 163 Star St., Brooklyn....(DD)
RUDNICK, HARRY; J. Robbins, 1,181 43d St., Bklyn.(WU)
RYAN, ED. J.; Miss Mary Ryan, 182 30th St., Bklyn.(DD)
SALOMON, D. J.; A. Salomon, 864 Dawson St....(DW)
SCHUESSLER, G. E.; H. Schuessler, 486 11th Av., Long Island City—Corp....(KA)
SCHULTZ, WM.; Mrs. W. Schultz, 885 Fresh Pond Road, Brooklyn....(DA)
SHAPIRO, HARRY; A. Shapiro, 230 East 115th St...(WU)
SHEAHAN, W. J.; P. Sheahan, 465 East 163d St—Sgt.(KA)
SPINAZZOLA, N.; Mrs. A. Spinazzola, 384 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn....(KA)
SURLIS, W. P.; T. Surlis, 1,326 St. Johns Place, Brooklyn—Corp....(WL)
TAYLOR, T. J.; T. J. Taylor, 1,872 West 7th St., Brooklyn....(WL)
THATE, W. J.; Mrs. D. Thate, 2,295 Bedford Av., Brooklyn—Corp....(WU)
THOMAS, A.; Mrs. M. Jensen, 27 Ditmar St., Bklyn..(KA)
TOMPKINS, F.; Mrs. F. Tompkins, care of Central Union Trust Co. (5th Av. branch)—Col....(WU)
TOTSCHEK, M.; H. Totschek, 517 W. 159th St....(WU)
WALTER, W.; Mrs. M. Walter, 57 Crescent St., B'klyn.(WU)
WORTH, MARGARET W.; Dr. Gertrude G. Mack, 2 W. 94th St.—Nurse....(DD)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

AUSTIN, M. McK.; C. M. Austin, Eldred....(KA)
BARRY, R. J.; Mrs. Mary Barry, Ogdensburg....(DD)
BASSETT, H. M.; T. E. Bassett, Oswego....(KA)
BLOOMBERG, SAMUEL; Harry Bloomberg, Troy....(DD)
BRAGILIO, DOMINICO; Miss Annie Pros, Ossining.(KA)
BREITBECK, F. H.; G. Breitbeck, Oswego—Lt....(KA)
BRENNER, ISADORE; Mrs. D. Brenner, Gloversville.(KA)
BROUILLETTE, W. E.; N. S. Brouillette, New York Mills....(DD)
CHAMBERS, W. C.; Mrs. H. R. Chambers, Troy—Corp.(KA)
CLOSS, J. E.; Mrs. C. A. Closs, Walton....(KA)
CRANDALL, JERRY; Mrs. J. Weeding, Grafton....(KA)
DE PUY, W. J.; Mrs. Eli De Puy, New Paltz....(DD)
DERBY, S. L.; Mrs. C. L. Derby, Frewsburg—Corp..(KA)
DIAMOND, E. R.; Mrs. Sarah Diamond, Watervliet.(KA)
DIMMICK, F. C.; Mrs. L. C. Dimmick, Binghamton.(KA)
DOERR, CHARLES; Herman Doerr, Poughkeepsie...(WU)
DURGEN, J. R.; Grace Rudeau, Syracuse....(WU)
ENGLISHMAN, H. J.; J. Englishman, Midland Park..(DD)
GENUNG, GUY; Mrs. Minnie Genung, Ithaca—Mus..(KA)
GOLDFINGER, B. B.; Herman Goldfinger, Nyack....(WU)
GRIMES, FRED; Mrs. Mary Whitcome, Ticonderoga.(DD)
HILDERBRAND, G. J.; And. Hilderbrand, Buffalo..(KA)
HOLDEN, R. M.; Mrs. Florence C. Holden, Elmira...(WL)
HOOKER, J. E.; Mrs. D. Hooker, Ira Station—Mch..(WU)
HORT, N. H.; Arby L. Hort, Oswego—Lt....(KA)
HUMBERT, L. A.; Mrs. Josephine Humbert, Buffalo.(WU)
JENNINGS, J. M.; Mrs. J. B. Jennings, Buffalo....(WU)
JOHNSON, D. L.; Mrs. Marie Johnson, Rochester....(WU)
JONES, WILLIAM G.; Robert O. Jones, Rome....(WL)
LANCASTER, NEWMAN; G. Lancaster, Garrison...(WL)
LANGE, ALBERT H.; H. C. Lange, Scotia—Corp....(WL)
LEE, FLOYD W.; Mrs. Jennie Lee, Atlanta....(WU)
LEE, W. P.; Harry P. Lee, Oneida—Corp....(KA)
LERE, WILLIAM; Peter Lere, Rochester....(WS)
LOFTUS, W. D.; Mrs. H. W. Cooper, Buffalo—Corp..(WL)
McFARLAND, R. C.; Mrs. M. B. McFarland, Oneida..(WU)
MARTIN, A. S.; Mrs. A. Martin, Constable—Corp....(WU)
MARTIN, BRADLEY; Mrs. B. Martin, Westbury—Maj.(WU)
MASON, C. R.; C. R. Arnold, Hornell....(DA)
MAXON, R. T.; Mrs. E. Dougherty, Buffalo....(WU)
MENGEL, N. M.; Mrs. S. Mengel, Rochester....(DD)
MURRAY, J. E.; Mrs. M. Connell, Green Island....(DD)
O'REILLY, W. J.; Mrs. E. O'Reilly, Pleasantville...(DW)
PALAMONTE, JERRY; Mrs. R. Dobs, Maspeth—Corp.(DD)
PARDEE, A. C.; Mrs. N. M. White, Oneida—Corp....(DW)
PIERCE, J. F.; Mrs. Dora Pierce, Troy....(DD)
PREZIOSO, DOMINICO; L. Prezioso, Richmond....(WL)
RICKETTS, J. R.; Mrs. F. C. Ricketts, Buffalo—Corp.(KA)
RILEY, R. R.; Mrs. B. D. Riley, Binghamton—Sgt...(KA)
ROCK, ANDREW; Mrs. Anna Rock, Amsterdam....(KA)
ROYS, ROSCOE; Wellington Roys, Malone—Sgt....(DW)
SCHLETTERER, W.; Mrs. B. Schletterer, Ilion....(KA)
SCHULTE, G.; Mrs. J. H. Schulte, Easthampton—Corp.(WU)
SLEICHER, W. D.; Arthur Sleicher, Troy....(DD)
SMITH, L. R.; Mrs. Jessie Smith, Gansevoort....(KA)
SMITH, W. F.; Mrs. A. J. Rosenbrans, Rochester....(KA)
SOLOMON, SAUL; Jacob Solomon, Syracuse....(KA)
STAIKUNAS, K.; Konstant Sovenski, Amsterdam....(KA)
TURK, WALTER; Mrs. Lizzie Turk, Long Eddy....(KA)
VAN BUREN, W. B.; W. J. Van Buren, Hermon....(WL)
VAN PELT, GEORGE; W. A. Van Pelt, 481 Bedford Av., Mount Vernon....(WU)
VON FRICKEN, E. A.; Mrs. M. Von Fricken, Troy.(WU)
WALSH, M. J.; Mrs. M. J. Walsh, Hempstead—Corp.(KA)
WATERBURY, R. W.; Mrs. R. Waterbury, Saratoga Springs—Corp....(DW)
WEIN, CHRIST, Jr.; Christ Wein, Sr., Tonawanda.(DW)
WHITMAN, J. L.; Mrs. Eva Whitman, Albany....(WU)
WING, R. R.; Miss Cora Clark, Wellsville....(WL)
WOLF, E. N.; Frank Wolf, Buffalo....(DD)
YOUNG, JOHN; Mrs. Peter Myers, Newark....(WU)

ALABAMA.

ANDREWS, PRESS H.; H. Andrews, Ozark....(WS)
BUTLER, E. H.; George Butler, Cullman—Corp....(WL)
ESPY, ROBERT; J. C. Espy, Abbeville—Lt....(KA)
FLOWERS, WILLIAM; Lewis Flowers, Tennille....(DD)
GIFFORD, THOMAS J.; John M. Gifford, Milan....(MA)
GUIN, HUBERT H.; Mrs. B. Henry, Fayette—Sgt....(DD)
HURST, BENAJAH B.; B. B. Hurst, Sr., Shorter....(WU)
McCAIN, R. D.; Mrs. E. L. McCain, Cullman....(DD)
McPHERSON, J. W.; Bazil N. McPherson, Northport.(KA)
McVEY, CECIL; Jeff McVey, Ashland....(KA)
MITCHELL, E. L.; B. F. Mitchell, Ozark—Sgt....(WU)
PRICE, THOMAS V.; Elie Price, Palos....(KA)
REAVES, BELTON; G. M. Reaves, Oxford....(WL)
ROBINSON, JOHN G.; J. W. Robinson, Dauphine..(DD)
SINGLETON, HOWARD; Mrs. E. Singleton, Camden.(DD)
TARTT, TOM; Eli Tartt, Livingston....(DD)
TARVER, ROBERT S.; Senator H. B. Merritt, Tuskegee—Corp....(KA)
TAYLOR, THOMAS H.; M. L. Taylor, Russellville...(KA)
TAYLOR, W.; Mrs. G. Taylor, Montgomery—Corp...(WL)
THACKER, J. E.; O. C. Thacker, Alabama City—Corp.(KA)
THOMPSON, GREEN; Wyatt Thompson, Florence...(DD)
WHITE, FRANK B.; Mrs. T. A. White, Bay Minette.(WU)

ARKANSAS.

ALLEY, H. P.; J. D. Alley, Mountain Home—Corp..(DW)
ALRED, WILLIAM M.; Mrs. L. A. Alred, Denmark.(DD)
GARRETT, HARDY W.; W. S. Garrett, Strong....(DD)
CARTER, ISAAC H.; W. J. Carter, Snow Ball....(KA)
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FISHER, J. L.; Mrs. Margaret Fisher, Frontenac...(WS)
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WOOD, CLARK; J. W. Wood, Three Rivers—Sgt....(KA)

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STAGEBERG, R.; Mrs. O. Stageberg, Thief River Falls.(WU)
TUNELL, E. L.; C. L. Tunell, Minneapolis—Bgl....(KA)
WENDORF, G. J.; Mrs. Gustav Wendorf, Waltham..(P)

MISSISSIPPI.

BOYD, JOHN I.; Mrs. Retty B. Boyd, Tylertown....(KA)
COWSERT, W. D.; Mrs. P. Cowsert, Lafayette Springs.(MA)
CURRY, KIT; Mrs. Charlie Curry, Starksville....(DD)
EASTER, AMOS C.; Grover C. Easter, Aberdeen....(WU)
GAGE, GEORGE P.; Mrs. J. R. Gage, Meridian....(MA)
GILLESPIE, G.; Mrs. J. L. Gillespie, Greenwood—Lt..(KA)
HILL, EUGENE T.; E. S. Hill, Duck Hill....(P)
JONES, C. R.; Preston Smith, Wallerville—Mch....(WU)
LADNER, ROSY; Miss L. N. Ladner, Perkinston....(WU)
MILAN, TOM; Mrs. Lucy Milan, Thyry....(DD)
PARKINSON, NORMAN; W. M. Parkinson, Cruger..(DD)
SPEARS, W. J.; Mrs. Liddie Spears, Wenesago....(WU)
WALTERS, HARDY; R. A. Walters, Lumberton....(WU)
WALTMAN, JOHN J.; M. Waltman, Lafayette....(KA)
WASHINGTON, W.; Mrs. J. Washington, Flautt....(KA)
WEBB, FRANK G.; B. F. Webb, Holly Springs....(KA)
WILLIAMSON, TOM; I. Williamson, Brookhaven....(KA)

MISSOURI.

ABBOTT, OSCAR L.; Mrs. Mary Connell, Brashear..(WS)
ADKISON, ROBERT; Mrs. E. F. Adkison, Gallatin.(KA)
ANDREWS, PETER P.; Miss Mary Long, St. Louis..(KA)
BAKER, W. A.; Henry T. Baker, Mine Lamotte....(KA)
BELL, WILLIAM E.; Mrs. Eleanor Bell, Osceola....(DD)
BERRY, ERNEST L.; Lewis O. Berry, Gault....(DD)
BERTHOLD, W. F.; Fred C. Berthold, Bismarck....(WL)
BOYER, JOHN C.; Mrs. Kate Rose, St. Louis....(KA)
BRADSHAW, ELLIS C.; Mrs. J. Bradshaw, Kansas City—Corp....(WU)
BRASHERS, C. J.; Mrs. M. Brashers, White Oak....(KA)
BRUNS, TONY; Caspar Bruns, St. Louis—Master Signal Electrician....(DD)
CARVER, JACK; Mrs. N. Phipps, Ponce de Leon....(WU)
CHEATHAM, J. T.; John T. Cheatham, Garland....(WU)
CLAY, RHODES, Jr.; Mrs. Annie Clay, St. Louis....(KA)
CUDWORTH, J. H.; A. C. Cudworth, St. Louis....(MA)
DEIRO, TONY; Mrs. Anna Goervitz, St. Louis....(DD)
DILLON, JOSEPH; Miss M. Dillon, Kansas City—Sgt..(KA)
EILTS, HARRY G.; Eilt H. Eilts, St. Louis....(WU)
ELLIOTT, EDGAR L.; Mrs. Susia Elliott, Prior....(DD)
EVANS, OWEN R.; J. A. Evans, Granger....(WU)
FRANKLIN, JESSE; E. O. Finney, Macon....(DW)
HARNESS, W. T.; Mrs. Julia Harness, St. Louis....(DW)
HASSE, ALVIN G.; T. H. Hasse, Crystal City—Bgl...(WU)
HESSE, JOE; Christ Hesse, Cedar City....(WU)
JAMES, E.; Mrs. R. James, Eldorado Springs....(WU)
KING, CLYDE R.; John E. King, Nevada....(WU)
LAYCOB, DAVID; Jake Laycob, St. Louis....(WU)
LEE, FRANK; Mrs. Jessie Holmes, Hannibal....(WU)
McADAMS, M. E.; C. M. McAdams, Tarkio....(WU)
McDANIEL, J. H.; E. M. McDaniel, Marceline....(WU)
McMONIGLE, M. B.; J. F. McMonigle, Blue Eye....(WU)
MARTENS, C.; Mrs. M. Martens, St. Louis—Sgt....(KA)
MILLER, W. F.; F. H. Miller, Montrose....(WU)
NOONAN, W. H.; Mrs. E. Noonan, St. Louis....(WU)
ORR, FLOYD C.; J. W. Orr, Cowgill—Corp....(WU)
SCHLATMAN, E. J.; Clem Schlatman, Perryville....(KA)
SCHUSTER, J. C.; A. Schuster, Gower....(P)
SHERRICK, H. L.; J. M. Sherrick, Fulton....(WU)
SHIPLEY, A. R.; J. S. Shipley, Reger—Wgn....(WU)
SMALL, J. B.; Mrs. Laura Small, St. Louis—Capt..(WU)
SOMMER, W. H.; H. Sommer, Perryville....(WU)
SPARKS, J. H.; J. E. Sparks, Avalon....(WU)
THOMPSON, C. B.; Joe H. Thompson, Altona....(WU)
VOWELL, J. F.; J. M. Vowell, Hornersville....(DD)
WOODFORD, W. O.; Mrs. Lizzie Deweese, Arno....(DD)

MONTANA.

LAVERDURE, FRED; N. Laverdure, Lewistown....(WL)
McCLAIN, LEM T.; W. McClain, Lismas....(DD)
VOLDEN, T. A.; Knut Volden, Opheim....(WU)

NEBRASKA.

BATES, R. H.; Mrs. Nancy Bates, Wahoo....(DW)
CLIFTON, JESSE; W. L. Patrick, Omaha....(DD)
FULSAS, NOKI H.; H. G. Fulsas, Albion....(MA)
HOUSEMAN, C. W.; W. H. Houseman, Hebron....(WL)
JOHNSON, R. C.; J. M. Johnson, York....(WU)
JONES, A. R.; Mrs. F. Jones, West Point....(KA)
KARBOWSKI, B. J.; Mrs. M. Karbowski, Omaha....(DD)
KENT, J. E.; A. M. Kent, Lawrence—Corp....(KA)
KORINEK, J. J.; J. J. Korinek, Omaha....(KA)
LESCHINSKY, A. J.; J. P. F. Leschinsky, Grand Island....(DD)
LONDBERG, A. S.; J. Londberg, Lynch....(DD)
LUNDBERG, F. O.; Nels Lundberg, Taylor—Corp....(WU)
McMULLEN, O. C.; Mrs. S. C. McMullen, Wauneta..(DD)
NELSON, T. M.; L. A. Nelson, Fremont....(P)
OLSON, OLAF E.; Henry Olson, Chappell....(WS)
SIMPSON, FRANK H.; Mrs. M. O. Crow, Wauneta..(DD)
WAITS, PERRY D.; David D. Waits, Holbrook....(WU)

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

CAOUETTE, GEORGE; Mrs. Delia Bovin, Berlin....(KA)
FILION, T. J.; J. A. Filion, New Market....(WU)
GOGAN, GEORGE; Louis Gogan, Berlin....(WU)
JOHNSON, LEROY F.; Mrs. Lilian B. McCallaugh, Manchester....(WU)
KELSEY, RALPH H.; Frank C. Kelsey, Claremont..(KA)
KING, C. A.; W. J. King, North Walpole—Sgt....(DW)
MINTON, F. M.; Mrs. Victoria Minton, Manchester..(WU)
STAPLES, HERBERT E.; Mrs. Alice Shortridge Staples, Mountainview—Corp....(KA)
TAYLOR, WALTER L.; Mrs. Walter Taylor, Berlin..(WU)

NEW JERSEY.

ARGUANO, JOSEPH; Salvator Arguano, Elizabeth..(WU)
BAKER, GEORGE B.; Dudley B. Baker, 331 Pennington Av., Passaic—Sgt....(DD)
BARTEL, A. M.; Herman Bartel, Florham Park....(KA)
BAULK, J.; Mrs. B. Baulk, 573 Grand St., Jer. City.(DD)
BENJAMIN, WILLIAM; Mrs. Margaret Benjamin, 63 Baldwin St., Bloomfield....(KA)
BIETZ, FRED; Mrs. Barbara Windtuhr, 95 Bleecker St., Jersey City—Sgt....(WL)
BLICK, DAVID; Samuel Blick, Elizabeth....(DW)
BOEHM, JAMES J.; Miss Helen Boehm, 34 Monmouth St., Newark....(KA)
BURKE, M.; T. Burke, 469 Grove St., Jersey City.(WU)
CAREY, JAMES ALOYSIUS; Mrs. Mary Ann Carey, 207 10th St., Hoboken....(WU)
DIXON, A. S.; N. Y. Dungan, Somerville....(KA)
DONOFRIO, ANTHONY N.; Mrs. Mary Donofrio, New Brunswick....(KA)
DOWD, HARRY; Mrs. Elizabeth Dowd, 13 Norfolk St., Newark—Corp....(KA)
DYER, HARRY; J. Dyer, 925 Morris Av., Summit.(WS)
FLANAGAN, J. G.; John Flanagan, Arlington....(KA)
GORDON, W. J.; Mrs. Edward Gordon, 98 Wilkerson Av., Jersey City—Sgt....(MA)
HERSEKORN, A. C.; Mrs. Olga Hersekorn, 374 Van Houten Av., Passaic....(DW)
HOOK, L.; Miss N. Hook, 125 Peel St., Paterson....(KA)
HYNDE, J. J.; Mrs. J. Hynde, 24 Armory Place, Paterson—Sgt....(WL)
JANNICELLI, TOBY; Mrs. A. Jannicelli, Ramsey....(WU)
JOLLETT, E. P.; Mrs. Mary Jollett, Elizabeth....(KA)
KOLK, F. P.; Mrs. Clara Kolk, Camden—Sgt....(WU)
LAVENTHAL, JACOB; Mrs. J. Laventhal, Irvington.(KA)
LEHY, H. C.; Mrs. John Lehy, Oakhurst—Sgt....(KA)
LEVINE, MAX; Samuel Levine, Bayonne....(DD)
LIPPMANN, R.; Barney Rosenson, Lakewood....(DD)
LUNCZAK, M. J.; George Lunczak, South River....(WS)
MATTHEWS, W. H.; Mrs. Lucy Matthews, Highlands.(KA)
MEIER, H. J.; Miss Margaret Meier, 38 Halstead St., Newark—Corp....(WL)
MILLER, R. E.; C. H. Miller, Elizabeth....(WU)
MOONEY, M. H.; Mrs. Mary Callery, 231 Erie St., Jersey City....(WU)
MORF, WILLIAM; Mrs. K. Morf, 54 Fenner Av., Paterson—Corp....(KA)
MURPHY, J. H.; J. T. Murphy, Morristown....(KA)
NORTON, J. P.; Miss Bridget Norton, 30 Schalk St., Newark—Corp....(KA)
OLIPHANT, E.; Mrs. A. C. Oliphant, Trenton—Lt....(KA)
OUTSLEY, FRANK; John Outsley, Midland Park....(KA)
PASQUARILLO, TONY; Thomas Pasquarillo, 34 Chestnut St., Paterson—Corp....(KA)
POLLARD, W. E.; Mrs. W. F. Pollard, 156 Fair St., Paterson—Corp....(KA)
SAYERS, JAMES; Mrs. William Sayers, 18 Kingsley St., West Orange—Sgt....(KA)
SCHUCKER, W.; Mrs. Mary Schucker, Camden....(KA)
SHIELDS, EDWARD; Mrs. Mary Shields, 12 Jackson St., Paterson....(KA)
SPEARING, E. J.; Mrs. Tresar Kelley, 13 Groome St., Jersey City....(WU)
TALARICO, PETER; Bruno Talarico, Red Bank....(WL)
TARRANT, R. A.; Mrs. Margaret Tarrant, 665 Grove St., Jersey City....(WU)
TARSI, AUGRELO; Albina Verdina, Alpha....(KA)
TRONGONE, TONY; Mrs. Rose Trongone, Newfield..(KA)
VERBIST, JAMES; Mrs. Mary Verbist, 228 Madison St., Hoboken....(KA)

NORTH CAROLINA.

ATWATERS, R.; Mrs. Mary Atwaters, Raleigh....(DD)
CABANISS, E. O.; E. E. Cabaniss, Shelby....(DD)
CARR, R. J.; Mrs. E. W. Carr, Greensboro....(WU)
COLEMAN, A. L.; Levi P. Coleman, Merry Mount..(MA)
CULLUM, J. G.; S. L. Cullum, Councils....(MA)
DREWETT, PAUL; Mrs. A. M. Drewett, Seaboard...(DA)
DOUGLAS, L. M.; D. E. Douglas, Piney Creek....(WU)
GARNER, R. L.; Leslie Garner, Bogue....(WL)
CRAIG, FRANCIS; Mrs. W. G. Craig, Wilmington..(KA)
HUNTER, CHARLES; Mrs. C. Hunter, Neuse....(KA)
KEETER, W.; Walter Keeter, Littleton—Corp....(KA)
LEAGON, C. J.; Mrs. Lillie Leagon, Winston-Salem.(KA)
LEE, L. L.; James H. Lee, Colerain—Corp....(KA)
LINTHICUM, L. C.; Pink Linthicum, Albemarle....(WU)
McALISTER, J. D.; Mrs. J. D. McAlister, Brooks....(WU)
MANSON, A. T.; Mrs. R. B. Manson, Greensboro....(WU)
MINTZ, F. B.; Sam Mintz, Mill Branch—Sgt....(WU)
OAKLEY, T. L.; Addison D. Oakley, Oxford....(KA)
RATCLIFF, JOHN; Mrs. A. Ratcliff, Graham....(KA)
RICHARDSON, C.; Mrs. R. Richardson, Essex....(DD)
SANE, C. L.; John Sane, Rutherfordton....(KA)
SUMLIN, POSEY; Mrs. J. Sumlin, Edgecomb....(DD)
SUTTON, M. McP.; J. G. Sutton, Elizabethtown....(DD)
WILLIAMS, F. L.; Mrs. F. L. H. Williams, Elizabeth—Lt....(DW)
WILLIFORD, W. R.; Mrs. E. C. Williford, Harrellsville—Sgt. Maj....(DD)
WOODS, F. C.; Mrs. S. Woods, Kings Mountain....(WU)

NORTH DAKOTA.

BJERKAN, O. N.; C. O. Bjerkan, Walcott....(WU)
BREDELL, B. S.; H. O. Bredell, Hunter....(KA)
LEYSRING, OTTO; Fred Leysring, Windsor....(KA)
LINDQUIST, O. B.; A. E. Lindquist, Grand Forks..(WL)
McGARVEY, RALPH; Mrs. M. McGarvey, Bismarck..(DD)
McKEEVER, J. F.; Mrs. A. McKeever, Dickinson....(WL)
ROACH, FRED J.; James Brannan, Lisbon....(WL)
SCHMIDT, DAVID; Daniel Schmidt, Kulm....(WU)

OHIO

BARNES, WILLIAM; L. E. Barnes, Greer....(DW)
BAUS, C. W.; Miss J. B. Baus, Lancaster....(DD)
BOHMER, C. F.; C. Bohmer, New Matamoras....(DD)
BROWN, C. S.; Mrs. M. S. Mansfield, Akron....(DA)
CAMERON, E. W.; Mrs. Sarah Cameron, Winchester.(KA)
CUNNINGHAM, J.; Mrs. M. B. Deeds, Fresno....(DD)
DILLEY, L. J.; W. J. Dilley, Andis....(DD)
FERGUSON, H. W.; Dr. R. A. Ferguson, Woosfield.(WU)
FLETCHER, OLIVER; Mrs. E. Fletcher, Cleveland..(MA)
GENICKE, R. J.; Mrs. Anna M. Genicke, Newark....(WL)
GRAY, BRYAN; J. M. Gray, Medina....(DD)
JONES, W. C.; Miss Anna Foster, Cleveland—Corp..(WL)
JONES, WILLIAM; Mrs. B. Jones, Lorain....(WU)
KESSELL, EDWARD; Mrs. A. Kessell, Cincinnati....(DW)
KING, C. E.; Ezra King, West Liberty....(KA)
LAWWILL, E. C.; E. C. Lawwill, Bethel—Sgt....(WL)
LAWYER, J. W.; John Lawyer, Fort Jennings....(WU)
McCLAIN, E. G.; John McClain, Athens—Corp....(KA)
McCUNE, E. S.; J. C. Hutchens, Nelsonville—Lt....(KA)
McGUIRE, E. C.; Mrs. E. Hubbard, Columbus—Corp.(DD)
MARTIN, GUS; Gus Martin, Germantown....(DD)
MEISER, J. C.; Miss Mayme Meiser, Reading....(DD)
MIDDLETOWN, W. L.; Mrs. A. L. Middletown, Dayton....(DW)
MINCH, JON O.; Mrs. Dairs Minch, Chillicothe....(DD)
MOORE, CARL J.; Mrs. N. M. Moore, Lancaster....(WU)
MORRIS, PEARL E.; Mrs. R. J. Morris, Marion....(KA)
NORRIS, B. E.; Mrs. M. Norris, Cleveland—Lt....(KA)
OSBORN, FRANCIS; Mrs. Ollie Osborn, Mt. Victory.(WU)
OSER, J. F.; Mrs. Frances Oser, Cincinnati....(KA)
PLANT, ERNEST; Mrs. Harriet Plant, Niles....(KA)
RAY, LYLE D.; Mrs. Hettie A. Ray, McConnellsville.(DD)
REID, PERCY B.; Mrs. S. M. Reid, Delaware....(WU)
ROSENBAUM, LOUIS; John Rosenbaum, Columbus..(DW)
RUYLE, WESLEY; Mrs. E. Ruyle, Chillicothe—Sgt....(KA)
SCOTT, GEORGE; Mrs. Ella Scott, Cincinnati....(DW)
SPRINGER, OTIS R.; Thomas Springer, Alliance....(KA)
SQUIRE, C. H.; Mrs. Ethyle Squire, Ashville....(DD)
STORL, WALTER H.; Ernst Storl, Massillon....(KA)
STURGEON, V. P.; Mrs. M. N. Sturgeon, Youngstown.(WS)
THORNBERRY, LELAND E.; Ora L. Thornberry, Jerusalem—Sgt....(DD)
VERNO, JOE; Bruno Verno, Cleveland....(DW)
WHISLER, HOMER; Mrs. Mary Whisler, Otway....(KA)
ZUBRISKY, ANDREW; Anthony Zubrisky, Cleveland.(WU)

OKLAHOMA.

AMOS, SHELBY C.; John R. Amos, Brent—Sgt....(WU)
BAILEY, CLARENCE; Jim H. Bailey, Duke....(MA)
BAKER, ROBERT L.; D. R. Baker, McComb—Corp..(KA)
BLAKEMORE, J. D.; Miss L. M. Blakemore, Stillwell.(MA)
BLAKSLEY, ELI; Mrs. Charlotte Blaksley, Quinlan.(KA)
BURGESS, J. S.; Mrs. E. Burgess, Henryetta—Corp.(WU)
CALDER, JAMES D.; John R. Calder, Hugo....(WU)
COLLIER, JAKE E.; Genesol F. Collier, Wapanucka.(MA)
DAVIS, SAMUEL B.; William B. Davis, Lindsay....(MA)
HAMMAN, J. C.; Adman H. Hamman, Hardwood....(WU)
HUFFMAN, JOHN W.; William R. Huffman, Hazel.(WU)
KINYON, C. A.; J. A. Kinyon, Stillwater—Sgt....(WL)
KITE, J. F.; Mrs. Mary Kite, Drumwright....(KA)
LEWIS, WEBB; Mrs. Julia W. Lewis, Durwood....(KA)
OSBORNE, WALTER; Mrs. Ida Osborne, Hennessey.(DD)
SHELTON, E. B.; Mrs. G. S. Shelton, Enid—Corp..(WU)
SMITH, ANDREW J.; Wm. E. Smith, Tahlequah....(DD)
STONE, OLEN L.; John B. Stone, Sand Springs....(WU)
THOMPSON, CLINT; Uris Thompson, Merrick....(WU)
WILLIAMSON, OTIS; D. A. Pautsky, Boswell—Corp.(WU)
WELBORN, WILLIAM A.; Mrs. Susannah D. Welborn, Frederick—Corp....(WL)

OREGON.

BECK, TRUXTON H.; Mrs. John A. Beck, Salem....(MA)
FOSTER, MILTON; Mrs. Anna Foster, Harbor....(WL)
MITCHELL, FRANK; Harry Mitchell, Garibaldi....(DD)
MOGENSON, F.; Mrs. W. L. Christensen, Eugene....(KA)

PENNSYLVANIA.

ARISON, H. C.; C. Arison, Dickerson Run—Corp....(WL)
BLOOKVIST, C. E.; Mrs. M. Trelle, Philadelphia....(KA)
BORINSKY, W. F.; Mrs. M. Borinsky, Minersville....(P)
BRADSHAW, B. B.; Mrs. Ollie Bradshaw, Charlerol.(WU)
BRAME, W. S.; Elmer H. Miller, Aspers....(DD)
BREAKIRON, J. W.; Mrs. L. M. Underwood, Ambridge—Wagn....(DW)
BURKE, J. P.; John Burke, Avoca....(WU)
BURKE, T. J.; Mrs. Helen Burke, Philadelphia....(MA)
CAPOSOLE, JOSEPH; M. Caposole, Philadelphia....(WL)
CHARLTON, W. H.; Mrs. M. E. Charlton, Philadelphia.(MA)
COATES, G. B.; G. W. Coates, Jenkinstown—Corp.(DW)
CUMMINGS, A.; Mrs. I. Cummings, South Park....(MA)
CUPIDO, J.; Nicola Catanaro, Turtle Creek....(MA)
DE TRINKO, PETE; Louis Vallani, Pittsburgh....(WU)
DIEHL, GEORGE; Mrs. E. Diehl, Hazelton....(WL)
DILLA, H. J.; Joseph Dilla, Castle Shannon....(WU)
DISMARIO, RALPH; Miss Maria Delio, Taceny....(MA)
DOLNE, JOHN; Andrew Dolne, Mahanoy City....(MA)
DOUGHERTY, J. S.; R. P. Dougherty, McKees Rocks.(KA)
DOUKAKIS, ELIAS; S. Doukakis, Monessen—Corp.(KA)
DUNLOP, A. H.; Mrs. Margaret Dunlop, Waynesburg.(MA)
ESPOSITO, JOHN; Thomas Scarse, Clearfield....(WU)
FISHEL, C. P.; J. H. Fishel, Butler....(MA)
FISCHER, J. C.; Mrs. John Fischer, Pittsburgh....(WU)
FORMANIAK, S.; Mike Furmaniak, Castle Shannon.(KA)
FREDENBURG, M. W.; Mrs. M. Fredenburg, Ridgway—Lt.(P)
FURMAN, E. M.; W. J. Furman, Reading....(KA)
GALLAGHER, W.; Mrs. Alice Gallagher, Braddock..(MA)
GETZ, E. F.; Mrs. Anna Getz, Clearfield....(MA)
GILES, F. W.; Mrs. Ella Giles, Boiling Springs....(MA)
GOLITSKY, L.; Mike Golitsky, McKeesport....(MA)
HAMILTON, L.; Mrs. Florence Roland, Erie....(KA)
HARDING, C. W.; Mrs. Helen Randall, Sayre....(DD)
HARKINS, D.; Mrs. S. A. Harkins, Homestead—Corp.(WU)
HART, C. H.; John A. Hart, Blairsville—Corp....(WU)
HART, R. J.; John Hart, Genesee....(DD)
HECKMAN, B. C.; Mrs. M. Heckman, Avis—Corp....(P)
HIGGINS, T.; Mrs. Mary Higgins, Pittsburgh....(WL)
HOESLE, H.; Mrs. I. Hoesle, Philadelphia—Sgt....(KA)
HOLCOMB, W. S.; Mrs. B. Holcomb, Erie....(KA)
HOLDEN, C. S.; Miss D. Holden, Jersey Shore—Sgt..(WU)
HOLDEN, D. S.; Mrs. R. A. Holden, Clearfield....(KA)
HOWARD, C. L.; Mrs. A. Holloway, Philadelphia—Sgt.(MA)
HUTCHINSON, J. G.; Mrs. M. Hutchinson, New Salem.(KA)
JACKSON, CHARLES; W. L. Nyman, Spring City...(KA)
JENKINS, D. L.; Mrs. M. Jenkins, Pittston....(WL)
JOHNSON, G. T.; Mrs. Rena Johnson, Kane....(WU)
JOHNSON, L. G.; Peter J. Johnson, Spring Creek..(KA)
JOHNSON, R. J.; Mrs. M. McCarthy, Bryn Mawr..(DD)
JONES, REGINALD; Charles Brevilier, Erie—Sgt..(WL)
KENSKEY, CHARLIE; Mrs. M. Kenskey, Kuepmont.(WS)
KENT, F. O.; Mrs. Mary Kent, Paxton—Sgt....(KA)
KERP, F. J.; John Kerp, Philadelphia....(WL)
KERR, F. F.; Mrs. M. A. Kerr, Pittsburgh—Sgt....(WU)
KILLEN, H. J. W.; Miss M. I. White, Philadelphia—Lt.(WS)
KILLINGER, B.; Mrs. M. E. Killinger, Tunnelhill..(DW)
KLINEDINST, J. E.; Mrs. Bertie Klinedinst, York..(KA)
KRAMER, LEWIS; B. Kramer, Philadelphia....(WL)
KREYSIG, ROBERT; R. Kreysig, Philadelphia—Corp.(WL)
LANDMAN, H. E., Jr.; H. E. Landman, Philadelphia—Corp....(KA)
LEE, FRANCIS J.; D. M. Lee, New Stanton....(KA)
LAWRENCE, E. L.; John Lawrence, Greenville....(KA)
LYON, J. B.; Mrs. Katherine Lyon, Bellefonte....(WL)
McCALISTER, S. J.; Mrs. C. McCalister, Newville....(P)
McCLELLAN, L. M.; F. McClellan, Allentown—Corp.(KA)
McCLINSEY, JAMES; A. J. McClinsey, Helnetta....(DD)
McCLURE, R. A.; Mrs. J. F. Brunning, Philadelphia.(WL)
McCONVILLE, J. F.; Mrs. S. M. McConville, Sharon.(KA)
McDONALD, W., Jr.; Mrs. M. McDonald, Philadelphia—Bat. Sgt. Maj....(WL)
MACHETTE, K. W.; Mrs. G. E. Leps, Philadelphia—Lt.(KA)
MADZELAN, T.; Mrs. B. Zaborawski, Castle Shannon.(KA)
MARKEY, H. B.; Mrs. Laura Logeman, York....(WL)
MOLL, J. F.; B. F. Moll, Shoemakersville....(WU)
MOYER, C. W.; C. M. Moyer, Chester....(WS)
MULLER, R. E.; Alphonso Muller, Philadelphia....(WS)
MULRINE, W. J.; B. A. Mulrine, Philadelphia....(KA)
NAVROCKI, JOHN; Miss Mary Navrocki, Shamokin.(WU)
NASH, H. N.; Mrs. D. V. Nash, Philadelphia—Sgt..(WU)
OVERAND, J. R.; James Overand, Webster—Corp..(KA)
PAINTER, H. W.; Mrs. S. Tiley, Philadelphia—Lt..(KA)
PARRY, WILLIAM; Mrs. Annie Parry, Scranton....(DW)
PATTON, J. B.; James Patton, Waynesburg—Sgt..(WU)
PORT, W. R.; Jacob Port, Sharpsburg....(WU)
PRUSHACK, G.; Mrs. A. Prushack, Beaver Meadows.(WU)
QUINLAN, E. J.; Mrs. M. Quinlan, Philadelphia—Sgt.(WL)
REARDON, J.; Mrs. S. Reardon, Philadelphia—Sgt..(WU)
REICHARD, W. K.; L. E. Reichard, Pierce....(WU)
REPSHER, W.; W. A. Repsher, Pen Argyl—Bgl....(WU)
RICHEY, C. A.; Mrs. Nellie Richey, Glen Rock....(WU)
ROBERTS, G. L.; Jessie E. Roberts, New Salem....(KA)
SCHAFFER, W. A.; John Schaffer, Duquesne—Corp..(KA)
SCHIAVO, P.; Miss Josephine O'Keefe, Philadelphia.(DD)
SCHMIDT, A. A.; Mrs. M. Schmidt, Pittsburgh—Mch..(KA)
SCHRADER, W. H., Jr.; W. Schrader, Johnstown....(DD)
SCHULER, P. P.; Mrs. Pauline Schuler, Pittsburgh..(KA)
SCHWARTZMILLER, A. G.; Mrs. Mary Schwartzmiller, Pittsburgh—Sgt....(KA)
SCOTT, K. J.; A. H. Scott, Frackville—Corp....(KA)
SCOWDEN, J. R.; Mrs. Eva Scowden, Smethport....(KA)
SEIWELL, E. H.; Miss M. Clark, Philadelphia....(WU)
SHUPE, N. W.; J. L. Shupe, Smithton—Bgl....(WS)
SHURER, H. P.; Joseph Shurer, Nesbit....(KA)
SLOATHOUR, H. J.; J. W. Sloathour, Harrisburg....(WS)
SOROKO, P. M.; Simon Soroko, Shenandoah....(KA)
SNYDER, CLEVELAND; J. Snyder, Keating Summit.(DD)
STAHLER, NILES R.; Mrs. M. S. Stahler, Emaus....(KA)
TAYLOR, J. T.; Dr. J. Swan Taylor, Johnstown—Lt.(WU)
TEA, ROY; Mrs. E. Parker, New Brighton—Sgt....(WL)
TODD, H. S.; Mrs. Annie Todd, Lancaster....(KA)
VITTARIELLO, G.; U. Evangelista, Carnegie....(WU)
VOGEL, A. F.; Mrs. J. P. Kenny, Pittsburgh—Sgt..(WU)
VOUGHT, C. C.; Mrs. B. W. Vought, Scranton—Sgt..(WU)
VOUGHT, J. M.; W. C. Vought, Berwick....(WU)
WAKSMONSKI, A. J.; S. Waksmonski, Coupon—Sgt.(WS)
WALSH, T. C.; T. C. Walsh, Scranton—Lt....(KA)
WANKMILLER, F.; L. Wankmiller, Philadelphia....(DD)
WILLIAMS, W. W.; V. G. Williams, Brackenridge—Sgt....(WS)
WILSON, T. R.; R. R. Wilson, Noblestown....(KA)

RHODE ISLAND.

CARLSON, F. G.; Mrs. E. Carlson, Providence....(MA)
MUENZEL, H. F.; Mrs. L. Muenzel, Providence....(DD)
PIERACCINI, L. L.; Miss L. Pola, Providence—Cook.(DA)
PUCCI, ANDREA; M. Palano, Providence....(KA)
THOMPSON, J. G.; Miss Ethel Nichols, Providence.(WU)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

ALLEN, FRANK; J. W. Allen, Salem....(WL)
BASKINS, R.; Mrs. F. Baskins, Lancaster—Corp....(DD)
BOWERS, JOE L.; Mrs. Eliza Bowers, Fairfax....(DD)
BRADFORD, A. J.; Mrs. K. B. Andrews, Sumter—Sgt.(DD)
COX, F. F.; S. A. Cox, Gray Court....(KA)
FANT, F. W.; Mrs. M. L. Fant, Belton—Mch....(DD)
HIGGINS, J.; Julia Rivers, Charleston—Corp....(DD)
JONES, FOSTER; Isaac Jones, Ellenton....(DD)
KING, W. V.; Mrs. E. King, Townville....(DD)
LARGE, E. H.; Mrs. Mattie K. Large, Florence....(DW)
LIMEHOUSE, W.; Mrs. Pattie Limehouse, Yemassee.(DD)
PEGUEAS, W.; Dora Pegueas, Cheraw....(DD)
THOMAS, JOHN; Mrs. H. B. Thomas, Bishopville....(DA)
WILKINSON, E. L.; Mrs. O. M. Wilkinson, Taylors—Corp....(KA)
WILSON, OTT; John Wilson, Bookmans....(DD)

SOUTH DAKOTA.

DENKE, JACOB; J. Denke, Quinn....(WU)
HEIDEPREIM, H. R.; F. Heidepriem, Custer—Chief Mch....(DD)
ISACKSON, R. E.; Mrs. M. J. Isackson, Stockholm..(KA)
MONTGOMERY, C. W.; W. J. Montgomery, Estelline.(DD)
OLSTON, T. I.; L. I. Olston, De Smet....(DD)
STIFF TAIL, JAMES; G. W. Feather, Harding Grove(WU)

TENNESSEE.

ALLISON, J. S.; Mrs. F. E. Allison, Knoxville—Corp.(MA)
ARNETT, JACOB W.; Cain Arnett, Roan Mountain.(MA)
BOWMAN, A. A.; Mrs. S. B. Bowman, Harriman....(DD)
BRYAN, WILLIAM; G. R. Ray, Portland....(DD)
CARSON, HENRY; John A. Carson, Lafollette....(WL)
COBBLE, C. N.; Mrs. L. M. Cobble, Midway....(MA)
DALTON, W. E.; Edward A. Dalton, Memphis—Sgt.(KA)
DRIVER, DIB; Burrel Driver, Liberty....(KA)
FIELD, T. C.; Jesse M. Field, Dickson....(DD)
FURCHESS, W. M.; M. Z. Furchess, Emberville—Corp.(DD)
GREER, REUBEN; Mrs. F. E. Greer, Roan Mountain.(MA)
GRIFFIN, W. L.; John H. Griffin, McConnell....(DD)
HAY, M. S.; William T. Hay, Lawrenceburg....(KA)
HODGE, G. E.; Mrs. Barbara Hodge, Dyersburg....(KA)
HOOPER, O. P.; W. N. Cooper, Charlotte....(DD)
KNOWLTON, W. H.; James R. Knowlton, Humboldt.(KA)
LAMBERT, CONNIE; Mrs. M. Lambert, Kingsport.(KA)
LAY, W. J.; John S. Lay, Waynesboro....(KA)
McMEEN, H. R.; B. H. McMeen, Duck River....(DD)
MATTHEWS, J. L.; W. W. Matthews, Memphis....(DA)
MAYERS, C. F.; P. J. Mayers, Nashville....(DA)
MITCHELL, R. F.; R. W. Mitchell, Greeneville—Lt..(KA)
MOONEYHAM, F. E.; A. Mooneyham, Woodbury....(KA)
MORGAN, J. T.; J. A. Morgan, Clarksville—Corp....(WL)
OLDHAM, ANTHONY; Mrs. M. Oldham, Brownsville.(DD)
PARK, A. J.; Mrs. M. B. Park, Bulls Gap—Corp....(KA)
ROBINSON, W. W.; J. Robinson, Cedar Grove....(KA)
SIDNEY, G. L.; Ogle Regan, Jamestown....(KA)
TACKER, T. J.; Mrs. Bessie Tacker, Williston....(DD)
TERRY, W. R.; Jim Terry, West Nashville....(KA)
TUNNELL, COY C.; Root Tunnell, Balleyton....(KA)
WAGGONER, P.; A. R. Waggoner, Nonesville....(WU)
WARDLE, H. W.; Mrs. Jessie Wardle, Memphis....(DD)
WILEY, E. C.; Mrs. Ida McD. Wiley, Casey....(DD)
WILSON, J. B.; Mrs. Elsworth Wilson, Athens—Lt..(KA)
WYATT, RICHARD; Mrs. Sue Hopper, Knoxville....(KA)

TEXAS.

ADAIR, A. L.; Mrs. D. P. McClentock, Greenville....(MA)
ALLEN, E. F.; Mrs. Lodusky Allen, O'Donnell....(MA)
BISHOP, CHARLEY; David Bishop, Sterling....(MA)
BLACKBURN, P. R.; R. G. Blackburn, Goldwait....(MA)
BODWELL, GRANT; C. P. Bodwell, Bogata....(WS)
BROWN, E. L.; James W. Brown, Idalou....(DD)
CARLISLE, O. E.; Mrs. Ella Carlisle, Lewisville....(WS)
COOLIDGE, C. R.; Mrs. Nellie Cones, Reklow....(MA)
DENICOLY, HUGO; L. Denicoly, Eagle Pass—Mus..(WU)
EDWARDS, D. W.; C. H. Edwards, Hinds—Corp....(KA)
FECHER, W. J.; Mrs. Kate Fechner, Wichita Falls.(MA)
FICKLIN, J. T.; Mrs. I. Ficklin, Wichita Falls—Corp.(MA)
FOSTER, T. E.; Mrs. Maude Foster, Medicine Mound.(MA)
FUTRELL, HARRY C.; Mrs. Julian Futrell, Fort Sam Houston....(MA)
GRANDE, ROLANDO; F. Grande, Corpus Christi....(MA)
GREEN, ROBERT A.; Mrs. Emma Green, Benjamin.(MA)
HAMMOND, H. P.; F. M. Hammond, Lancaster....(MA)
HOOVER, JESSE F.; Mrs. Nancy Hoover, Inez....(WL)
JOHNSON, JAMES O.; J. C. Johnson, Dawson....(KA)
JOHNSON, WALTER H.; Mrs. Addie Johnson, Miles.(DD)
KEETER, ADIN L.; Mrs. Z. B. Fulfer, Glen Rose..(KA)
KNIGHT, SIDNEY A.; W. N. Knight, Italy....(DD)
KRAMPOTA, ANTON; Mrs. Anne Krampota, Elgin.(DW)
LUNSFORD, H. I. L.; G. M. Lunsford, Garrison....(DD)
LYNCH, LEWIS A.; Lewis Lynch, Sr., Corsicana....(DD)
MEYER, H. W. C.; Miss Allie Mayer, Brenham....(DW)
MILLER, GRADY M.; John M. Miller, Harrold—Sgt.(KA)
MOORE, S.; Mrs. C. Moore, Sweet Home—Corp....(WU)
MOSLEY, ARNIE; Will H. Mosley, Savoy....(KA)
NEELY, J. E.; Shelby I. Neely, Wichita Falls—Sgt..(MA)
NORTON, LEWIS P.; Henry Vaughn, Shamrock....(WU)
PATTERSON, H. R.; W. G. Patterson, View—Corp..(DW)
POWELL, CLYDE R.; Mrs. Clyde R. Powell, Miami.(WU)
RIDLEY, THOMAS R.; R. W. Ridley, Campbell—Lt.(WU)
SCOTT, A. C.; A. H. Scott, Wetherford....(DD)
SHERROD, T. J.; Miss Martha J. Sherrod, Jahoka..(KA)
SKAGGS, W. C.; Mrs. Sarah E. Skaggs, Lampasas..(KA)
SKINNER, JIM H.; Mrs. Mary J. Skinner, Mineola..(WU)
SURATT, JAMES H.; James H. Suratt, Athens....(WL)
THOMS, JOHN E.; Addie T. Thoms, Roxton....(DD)
VANSTORY, SAM; Sam Vanstory, Fort Worth....(DD)
VOTAW, R. A.; Mrs. Ella Sloan, Fort Worth—Sgt..(MA)
WESTBROOK, E. W.; J. L. Westbrook, Plymouth....(DD)
WILSON, J. A.; R. M. Carrall, Terrell—Cook....(DD)
YEARY, JOHN N.; Mrs. Carrie Webb, Center....(DD)

UTAH.

ROBINSON, G. C.; Mrs. A. C. Robinson, Salt Lake City—Wagn....(WU)
SCHNEIDER, A.; A. Hauser, Salt Lake City....(KA)

VERMONT.

GREENE, G. V.; G. H. Greene, Fair Haven—Corp..(DD)
MacDONALD, J. A.; Mrs. M. MacDonald, Brattleboro.(DD)
POTVIN, W. H.; Mrs. Salina Potvin, Burlington....(WU)
PRIM, LYMAN; Mrs. L. Prim, Burlington....(WL)

VIRGINIA.

BOHANNON, E. R.; Mrs. E. Falwell, Richmond....(MA)
BOWEN, H. L.; Mrs. E. Bowen, Fredericksburg....(DW)
BRYANT, JIMMY; James Bryant, Howardsville....(KA)
COBB, W. S.; Mrs. W. J. Cobb, Richmond....(MA)
EMORY, J. H.; Mrs. A. Emory, Disputanta....(MA)
FAULKNER, W. H.; W. H. Faulkner, South Boston..(MA)
FERRELL, C. W.; Mrs. N. C. Ferrell, Shenandoah..(MA)
HALL, J. A.; Mrs. Dora Hall, Louisa....(MA)
HALL, LUTHER; John D. Hall, Tazewell....(MA)
IDDINGS, CASTILIE; Mrs. C. B. Iddings, Ferrysport.(DD)
JOHNSON, W. H.; Mrs. I. Johnson, Eastham....(WU)
MARTIN, T. J.; Tom A. Martin, Dillwyn....(KA)
MENZEL, WALTER A.; G. E. Menzel, Toano—Corp..(KA)
MITCHELL, W. P.; Mrs. Inez V. Mitchell, Skippers..(KA)
MOORE, ROY S.; G. A. Moore, Richmond....(KA)
OWEN, W. F.; Walter Owen, Penhook....(WL)
POWERS, E.; Mrs. U. E. Powers, Petersburg....(WU)
PROCISE, JOE L.; John T. Procise, Petersburg—Sgt..(KA)
REED, JESSE V.; J. C. Reed, Bedford—Lt....(KA)
ROBERTS, W. R.; J. H. Roberts, Portsmouth....(KA)
ROSE, G. L.; Mrs. E. E. Rose, Richmond....(DW)
SEXTON, FAYETTE; Mrs. S. Sexton, Cartertown....(KA)
SHILLING, T. B.; Mrs. L. R. Shilling, Salem....(WU)
SMITH, KELLER T.; Mrs. W. English, Boone Mill..(DW)
TATE, G. K.; Davis Tate, Thaxton—Mch....(KA)
THOMAS, R. H.; Mrs. E. Thomas, Portsmouth....(DW)
THOMPSON, W. O.; J. C. Thompson, Roanoke—Corp.(KA)
WHITED, Garland P.; J. W. Whited, Gate City....(WL)
WILKINSON, G. C.; Mrs. L. Wilkinson, Petersburg—Corp....(DD)

WASHINGTON.

BARGER, JACOB; Mrs. Lidy Barger, Globe....(KA)
BRAGDON, H. B.; Mrs. M. I. Bragdon, Seattle—Corp.(DD)
HUNSINGER, W. A.; Mrs. M. Hunsinger, Seattle....(KA)
MARTIN, T. F.; L. Martin, Castle Rock—Sgt....(WS)
MILLER, H. J.; Peter G. Miller, Pomeroy....(DD)
PECKHAM, L. H.; Mrs. M. Peckham, Everett....(WL)
VANDINE, SILAS N.; A. Vandine, South Seattle....(WL)
BARTLAM, T. C.; Mrs. R. B. Swindler, Montgomery.(WU)

WEST VIRGINIA.

ABLE, J. H.; C. N. Able, Statesbury....(KA)
ADDIO, TINDERA; J. Addio, Ackon....(KA)
BARTLAM, T. C.; Mrs. R. B. Swindler, Montgomery.(WU)
BOHON, W. B.; C. C. Bohon, Tunnelton....(DD)
DANLEY, CARL; Mrs. Nora Danley, Ocean Mine....(WU)
FORINASH, A. C.; Charles Forinash, Duffy....(KA)
KENNEY, R. A.; J. J. Kenney, Elk Garden—Sgt....(WU)
KNAPP, T. E.; Thomas Knapp, Santifee—Corp....(KA)
KNOPP, L. C.; J. C. Knopp, Heights—Corp....(DW)
KOSKY, ALEX; Mrs. Margaret Drosina, Moundsville.(WU)
McINTYRE, WALTER; Mrs. F. Johnson, Roanoke..(WU)
NESTOR, ELONZO; Mrs. Amelia Nestor, Grafton....(WS)
NITZ, CARL F.; William A. Nitz, Bulgar....(WU)
ROSE, L. A.; Mrs. Anna B. Brown, Clarksburg....(DD)
WILSON, T. R.; Mrs. J. C. Wilson, Vivian—Mch....(DD)
WYATT, C. S.; Mrs. Zana Wyatt, Richardson....(WU)

WISCONSIN.

BLOOM, E. B.; Albert Bloom, Frederick....(WU)
BRADLEY, D. L.; Mrs. Louisa Bradley, Omro....(WU)
BRAYTON, O. H.; Jacob Brayton, Colfax—Corp....(WS)
BRIGGS, S. P.; Mrs. Laura Briggs, Stanley—Sgt....(DA)
DEGNER, CARL W.; Alex Degner, Ixonia....(KA)
DUPIUS, SEVERE; A. Dupius, Sr., Niagara—Sgt....(DD)
ERICKSON, A. E.; Mrs. Ida Erickson, Spirit....(DD)
FOSSE, S. C.; Dr. A. L. Fosse, Cambridge—Sgt....(DD)
FROELING, A.; Mrs. M. Froeling, Eau Claire—Sgt..(WU)
JACOBSON, SANDER; Charles Jacobson, Genoa....(DD)
JOHNSON, F. O.; Otto Johnson, Ashland....(WL)
KESSLER, G. F.; Mrs. Katy Kessler, Milwaukee....(KA)
KOCI, J. J.; Mrs. Agnes S. Koci, Jefferson....(KA)
KOCTAK, WILLIAM; Ed. Hchestak, Phillips....(WL)
KUNITZ, M. L.; Louis Kunitz, Watertown....(WU)
LAMBERT, D.; Mrs. Josephine Greenwood, Lena....(WL)
LANDSTROM, A.; Mary Landstrom, Commonwealth..(DD)
LEE, HENRY; Mrs. Elizabeth Lee, Taylor....(DD)
LESSOR, NELSON; Mrs. R. A. Lessor, Oconto....(WU)
LIBKIE, L. A.; Mrs. Minnie Libkie, Chippewa Falls.(WU)
McCAULEY, H. W.; Peter McCauley, Tomah—Sgt....(DD)
NIEMAN, HERMAN; Mrs. M. Bush, Sturgeon Bay..(DD)
PHILBROOK, J. H.; Mrs. J. Philbrook, South Range—Corp....(KA)
SCHMELING, EDWIN; H. Schoesson, Thiensville....(DD)
SCHUBERT, GEORGE; Anna C. Johnson, Eau Claire.(WL)
SLOVACHECK, JOSEF; J. Slovacheck, Kenosha....(KA)
SPEETER, J. B.; E. Speeter, Schleisingerville....(KA)
WELLS, ALLYN; Bert Wells, Gilman....(WL)
WHEELER, A. E.; Edward Wheeler, Waunakee....(WS)

WYOMING.

FASBENDER, H. V.; Mrs. B. Fasbender, Anada....(KA)

ALBANIA.

DANGO, HENRY; Zay Kosta Dadiltsa, Berat....(MA)

CANADA.

CONRAD, L. W.; Mrs. J. A. Conrad, Hubbards, Nova Scotia....(KA)
KIEFFER, S. T.; Michael Kieffer, Greenock, Ontario.(DW)
KONARSKI, S.; Kasimir Konarski, Winnipeg—Corp.(WU)

CAPE VERDE ISLANDS.

DALUZ, JOHN; Mrs. A. Monteiro, St. Antonio....(WU)

CHINA.

GON, J. W.; Gon Sue Quong, Hongkong....(DD)

DENMARK.

DYRDAL, H. C.; C. Yeppesen, Viborg—Corp....(WL)
JENSEN, V. P.; J. Moller, Nordre, Tverve, Randers.(DD)

ENGLAND.

WHITE, A. J.; Mrs. Nanny White, Redruth, Cornwall County....(KA)

FRANCE.

FEINBERG, H. J.; Mrs. Sonja Feinberg, Seine....(KA)

GREECE.

ECONOMOS, SPIRO; Peter Economos, Expiro....(WU)
GALLOS, PETER; Mrs. K. Gallos, Geutsa, Mathon..(DW)
HARON, JEFF; Denver Haron, Freven, Macedonia..(WL)

HOLLAND.

GOUDSWAARD, B.; Mrs. T. Goudswaard, Rotterdam.(WU)

IRELAND.

DOCKRY, MICHAEL; Patrick J. Dockry, Ballymote, Sligo County—Sgt....(WL)
DOHERTY, CHARLES; Mrs. Mary C. Doherty, Figert, Isle of Dough, Clommony, Donegal....(WU)

ITALY.

ALFONSO, ANGELO; Mrs. Mary Mastadreo, Marene Del Sanio, Province of Campobasso....(MA)
ANGIELLO, N.; Mrs. Paula Pizzolla, Albero, Beiro..(DW)
ANSELMO, PACE; Mrs. Joshapine Anselmo, Bercenillo, Province of Roma....(KA)
CERONE, FRANK; Mrs. Calompa Cerone, Colldungo, Province Di Aguila....(DD)
COMINA, LOUIS; Mrs. Rodenta Comina, Votaga, Province of Bollena....(MA)
CONTI, ERNEST FELIX; Mrs. Mary Machia Conti, Grottollela, Province Avelina....(DW)
FIORAVANTI, N.; Masimino Fioravanti, Giadoli....(KA)
FRADA, JAMES V.; Giovanni Frada, Tript, Sicily...(MA)
GRANATO, ANTONIO; Carmelo Granato, Novoro San Bosilio, Provincio Messina....(DD)
KURA, LAURENCE; Joseph Kura, Province Candonios W. Zeiezoze....(WU)
MARUCELO, PASQUALE; Mrs. Domenica Marucelo, Pro Asquili, Pecini....(DW)
SANTA-MARIA, SAMUEL; Mrs. Anna La Lumia, Licorti, Gergenti....(DD)
SICLAR, PAUL; Mrs. Tiresa Siclar, Galline, Gomeno, Province Reggio—Corp....(KA)
TOMAINO, ANTHONY; Angelo Tomaine, Tomaini....(KA)

RUSSIA.

FETKO, FRED; John Fetko, Vallung, Hyb....(WU)
KALLINA, JOSEPH; Mrs. Terreca Kallina, Minsk....(WU)
KORNICK, MICHAEL; Mrs. Agnes Kornick, Corbin.(DW)
MENIS, SOLOMON; I. Menis, Grodno, State of Ozery.(WU)
SMILGIUS, V. P.; Mrs. R. Smilgius, Griszkabuda....(WU)
OSTROWSKI, ADAM; Mrs. Hedwick Ostrowski, Dambrowa, Russia....(WU)

BRITISH WEST INDIES.

GILL, ALBERT; Mrs. Emma Gill, St. Vincent....(P)

COMMENDED FOR HEROISM.

New Yorker Among Seven Enlisted Men Honored by Daniels.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Secretary Daniels has commended seven enlisted men for acts of bravery. Chief Gunner's Mate Oscar Schmidt, Jr., Philadelphia, was commended for gallantry in swimming to the rescue of a member of the crew of Submarine Chaser 219, whose legs had been partly blown off by an explosion aboard the vessel. Schmidt at the same time rescued another man, who had jumped from the vessel into the water.

Yeoman Albert Lewinson, 910 Riverside Drive, New York, was commended for rescuing a drowning man in a heavy sea off Edgemore, L. I., Sept. 2. Ben M. Moore, Macon, Ga., and Henry J. Reardon, Dorchester, Mass., machinists in the Naval Aviation Service, were commended for rescuing Chief Turret Captain Anthony Feher after the wreck of a seaplane, Aug. 29, off Pensacola, Fla.

For defying the perils of a magazine explosion, when they entered a compartment on the U. S. S. Cleveland, just above the magazine, to extinguish a fire which broke out at sea, Feb. 16 last, the following enlisted men have received the Secretary's commendation: Gunner's Mate John Bowen, San Francisco; Machinist's Mate John S. Russell, Kansas City, Mo.; Chief Yeoman Harry B. Alderman, Pocomoke City, Md.

War Workers Back from France.

Nearly 300 passengers arrived yesterday from France on a French steamship which was the first to leave that country after the armistice was signed and cross the ocean without any fear of German submarines. The majority of the passengers were American Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. workers returning after serving at the American front in France and Italy. The vessel also brought about 6,500 sacks of mail from France.

GEN. CROZIER RESIGNS.

Former Ordnance Chief to Leave Army After 42 Years' Service.

BOSTON, Nov. 24.—Maj. Gen. Crozier, commander of the Department of the Northeast, and former Chief of Ordnance, announced today that he had resigned from the army and that his resignation had been accepted, effective Jan. 1. After forty-two years in the army, General Crozier said he felt he was entitled to a rest and he did not contemplate going into private business. In a short time, he said, he hoped to travel in Europe with Mrs. Crozier.

General Crozier was born in Carrollton, Ohio, in 1855, and was graduated from West Point Military Academy in 1876. He is an expert on ordnance, and with General Buffington invented a disappearing gun carriage. General Crozier also invented a wire gun. He served in various Indian campaigns, in the Philippine insurrection, and was Chief Ordnance Officer of the Peking Relief Expedition.

More Wounded Soldiers Arrive.

About 250 additional wounded soldiers from overseas arrived here yesterday and were taken to Debarkation Hospital No. 3, the old Greenhut store at Eighteenth Street and Sixth Avenue, where they will be classified and transferred to hospitals near their homes. The newcomers, all practically recovered, brought the total of soldiers in the hospital up to nearly 700. In expectation that there will be a steady flow homeward of wounded, the hospital authorities are prepared to handle a great number of new arrivals each day from now on.

Can you work as hard as you used to?

Not if your nerves are weak and your energy feeble. Weak nerves and feeble energy are so often caused by poison-clogged blood, that if you are in that condition, you'd better try Gude's Pepto-Mangan.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"

Pepto-Mangan helps to increase the number and improves the quality of the red blood cells. It helps rid the blood of energy-sapping poisons, enriches it, reddens it, helps to charge it with new power to vitalize the whole body. Gude's Pepto-Mangan helps to improve color, increase appetite, strengthen nerves, fills every cell and tissue with energy and vigor. Easy to digest, exceedingly pleasant to taste. Prescribed by the medical profession for over 25 years.

FRIENDLY WARNING:—There is only one Pepto-Mangan and that is Gude's. Sold in bottle and package as here shown. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Pepto-Mangan is made only by M. J. BREITENBACH CO., Manufacturing Chemists New York

Study this picture so you will know how Pepto-Mangan looks

LIEUT. ROZECK DEAD; LIEUT. POPE INJURED

Both Formerly Were Members of New York Guard and Served on Mexican Border.

LIEUT. H. R. CLARK DEAD

Lieut. A. F. Klots, Lieut. C. F. Coble, and Many Others from New York and Vicinity in List.

Lieut. Charles Fairfield Pope, who is a son of Mrs. Charles F. Pope of 235 West Seventy-fifth Street, is in an American base hospital in France recovering from wounds received in action on Sept. 4. Lieutenant Pope is the Intelligence Officer of the 307th Infantry of the 77th Division. He is a former member of the 7th Regiment, with which organization he served on the Mexican border in 1916. He received his preliminary military training at the first 1917 Plattsburg camp.

Lieut. Frederick W. Rozeck, who was second in command of Company L of the 106th Infantry of the New York Division, was killed in action on Sept. 27. Lieutenant Rozeck was formerly in the 23d Regiment of the guard, and served with that unit on the Mexican border. He was a brother of Lieutenant Charles Rozeck of the Aviation Corps and was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick P. Rozeck of 526 Fifty-sixth Street, Brooklyn.

Lieut. Hamilton R. Clark, Engineer officer, died of pneumonia in France on Oct. 1. He was 24 years old, and his home was in Stapleton, S. I. He was a veteran of the 71st Regiment, and on his arrival in France was transferred from the New York Division to the 305th Regiment of Engineers.

Lieut. Allen F. Klots, who is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Allen Klots of Huntington, L. I., has been wounded. Lieut. Klots is 28 years old, and a Yale graduate of the class of 1909, and a Harvard Law School graduate of the class of 1913. He was practicing in this city when Congress declared war, being associated with the firm of Winthrop & Stinson. Lieut. Klots is a former trooper of Squadron A, with which unit he served on the Mexican border. He was trained at Plattsburg, and when commissioned was assigned as a junior officer to the 305th Regiment of Field Artillery.

Lieut. G. Franklin Coble, a junior officer of Co. B of the 318th Infantry, died a few days ago of pneumonia in an American base hospital in France. Lieut. Koble was 24 years old, and was a son of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Coble of 1,200 Fifth Avenue, Asbury Park.

Harold R. Fowler, wounded, is in Co. H of the 107th Infantry. He is in a British hospital suffering from paralysis of both legs due to shell shock. His home is in Oceanside, L. I.

Charles B. Struthers, Jr., dead of wounds, was in the 5th Company of Marines. He is a son of Charles B. Struthers of Flushing, L. I.

Christian Christiansen, wounded, is a member of Co. L of the 308th Infantry. He is a nephew of Frank M. Jensen of Cedarhurst, L. I.

Wilfred T. Nickerson, dead of pneumonia, was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Nickerson of 203 Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn. He was in the insurance business in Manhattan when he enlisted in the Signal Battalion of the New York Division.

John J. McKay, killed, was a son of Mrs. Mary McKay of 418 Meeker Avenue, Brooklyn. He was a 69th veteran who went overseas as a member of Co. K of the 165th Infantry of the Rainbow Division.

James Wynne, killed, was formerly in Co. F of the 69th Regiment, and went overseas as a member of the 165th Infantry. He was a son of Mrs. M. Wynne of 201 West Fifteenth Street.

Frederick J. Conway, killed Sept. 25, was in the 105th Machine Gun Battalion of the New York Division. His home was at 724 St. John's Place, Brooklyn.

James J. Atley, killed Sept. 27, was a nephew of Mrs. Alice Berry of 1,468 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn. He was an orphan and was a member of Co. H of the 106th Infantry.

Edward J. Morissey, killed, was a 69th veteran, who died fighting with the 165th Infantry. His home was at 395 Seventh Street, Brooklyn.

George C. Simpson, dead of wounds, was in the 319th Field Artillery. His home was at 96 Classon Avenue, Brooklyn.

John M. Ott, killed Oct. 12, was a brother of Mrs. Louise Rounner of 1,240 Franklin Avenue, the Bronx. He was one of two brothers in the army, and was a member of Co. G of the 114th Infantry.

James A. Anderson, dead of influenza, was in Company E of the 105th Infantry of the New York Division. He was a son of Mrs. Francis Barton of 138 East 115th Street.

Corp. Theodore McClymont, dead of wounds, was a son of William McClymont of 27 West Eighty-fourth Street. He was a member of Co. I of the First Pioneer Infantry.

Alton W. Cobb, dead of pneumonia, was in Battery E of the 335th Field Artillery. His home was at 507 West Forty-second Street.

Nurse Margaret W. Worth, reported dead of disease, was a Barnard College graduate and a Red Cross nurse attached to Base Hospital 48 in France. She was a native of Tenafly, her former home now being the headquarters of the commanding officer at Camp Merritt.

John Naughton, dead of wounds, was a member of Co. E of the 165th Infantry. He was a veteran of the old 69th, New York, and was a nephew of Miss Mary Naughton of 201 East Sixty-first Street.

Charles M. Allen, killed, was a member of Co. D of the 312th Infantry. His home was at 221 East 201st Street.

James M. Kennedy, dead of wounds, lived, when he enlisted in the old 69th Infantry, at 111 Seventh Avenue. He was a member of Co. A of the 165th Infantry.

Sergt. Nathan Cobey, killed Oct. 5, went overseas as a member of Co. B of the 9th Infantry. His home was at 75 Rivington Street.

John J. Dunne, killed, was in Co. K of the 308th Infantry. His mother, whose home is at 168 Avenue C, said yesterday that she has reason to hope that the report might prove to be a mistake.

Jacob F. Cline, killed Oct. 11, fell while aiding two of his wounded comrades to reach a first aid dressing station. The two wounded men were killed at the same time, all of them the victims of a high explosive shell. Private Cline's home was at 148 Hackensack Road, Union Hill, N. J.

Sergt. William Hanratty, wounded, was in Co. E of the 114th Infantry. His home was in Asbury Park.

Corp. Joseph Norton, killed Oct. 23, was in Co. I of the 312th Infantry. He lived, when drafted into the Dix Division, at 39 Schalk Street, Newark.

Corp. Thomas W. White, killed Oct. 12, was in Co. K of the 114th Infantry. He is survived by his wife, who lives at 9 Day Street, Orange, N. J.

George E. Smith, dead of wounds, was the first man to waive exemption in the First Draft District of the Bronx. He was one of two brothers in the 307th Infantry and was a son of Mrs. John F. Smith of 333 East 133d Street.

Corp. Francis P. Putz, killed, was a son of Police Sergeant Putz of Flushing, L. I. He was in the New York Division.

Lambert Joseph Hunt, killed, was in Co. F of the 106th Infantry. He was a nephew of Mrs. John Scott of 78 Elliott Avenue, Maspeth, L. I.

Corp. Henry Joost, Jr., wounded, is in Co. D of the 307th Infantry. His home is in Maspeth, L. I.

Alfred W. Parducci, dead of wounds, was in Co. A of the 325th Infantry. He was a son of Mrs. W. Parducci of 13 Carmine Street.

Corp. Philip Osmers, killed Oct 17, was a son of Mrs. Elizabeth Osmers of 216 West 116th Street. He was in the New York Division.

Sergt. Arthur W. Schilling, dead of wounds, was a member of the Headquarters Company of the 7th Engineers. His home was at 382 East 137th Street.

Sergt. Percy W. Milling of the New York Division Engineers, was killed Oct. 17. He had passed his examination for a commission. His home was at 2,034 Bathgate Avenue, the Bronx.

Corp. Meyer Cohen, killed Oct. 15, was in Co. G of the 135th Infantry. He was a graduate of the City College and was formerly a member of the staff of The New York Tribune. His home was at 25 West 123d Street.

William J. O'Connell, killed Oct. 17, was in Co. C of the 105th Infantry. He was a son of Mrs. Hannah O'Connell of 174 East 100th Street.

N. Y. U. ROLL OF HONOR.

University Prints 1,900 Names of Its Men in the Service.

A roll of honor of the 1,900 New York University men in the war has just been printed to be distributed to the men in service as a permanent record of their own patriotism and that of their associates. Exact details of the records of most of the men are given. Only fourteen have been known to be killed in action, and, according to Professor Loomis, under whose direction the list was prepared, the total number will probably not exceed twenty-five.

The most notable alumnus listed among the dead is John Purroy Mitchel. Another man of prominence is Joyce Kilmer, who was a lecturer on journalism at the university. Surgeon General William C. Gorgas and General John F. O'Ryan are also alumni. The other dead and the dates of their deaths, so far as obtainable, are:

Arthur W. Baker, killed in action, May, 1918; Julian Baldwin, July 28, 1918; Darwin Bardwell, killed at a Western aviation field; Wilmer Bodenstab, killed in action, June, 1918; Gerald V. Carroll, January 16, 1918; Dillon W. Franks, April, 1918; Howell A. Gassert, killed in action, May 16, 1918; Duncan Q. Guiney, killed in action, Aug. 21, 1918; Walter Johnson; Willard Martin, Dec. 27, 1917; Russell Meyer; C. David Spruks, May 5, 1918.

The bulletin announces this partial list of those who have received honors:

Ralph L. Bishop, Distinguished Service Cross, February, 1918; Chester B. Blakeman, Croix de Guerre, April 20, 1918; Telford H. Cann, awarded Congressional Medal of Honor by the Secretary of the Navy, Feb. 9, 1918; Harold Darling, Croix de Guerre, August, 1918; Edward N. Greeman, Croix de Guerre, August, 1918; Walter J. Hedley, Croix de Guerre, August, 1918; Dudley L. Hill, decorated for high courage in the attack on Verdun, Aug. 18, 1917; Irving V. Huie, promoted to a Captaincy for bravery at the battle of Cambrai; C. Raymond Hulsart, Distinguished Service Cross, June 8, 1918; Spencer G. Rossell, Croix de Guerre, March 18, 1918; Ralph C. J. Somers, Croix de Guerre, August, 1918.

On Sept. 11 it was reported that the entire New York University Ambulance Unit, attached to a French shock regiment, had been cited for bravery in French Army orders.

CASUALTIES COVER YEAR OF FIGHTING

First American Soldier Fell in Battle in Europe on Nov. 1, 1917.

OTHER NATIONS' FIRST YEAR

Britain Lost 381,983 in Opening 12 Months; France, Russia, Germany, and Austria Millions.

The first United States soldiers were shot or taken prisoner on the Lorraine front on the Marne-Rhine Canal, Nov. 1, 1917; hence the casualty total announced from Washington apparently covers one year and ten days of active participation in the war, although the first American shot was fired on Oct. 27, five days before the first casualties occurred. But as General March's total includes those who "died from disease" and from "other causes not classified," it may include the losses at the training camps during the preceding Summer, and even all casualties to the three arms of the service from the declaration of war on April 6, 1917, to the signing of the armistice on Nov. 11, 1918.

For purposes of comparison, however, the full year of active participation may be compared with the first year of the war concerning other belligerents, as their participation began actively on the date of the declaration of war.

General March's designation of losses follows:

Killed and died from wounds	36,154
Died from disease	14,811
Died from causes not classified	2,204
Wounded	179,625
Taken prisoners	2,163
Missing	1,160
Total	236,117

Premier Asquith announced on July 31, 1915, that the British casualties in the first year of the war had amounted to over a third of a million. Mr. Tennant, Under Secretary for War, the next day gave the figures as follows:

	Officers.	Men.	Total.
Killed	4,965	70,992	75,957
Wounded	9,973	241,086	251,059
Missing	1,501	53,466	54,967
Total	16,439	365,544	381,983

Neither Germany, Austria-Hungary, France, Russia, nor Italy has issued a comprehensive statement, but the German Government on Sept. 27, 1915, issued the following figures of German losses for the first year:

Dead	15,674
Wounded	65,908
Missing	23,007
Total	104,589

This was denied by the German military writer Karl Bleibtreu in Das Neue Europa, who declared that Germany's total losses on the western front alone for the first twelve months had been 1,043,161.

The British War Office did not begin to compile the German losses from the German name lists until August, 1916, when it gave the totals for the first two years of the war as follows:

Killed and died of wounds	735,866
Died of sickness	48,534
Prisoners	157,975
Missing	199,642
Severely wounded	425,175
Wounded	268,085
Slightly wounded	1,152,158
Wounded remaining with units	147,742
Total	3,135,177

On Aug. 19, 1915, Budapest papers published the Austro-Hungarian losses of the first year of the war as follows, with total losses of 2,130,300:

	Killed.	Sick or Wounded.	Prisoners.
Eastern theatre	307,500	1,240,600	470,000
Balkan front	2,900	5,900	......
S. W. theatre	17,200	73,700	13,500
Total	327,600	1,319,200	483,500

In a semi-official statement at the beginning of 1916, the French Socialist Deputy, M. Longuet, declared that France had lost in the first year of the war a total of 2,500,000—killed, 800,000; wounded, 1,400,000; prisoners, 300,000.

At the end of the first year there were many compilations of total losses, both official and unofficial. The two following are those of the British Government and General Francis Vinton Greene, U. S. A., respectively. The British compilation follows:

	Killed.	Wounded.	Prisoners and Missing.	Total.
France	400,000	700,000	300,000	1,400,000
Russia	733,000	1,982,000	770,000	3,485,000
Austria	341,000	771,000	183,000	1,295,000
Belgium	47,000	160,000	40,000	247,000
Serbia	64,000	112,600	50,000	226,600
Turkey	45,000	90,000	46,000	181,000
Japan	300	910	......	1,210

General Greene gave the following "minimum figures," adding that they were "more than intelligent guesses":

	Killed.	Wounded.	Missing.	Total.
Gt. Brit.	86,000	251,000	55,000	392,000
France	400,000	700,000	300,000	1,400,000
Russia	500,000	800,000	900,000	2,200,000
Italy	5,000	15,000	5,000	25,000
Belgium	25,000	40,000	15,000	80,000
Serbia	20,000	40,000	10,000	70,000
Total	1,036,000	1,846,000	1,285,000	4,167,000
Germany	600,000	1,000,000	300,000	1,900,000
Austria	400,000	700,000	700,000	1,800,000
Turkey	30,000	80,000	20,000	130,000
Total	1,030,000	1,780,000	1,020,000	3,830,000

Italy's losses in the first year of her participation—May 24, 1915, May 24, 1916—were comparatively low. Under 100,000 has been the unofficial estimate.

NAVAL CRAFT ABROAD SOON TO COME HOME

Destroyers, Submarines, and Other Small Vessels Are to Return at Once.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—The American naval establishment in European ports and waters is being reduced rapidly since the armistice. It is intended to order home soon all small craft, destroyers, and submarines used principally as convoys, except for a limited number for patrol and escort duty.

The American naval base at Brest, however, will not be abandoned, but will be used as a repair station. The general installations there will be enlarged somewhat to take care of the steady stream of transports which will carry the American troops back to their homes.

Other naval branches along the coast, including balloon and airplane sheds and branch repair plants, no longer are required, and a considerable part of the naval personnel already has started homeward.

DEPUTIES HAIL EX-CAPTIVE.

Inghels, Socialist Member, Long a Prisoner, Relates Camp Horrors.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—Deputy Inghels, Socialist, was welcomed to the Chamber of Deputies today after being a prisoner for two years in Germany. The wildest enthusiasm marked Deputy Inghels's entrance to the Chamber. He related instances of his own experiences as a prisoner and of other Frenchmen who were also held prisoner by the Germans. Concerning the general behavior of the Germans toward their prisoners, he said:

"Never will you be able to appreciate what these unhappy people suffered; never will you be able to believe the facts when they are described. Each day placards announced harassing measures. I have seen soldiers brutally kick women and children and during the time I was condemned in prison I heard the most abominable things from the guards where women and young girls, some of whom were less than 15 years old, were imprisoned."

Deputy Inghels told of the starving population and urged action by the French Government for revictualing the northern provinces. His remarks were received with marked indignation against the Germans.

To Confer on Work for Pupils.

It was announced yesterday that a conference of teachers would be held in the auditorium of the Merchants' Association in the Woolworth Building next Friday and Saturday to discuss plans for aiding the new division of the United Employment Service in finding jobs for boys and girls graduated from the public schools. Methods of making the public school records available to employers will be discussed, as well as proposals for encouraging the students to continue their work in evening high schools and in special branches so that they will be fitted for commercial work. The speakers will be city, State and Federal education officials, and representatives of the employment service.

FINE FURS
Cloth Coats
Evening Wraps

Clark & Weinberg

634 Fifth Ave.
Near 51st Str.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.
The Specialty Shop of Originations
FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

Special Sale ToDay
DRESS and WALKING BOOTS
Reduced to
7.25
Formerly 9.00 to 14.00
Included in this sale are the most desirable styles of lace and button boots—patent leather, black, brown or pearl gray kidskin with Louis XVI. heels. Dark tan or black Russia calfskin with military heels. Also boots with buck tops.
Not all sizes in all styles, but all sizes collectively
NO C. O. D.'S NO EXCHANGES NO CREDITS

Special Sale ToDay
GRAY MOCHA GLOVES
KID GAUNTLET GLOVES
FRENCH KID GLOVES
Regularly 3.00 & 3.25
2.50
Arabian mocha gloves in gray only. Gauntlet gloves in tan, ivory and gray. French kid gloves, one button, spear and Paris point stitched backs.
NO C. O. D.'S NO EXCHANGES NO CREDITS

Special Sale Today
GEORGETTE CREPE BLOUSES
Reduced to
7.50
Formerly 10.50 to 29.50
ONE, TWO OR A FEW-OF-A-KIND
A diversity of styles in colored embroidery, gold thread embroidery, tassel decoration, lace and net combinations, tucking, beading and fringe. Colors: Flesh, white, beige, navy, black, sky blue, taupe.
NO C. O. D.'S NO EXCHANGES NO CREDITS

Exceptional Special Sale Today—A Collection of Several Hundred
WOMEN'S PLAIN & FUR TRIMMED COATS—PLAIN & FUR TRIMMED SUITS
Taken From Regular Stock, at Greatly Reduced Prices

SILVERTONE & VELOUR SUITS
Formerly 45.00 to 55.00 32.00
Strictly tailored and belted models, designed on precise mannish lines, finely tailored. In silvertone, Oxford velour, Oxford stripe and tricovelour. In favored shadings.

PLAIN & FUR TRIM'D SUITS
Formerly 55.00 to 65.00 40.00
An assortment of smart fashions of strictly tailored or fur-trimmed types developed in the correct colorings of silvertone, velour, trico-velour and chic modes in tricotine.

VELVETEEN & CLOTH SUITS
Formerly 69.50 to 98.50 55.00
Strictly tailored and fur-trimmed models with collars of nutria, seal, opossum. Silvertone, duvet de laine, velour, velveteen.

Misses' Fur-Trimmed Coats
Wrap-Coats and Dolmans
Formerly 75.00 to 95.00
58.00
These coats, wrap-coats and dolmans are fashioned of wool velour cloth and wool velour du nord. Featured are belted, straightline and loose back coats with various stitching, pockets and collar treatments. Also featured are the ultra-fashionable wrap-coat and dolman models of graceful, enveloping silhouette. Practical applications of natural and taupe nutria, seal dyed and Australian opossum furs accentuate these coat modes. Colors black, navy blue, brown, gazelle, reindeer, Nippon blue, wine and new-taupe. Sizes 14 to 18.

Misses' Tailored Suits—Reduced to 38.00
A collection of suits in velour, velveteen, wool jersey and tweed mixtures—a number of styles are featured in sizes 14 to 18.

Misses' Frocks & Gowns—Formerly 59.50 to 85.00 36.00
One, two or three frocks of a kind in a diversified assortment of serge, tricotine, poiret twill, velour, beaded satin and dyed lace to match materials. Sizes 14 to 18.

TWO TONE VELOUR COATS
Formerly 47.50 38.00
Heavy two-tone velour in brown and tan shades with large, adjustable collars and broad belts. Lined throughout with novelty silk or peau de cygne and warmly interlined.

FUR TRIMMED VELOUR COATS
Formerly 69.50 45.00
Distinctive model with large collar of Hudson seal (dyed muskrat) that may be worn open or in choker style. Deep cuffs of material, cross button belt. In brown, dark taupe, beetroot.

PLAIN & FUR TRIMMED COATS
Formerly 69.00 to 85.00 58.00
Plain and fur trimmed coats of English and American velour and silvertone. In an assortment of attractive colorings.

Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats
245.00
Full, loose, 45-inch long models with natural skunk collars and cuffs (choice dyed muskrat pelts).

Taupe Nutria and Hudson Seal 195.00
Various styles with large shawl collars, deep cuffs. Girdles to match.

Hudson Seal Coats 225.00
Smart, jaunty trotteur models in a variety of styles.

Hudson Seal Wraps 395.00
Voluminous 45-inch long models with large shawl collars of squirrel.

Squirrel Wraps 450.00
Full length models in various styles of enveloping silhouettes.

Moleskin Wraps 550.00
Sumptuous enveloping models of Scotch mole, 45 inches long.

Five Hundred Odd
PHILIPPINE NIGHTGOWNS
Formerly 5.00 to 7.00
2.65
Hand made and exquisitely hand embroidered nightgowns of a fine quality sheer batiste.

NEGLIGEES
At Reduced Prices
9.75 Formerly 16.50
Tailored models in French flannel.
28.50 Formerly 40.00
Chiffon and meteor, lace and ribbon trimmed.
39.00 Formerly 65.00
Batik and corded chiffon velvets in novel designs and models.

An Assortment of
TAFFETA PETTICOATS
Formerly 7.50
4.95
Radium taffeta in two-tone shadings, designed in accord with the fashionable silhouette.

Saks
OVERCOATS
50 Styles at $50 and up
STRIPPED of Diplomatic English, these Coats are so utterly beyond any other make that comparison would be foolish, fulsome, fuddled and futile.
Of course, it's your money, your appearance and your pride. But we know what we should do if we were in your place.
150 Styles from $28 to $88
Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34TH STREET

AIR MAIL SERVICE PLANS 50 NEW LINES

Post Office Department Seeks Surplus Men and Equipment from Army.

AVIATORS TOLD TO RESIGN

Aero Club Asks War Department to Delay Action Until They Can Take Up Mail Work.

The immediate establishment of fifty new air mail lines is contemplated by the Post Office Department and will be effected almost at once through the use of army airplanes, equipment and trained personnel if the War Department can be induced to turn over its surplus planes and fliers. Necessity for rapid action has arisen, according to the Aero Club of America, through the fact that hundreds of army aviators have been notified that they must resign within a few days or identify themselves with the regular army.

According to Captain B. B. Lipsner, Superintendent of the Aerial Mail Service, who came to New York yesterday to consult with aircraft men whose aid in extending the service he desires to enlist, ample authority already exists for the army to turn over to the Post Office Department all the essentials of a nation-wide air service. He declared the last general army appropriation bill provided that such disposition should be made by the army of all superfluous material which it did not require for actual combat and training purposes. Captain Lipsner said that Secretary Baker is in cordial sympathy with the expansive program of the air service.

Development of air mail service to a point where rapid transmission of millions of letters from New England to the far South and from coast to coast will be but a matter of weeks or months may already be on the verge of accomplishment, according to Henry Woodhouse and other leaders here, as they said last night it was possible favorable action already had been taken by the War Department on the request of the Aerial Mail Service for its fliers, planes, and general equipment. They pointed out that the recent resignation of John D. Ryan, Assistant Secretary of War and Director of Aircraft Production, and with him of a number of minor chiefs of the army air service, had possibly obscured for the moment favorable action already taken by the War Department. If this is not so, Mr. Woodhouse added, their going would delay such action only momentarily, for the army could not use a fraction of its men and planes. Alan R. Hawley of the Aero Club of America last night sent this telegram to Secretary Baker:

"Hundreds of army aviators who have been notifed that they must decide in a few days whether to resign their commissions or join the regular army have applied to the Aero Club of America for positions. Most of them are anxious to join the Aerial Mail Service; therefore, we urge that the time in which they must place their resignations with the army be delayed long enough to permit them to connect themselves with the Post Office for aerial mail service.

Country Wants Air Service.

"Second Assistant Postmaster General Praeger and Captain B. B. Lipsner, the Superintendent of the Aerial Mail Service, have been preparing for exactly such an emergency, and they are ready to establish fifty aerial mail lines throughout the United States and employ 1,000 military aviators to carry mail. You can hasten the establishing of these aerial mail lines and employing of these aviators by turning over to the postal authorities 500 of the airplanes which the army cannot use at present, and which will deteriorate and be wasted unless they are turned over to the Post Office.

"We know from the hundreds of requests received from the Chambers of Commerce throughout the United States that the country as a whole wants the extension of the aerial mail service, because it has been run at 100 per cent. efficiency for six months and promises to solve some of the most difficult problems of mail transportation and distribution."

Captain Lipsner said last night that the 100-per-cent. success already scored by the air mail service, without the loss of a man or a machine, amply justified its ambitious program, and that the millions of letters already transported afforded indisputable evidence that the business public is eager for extension of the service. He said that already many highly trained fliers and mechanics are returning from the battlefields of Europe and are eager to turn their training to good account.

In defining the army equipment which would be most valuable to the postal men, Captain Lipsner mentioned the vast accumulation of instruments of all sorts, as well as hundreds of Handley Paige planes which can carry one and one-half tons of mail at the rate of 100 miles an hour, more hundreds of De Havilands, each of which can transport 1,000 pounds of mail at the rate of 140 miles an hour, and numerous other twin-motor types of airplanes readily adaptable to the mail service.

Transcontinental Airways.

Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary, President of the Aerial League of America, Chairman of the National Aerial Coast Patrol Commission and of the Committee on Aeronautic Landing Places of the Aero Club of America, recently has completed a survey of the logical transcontinental airways in the United States. His conclusions, which are expected to be of material value in the development of the air mail service, are to be published soon by the Century Company in the first American Aero Blue Book, edited by Henry Woodhouse. Admiral Peary says:

"Among the things being done to so assist the Government in its plans for aerial development is the plan of the Aero Club of America to establish eight great American airways and a number of air routes, which plan is being developed by the Committee on Aeronautic Maps and Landing Places of the Aero Club of America, with the co-operation of the thirty affiliated aero clubs, the Aerial League of America, and as many co-operating organizations. The term airways is used for transcontinental airways; air routes for interconnecting routes. The five transcontinental airways and the three coastal airways will be as follows:

"1. The Woodrow Wilson Airway, which is an almost straight line from New York to San Francisco, touching Cleveland, Toledo, Chicago, and other important cities on the way to San Francisco. The straight line has been generally approved because it presents the best principle of air travel, which can be done in a straight line, as the aviators can make their own route, flying over all obstructions.

"2. The Wright Brothers' Airway.—Starting from Washington, Fort Myer, where the Wrights made their first public flights, and through North Carolina, the State where the Wrights made the historic first flight, through Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas—with a station at San Antonio, where an airplane—a Wright machine—was used for the first time in history under conditions approximating warfare, then through New Mexico, Arizona, ending at San Diego, Cal.

"3. The Langley Airway.—Named after Professor Samuel Pierrepont Langley, the pioneer experimenter in aeronautics. It will start from Philadelphia, pass through Pittsburgh, Columbus, Dayton, Indianapolis, Rantoul, St. Louis, Kansas City—and then on to Santa Barbara, Cal.

"4. The Chanute and Bell Airway.—Named after the American experimenters in aviation, Octave Chanute, who encouraged and assisted the Wright brothers, and Alexander Graham Bell and Mrs. Bell, who paid for the early experiments of Glenn H. Curtiss. It will extend from Boston, Mass., to Seattle, and Portland, Ore., touching Albany, New York, Syracuse, Rochester, Erie, Buffalo, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Minneapolis, Minn.; Bismarck, N. D.; Great Falls, Mont., and other cities along the route.

"5. The Rodgers Airway.—Named in honor of Calbraith Perry Rodgers, the American aviator who was the first to make a transcontinental flight, in 1911. It will extend from Newport News and Norfolk, Va., to Los Angeles, Cal., touching the important cities and towns on the way.

"6. The Atlantic Airway will extend from Bangor, Me., to Key West, Fla., and will touch every city on the Atlantic seaboard.

"7. The Gulf airway will extend from Key West to the mouth of the Rio Grande, following the coast and touching every city on the Gulf seaboard.

"8. The Pacific airway will extend from San Diego to Puget Sound, following the coast line, touching every city on the Pacific seaboard."

ARMY AIRPLANES FOR SALE.

John D. Ryan Says Hundreds Are Available for Mail Service.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Under the plans for the demobilization of the army circular orders have been issued by General March for the discharge from the military service of all officers not members of the regular army as rapidly as their services can be dispensed with. A conference was held last week between Otto Praeger, Second Assistant Postmaster General, and John D. Ryan, then Director of the Army Aircraft Service, relative to the use of army airplanes. In this conference types of army planes were considered with a view to ascertaining the extent to which they might be utilized in peace work.

Mr. Ryan said tonight that the number of airplanes already built which the army would be able to spare, as well as planes in course of production, would run into the hundreds, and that he had told Mr. Praeger the army would be glad to sell to the postal service those which were available for its purposes. Mr. Ryan also said that thousands of aviators would be released from the army at the close of the war, and that any army aviator not discharged who wished to enter the air mail service, instead of asking for a transfer, might apply for his discharge from the army with a view to entering the new service.

War Department officials wish to encourage the development of the air mail service as much as possible because they recognize that the latter will absorb many of the most promising of the young men from civil life who entered the army and became expert fliers, and that the use of aircraft by the mail service will contribute largely to the development of the aircraft industry in the United States.

SHORT RATIONS IN ITALY.

Peace Adds to Difficulties in Feeding the Population.

Peace has added to the food difficulties of Italy, and a new plan of rationing has gone into effect, details of which were made public yesterday by the Italian Bureau of Public Information in this city. Dr. Felice Ferrero, the Director, said that while the food allotment to each person is small, he believes that the people will bear with the regulation as cheerfully in the hour of victory as they bore with the shortage when victory seemed far off. The new rations provide seventeen pounds of bread and thirteen pounds of other food for each person a month.

"The allotment of food in Italy is by card," said Dr. Ferrero. "The rationing is vigorously enforced. Therefore, Americans who save that Italy shall not starve may know that every morsel of food that is sent to Italy is apportioned equitably and used without waste."

Dr. Ferrero said there are approximately 5,000,000 more persons to feed now than before the end of hostilities. In the Trentino and Tyrol there are approximately 700,000 persons. In the North Adriatic part of the redeemed provinces there are more than 1,000,000. The Dalmatian coast, also placed under Italy's control by the terms of the armistice, added 600,000 to her food burden. There are approximately 900,000 in Albania, and there are more than 1,000,000 prisoners captured in the final offensive. In addition to these there are about 500,000 repatriated Italian prisoners of war.

The Government with foresight provided a great store of food for the immediate relief of the redeemed provinces and returning prisoners. Notwithstanding this, the problem is grave, according to Dr. Ferrero.

THE LAMBS IS LAUNCHED.

Actors See Ship Named for Organization Leave Ways.

KEARNY, N. J., Nov. 24.—Because of the tide the launching of The Lambs, the 9,000-ton vessel named for the New York theatrical organization, did not take place until late this afternoon. She went into the water at the yard of the Federal Shipbuilding Company in the presence of 300 members of the Lambs, who motored from New York and joined in the brief ceremonies.

Mrs. Robert Stowe Gill, wife of Captain Gill, the first officer member of the Lambs killed in the war, was sponsor for the ship. The Lambs' band and the Ship Building Company band played the national anthem as the huge vessel slid down the ways. After she was safely moored, the Lambs were entertained at luncheon by the officers of the corporation in the administration building.

Among the Lambs present were Raymond Hitchcock, David Warfield, and Augustus Thomas.

War Cross Won by Bazaine's Son.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—Captain "Don Alfonso Bozo" of the Spanish Army, who entered the French Army at the outbreak of the war and won the French War Cross, according to a dispatch from Madrid, really is named Bazaine. He is the only living son of the late Marshal Bazaine, who surrendered Metz to the Prussians in 1871, and who later was tried at Versailles for high treason.

TO FILM PEACE CONCLAVE.

Movie Men Appeal to President for Right to Photograph Paris Meeting.

Albert E. Smith, President of the Vitagraph Company, has written a letter to President Wilson, it was announced yesterday, asking him to make arrangements for the sale of the American motion picture rights at the peace conference to American firms. Mr. Smith suggested that the rights be sold to the highest bidder and that the proceeds of the sale be devoted to the building of an annex to the Metropolitan Museum, in which the films made might be preserved and, as occasion justified, exhibited.

It was announced by the Division of Films of the Committee on Public Information recently that Charles S. Hart, Director of the division, who has gone to Europe, would have official supervision of the taking of motion pictures at the conference, but whether private companies would be permitted to make their own films was not stated.

OFFICE-HOME FOR SOLDIERS

Mrs. Belmont Gives House for the Use of Mustered-Out Fighters.

Besides the "Utility Hut" now being built for the Salvation Army in Union Square, where soldiers and sailors returning from the front or camps may find substantial assistance of every kind until they have been fitted back into civilian life, the five-story building at 13 and 15 East Forty-first Street has been given over to the Salvation Army by Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, and will be opened this week for the use of American fighters now being mustered out.

Every man emerging from the military service can use this as his "home and office" until he is able to rejoin his family or find the employment for which he is best suited. The "Home Office" will be in charge of Colonel William McIntyre of the Salvation Army, and besides the daylight service to all ex-soldiers and sailors, can accommodate about 100 men every night.

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The young ladies of our select finishing schools who may require immediately, for the Thanksgiving Holiday, dresses or coats for street or formal wear will find in our exclusive productions for immediate wear very smart models developed in distinctive fabrics of our own importation.

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Suits in wool Jersey cloth, English serge and velveteen.

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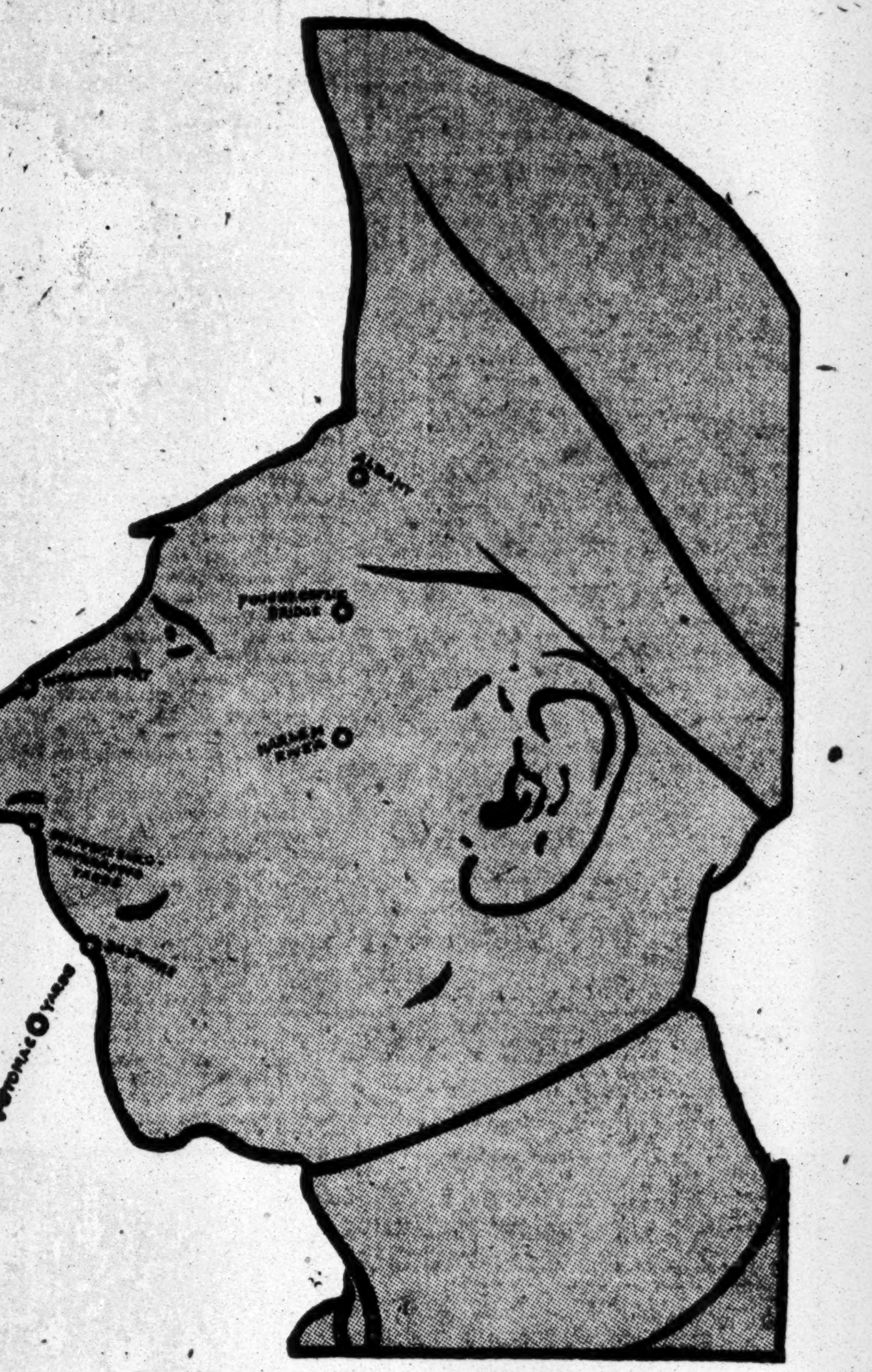

"Nothing as Usual"

Draw a line through Albany, Williamsport, Altoona, Shippensburg and Baltimore. By a droll coincidence you have a profile of the Crown Prince's classic countenance. This line, known in Washington as the "Crown Prince Barrier," has been a greater obstacle to the American Army in France than the troops commanded by the Hohenzollerns' heir.

"Nothing as Usual," in the December *Everybody's*, is a story from the "home front" in Washington, full of fresh information and inspiration and of consuming interest to every American. Its author, William G. Shepherd, famous war correspondent, has spent years "chasing the world's news center." That is why Mr. Shepherd is representing *Everybody's* in Washington now.

After the War—?

After the war, what is going to happen? Will our returning soldiers become farmers, as Secretary of the Interior Lane predicts in the December *Everybody's*? What sort of a world will it be industrially and otherwise?

"After the War—?" is a department or monthly forum in *Everybody's* to bring together the views of all kinds of thinking Americans on the great problems of reconstruction after the war—a matter in which the United States alone of all great nations, has been unawakened.

Just as *Everybody's* was the first magazine to advocate preparedness for war, so it has been the first to urge preparedness for peace.

The leading statesmen, business men and war officials are contributing their views to this department of *Everybody's*. In the December issue, Secretary of War Baker and Secretary Lane state opinions of pointed interest and constructive value to every far-sighted business man.

Owing to the recent orders of the War Industries Board to conserve paper, the number of copies of magazines on the news-stands has been restricted. Therefore, you are urged not to postpone getting your December *Everybody's*. The edition will soon be exhausted. Get your copy to-day on your favorite news-stand. *Better leave a regular order.*

Everybody's Magazine

December Number Now on Sale

What the League of Nations is up against

H. G. WELLS, in the current issue of The New Republic, writes:

> "The League of Nations is up against an idea which saturates our histories, saturates the minds of statesmen, saturates the press, saturates European thought and the thought of many spirited states outside Europe, and that is what I will call the Great Power idea in human affairs......
>
> "Every state is conceived of as a Power, either already a Great Power or as a little sly, watchful state, waiting for its chance to become a Great Power. All the proceedings of a state under this obsession are shaped by something called a Policy, which is no less and no more than a scheme to grab some coveted advantage, to sow dissensions between dangerous rivals, to undermine some powerful antagonist......
>
> "This trouble began in Europe before there was anything much in the way of a Germany, and it extends far beyond Germany. You may stamp it out in Germany today, and find it rising elsewhere in the west or the east tomorrow......
>
> "It is for us who survive to see that mankind is not, in a mood of weariness and reaction and resentment, cheated by its old machinery and its stale traditions of the harvest of peace."

(Send 3-cent stamp for booklet reprinting in full this important article by H. G. Wells. Use coupon below.)

IN America the League of Nations is up against determined opposition from those who represent this Great Power idea. These interests intend to kill it at the Peace Conference. Or, if they can't kill it, to draw its teeth. They are afraid of a real League of Nations.

The prime purpose of a League of Nations is to put an end to war.

The interests who oppose it have far-reaching ambitions which would be forever shattered if war, and the practices which lead to war, were banished from the earth.

What they really want is a return to the old Balance of Power. They are deliberately misrepresenting the idea of a League of Nations in the hope of using American public opinion to swing the vote against it at the Peace Conference. And they are trying to play upon the emotions of the public by demanding that Russia, Germany and the neutrals must be excluded—although they well know that a League which does not protect itself by including all powerful nations will never last.

The League of Nations does not mean "loving other countries as much as your own."

It does not mean giving up our national rights.

It does not mean disarmament.

It does not mean free trade.

It does not mean ending the Monroe Doctrine.

It does not mean "letting Germany off easy."

The League of Nations will be formed at the Peace Conference. Just how it will be organized and administered must be worked out there. Thus far, principles only have been stated; no hard and fast program has been adopted. The whole subject is still wide open.

You have got to play your part in thinking through this mighty problem. It was a people's war; it must be a people's peace. What you say and think, what millions of other Americans say and think, will flash along the wires and resound in the council chamber itself—the Voice of America.

Will you throw your influence for the kind of League that President Wilson wants, that Lloyd George wants, that the democracies of the world want?

Or will you let the reactionaries of America deceive you into supporting a so-called League which will be in fact only a return to that same sinister system of Power Politics which has bred every war in Europe for centuries?

During the months just ahead you will need an alert, authoritative, fearless interpreter—something more than the casual reports of the daily press. This The New Republic can be to you.

The New Republic was one of the first journals in America to advocate a League of Nations.

Since its first issue, four years ago, it has consistently developed the idea.

It appealed to President Wilson to abandon neutrality a year before we actually did so.

It was one of the first journals in America to urge our entrance into the war.

It insisted that the war must go on until Germany was beaten and a League of Nations made possible.

It will continue to insist that a real League—not a sham one—must be formed at the Peace Conference.

Whether you are today for or against a League of Nations, you will need The New Republic during the months just ahead—which hold more promise and more danger than any period in the history of the world.

The New
REPUBLIC

Neutrality Is Obsolete

(From The New Republic, Sept. 21, 1918.)

We must not in the future have an international condition in which England's action is uncertain, in which Italy is actually an ally of the enemy, Rumania a possible one, Greece a gaping hole for blockade leakages, America an ambiguous neutral with no clearly defined obligation which it takes her three and a half years to realize.

To say now to Belgium—or for that matter to France or Italy—"there will be no treaty, depend upon your own strength," would be a monstrous jest, a throwing aside of everything for which we fight. We must, to be sure, offer our guaranty, but whether that guaranty will be effective will depend upon whether we and our Allies can consolidate our power, whether diverse nations scattered over the face of the earth can act with unity against the Teutonic bloc, and make sacrifices, it may be for ends that are not directly national; can, as Lord Robert Cecil said the other day, set aside national differences, prejudices and even interests; whether in other words we can be more internationalist.

The League of Nations as forecast by Mr. Wilson, Lord Grey, Mr. Asquith, the British Labor party, is not a proposal of disarmament. It is a proposal not to surrender arms, but to combine them; to agree upon the methods by which they can be used in common for common security; to reach agreement upon the laws and regulations to which nations shall pledge themselves. It is not disarmament, but it is internationalism—internationalism in the use of armament.

◆

A People's Peace

(From The New Republic, Oct. 5, 1918.)

"Peace drives," the President points out, "can be effectively neutralized and silenced only by showing that every victory of the nations associated against Germany brings the nations nearer to the sort of peace which will bring security and reassurance to all the peoples and makes the recurrence of another such struggle of pitiless force and bloodshed forever impossible," and he adds in decisive words "*nothing else can.*" Hitherto these peace offensives have not been difficult to repulse. They were put forth by statesmen who were seeking to filch profit for themselves out of the peace sentiment of the world without intending to deal sincerely with the real obstacles to negotiation. But during the next few months these statesmen will really begin to bid for peace and they will bid high with the particular intention of provoking dissension among their enemies. It is this final possibility of an Allied defeat which President Wilson seeks to foreclose and which, as he said, can be foreclosed only by the adoption of his own programme. He declares with superb self-confidence that this programme expresses "the common will of mankind"—that in putting it forth he is neutralizing "the counsels of sophisticated men of affairs who still retain the impression they are playing a game of power"—that in assuring to the world a victory of justice he is also proclaiming a victorious emancipation for the mass of mankind. It is a prodigious pretension, but it is not made by a pretender. Who is the champion that dare deny its truth? It has become a people's war, without the aid of statesmen. But one supreme statesman is forging out of this people's war a people's victory and a people's peace.

◆

Nationalism and Internationalism

(From The New Republic, Nov. 2, 1918.)

Unless there are nations, real, unified, self-conscious, internationalism is a logical absurdity. So is a League of Nations. You cannot be an internationalist unless you are a nationalist. And the League of Nations has no place for a member state which does not recognize interests of its own which it intends to defend. Such a member could not be expected to recognize the interests of other states, or to defend them.

If then America enters the League of Nations, it is to be understood in advance that she enters as a highly self-conscious nation, determined to realize, not to surrender, her national interests.

How the people of any state shall be governed, educated, protected against all the multitudinous chances within the scope of government, how their industry and commerce shall be regulated, are matters concerning the people of that state alone. But where, as in matters of war and armament and international economic relations, no nation can possibly live unto itself, but must necessarily adapt its policy to the policies of other nations, and must necessarily force other nations to adapt their policies to its own, we accept internationalism as a logical necessity. Where there is functional internationalism, there should also be structural internationalism. The question is not at all one of nationalism versus internationalism but one of disorderly internationalism versus orderly internationalism. Recognition of the international facts and the creation of institutions appropriate to the facts: that is what the League of Nations means, and nothing more.

FEATURES OF THE CURRENT NUMBER

- The Core of the Trouble, by H. G. Wells
- The Method of Marshal Foch, by W. P. Crozier
- The French Socialist Congress, by Henry Prété
- Who Are Our Friends in Germany? by William Hard
- Ivan the Terrible, by Alvin Johnson
- How Mrs. Joy Celebrated Peace, by Vachel Lindsay
- Spoon River Revisited (Verse) by Edgar Lee Masters
- Preface to Poems, by John Masefield
- Peace by Federation, by Francis Hackett

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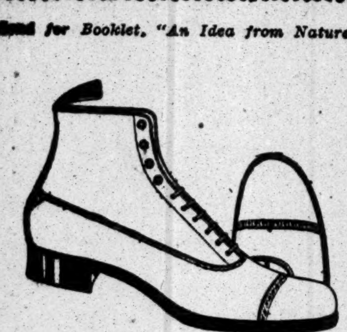

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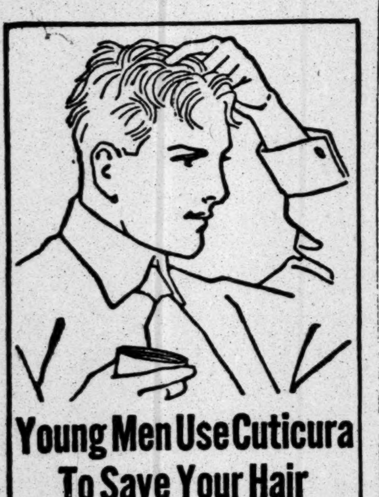

Young Men Use Cuticura To Save Your Hair

Nothing like shampoos with Cuticura Soap and hot water, preceded by touches of Cuticura Ointment to spots of dandruff and itching to keep the scalp and hair healthy. They are ideal for all toilet uses. In the morning shave with Cuticura Soap the Cuticura way—without mug. After shaving and before bathing touch spots of dandruff or irritation with Cuticura Ointment. Then bathe face, hands and scalp with Cuticura Soap and hot water.

Comfort itching skin with Cuticura. Bathe with Soap, soothe with Ointment, dust with Talcum. 25c. each at all dealers.

Thrift Lessons of the War.

Ingalls Kimball, President National Thrift Board Corporation, writes on the dangers of a relapse with the stopping of the wheels of Government dealing with thrift, in The Annalist today. Published by The New York Times Co. On news stands. 10 cents—$4 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

LIST OF 100 MORE OF OTRANTO DEAD

Identified by Means of Duplicate Muster Rolls Sent from Washington to England.

TROOPSHIP LOST ON OCT. 6

Total Announced So Far, 307 Men, Out of 372 Reported Drowned or Missing.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The names of 100 soldiers of the American Army given up as missing as a result of the sinking of the troopship Otranto were announced by the War Department today. The Otranto was sunk on Oct. 6 in a collision with the P. & O. liner Kashmir off the British coast.

There were between 600 and 700 American troops on board, and press reports indicated at the time that probably 372 were lost. The muster rolls were lost when the ship went down and duplicates had to be sent to England. This explains the length of time required to establish the identity of the men lost or missing. A month ago the War Department issued a list containing the names of 200 of the lost. Later a list of seven lost was issued. Today's list of 100 brings the total so far announced as lost or missing to 307.

Following is the latest list, with names of next of kin and emergency addresses:

Sergeants.

ALLEN, LESLIE T.; Mrs. L. Allen, Shiloh, Ga.
DAVIS, TOM L.; Mrs. G. E. Davis, Savannah, Ga.
DUNCAN, JAMES G.; J. J. Odum, Greenville, S. C.
JOHNSON, JESSE A.; Mrs. B. V. Johnson, Fort White, Fla.
LOWDEN, GEORGE W., Jr.; G. W. Lowden, Savannah, Ga.
PRIDGEN, SAM W.; G. I. Pridgen, Wiggins, Miss.

Corporals.

DEARMAN, ROY; Thomas Dearman, Pooler, Ga.
FRY, PAUL; Charles Fry, Steubenville, Ohio.
FULSOS, HENRY; H. G. Fulsos, Bradish, Neb.
WATTS, ARCHIE Y.; R. H. Watts, Selma, Ala.
WILLIAMS, LUTHER F.; William H. Williams, Republic, Ala.
WILLIAMS, JAMES W.; A. W. Williams, Halcyondale, Ga.

Wagoner.

WINDSOR, JOHN W.; Thomas R. Windsor, Baltimore, Md.

Cook.

HILAND, ROBERT; W. S. Hiland, Omaha, Neb.

Privates.

BANNISTER, GROVER B.; Charles Bannister, El Reno, Okla.
BARR, JOSEPH; Mrs. E. Barr, Acme, La.
BAUMAN, FRED; Jacob Bauman, Philadelphia.
BAZZARA, PETER V.; Mrs. V. Bazzara, 98 Macdougal St., New York.
BENNETT, SAMUEL F.; Mrs. D. Bennett, Jellico, Tenn.
BOLES, M. M.; Mrs. Helen Boles, Philadelphia.
BRAWNER, WALTER T.; B. W. Brawner, Augusta, Ga.
BRESCIA, ANTHONY J.; Mrs. D. Brescia, 85 Colgate St., Jersey City, N. J.
BROOM, ELLIE A.; Mrs. M. E. Broom, Summertown, Ga.
BROWN, DANIEL E.; J. W. Brown, Zeigler, Ga.
BROWN, FERNIE E.; Mrs. F. R. Williams, Marion, S. C.
BRYAN, MARTIN L.; R. H. Bryan, Sylvania, Ga.
BYNUM, ALONZO A.; J. L. Bynum, McAdenville, N. C.
COLLINS, CHARLES F.; Mrs. J. F. Collins, Camilla, Ga.
CONKLIN, WILLIAM; Mrs. S. F. Conklin, 170 North 4th St., Paterson, N. J.
CREWS, PEARL; Stephen L. Crews, Sylvania, Ga.
DAVIS, EARL Y.; C. T. Davis, Fairfax, Ga.
DEAN, JOHN L.; J. A. Dean, Clermont, Ga.
DINSMORE, FRANK A.; R. Dinsmore, Christman, Ill.
DODD, CHARLES P.; Mrs. R. Dodd, Hartwell, Ga.
DUGGAR, ROBERT H.; Mrs. A. Raker, Crawfordville, Fla.
FALAGAN, GEORGE; Mrs. Ella Falagan, Jesup, Ga.
FOUST, JACK C.; W. Foust, Asheboro, N. C.
GILLIS, LEWIS A.; C. A. Gillis, Millwood, Ga.
GOODWYN, MILLARD P.; Mrs. M. Goodwyn, Atlanta, Ga.
GRILLO, D.; Mrs. M. Delany, Old Forge, Penn.
GRINER, HARLAN P.; S. Griner, Sylvania, Ga.
HALL, JOSEPH A.; Mrs. M. E. Bowers, 18 Wyckoff Av., Evergreen, L. I.
HANCOCK, LESTER A.; J. E. Hancock, Enigma, Ga.
HARPER, ARTHUR; P. S. Harper, Alapha, Ga.
HAYES, WILLIAM P.; Mrs. M. A. Hayes, Alapha, Ga.
HEDRICK, JAMES H.; Mrs. Q. Hedrick, Statesville, N. C.
HERRINGTON, WILLIAM D.; S. A. Herrington, Sardis, Ga.
HIRT, PAUL A.; S. Hirt, Strongsville, Ohio.
HUFFT, JOHN L.; Mrs. M. Hufft, New Orleans.
HUTTON, JOHN A., Jr.; J. A. Hutton, Savannah, Ga.
KAPLIN, ISODORE; Miss Fannie Kaplin, 612 2d Av., New York.
KURTZ, ALEXANDER J.; J. W. Kurtz, Sheboygan, Wis.
LYLE, FRED T.; Walker W. Lyle, Sail Creek, Tenn.
McATEE, EUGENE O.; Mrs. M. McAtee, Brooksville, Ky.
McCRANNIE, B. F.; N. McCrannie, Adel, Ga.
McDONALD, L.; J. T. R. McDonald, Cleveland, Ga.
McFEE, J. W.; J. McFee, Black Mountain, N. C.
McGOWAN, T. A.; Mrs. B. McGowan, Scranton, Penn.
McMILLAN, J. M.; J. McMillan, Nashville, Ga.
McNEAL, L.; Mrs. E. J. McNeal, Troy, Ala.
MENDENHAL, W.; J. A. Mendenhal, Siler City, N. C.
MORGAN, D. E.; J. H. Morgan, Piedmont, S. C.
MOSELEY, E. T.; W. S. Moseley, Oak Park, Ga.
MOTT, E.; Mrs. N. Mott, Brunswick, Ga.
NESMITH, H.; Mrs. A. M. Nesmith, Barwick, Ga.
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PENNINGTON, S. A.; I. Pennington, Glen Campbell, Penn.
PHILLIPS, W.; A. Phillips, Augusta, Ga.
POWELL, B. W.; W. L. Nicholas, Tyler, Texas.
REESE, L. J. H.; Mrs. A. Reese, Augusta, Ga.
ROACH, J. P.; L. A. Roach, Macon, Ga.
ROBERTS, W.; G. F. Roberts, Herndon, Ga.
ROBERTS, A. L.; Mrs. J. S. Roberts, Cedar Springs, Ga.
ROGERS, C. M.; C. L. Rogers, Quitman, Ga.
ROLSTON, C. H.; D. H. Rolston, Mount Clinton, Va.
RUDD, H. O.; W. P. Rudd, Sylacauga, Ala.
SCHRENCK, WM.; Mrs. S. E. Schrenck, Ellabell, Ga.
SCOTT, J. F.; R. H. Scott, Woodcliff, Ga.
SELLARS, C. L.; J. D. Sellars, De Funiak Springs, Fla.
SHAVERS, D.; M. Shavers, Phoenix City, Ala.
SHEPPARD, O. W.; Mrs. W. D. Sheppard, Halcyondale, Ga.
SMITH, ED. A.; E. A. Smith, Waynesboro, Ga.
SMOAK, C. W.; M. D. Smoak, Sylvania, Ga.
STAFFORD, M.; M. Stafford, Rhinelander, Wis.
STEO, A.; A. Steo, 77 Mulberry St., New York.
STEWART, W. T.; Mrs. M. E. Stewart, Windsor, Ontario.
TIMS, THOS. J.; Mrs. M. Tims, 242 Johnson St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
TODD, L.; W. D. Todd, Vidalia, Ga.
TREADWAY, H.; Mrs. M. Treadway, Quitman, Ga.
TUTEN, F.; F. Tuten, Beach, Ga.
VANDIVER, H. J.; W. K. Vandiver, Jefferson, Ga.
WEBB, S. L.; J. T. Webb, Bay City, Ga.
WHEELER, J.; A. Wheeler, Nashville, Ga.
WILSON, JAS. O.; Mrs. E. Wilson, Chamblee, Ga.
WILSON, J. T.; J. Wilson, Oneco, Fla.
WILLIAMS, R.; Mrs. A. L. Williams, Quitman, Ga.
WRIGHT, G. C.; Mrs. C. Wright, Streator, Ill.
ZARTMAN, M. G.; E. Zartman, Denver, Penn.
ZUERLEIN, M.; G. Zuerlein, Humphreys, Neb.

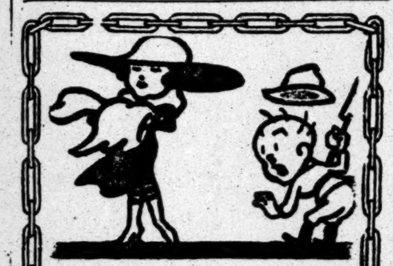
NEW DUTCH MINISTER HERE.

Lands from the Hollandia and Will Go to Washington Today.

J. Theodor Cramer, the new Minister from the Netherlands to the United States, arrived yesterday from Rotterdam on the Royal Holland Lloyd liner Hollandia. He will leave for Washington tomorrow.

As the liner anchored at Quarantine for the night the Minister was taken off in a tugboat and landed at the Battery, where he was met by the Legation staff from Washington and the Consul General in New York and taken to the Ritz-Carlton. He declined to make any statement.

The Minister, who is about 55 years old, speaks English, French, and German, and was accompanied by Mme. Cramer.



SO THIS IS PARIS!

To the ladies:—

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DANIELS COMMENDS GUARD OF THE LUCIA

For 21 Hours After 'Unsinkable Ship' Was Torpedoed Men Remained at Stations.

FORCED TO BOATS AT LAST

Ship's Company Picked Up in Heavy Sea by the Fairfax Just in Time to Save Them.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Secretary Daniels tonight gave out a summary of the report made by Chief Boatswain's Mate William F. O'Brian, commander of the armed guard on the American steamship Lucia, showing the circumstances under which that vessel was sunk by submarine torpedo attack on Oct. 18.

The Lucia, which was fitted with a special system of buoyancy-box construction for which it was claimed that the vessel had thereby been made unsinkable, was the last American vessel reported torpedoed by an enemy submarine before the armistice was signed. The Lucia was not unsinkable, but managed to remain afloat for twenty-two hours after having been struck by a torpedo. All the after buoyancy tanks construction of the Lucia were destroyed by the heavy swells that broke over the ship, causing her cargo to shift, and to this is attributed the sinking of the steamship.

At 5:30 P. M., Oct. 17, the commander of the armed guard sighted a white wake about 100 yards off the port beam. The explosion occurred simultaneously with the sight of this wake, the torpedo striking the boat amidships on the port side, entering the engine room and killing four men.

"A shower of dust," says O'Brian's report, "caused by the explosion, interfered with the men on the after gun platform and the lookout on the after crow's nest. The vibration attending the explosion knocked the men stationed on the after gun platform off their feet. Immediately upon recovering themselves they manned and trained the guns to port, but could find no trace of the submarine.

"As the explosion had put all the dynamos in the engine room out of order, and the auxiliary set only was left for use, semaphore signals were sent to the U. S. S. Hawaiian, in command of convoy, to broadcast S O S.

"At intervals during that night and the next day S O S calls were sent by the auxiliary set, but no acknowledgment was received. The entire gun crews stood watch at both guns and in the crow's nest until they received orders to take to their boats. The armed guard remained at their stations from the time of the torpedoing until the last gun's crew had left the ship at 2:20 P. M. on the following day, a total of twenty hours and fifty minutes after being torpedoed.

"A short while after the explosion it was thought advisable to have the civilian crew abandon ship. One boat, with carrying capacity of twenty-two men, had been broken by the explosion, so that the remaining eighteen men, (four having been killed by the explosion,) were allotted to the remaining five boats and one life raft. They remained near the ship until the following morning, when, seeing that the enemy submarine had not appeared, they were called alongside and food given to them. They again hauled away from the ship until noon, when they were again recalled and furnished with fresh supplies of food and water.

"At 2 P. M., the after gun platform then being awash, the gun's crew took to their boat. At 2:20 P. M., after being repeately warned by the master that the ship was in a hopeless condition, the commander of the armed guard ordered the forward gun's crew and the last radio operator to take to their boat. The sea at that time was very rough.

"At 3:15 P. M. the stern slowly started to settle. The ship rose to a vertical position, her mainmast breaking off and being carried away. When she attained a vertical position, she slowly disappeared from view, her stack and mainmast being carried away as the ship took her final plunge at 3:20 P. M.

"At 9:26 P. M. the U. S. S. Fairfax sighted one of the boats, but it was only with the greatest difficulty that the crew was taken aboard. Had not the Fairfax arrived upon the scene at the time she did, it is very doubtful how many would have survived the heavy sea, which had assumed alarming proportions.

"From the time the ship was struck until she was abandoned, about twenty-one hours later, the entire armed guard remained constantly at their stations, (the chief on the bridge and the men on the guns and the crow's nests,) taking no time off for sleep and only a few moments for food, which was brought to their stations."

The men of the guard commended by Secretary Daniels, in addition to Chief Boatswain's Mate O'Brian, are:

HUDSON, CHARLES G., 180 Nassau St., Brooklyn.
WELLS, C. DE O., South River, N. J.
STEFFENS, GEORGE W. H., 322 78th St., Brooklyn.
MAXLER, CLEMENT E., Parkers Landing, Penn.
FERGUSON, EDWIN, 176 Seaver St., Roxbury, Mass.
CHALFANT, FREDERICK McC., Steubenville, Ohio.
WATSON, JUDSON P., Cedartown, Ga.
MOYER, JOHN H., JR., 150 Ralph Av., Brooklyn.
CHASE, EDWARD T., 479 Franklin Av., Brooklyn.
BECKMANN, JOHN, 5,605 4th Av., Brooklyn.
BOUTON, HUGH E., Vermont, Ill.
GLIENKE, BEN H., Altavista, Iowa.
THOMPSON, ARTHUR S., Tacoma, Wash.
CONAHEY, JOHN F., 491 E. 162d St., N. Y.
LEARY, WILLIAM E., Dorchester, Mass.
HIGGINS, HERBERT J., West Brighton, S. I.
PETERSON, ARTHUR E., Bartlesville, Okla.
STREETON, ROBERT G., 512 Hancock St., Brooklyn.
QUILTY, TIMOTHY E., 1,564 Pacific St., Brooklyn.
EGNES, CHARLES F., Elmhurst, N. Y.
MAHONEY, BYRON J., Springfield, Ill.
MOORE, HARRY E., Manchester, N. H.
ROY, ALFRED E., Watertown, Conn.

Brazil's President May Resign.

RIO JANEIRO, Nov. 24.—Dr. Francisco Rodriguez Aves, President-elect of Brazil, announced today that he had determined to resign the Presidency if his health did not sufficiently improve to permit him to work hard. In the event of his resignation, the President-elect will endeavor to reach an agreement with all the political parties regarding the appointment of his successor.

50,000 Chileans Applaud Allies.

VALPARAISO, Chile, Nov. 23.—A huge demonstration was held in Valparaiso tonight in honor of the United States and the allied countries. Fifty thousand persons took part in a parade to the various allied Consulates in honor of the allied victory.

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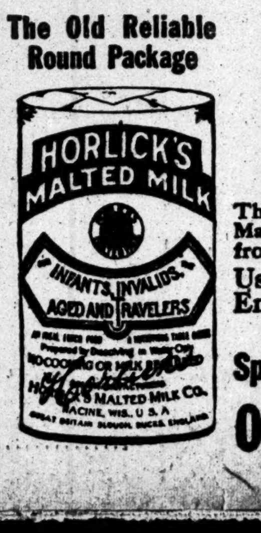
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Others Are Imitations

RELAX NO EFFORTS TO RAISE WAR FUND

Canvassers Hope to Report Enough Today to Insure New York's Quota.

INDUSTRIES GIVE MORE

Standard Oil Adds $50,000 to Its Subscription and Consolidated Gas and Affiliated Companies $25,000.

When the New York City Campaign Committee of the United War Work Drive meets at 4 o'clock this afternoon at the Hotel Biltmore, it is quite possible, according to indications last night, that the canvassers will report receiving more than enough to make up half the deficit in the city's quota.

Although definite figures of all contributions made to the fund since the luncheon at the Chamber of Commerce last Thursday were lacking yesterday, it is likely that when the final totals are handed in today their sum will reach the $1,623,689, which will insure New York raising its $35,000,000 quota. The full reports for the entire country will be made public tomorrow morning.

The total of contributions made public last Thursday was $31,752,622, which left $3,247,378 to be raised if the city was to get its assigned quota. It was said by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., however, that a group of men promised to give one-half this sum if the campaign organization succeeded in getting the other half.

While none of the officials would express an opinion as to how near the canvassers had come in their resurvey of the field to insuring the offer of the unnamed donors for the fund, the guiding motive in the varied divisions of the campaign has been to go after every possible source of contribution with the view not only of raising the necessary $1,623,689, but of increasing that figure as much as possible, so that the burden to be distributed among these unnamed givers will be as small as possible.

What the managers and workers would like to accomplish, if possible, would be to have the entire $3,247,378 raised and ready to report when the teams and the division Chairmen meet this afternoon, thus making it unnecessary to call upon the men who have already contributed very liberally to the fund.

It is certain that every one of the thirty teams will have some new contributions to report when Mr. Rockefeller calls for the final reckoning. The Industries Division, from which will come the bulk of New York's contribution to the $170,500,000 fund, has been making special efforts for the last two days to get substantial returns in answer to the telegrams sent to each of the 105 industry Chairmen by Judge Elbert H. Gary, who is the General Chairman of that division.

Some contributions of substantial size to this division were reported yesterday, among them an additional $50,000 from the Standard Oil Company, New York, and an additional $25,000 by George B. Cortelyou, President of the Consolidated Gas Company, made on behalf of that and affiliated companies.

The paper industry and the Newspaper Publishing Committee also assured Judge Gary that they would do their utmost to help in putting New York on the honor roll, together with the other cities that have reached their quotas.

There will be something to add to the total obtained by the Faculty and Students' Division from the football game and athletic meet held at the City College Stadium Saturday afternoon.

Walter Stabler, Chairman of the division in charge of the house-to-house canvass was the only one of the leaders who ventured to forecast what the final reports tomorrow might show for the fund.

"We expect to report a total in this division Monday of $800,000 for the New York district," said Mr. Stabler yesterday. "From data at hand it would appear that we have $750,000 donated, exclusive of the Tenth Assembly District. That district has promised us a total of $100,000. This would make it appear that $800,000 would be a conservative estimate of what this division will report at the final meeting."

CHINA AND GLASS

A Thanksgiving Thought—

THIS year there is every reason indeed to observe the Thanksgiving custom of permitting the Table to share in the gala attire of the Holiday Season.

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JEWISH WAR WORK PRAISED BY WILSON

Messages from Marshal Foch and Gen. Pershing Also Read at Welfare Board Meeting.

SCHIFF CALLS FOR WORKERS

Must Be Careful That Demobilization Does Not Spell Demoralization, He Asserts.

One hundred representatives of the Jewish Welfare Board from all parts of the country met yesterday at the Jewish Centre, 131 West Eighty-sixth Street, at the first annual meeting of the board. A message of encouragement from President Wilson was read, as well as cabled appreciation of the work of the organization from Marshal Foch and General Pershing.

The reports of executive officers and others discussed the demobilization and reconstruction program. Among the speakers were Jacob H. Schiff, Raymond B. Fosdick, Chairman of the War Department Commission on Training Camp Activities; the Rev. Dr. John J. Burke, Chairman of the Committee of Six, representing the National Catholic War Council; Charles R. Watson, representing the Y. M. C. A., and Chester J. Teller, Secretary of the board. Colonel Harry Cutler, Chairman of the board, presided and read his annual report reviewing the work of the organization.

In his address Mr. Schiff appealed to Jewish young men, especially teachers and rabbis, to answer the call of the Jewish Welfare Board for field workers.

Good Records of Jewish Soldiers.

"There have been no complaints on the behavior of the Jewish soldiers over there," said Mr. Schiff. "It is generally acknowledged that they have made excellent records for themselves both in camp and in actual battle. I have no doubt that the splendid showing of the Jewish boys was, to a great extent, brought about by the good work of the Jewish Welfare Board, which sent them over with the moral strength to do their full duty.

"This work is not over. It will henceforth become larger. And we must be doubly careful that demobilization does not spell demoralization. Up to now the soldier had a tremendous impetus in the drilling and constant exercise, and in battle. Now, to a great extent, it is different. We must furnish the thousands over there with teachers and with all sorts of diversions and when they come back they will be men of whom we will all be proud and who will make the Jewish people proud of them."

"The work of the Jewish Welfare Board is just beginning," said Mr. Fosdick, who announced that he brought greetings from President Wilson and Secretary Baker. He read the following letter from the President to Colonel Cutler:

THE WHITE HOUSE.
Washington, Nov. 22, 1918.

My Dear Colonel Cutler: The annual meeting of the Jewish Welfare Board affords me an opportunity to express my personal appreciation of the admirable work which this organization has been carrying on with our troops at home and abroad. It has provided generously for soldiers and sailors of all faiths, and Secretary Baker and Mr. Fosdick have both spoken of the value of its work in maintaining the morale of our fighting forces.

May I not, therefore, express in this brief note my wish for its continued success?

Cordially and sincerely yours,
WOODROW WILSON.

Here is the message of Marshal Foch received by Colonel Cutler in reply to a telegram of congratulation on the victory of the allied forces:

Colonel Harry Cutler, Chairman Jewish Welfare Board, New York:

Deeply touched by the feelings that inspired your telegram I thus tender to your adherents my sincere thanks in the name of the Allied Armies.
MARECHAL FOCH.

General Pershing's Massage.

General Pershing's message said:

The American Expeditionary Forces thank the Jewish Walfare Board for your cordial telegram of congratulations and return to them best wishes.

In his annual report Colonel Cutler discussed the organization of the Jewish Welfare Board Training School, now in its twelfth session, which has already graduated 325 men selected from more than 2,000 applicants.

"The Star of David man, as the Jewish Welfare worker is familiarly called, is the spiritual leader, teacher, guide, counsellor, and friend of the boys in khaki and blue," he said. "He provides the indispensable joys that the Quartermaster cannot give—entertainment, good cheer, hopeful thoughts, counsel, religious solace, consolation in distress, joy in leisure, which is the spice of life.

"Camps Upton and Meade were the first camps to have Jewish Welfare Board buildings. The first Jewish Welfare building at a naval station was erected at Pelham Bay. Fifty-one buildings have been authorized, thirty-five of which have been completed, the remainder being in the course of construction.

"To date we have distributed 220,000 prayer books, 185,000 Bibles, 12,000,000 letterheads, 6,000,000 envelopes, larger Bibles by the hundreds, and other supplies for religious observance.

"To aid every Jewish community to mobilize its sentiment and material strength, we have instituted what we have called community branches. One hundred and sixty-five branches, including practically every community of considerable Jewish population in the United States, have organized to aid and supplement the national organization.

"During the high holidays this Fall, over 30,000 men were entertained by our community branches. These Rosh Hashonah and Yom Kippur experiences will long be remembered by the men among the most moving and striking in their careers as soldiers and sailors.

Calls for Wider Service.

"While the process of perfecting the organization of our administration goes on, calls for wider service are continually confronting us. Recently the board has turned its attention to work among the employes of great industrial establishments—'the second line of defense.' A worker has been assigned to the Hog Island shipyard and others are making their way to places of similar importance. Not only do our representatives visit the arsenals and other war plants and factories, but many of our community branches also care for men employed in such industries.

"With the aid of a group of Russians, we recently established the Russian Aid Bureau Branch of the Jewish Welfare Board, through which we are attempting to serve our Slavic and Russian soldiers. We have assigned special workers in the College of the City of New York, New York University, Columbia University, University of Pennsylvania—and other colleges in the Philadelphia district and to colleges in the Chicago district.

"Ten Jewish Welfare Workers are either on their way abroad or about to sail, while the applications of fifty more men and women are pending. It is planned to recruit 200 men and women for service in France, England, and other foreign lands where American soldiers of our faith are found. With these civilian workers and chaplains, we feel that we are laying the foundation for a service of the first magnitude."

Mortimer L. Schiff, Treasurer of the board, said that since its inauguration a year ago the board had collected $2,000,000 and had disbursed approximately $1,250,000. These figures, he said, do not take into consideration the proceeds of united activity, as these have not as yet been divided.

Among the others present were Louis Marshall, Nathan Straus, Mortimer L. Schiff, Walter E. Sachs, Rabbi David Phillipson of Cincinnati, Supreme Court Justice Samuel Greenbaum, Rabbi Henry Cohen of Galveston, Abram I. Elkus, Judge A. K. Cohen of Boston, Dr. Cyrus Adler of Philadelphia, Dr. Louis Grossman, Leon Sanders, Jacob Billikopf, Simon Miller, Charles Hartman, Rabbi Maurice Harris, Rabbi David De Sola Pool, and Rabbi Rudolph Grossman.

The following were elected Directors for a three-year term:

Colonel Harry Cutler, Dr. Cyrus Adler, Abram I. Elkus, Judge Irving Lehman, Rabbi M. S. Margolies, Louis Marshall, and Mortimer L. Schiff. Carl Dreyfus of Boston was elected a Director for one year.

LEAGUE ASSAILS SENATORS.

C. D. Orth Warns Country of Three Who Hold Balance of Power.

The National Security League issued yesterday a statement by Charles D. Orth, Chairman of the League's Congressional Committee, calling attention to the fact that all Socialist candidates for Congress in this city were defeated, as a result of fusion between the Republicans and Democrats in the four districts in which the Socialists have their greatest strength. This fusion, said Mr. Orth, was due to the efforts of the Security League.

"It would be well," said Mr. Orth, "for the people of the country to immediately awaken to the probability that a battle is going to be waged in the United States Senate for its practical control by the three Senators whose records, during the period of the country's crisis, were the most disgraceful. Just prior to the election, the National Security League published a chart showing the Senate vote on preparedness and war, in which were enumerated ten important preparedness and war measures. Senator Norris voted against nine of these measures, and in favor of one. Senator La Follette voted against nine of the measures, in favor of none, and is recorded as 'not voting' on one of them. The record of Senator Gronna, satellite of La Follette, exactly duplicated that of his 'guiding star.'

"These are the three men who may make an endeavor to control the Senate through the wielding of the 'balance of power,' and the National Security League feels that it is performing a national duty in calling the attention of the people of the country to the fact."

HOLD VICTORY FESTIVAL.

Hippodrome Crowded at Benefit for French Wounded.

The Victory Peace Festival for the benefit of the American Fund for French Wounded, held last night at the Hippodrome, drew an audience that crowded the house and enriched by many thousands of dollars the treasury of the fund. The program was long and for once everybody on it, except one, appeared. The exception was Andreas de Segurola, the opera singer. Those who appeared included Yvette Guilbert, Frances Alda, Irene Bordoni, Julia Arthur, Leon Rothier, Cyril Maude, and Raymond Hitchcock, the last named as master of ceremonies.

"Peace Victorious" was the name of the principal feature. In this one-act picture, the author of which was Zoe Akin, those who appeared included Tavis Belge, Marcia Van Dresser, Elsie Ferguson, Auriel Lee, Arthur de Forest and Lyall Swete, and the Noyes group of character dancers.

There were speeches by Lieutenant François de Croisset of the French Army and by the Abbé Bourde d'Arrere, one of the fighting chaplains in the service of France, both of whom spoke enthusiastically of the work that has been done in France by the French Wounded Fund.

The patrons of the benefit included Mrs. George F. Baker, Jr., Mrs. Winthrop Chanler, Mrs. Arthur Iselin, Mrs. Ogden Goelet, Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim, Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, Mrs. William F. Morgan, Mrs. E. H. Harriman, Mrs. E. T. Stotesbury, Mrs. LeLancey Kane, Mrs. Henry C. Frick, Mrs. Henry P. Davison, and Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James.

Bauer Plays with Philharmonic.

The Philharmonic Society opened its Sunday afternoon series at Carnegie Hall yesterday with an audience that filled the concert room and signs in the lobbies announcing "All seats sold." There was deserved enthusiasm for Harold Bauer's fine performance in the E flat pianoforte concerto of Liszt. Mr. Stransky led off with Dvorak's "Carnival" overture and after MacDowell's "Hamlet and Ophelia," which the American composer wrote on seeing Irving and Terry act in London in 1885, the present-day audience applauded Alfred Megerlin and others of the orchestra players in Rimsky-Korsakoff's "Scheherazade."

Francis Rogers Back from War.

Francis Rogers, the American baritone who went among the first oversea and sang more than 100 concerts for soldiers in France, returned to a more familiar field of song recital in Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon. An audience that greeted him with something of wartime fervor listened to songs far removed from the things of today, save for the modern note of native composers at the matinée's close. Besides a French group, Mr. Rogers was at his best in classic airs in Italian by Handel and Sacchini, and in good old English by Dr. Arne and Purcell.

Actors Aid Women's Infirmary.

A performance held last night at the Hudson Theatre, in aid of the campaign of the New York Infirmary for Women and Children, netted between $3,000 and $4,000. Sam Bernard and Louis Mann appeared in an act of "Friendly Enemies," and others on the program were Nora Bayes, Al Jolson, Belle Baker, Muriel Hudson, Irving Fisher, and a new playlet by Clara Lipman.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Bessie McCoy Davis has been engaged for the new Ziegfeld Frolic, soon to be staged on the New Amsterdam Roof.

A condensation of "Pinafore" will be an added feature of the Hippodrome show beginning this afternoon. Its first performance falls on the fortieth anniversary of the original production of "Pinafore" in America.

Malcolm Mortimer will have the leading male role in "Betty at Bay," which will have its first performance at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre on Monday of next week.

David Warfield's engagement at the Manhattan Opera House in "The Auctioneer," which was to have ended next Saturday, will continue for an additional two weeks.

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TWO OPERA STARS IN SILENT FILMS

Caruso's First Picture Pleases at the Rivoli—Geraldine Farrar at the Strand.

'OLD SOUTH' AT THE RIALTO

Charlie Chaplin and Mildred Harris Stay On at the Broadway—Newman on "Wartime France."

Enrico Caruso delighted those who went to the Rivoli yesterday to see his first film, "My Cousin." To say that he, rather than the photoplay, was delightful is not to detract from the commendable work of others in the cast, or of Edward José, the director, but only to emphasize the fact that the photoplay is all Caruso. It never offends by bad taste, nor repels by its self-exploitation, for the simple reason that Caruso's accomplishments are many and his personality just naturally pervades the scene. Yesterday's spectators at the Rivoli did not feel that the photoplay consisted of too much Caruso, because they liked all the Caruso they could get.

The tenor appears in a double rôle in "My Cousin." He plays the part of a poor sculptor in one of New York's Italian colonies, and also that of a great singer, the sculptor's cousin. The first of these gives him free opportunity to be amusing, to make exaggerated faces and gestures, to release all of the genial ebullience of his nature, while in the alternate rôle he is able to appear as the Greatest Singer of the Age. In both characters he is thoroughly enjoyable.

But after all, Caruso is not the whole show. Henry Leone, as Lombardi, an Italian merchant, is an excellent type; Joseph Riccardi, as the father of the girl whom the poor sculptor loves, gives effective support to the comedy, and Carolina White, as the girl in the story, not only looks her part but plays it competently. A hearty good word must be added for Edward José, who directed the production, and Margaret Turnbull, the author, who was successful in the almost unprecedented accomplishment of writing a screen comedy that does not become burlesque, melodrama, or sentimental slush.

Robert C. Bruce has a scenic at the Rivoli entitled "A Wee Bit Odd," which is entertaining pictorially in spite of labored wit in the subtitles.

Geraldine Farrar is seen at the Strand this week in "The Hell Cat," a rampant melodrama, many theatrical degrees removed from that on which it is based, the conflict between the sheep and cattle raisers that helped to make the Wild West famous. Miss Farrar is undoubtedly one of the best emotional actresses on the screen, and one who can look as handsome as any. She was reported to have said recently that she "took her motion picture work seriously." Most persons will admit that she can be forceful even while in a frivolous frame of mind.

Milton Sills, Tom Santschi, and the others in the cast give her exceptionally good support. The performance of all of the players and the manner in which the production is staged make it a pity that the play itself was of so little worth. It is merely unreal, made according to formula, with highly wrought scenes of obvious artificiality. It is to be hoped that Miss Farrar will find a better medium when she next appears.

"A Daughter of the Old South," with Pauline Frederick in the leading rôle, supported by Pedro De Cordoba, is the featured offering at the Rialto, while "Shoulder Arms," with Charlie Chaplin, and "Borrowed Clothes," with Mildred Harris, are both continued at the Broadway.

E. M. Newman delivered the second of his new series of vividly illustrated travel talks, "Wartime France," to an entertained audience at Carnegie Hall last night. He will repeat it at the same place this afternoon.

SING PUCCINI OPERAS DEC. 14

New Triple Bill a Gala Event at World Premiere Here.

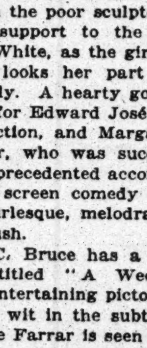
Saturday evening, Dec. 14, is the date fixed for Signor Puccini's three little operas which the Metropolitan will produce for the first time on any stage. General Manager Gatti-Casazza said yesterday that he regarded the event as extraordinary at any place or time, and, had it happened during his term at the Scala in Milan, it would have been the talk of all Italy and tickets would have sold at 100 francs. "So I hope," he added, "it is not asking too much of the American public to charge about a third of that, or $7, at this triple première."

Puccini's "Il Tabarro" finds its locale in Farnce, as did "La Bohème." It is a tragedy among the bargemen of the Seine, and in it will appear Mmes. Muzio, Gentle, Tiffany, Messrs. Crimi, Montesanto, Didur, Bada, Paltrinieri, and Audisio. "Suor Angelica," a scene of convent life in the Middle Ages, is so far a feminine counterpart of Massenet's "Jongleur de Notre Dame." A cast of women will include Mmes. Farrar, Arden, Beale, Ellis, Egener, Perini, Fornia, Tiffany, Sundelius, Sparkes, Mattfeld, Belleri, Warwick, and White. "Gianni Schichi," a farce based on an old Florentine character in Dante's "Inferno," will be sung by Mmes. Easton, Sundelius, Howard, Tiffany, Messrs. De Luca, Crimi, De Segurola, Didur, Bada, Ananian, Malatesta, Reschiglian, and Schlegel.

The conductor is Moranzoni, the stage director Ordynski, and the scenes are by Ernest Gros, Frank Pantzer, and Pieretto Bianco, from designs by Pietro Stroppa and Galileo Chini.

"Our Flag" at Opera Concert.

The Metropolitan held its first popular Sunday night concert of the season last evening, when Max Rosen, violinist, was the added star, playing with the orchestra Saint-Säens's B minor concerto and a group of shorter pieces with piano. Florence Easton sang an air from Debussy's "L'Enfant Prodigue," and Sophie Braslau another from Massenet's "Marie Magdalene." Miss Braslau had a new patriotic air, "Our Flag," by William J. Guard and Frank Lawrence Jones, which made a hit with the house as an encore. Morgan Kingston was applauded in the tenor air from "Pagliacci," and Richard Hageman conducted Sibelius's "Finlandia" and a "Roman" suite by Bizet.



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Army Officers' Uniforms Ready for Service and to Measure

BROKAW BROTHERS
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AT FORTY-SECOND STREET

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THE STORY OF REVILLON FURS

Eskimo Mother and Child

ESKIMO women are very industrious. They trap and work as their husbands do. Most of them use tobacco freely, usually in a pipe as shown above. The children are hardy and begin to roll and run about in the snow as soon as the mother ceases to carry them in the moss-lined carrier in which they spend their earliest months.

Eskimos still dress in the tanned skins of deer or caribou sewn with sinew and bone needles.

The temptation to own modern apparel offered by traders is, however, great, and induces them to trap for fur instead of for food and hides only.

Revillon Frères
ESTABLISHED 1723
Fifth Avenue at 53rd Street

TO SEEK $5,000,000 FOR STARVING JEWS

Day's Pay Pledged by 500,000 Workers in Drive of Jewish Rehabilitation Fund.

GREAT SUFFERING IN EUROPE

Conditions Grave in Russia and Poland, Says Felix M. Warburg, at Dinner.

One day's pay of approximately 500,000 Jewish workingmen was pledged toward the $5,000,000 Jewish rehabilitation fund at a dinner of the People's Relief Committee held in the Central Opera House, 205 East Sixty-seventh Street, last night. The campaign for the fund will seek to raise this amount in New York City during the week beginning Dec. 8. The money is to be spent in constructive relief for the Jewish sufferers in the war-stricken countries of Europe.

The organizations to participate in gathering the money are the People's Relief Committee, the Central Relief Committee, and the American Relief Committee. The pledges on behalf of the workingmen were made by Max Pine of the United Hebrew Trades, Joseph Schlossberg of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, J. Baskin of the Workmen's Circle, and M. Winchensky of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union.

The speakers at the dinner were Felix M. Warburg, Chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee of American Funds for Jewish War Sufferers; Abraham Cahan, Scholom Ash, and Municipal Court Justice Jacob Panken. The Chairman was Alexander Kahn, head of the People's Relief Committee.

In his address Mr. Warburg said that the suffering during the Winter months in the devastated and war-torn parts of Europe would be terrible. So far, in spite of the large amount of money raised in this country for the relief of Jews in Europe, the Joint Distribution Committee had been able to put only one piece of meat in watery soup in an endeavor to keep the people from starving, but they had not been successful in this.

"Mr. Van Raalte, whom we sent from The Hague to make a report on conditions in Russia and Poland, said he could not do all he wanted to for the suffering inhabitants because he lacked money," continued Mr. Warburg. "In this campaign let us do our level best and we will allow no difficulty to stand in the way of getting to the inhabitants of European countries those things they need.

"In this campaign the publicity will not be of the town crier's type. We do not wish to be advertised for what we are doing. We do not desire to attract more attention than is necessary. As far as the trades are concerned, we have prepared minute details for the trade Chairmen. Each one will have a list of Jewish firms, together with the amount that the firm says it is worth and the amount the firm ought to give.

"The results of the United War Work Campaign in this city showed that the school children gave about $1,000,000 in the Give and Earn Division. We will not make an appeal to Jewish school children, but it remains to be seen if the war chests of the schools will decide to give. To the workers will be left the decision as to whether they will give a day's pay or more. Every Jewish concern will have an honor roll of its givers on its wall. In this campaign we will try to see to it that the large givers' names are kept out of the newspapers and the small givers' names published, as far as we can.

"For the first half of November we sent $700,000 to help the Jews of Europe, and before the month is over we hope to make it $1,000,000. There never was such an opportunity for Jews to help their brethren abroad as there is todav to give to this fund. How horrible conditions abroad are we do not know, but that they are horrible we know. Through the courtesy of Food Administrator Hoover we hope to get the exact facts as to conditions of the Jews in the countries of Europe."

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

FACTS

Winchell Smith (1), John L. Golden (2), Austin Strong (3), added together make

3

The Theatregoer is Foolish Who Believes Every "Ad," but When All the Critics on All the Papers Unanimously Shout the Praises of a Play the Theatregoer Who Studies These Facts Is

WISE

The Screaming, Streaming Crowds at the CRITERION THEATRE Witnessing "3 Wise Fools," Particularly Those Who Have Taken the Precaution to Buy Their Tickets in Advance at THE BOX OFFICE, Are Not

FOOLS

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eves. at 8:20. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
CYRIL MAUDE in C. Haddon Chambers' Comedy Masterpiece THE SAVING GRACE

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Thursday and Sat. 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
DADDIES

GEO. COHAN THEATRE Broadway, 43d St.
TONIGHT AT 8:30
F. ZIEGFELD JR. PRODUCTION
BY PIGEON POST
EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING

Cohan & Harris West 42d St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Wed., Thurs., Sat.
Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written
THREE FACES EAST
Hundreds Turned Away Every Performance.

CORT West 48th Street. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. at 2:30.
THE BETTER 'OLE

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Eves. at 8:20. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
JULIA SANDERSON AND JOSEPH CAWTHORN
SAM HARDY DOYLE & DIXON in "THE CANARY"

VANDERBILT West 48th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat.
Mr. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in "THE MATINEE HERO."

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Eves. at 8:15
3 GALA MATS. THIS WEEK WED., THURSDAY (Thanksgiving) & SAT.
LAUGHTER IS THE SUNLIGHT OF THE SOUL
KLAW & ERLANGER'S MUSICAL COMEDY HIT OF THE YEAR,
THE GIRL BEHIND THE GUN
IS THE SOUL OF LAUGHTER

Atop New Amsterdam Theatre,
ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC
OPEN ALL YEAR. PHONE BRYANT 240.

LIGHTNIN
GAIETY, Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed & Sat., 2:30

HENRY MILLER'S Theatre, 124 W. 43 St.
Nights 8:30. Mats. Thursday and Sat. 2:30.
HENRY MILLER
RUTH CHATTERTON
"DADDY LONG-LEGS"

BELASCO WEST 44TH ST. Evenings 8:20. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2:20.
FRANCES STARR
in "TIGER! TIGER!" A New Play by Edward Knoblock

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
The Rainbow Division of Musical Comedies
GLORIANNA with ELEANOR PAINTER

STANDARD B'way, 90th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 25-50c.
SHE WALKED IN HER SLEEP

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th West of B'way. Evgs. 8:15.
Engagement Extended to Sat., Dec. 14.
Mats. Wed. Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:15.
DAVID WARFIELD in "THE AUCTIONEER."
Prices 25c to $1.50. Wed. Mat. 25c to $1. Always 500 Orch. Seats at $1.

PARK THEATRE Col. Circle Eve. 8:15
Society of American Singers, OPERA COMIQUE. Gilbert & Sullivan COMIC OPERA CLASSICS.
Tonight & Sat. Night, & Thurs. Mat. PINAFORE
Tues. & Saturday Mat. Thurs. Nts. & MIKADO
Wed. & Friday Nights PIRATES of Penzance

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47th St. Mat. Daily, 25c-$1
CHRISTIE MacDONALD
ADELAIDE & HUGHES
WELLINGTON CROSS "WHAT GIRLS CAN DO"
& CLIFTON CRAWFORD

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'way and 96th St
NAN HALPERIN
GEO. WHITE & CO.
Harry Watson, Jr., & Co.
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(Established 1842)
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EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome
Matinee Today, Best Seats (Except Boxes) $1.00 Evgs. at 8:15

French Theatre du Vieux Colombier
65 W. 35th. Ev. 8:15. Mts. Thur. & Sat. 2:15.
This Week Double Bill "Le Medecin Malgre Lui" and "Gringoire."
Seats 50c to $2. Sat. Night Popular Prices.

Loew's American Roof 42d St., W. of B'way. Every Evg. at 8:15.
All Star Vaudeville Show All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50
In the Theatre, "Sporting Life."

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AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'WAY and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:00.
Smoking Resumed at the Winter Garden
MATINEES TOMORROW & THANKSGIVING
AL JOLSON
And Incomparable Company of 150 in
34th Week in New York. SINBAD 300 Times Dec. 2nd

ROOF CENTURY THEATRE. Phone Col. 8800.
CENTURY GROVE MIDNIGHT REVUE At 11:30
BEAUTIFUL GIRLS 'N' EVERYTHING
Smile with Lovely MOLLIE KING.

CENTRAL B'way & 47th. Bry. 17. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed., Thanksg'g & Sat.
ALICE BRADY
Returned to the Spoken Stage in
FOREVER AFTER

REPUBLIC Thea., W. 42d St. Beg. Wednesday Night —SEATS NOW—
FLORENCE REED
in ROADS OF DESTINY

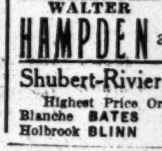
48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
The BIG CHANCE
With MARY NASH

HUDSON West 44th St. Eves. at 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
LOUIS MANN & SAM BERNARD
IN FRIENDLY ENEMIES

ELTINGE West 42d Street. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
UNDER ORDERS

HARRIS West 42d Street. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
BERTHA KALICH A. E. Anson Chrystal Herne Lee Baker Albert Bruning "THE RIDDLE: WOMAN"

MOROSCO West 45th St., Eves. 8:20 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20 Extra Matinee Thanksgiving Day.
2ND BIG WEEK
"Utterly charming." —DOROTHY DIX
Charles Emerson Cook Presents



FLORENCE NASH IN "REMNANT"
"WHOLLY DELIGHTFUL." —DR. FRANK CRANE

FULTON 46th St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
A STITCH IN TIME A Happy Play —with— IRENE FENWICK

BOOTH 45th, West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats Wed., Thanksg'g & Sat., 2:30.
Clare Kummer's New Comedy BE CALM CAMILLA
"Is best performance and brightest play in town."—Tribune.

Maxine Elliott's 39th, near B'way. Evs. 8:30. 3 Mats. This Week.
Wednesday, Thanksgiving & Saturday.
TEA for 3
Seats now for Christmas and New Year's Matinees

JOHN BARRYMORE
in TOLSTOI'S "REDEMPTION"
PLYMOUTH W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Bry. 40. Mats. Wed., Thanksg'g & Sat.

SPECIAL: FRIDAY AFTERNOON AT 3
WALTER HAMPDEN as HAMLET

Shubert-Riviera B'way & 97th. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Tom'w. Best Seats 50c
Highest Price Orchestra Seats Eves. $1.00.
Blanche BATES Holbrook BLINN in Getting Together

BELMONT Thea., 48th, E. of B'way. Beg. Tonight At 8:30
WALKER WHITESIDE
in THE LITTLE BROTHER
With TYRONE POWER. Mats. Wed., Thksgvg. & Sat.

Jane COWL in The CROWDED HOUR
Will Positively Open Tonight
AT THE SELWYN THEATRE WEST 42 St.

F. RAY COMSTOCK'S
PRINCESS THEATRE
Opens Wednesday Night SEATS NOW
5th Annual Princess Musical Production
"OH, MY DEAR!"
By Bolton, Wodehouse and Hirsch.
Extra Matinee Thanksgiving Day.

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NORMAN TREVOR—CYRIL HARCOURT
PEGGY HOPKINS
In a New Play A PLACE IN THE SUN

Greatest Musical Hit in Years!
LITTLE SIMPLICITY
at the
Eves. 8:15. ASTOR THEATRE Mats. Wed., Thanksg'g & Sat.
"Delightful Musical Play. Full of heart interest and youth and beauty." —Wesley Hamer, American.

BROADHURST 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Thanksg'g & Sat. 2:15.
NORA BAYES In a Musical Play LADIES FIRST

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thanksg'g & Sat.
WINTHROP AMES PRESENTS
BETROTHAL
"The Blue Bird" sequel by Maeterlinck.

James Whitcomb Riley's
HOME AGAIN
With MACLYN ARBUCKLE—TIM MURPHY
PLAYHOUSE West 48th St. Evgs. 8:15 Mats. Wed., Thanksg'g & Sat.

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:30 Mats. Wed., Thanksg'g & Sat., 2:20.
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers
The UNKNOWN PURPLE
With RICHARD BENNETT.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Eves. at 8:30 Mats. Wed., Thanksg'g & Sat
JOHN D. WILLIAMS Presents
"COMPLETE SUCCESS."—World.
H. B. Warner in Sleeping Partners with Irene Bordoni

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Eves. 8:15 Mats. Wed., Thanksg'g & Sat., 2:15
SOME TIME with ED WYNN
MERRY MUSICAL ROMANCE.

39th ST. Thea., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Th'ksg'g & Sat. LAST WEEK
ROBERT EDESON THE LONG DASH HENRY E. DIXEY.
Mon., Dec. 2 Seats Thurs. BETTY AT BAY From the Strand Thea., London

44TH ST. Thea., Just W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thanksg'g & Sat.
MANTELL Tonight & Thurs. Night OTHELLO
Tues. Night & Sat. Mat., Hamlet; Wed. Mat., Romeo and Juliet; Wed. Night, King Lear; Thanksgiving Mat. & Sat. Night, Merchant of Venice; Fri. Night, Macbeth.
Prices 50c, $1.00, $1.50. Boxes $2.00.

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:30
WM. COLLIER
in "NOTHING BUT LIES"

LOEW'S 7th AV. at 125 St. Evs. 25c to $1 Mat. Tom'w, 25c & 50c
Mr. & Mrs. Sidney Drew in "Keep Her Smiling"

LEXINGTON THEATRE. 51st St. & Lex. Av.
COMMENCING TO-NIGHT 8:15
ENGAGEMENT LIMITED TO 2 WEEKS.
3 Mats. This Week—Tues., Thursday (Thanksgiving) and Saturday.
THE U. S. SOLDIER BOYS OF CAMP MERRITT, N. J., IN
GOOD LUCK SAM!
A PICTURE OF SOLDIER LIFE IN A MUSICAL COMEDY FRAME
CO. OF 300 SOLDIERS
SOLDIER JAZZ BAND
SOLDIER MILITARY BAND
BIG BROTHERED BY GEO. M. COHAN
SEATS NOW ON SALE.

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Tonight at 8, Boris Godunow. Homer; Didur, Althouse, Rothier, Bada. Cond., Papi.
Wed. at 8:15, La Boheme. Alda, Romaine (new); Crimi, Montesanto (new). Cond. Papi.
Thurs., Thanks. Day Mat., at 2, Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Althouse, Scotti. Cond., Moranzoni.
Thurs. at 8, Forza del Destino. Ponselle, Gentle; Caruso, De Luca, Mardones, Chalmers. Cond., Papi.
Fri. at 8, Aida. Muzio, Homer; Crimi, Montesanto, Mardones. Cond., Moranzoni.
Sat. at 2, Faust. Farrar, Delaunois, Howard; Martinelli, Rothier, Couzinou. Cond., Monteux.
Sat. at 8:15, (75c to $3). Daughter of the Regiment. Hempel; Diaz, Scotti. Cond., Papi.
Next Mon. at 8, Prophete. Muzio, Homer; Caruso, Rothier, Diaz, Mardones, Schlegel. Cond., Bodanzky.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

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AEOLIAN HALL
In the Duo-Art Salon—4th Fl.
(42nd St. Entrance)
Mon., Tues. and Wed., Nov. 25th, 26th, and 27th, at 3 o'clock.
Special Thanksgiving Program
Including some remarkable patriotic compositions played by the wonderful
DUO-ART PIANOLA PIANO
Admission without charge.
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TODAY AT 3 "WARTIME FRANCE" Prices 25c to $1

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:15. Popular Prices.
20TH CENTURY MAIDS with JIM BARTON.

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The Famous Drury Lane Melodrama!
"SPORTING LIFE"
Picturized by Maurice Tourneur
With a Big All Star Cast
Shown This Week at the Various
LOEW THEATRES
In Addition to Regular Programs

'Twill Be Your Unique Privilege to See for the First Time
MR. & MRS. CHARLES CHAPLIN
in Their Latest Offerings on Same Program
MRS. Chas. CHAPLIN (Mildred Harris) in "BORROWED CLOTHES."
MR. CHAS. CHAPLIN (Himself) in "SHOULDER ARMS."
BROADWAY THEATRE at 41st St. Cont. 10 A.M. to 11 P.M.

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. 20-30-60c. Loges $1
CARUSO in "MY COUSIN." RIVOLI ORCHESTRA

RIALTO Times Square 20-30-60c.
Pauline Fredericks in "A Daughter of The South." Comedy. RIALTO ORCHESTRA

STRAND B'way & 47th St.
GERALDINE FARRAR in "The Hell Cat" STRAND ORCHESTRA

LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF 10, 20, 30
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
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CONSTANCE TALMADGE "Mrs. Leffingwell's Boots," by AUGUSTUS THOMAS.

81st St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980
THE CAVELL CASE with Julia Arthur.
Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

Aeolian Hall, Tomorrow Evening at 8:15.
—QUARTET RECITAL—
FLONZALEY
Tickets 50c to $2. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.

Aeolian Hall, Tomorrow Afternoon at 3
SAMUEL GARDNER
—VIOLINIST—
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano

Aeolian Hall, Thurs. Eve., Nov. 28, at 8:15
—ANOTHER—
MAURICE DAMBOIS
—'Cello Recital—
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Nov. 30, 2:30
VIOLIN RECITAL—JASCHA
HEIFETZ
Tickets 75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2. Now at Hall

Aeolian Hall, THIS AFTERNOON at 3
Merle ALCOCK
Song Recital. (Steinway.) Seats at Hall

PHILHARMONIC
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
JOSEF STRANSKY.............Conductor
Carnegie Hall, Friday Aft., Nov. 29, at 2:30
Soloist LEO SCHULZ
BRAHMS SYMPHONY No. 3.
Bach, Mortimer Wilson, Tchaikovsky, Liszt
Supplementary Subscription and Single Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

JANE MANNER
Drama Reading—The Waldorf
Tues., Nov. 26, "Playgoers," Pinero, 3 P. M. and BARRIE'S
"The Admirable Crichton"
Admission, incl. war tax, $2. Circular on request.
Mgt. E. B. Manner, 226 W. 70th. Col. 5181

AEOLIAN HALL, Sat. Aft., Nov. 30, at 3
PIANO RECITAL—OLIVER
DENTON
Seats 75 cts. to $2. Mgt. Daniel Mayer. Stieff Piano.

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NEWMAN TRAVELTALKS
Thrilling Color Views & Motion Pictures
Wartime Italy
WED., NOV. 27, 4 and 8:15 P. M.
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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

Adolph S. Ochs, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, NOV. 25, 1918.

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Staten Island	93 Stuyv. Pl., New Brighton
Jamaica	317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Elizabeth	250 Morris Avenue
Hoboken	61 Second Street
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One week, [illegible]c.			
DAILY only	9.00	4.50	.85
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SUNDAY only, Canada	6.00	3.25	.55
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DAILY & SUNDAY	$26.00	$13.30	$2.40
DAILY only	17.40	8.90	1.45
SUNDAY only	9.75	5.12	.86

Latter, Picture Section, $1.75; Magazine, $1.25.
THE ANNALIST, (Mondays,) per year, $4; Canada, $4.50; other countries, $5.
Binder for 26 issues, (one vol.,) $1.25.
TIMES BOOK REVIEW, (Weekly,) per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.
TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays,) 1 year, $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $3, (foreign, $4.) Per Copy, 25c.
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THE GERMS OF ABSOLUTISM.

Under the complex of cardinal national interests, agricultural, mineral, industrial, commercial, financial, inextricably and vitally dependent upon sound, efficient railroad management and development, is an interest greater than all of them, for all must be endangered when it fails—that of responsible, representative self-government.

If the Government is to continue to control the railroads, and with them the express, telephone, and telegraph companies, a mighty Federal political machine will be the inevitable result. Two millions of Federal employés will be sure of an assured support, an indulgent supervision, long wages, and short hours. The taxpayers will be bled for the benefit of this army of officeholders, whose duty it will be to keep in power the Administration that is good to them, and to their faults more than a little blind. The Ins can be overturned only by the larger promises of the Outs.

We shall have a gigantic centralized Government at Washington, able to bring irresistible political pressure by means of its mastery of communications. Trade, industry, agriculture, labor, looking to it for punishments or rewards, must be politically subservient or take the consequences. The worst evils of the old unreformed rebating railroads were the Golden Age to those sure to come from the politico-economic absolutism which permanent Government control of the great agencies of communication must bring; and if firm resistance is not made to the beginnings, all the other industries will be scooped in, one by one, and a monstrous, swollen autocratic Federal State will have swallowed local and individual initiative and energy.

Government is what it is, not what it looks. Within the terms of the Constitution there is a strong effort to change our Government into a centralized Socialistic State, with multitudes of placemen. That effort must be beaten. The Executive Committee of the National Association of Owners of Railroad Securities is doing a service to the whole public by its labors for the return of the railroads to private control.

OUR LOSSES IN FRANCE.

The list of casualties in the American Expeditionary Forces given out by General March from Washington on Saturday is not final, but it must be fairly complete, since it includes all returns up to the time of the signing of the armistice. The total is much larger than the estimate made ten days ago on the basis of losses previously recorded. Instead of 100,000, calculated then, the total is 236,117. But when analyzed it is not so bad as it seems. The killed and dead of wounds are 36,154, which is a little more than one-third of the similar casualties of the Union armies in the civil war. The wounded in France are 179,625, but it must be understood that the great majority of the wounded men will be able to return home as sound as when they sailed for France. Disease claimed 13,811 victims; the dead from "other causes," mainly accidents, are given as 2,204; prisoners, 2,163; missing, that is to say unaccounted for, 1,160. With regard to this last grouping, soldiers are reported every day as prisoners in Germany.

This approximately correct total of casualties reflects the severity of the fighting in which the American Army was engaged. Until fighting ceased, there was not a day when the Americans did not assault strong enemy positions, in the Rheims-Soissons salient, along the Meuse, and in the difficult Argonne Forest. The intrenched Germans could kill but not stop them. There was no fiercer and more desperate struggle on any part of the front during the whole war. The American Army has paid for it, but the enemy's casualties were heavier. If our losses are greater than we had been assured, there is consolation in knowing that the American soldier proved himself on every field a first-class fighting man, the peer of the best seasoned veterans of France and the British Empire.

THE BRITISH ON THE SEA.

Speaking at the University Club in Brooklyn Saturday night, Louis Tracy pointed out the absurdity of Germany's contention that she had to plot against Great Britain because Britain controlled the sea. Dutch, Swedish, and Norwegian ships, he said, had a tremendous trade by sea, and Holland—he might have added Belgium and Portugal—valuable colonies, but none of them had ever feared Britain's dominion of the seas. None had ever feared that she would deal unfairly with them, and none had had to form alliances and conspiracies against her.

The difference between Great Britain's control of the sea and Germany's army on land is that nobody had any reason to be afraid of the former. The British fleet is for defensive purposes only. Great Britain is an island, and would have small chance of defense by an army if an enemy invaded her. She must have a great fleet as her only sure protection. She has one, but never has she used it, as Germany would have used it, to strangle the trade of other nations. The seas are as free to trade as if Great Britain's navy were the size of Venezuela's.

This is why Germany's conception of the "freedom of the seas" in time of peace was always without a grain of foundation. As for war, Britain has used her fleet as fairly and legitimately as in time of peace. Her navy is unstained by any of the atrocities that made the world's blood run cold during the short life of the German Navy. Without it we could not have won this war, and despite the temptation to retaliate the British Navy conducted its share of the war as impeccably as if it had been fighting an honorable foe. The British Fleet is a protection to the world's trade in time of peace, and a bulwark against assassins in time of war. It is a friend to the trader, but a terror to the pirate, as Germany now knows.

INDUSTRIAL RECONSTRUCTION.

Altogether some six millions of men and women were diverted from activities of peace to those of war, and must be restored to their old places before industrial or financial conditions can be thought normal. There are two million soldiers in Europe, rather fewer in home camps. Including marine workers in semi-naval activities they total over four million, and there are two million in various war trades which must be slowed up. A period of six months is often mentioned as the time within which the Government should lend its support to a process which is inevitable eventually. It will take longer to muster out the soldiers abroad, and less may suffice for the workers at home.

The Government is doing a good work through its employment agencies, which get and give a better national survey of the labor field than could be had otherwise. There are not six million jobs in sight, but there are a great number, and many war vacancies need never be filled. The building industry is ready to absorb large numbers of rough workers. Munitions workers will either return to domestic employment or to private industry. The shops are eager for holiday hands, and the farmers are crying aloud for their accustomed help. Upon a more local view, in this State there is no trouble about taking up released labor, except only in Buffalo. There are to be more detailed reports from 100 industrial centres, and upon them will depend decision about the speed of the demobilization of labor.

Whatever the rate of demobilization of war labor, there is one thing that Government can do besides fitting men and jobs together. The Government can pay its contractors promptly and put them in position to do their share of the work of industrial reconstruction. Next to promptness of decision comes promptness of payment in enabling employers to lay their plans for discharge of labor and re-employment of old and new workers. Unfortunately Government is a better employer than paymaster. Even in war, when funds were plenty, Government earned a poor reputation for promptness of payment, although funds were being used lavishly. Often there have been delays even to soldiers' dependents, and contractors have had to wait sixty days or more, and then Government insisted upon discount allowed for prompt payment. This is an old grievance, and Mr. A. B. Hepburn has recalled examples dating back to civil war reconstruction. In the case of the Secor shipbuilding contract, which was canceled for no fault of the contractor, payment was not made for thirty years, after Secor was buried.

Now, as then, there are many such contracts which are the basis of bank credits. There could be no better basis for commercial credits than Government contracts in process of being worked out. But a Government contract subject to cancellation or actually canceled is not a bankable asset, and both bankers and contractors are entitled to know where they stand. Whatever delay is excusable in discharges of war workers, there should be none in payments for canceled contracts. The funds thus released will be promptly returned to the labor and material markets, and will touch the sore spots more efficiently than otherwise would be possible. There are suggestions for the creation of a court of war claims, and already some conspicuous cases are being taken to such a court. Thus the Secor precedent is being followed all too closely. Cancellation of contracts should be settled on business rather than legal principles, on considerations of expediency or even generosity rather than on minor economies through litigation. Pettifogging is inappropriate to the situation if business and labor are not to be penalized for no fault of theirs. What the Government may lose by any liberality suitable to the case will be returned in community benefits.

THE GERMANS IN AFRICA.

In regard to the disposition of the German colonies a most valuable piece of evidence has just been distributed in this country in the reprinting of the letter addressed a year ago to General Smuts by the British Bishop of Zanzibar, head of the Universities' Mission in the Eastern Districts of German East Africa. This prelate speaks from twenty years' experience in the field, during which he had a wide acquaintance and many friends among Germans, Arabs, and natives; and he utters with a moderation that adds force to his views an appeal that, whatever is to be done with East Africa, it should no longer be allowed to remain in German hands.

The German, he says, shows no special color prejudice; he divides the world into German and non-German. This has helped him in retaining the loyalty of the professional native soldiers in East Africa—a loyalty further secured by tales of the conquest of England, by privilege to the faithful and terrible punishment to the reluctant; together with such added inducements as the promise of the widows of British soldiers to faithful African troops. But to the population in peace times he has been an abominable master—a declaration which the Bishop supports by many instances from personal observation:

> The officials are in the main painstaking, accessible, and conversant with the customs of their people. In civil matters they are more or less just to the native and ready to seek the facts. Their failure is due to their inbred cruelty, which they encourage their African underlings to copy. They rule entirely by fear, and cruel punishments are their means of spreading terror throughout the land. The German method of governing Africans is cruelly inhuman and destructive of the native's self-respect; it is exactly designed to make him, and keep him, the obedient slave of a European power forever and a day.

Many German officials honestly tried to alleviate the hardships of forced labor, which was prohibited by law; but stockholders in the plantation companies had such influence with the Colonial Ministry that their efforts only brought trouble on themselves. Says the Bishop:

> The penalty for a native who made a charge against a planter that was not proved was a year's imprisonment and at least fifty lashes. My observation is that the penalty for proving a charge was nearly as bad, since the employer took his revenge later at his leisure. The labor system assumes that a native has no private interests, no family, no relatives, no domestic claims upon him, and no food problem of his own. He is a solitary unit able to hoe; and any German who can get him may take him at any moment of the day or night. * * *
>
> I am quite aware that some Germans dislike this system; as some English planters assure me they admire it. It is none the less true that Germans, as an empire, approve it, and Britons, as an empire, hate it. We must judge things on the average. And the average German is incompetent to rule Africans.

Many natives served the British Expeditionary Forces as porters, for hire. If the Germans should recover the colony it can hardly be doubted that this will be the excuse for a general massacre; the rebellion of 1905, where only a very few Germans were killed, was punished by the slaughter of 30,000 natives; and here, as was the case in Belgium, it is a settled principle to punish a man's relative when you cannot catch him. In a period when, despite individual lapses, the British, French, Dutch, American, and other colonial powers have on the whole steadily regarded themselves as trustees for the backward races, this sort of colonial system should hardly be set up again.

A FREE BALTIC.

President Wilson has approved, in answer to the petition of certain Americans of Danish descent or born in Schleswig-Holstein, the restoration of the former Duchies of Schleswig and Holstein to Denmark, robbed of them by Austria and Prussia in 1864 and 1866. By violation of the Treaty of Prague even the promise of a plebiscite to the people of North Schleswig was broken. "Not America alone," writes Mr. Wilson, "but " all the peoples now quickened to a " newer sense of the values of justice, " must join in the relief of a griev- " ance whose continuance would " traverse the principles for which " more than a score of nations are " fighting."

As The Times has shown more than once, much more than the righting of an old wrong is in the Schleswig-Holstein question. The future, the economic life, of Poland, the new Poland with Danzig as its port, depends upon the freedom of the Baltic. The same is true of the Russian Baltic provinces, of Finland, in some degree of Sweden and Norway. Return Schleswig-Holstein to Denmark, neutralize the Kiel Canal from the Baltic to the North Sea, and the Baltic will be a free sea instead of a German lake, as it was till lately. The surrender of the German fleet is only a temporary incident. The Baltic must be free forever.

A SACKED EMPEROR'S SACKS.

Kings are so "middle class" and Louis-Philippic in these democratic days that Royalists of the straitest sect must look back with regret to the ancient Persian monarchs whose beards were braided with threads of gold, to the oiled and curled Assyrian bull-king-gods of the museums. It would be pleasant to believe the tale or legend sent from Amsterdam that a "sealed wagon," freighted with "200 sacks, each containing a hundredweight of German gold, silver, " and coin," trundled over the Dutch frontier and on to the castle where Mr. William Hohenzollern is staying at present.

It is a good story, and the correspondent who heard it in Amsterdam understood his business when he cabled it. Among Imperial fairy tales, however, it must be classed. What X-ray eye saw the sacks through the sealed wagon, saw through the sacking the gold, silver, and coin? Sacks of gold! What fancy doesn't love them, like the "Arabian Nights," pieces of eight, angels, rose nobles, "jewels, pearls, and ouches"? This gold and silver uncoined, did the Rhine Maidens send it, perhaps, to Wilhelm the Disinherited?

But, just as kings, it is believed, seldom wear their crowns, even in private cars, so it is believed that they don't habitually store gold and silver even in the best-warranted A1 sacks. The Fairy World is always going on, but its financial theories and practices, such as changing gold into coal, for example, are a bit belated. Yet any well-instructed changeling, albeit he be old as the oak, must know that contemporary Princes have and transfer credit. Judicious monarchs are supposed to provide for the possibility of becoming "Kings in Exile," "Monarchs Retired from Business." They have bank accounts, credits, investments in many countries. In view of the plethora of provisions found on the Imperial premises in Germany, is it not fair to conjecture that the 200 sacks were stuffed with Westphalia hams, Hasenbraten, Bismarck herring, and the multitudinous sausages of Mr. Hohenzollern's "home town"?

THE RESTORATION OF RUSSIA.

The war was won in France and by the blockade. In Russia it may be lost by failure to oust Germany and German influence from Russian affairs. A peace which permits Germany to retain a viselike grip on both the Government and the industrial life of Russia is a peace which contains the seeds of militaristic growth, which may encourage another effort toward world dominion. The Treaty of Brest-Litovsk was annulled by the armistice. This was the first step. It now remains to complete the task of restoring to Russia the political and economic independence which is her right. This can be done only through the reconstruction of Russia socially, economically, politically. The autocracy of Bolshevism must be destroyed and an opportunity provided for the self-expression of the people. Starvation must be ended and the means and avenues for the development of her natural resources provided. A Government must be created which, holding its power through the consent of the governed, possesses the elements of security and stability.

Behind the Government, to enforce its decrees and to protect it from the attacks of the lawless and the mercenary revolutionist, there must be a loyal, disciplined military force, well equipped and well supplied. Only thus can Russia rise from the ashes of the incendiarism of the Bolsheviki. To this end we must give her every assistance. But we must have definite information to guide us. Force of circumstances has compelled us, heretofore, to act largely on theories. The way is now open to ascertain facts. A friendly, rational Government has arisen in Siberia out of the chaos of the past two years. If it is assisted in time, it may well prove one of the most powerful guarantors of the peace which will be made at Versailles. To obtain the necessary facts, a commission should be sent through Russia, from Vladivostok westward, as far as it can penetrate, to study the problem from all angles. This commission should be headed by a man of wide experience in governmental affairs, in creating and putting in operation the agencies of government; a man who knows armies, how to recruit, build, and equip them; a man with a keen insight into human nature, a keen judge of political conditions.

The great importance of the work places a heavy burden of responsibility on him who selects the personnel and him who is selected. But the type of man that suggests itself is that of Major Gen. Crowder, who possesses the necessary experience, the training combined with signal ability. General Crowder's great service in executing the Draft act is of common knowledge. His previous service was equally distinguished. He formed the military government in the Philippine Islands and was in charge of that government for three years; he was one of the organizers and officials of the Provisional Government of Cuba in 1906, serving until 1909. He possesses a knowledge of the Far East, obtained not only through his Philippine service but in the Japanese-Russian war, in which he was for eighteen months the senior military observer with the Japanese Army. On the face of his proved record, it would seem difficult to find a man, in the service or out of it, who possesses in a higher degree the essential qualifications for such a task.

A commission composed of men of General Crowder's ability and knowledge could render invaluable service to Russia and to ourselves. Through aiding in her reconstruction, the commission would prove a potent agency in securing for Russia the sound fruits of her revolution, and in guarding for the Allies the security of the future for which such a heavy price has been paid.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Perilous Demand for Justice.

Prince Lichnowsky, who at least once has shown enough of honesty and intelligence to be a reminder that he is a Pole, and not a German, has chosen to disappoint reasonable expectations by joining in the absurd German outcries against the "severe," "cruel," and "unjust" terms imposed on their vanquished foe by the victorious Allies. The man who not only saw but denounced the lies about the beginning of the war that were accepted by the great mass of the German people as soon as the need of a defense of their brigand raid was realized, now either is, or pretends to be, equally stupid with regard to the armistice. Probably it is only pretense, for it is impossible to believe in the inability of the Prince not to see that the terms formulated by Marshal Foch are neither severe nor cruel, and that if they are unjust it is only because they inflict so much less than the deserved punishment on a people who have proved themselves to be the enemies of the human race.

What Germany Would Have Taken.

It may or may not be true that the late Albert Ballin, when he heard, just before his death, the terms of the armistice, declared them far less onerous than the Allies had a right to impose, and of astonishing generosity in comparison with what the Germans would have done in case of victory. If he did not say it, however, he might have done so with perfect truth, for, of course, if Germany had won, she would have carried out the plans with which she entered the war, and it is unthinkable that she would have been content, as were the Allies, with rendering incapable of attacking her the countries she had vanquished.

Herr Ballin was quoted as having declared that she would have occupied London and Paris, and incorporated in her Empire all the lands and all the peoples west of the Urals. Can anybody doubt it? But there is nothing of that sort in the armistice, and condemnation of the crimes committed by Germany is only to be inferred from her deprivation by it of the weapons with which to attempt those same crimes again.

It has pleased Prince Lichnowsky to imagine a harshness of which there are no signs in the document against which he protests. That is a waste of time that he could employ more profitably, and of a reputation that might have served well his country and himself had he been wise enough to maintain it.

There Is No Council of Councils.

It is amusing, it is more than amusing, to see the haste with which all of the many groups into which the German population is divided by opinions or occupations are organizing into "Soviets" or "Councils," each for the protection and advancement of its own interests against those of everybody else. We laugh when waiters and actors and grave professors of science and history and theology thus cluster together, but there is a serious side to the phenomenon—it shows that no common cause is uniting the people of Germany, and that each group too much distrusts the ambitions and the purposes of the others to assume that any of them has higher aspirations than the advancement of its own power and prosperity.

In Russia, where the Soviet idea came to its first blossom and fruit, there is no pretense of working for or desiring the general advantage. The avowed object is to replace one tyranny by another, and only the proletariat is to be free or even is to live at all. The Germans of no rank are as frank as that, but there is no unanimity of hope and desire among them unless it be an underlying yearning for the conditions of the past, when all except the very lowest and the very highest had the joy of avenging the brutality of those above by treating with brutality those below.

Many of them have always expressed resentment of the restrictions under which they lived, but it was a resentment much like that felt in some other countries against "the capitalists"—a feeling not at all incompatible with a next to universal wish to be a capitalist and fading quite away as soon as that end is attained.

The Kaiser knows his people, and there is basis for his feeling that all is not yet lost, even if honor is.

The Wild Cat Division.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your excellent tabulation of the American Expeditionary Force, published Sept. 8, 1918, you refer to the 30th Division as the "Wild Cat Division."

This is an error, the wild cat having been adopted as the insignia of the 81st (National Army) Division in May, 1918. It has recently been officially approved by the Commander in Chief, American Expeditionary Forces.

The 81st Division adopted this device because it was organized at Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C., on the banks of Wild Cat Creek.

C. D. ROBERTS,
Colonel, General Staff, U. S. Army, Chief of Staff, 81st Div.
France, Oct. 26, 1918.

Need for War Relief Work.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am sure I speak for the many thousands of Knights of Columbus in Greater New York when I acknowledge our gratitude for the generous manner in which you have assisted the drive for the United War Fund in this district. In your news and editorial columns you have given the drive the strongest support and, in my opinion, you succeeded in emphasizing to the public the great importance of maintaining on a more efficient basis than ever the war relief work which the Knights of Columbus and the other agencies co-operating for the benefit of the soldiers are engaged in.

W. P. LARKIN,
American Director, K. of C. Overseas Activities.
New York, Nov. 23, 1918.

AN ATROCITIES COURT.

J. H. Hammond Proposes a Special Tribunal of Neutral Jurists.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Would it not greatly facilitate an equitable settlement of the political and economic issues to be considered at the peace conference if the Allies should stipulate that, before the conference met, there should be created a tribunal to sit as a criminal court for the trial of those responsible for the unspeakable atrocities committed during the war by Germany and her allies?

The court might be made up of distinguished jurists of neutral countries; and the matter to be heard would be the evidence brought in support of specific charges against named persons.

Perhaps the best arrangement in regard to punishment would be that where a charge was held to be proved the convicted man should have the sentence executed upon him by his own people according to the criminal law of his own country.

The decision of such a court would not be directed to gratifying a spirit of revenge, but to affording a noteworthy example of stern justice to serve as a warning to any future advocate of frightfulness.

If the perpetrators of atrocities are to go free, if their responsible directors are to be given asylum in any civilized country, the great task before the peace conference of setting up a new and better dispensation—for mankind will be intrigued by the sense of bitterness which unpunished barbarity cannot fail to engender in the most humane spirit.

With the certainty established that justice was to be meted out to whomsoever, high or low, an impartial court had solemnly declared to be guilty, the discussions at the peace conference would assume a tone uninfluenced by an intolerable indignation in face of unrequited infamy.

Any doubt on this point would steel the heart of each allied delegate against any effort to temper justice with mercy, either in the interest of expediency or in response to a sentiment of compassion for the noncombatant populations of the enemy countries.

JOHN HAYS HAMMOND.
Gloucester, Mass., Nov. 21, 1918.

Remarkable Tides on Nov. 18.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your issue of Nov. 19 contained this paragraph:

"The south wind caused an unusually high tide. Many of the ferry bridges were lifted until vehicles had to go up a sharp incline to make the boats, and in some cases the water flooded the ferry houses."

Your issue of the 20th reproduced a dispatch from Quebec, dated Nov. 19, which read in part as follows:

"The tidal wave * * * swept up the St. Lawrence last night, causing damage estimated at $1,000,000. Part of the village of Batiscan was submerged by the flood tide."

The above accounts went on to ascribe the abnormal tides to the south and east winds, which, of course, had an effect, but there were two other unmentioned causes—the moon and the low barometric pressure.

The moon was full Nov. 18, and it is a familiar phenomenon that, other things being equal, tides always run higher and run lower at full moon. Frequenters of the seashore may have noticed that this makes a difference of, say, a couple of feet as compared with moon at the quarter. On the 18th, then, wind and moon favored an exceptional high tide.

On Nov. 18 my barometer showed a sea-level reading of approximately 28.7 inches, perhaps, with one exception, the lowest I have ever happened to observe. When the barometer is low—that is, when the air pressure on top of the water is lessened—the water tends to rise. In support of this let me quote from William M. Davis's book, "Whirlwinds, Cyclones, and Tornadoes," where he speaks of this phenomenon in the Bay of Bengal:

"The diminished atmospheric pressure about the storm centre allows the heavier surrounding air to lift the water, and for every inch that the mercury falls in the barometer the water will rise a foot, * * * and if a strong tide conspire with these other causes, a great flood is produced."

The same rule that works in the Bay of Bengal works in New York Bay, I should think.

CHARLES VEZIN, Jr.
Yonkers, Nov. 22, 1918.

King Edward and the Victory.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Now that the war has ended and the nations are earnestly striving to determine upon whom to bestow the laurel wreath for the most valuable service to the cause of democracy, let us pause to determine whether a greater man than Wilson, Lloyd George, Clemenceau, Foch, Haig, et al. has not come and gone from the world, leaving behind, by his keen foresight, the solid foundation on which alone it was possible for democracy to stand and conquer. True, the nations were unprepared, but he had broken the bands of suspicion and distrust, and they were able to get together without indecision, by which alone the first mad rush of the Teutonic hordes was stopped in its tracks. No more should he be known as Edward VII., the "First Gentleman of Europe," but Edward, the "Savior of Democracy."

With almost uncanny wisdom and forethought, this truly royal monarch perceived and undertook, single handed, to bring to naught the schemes of his nefarious nephew. To a hostile France he came as a suitor, and France gathered him to her generous heart and accepted his pledge of lasting friendship. He smiled on Italy, and that warm-hearted people were shaken in their none too popular regard for their Teutonic allies. He perceived the Kaiser's wooing of Spain and answered that by giving his niece as consort to Alfonso. He sent his son, the present King, as his envoy to the great Indian Empire and Dominions and tied the Japanese Mikado to him with the bands of a strong alliance. Not for naught did the Kaiser complain of his masterful uncle, whom he feared and hated.

Alone and practically unsympathized with, Edward laid the foundation of the world's salvation. Germany herself has not hesitated to blame him for her plight. Is it not time that a grateful world should accept Germany at her word in this? And, if it must erect monuments and victory arches, let it not forget to honor the greatest figure that has occupied the stage in the last century; the man whose elegant kid glove has outworn the mailed fist—Edward, by the grace of God the "Savior of Democracy."

B. WINCKLER.
New York, Nov. 21, 1918.

Proper Names in Alsace.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a friend of Alsace-Lorraine, will you allow me to have a little space in your paper to acquaint the public with the spelling and approximate pronunciation of some of the cities of that country, as they are spelled and pronounced by the non-German inhabitants:

German.	French.
Metz.	Metz, (pronounced Mess.)
Strassburg.	Strasbourg, (pronounced Strasboor.)
Zabern.	Saverne, (a as in fat.)
Mulhausen.	Mulhouse, (pronounced Muleooze.)

There is no doubt that it would give great joy to the Alsatians and Lorrainers who live in this country to see and hear these names pronounced and spelled as they should be; for instance, Metz pronounced with a "t" means defeat and slavery. Metz pronounced Mess means victory and joy. This name can be pronounced without difficulty by all.

EMMA VIGNAL BORGLUM.
Norwalk, Nov. 20, 1918.

BULGARIANS AS FIGHTERS.

Evidence of Atrocities Discussed by the Minister at Washington.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If the horrible deeds related by Ward Price in his correspondence from Vranja under date of Oct. 20, and published in The Times of Nov. 19, are true, every right-minded Bulgarian ought to feel ashamed and indignant that there could have been Bulgarian officers to allow or order such crimes, and Bulgarian soldiers to execute them. The condemnation passed by the correspondent upon Bulgaria would be fully justified, and the least that the Bulgarian Government could do would be to bring to trial the guilty parties and mete out to them the punishment they merit. This should not be difficult to do, as, in Ward Price's words, "the names of the Bulgarian officers directly responsible for these butcheries are known." A searching investigation should be made by an inter-allied and Bulgarian commission of the alleged facts, and if their truth is established justice should be allowed to take its course.

In saying this I do not mean to imply that I, for one, consider the testimony adduced by Ward Price unimpeachable. The chief witnesses of what is alleged to have happened at the village of Surdulitsa are naturally the peasants, and in addition to their testimony we have that of a gypsy, who is said to have been one of the many gypsies employed in burying the butchered men. I do not know what reputation gypsies in America have, but in the Near East they are universally looked upon as great liars, and their readiness for perjury when it suits their interests is proverbial. Ward Price was shown a gully and a little wood, where he was told the devilish work had been carried on for three whole months, and in a little stream bed in the gully he saw "moldy human bones still lying about." Houses in which the doomed men were locked up before their execution and hundreds of graves said to be those of men cruelly stabbed or bayoneted to death were also pointed out to him. His information about two villages, which he says "were probably the worst martyred of all," was derived "from the Serbian municipal officials and the principal inhabitants of Vranja, several of whom were there all through the Bulgar occupation." As Price himself in the beginning of his letter declares that this "cold-blooded butchery" had for its object the extermination of "the intellectual class" and the "killing of every one in the parts of the country they occupied whom they thought capable of maintaining the national spirit of Serbia," one is surprised to see that he really found at Vranja municipal officials and principal inhabitants who evidently belonged to the intellectual class (for he spoke in French or German with them) alive to tell him the story of their sufferings.

This is the evidence that Ward Price brings. Whether it is conclusive, I leave to the judgment of every fair-minded man to decide. The sight of a little wood, a gully with some human bones, some houses and graves, with nothing else but the testimony of unnamed peasants and a gypsy, can hardly justify a final decision in the matter. It is only when these witnesses have been submitted to a strict cross-examination can the truth or falsehood of their testimony be established.

One word, before I conclude, about your editorial of Nov. 20, where, among other evidence of Bulgarian barbarity, you cite that of Mr. William G. Shepherd. I do not know what this gentleman has written on the subject or on what his opinion is based. In his letter to The Times of Nov. 18 he says: "The opinion I gained in the Balkans, while I was with the British, French, and Serbian armies there, was that he [the Bulgarian] was the most desperate and cruel of the Balkan peoples." The proof of it? Here it is: "I lay for six weeks in a hospital in Saloniki next to a British officer, who had been nerve-shocked and almost maddened by the shrieks and bloody bayonets of the Bulgars." Whether those shrieks were uttered and those bayonets used in the murder of innocent people or in the attack upon the enemy in the trenches, we are left in ignorance. I have seen statements in the press here which lead me to believe that "the Yanks" also are in the habit of yelling when charging the enemy with their bloody bayonets; but far be it from me to call them "most desperate and cruel." I have also seen statements by British and French military men recognizing the Bulgarians as clean fighters.

S. PANARETOFF,
Bulgarian Minister.
Washington, Nov. 22, 1918.

Staten Island's Fine Record.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In fairness to Staten Island, may I call attention to the fact that the Borough of Richmond (which has led all the other boroughs in the percentage of its quotas subscribed in the Liberty Loan and Red Cross campaigns) is the only borough which has exceeded its quota in the United War Work Campaign, and also that the amount of the Staten Island subscriptions of the Victory Boys and Victory Girls thus far is, not $10,000, as reported, but $28,000, being nearly double the per capita amount reported for the entire city. Surely such a record deserves some recognition even though Staten Island is the smallest borough of the city, but not one of the New York papers, I believe, has ever mentioned Staten Island's report.

WILLIAM G. WILLCOX,
Chairman, Borough of Richmond.
New York, Nov. 22, 1918.

BLIND.

Blackness!
  Not night
  That breaks to day and light;
Not the soft darkness
  That heralds sleep.
Blackness!
  I cannot weep.
I'm lost, forever lost, in blackness!

Blind!
  Not a dream
  Through which will come a gleam
Of friendly morning
  And the cheery day.
Blind!
  Horrible to say—
That I am blind.

Never to see
  The little daily things,
  The blue of sky and water,
  The nod of leaves
Upon a drowsy Summer tree,
  The miracle of sunset,
  And the deep night's stars.
  Yes, that is it—the stars!
God, who gave light,
  Give me the stars!

But wait!
  What do I hear?
  What thought rings clear
Within my tortured mind?
  A world beset
By darkness, blindness,
  And yet
Redeemed by those like me—
From night set free,
  Turning through sacrifice and pain
Toward dawn,
New born.
  God, I see!

FLORENCE G. BEARD.

ACCLAIMS FREEDOM OF MIDDLE EUROPE

Dr. Butler Tells of the Aspirations of 50,000,000 Long Held in Check by Autocracy.

PEACE HAILED IN CHURCHES

Dr. Schulman Warns Against the World Becoming the Sporting Ground of Anarchy.

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, who spoke at a service of Thanksgiving of the liberated nationalities of middle Europe at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine yesterday, where the flags and representatives of the European peoples freed by the Allies formed part of a religious procession, traced the march of liberty from the position which it has reached by the overthrow of the Central Powers back to the signing of the Declaration of Independence.

"Can you imagine the spirits of Washington and Franklin, Hamilton and Jefferson, and Madison and Adams and Lee and Sherman and all the rest of the great company of fathers—can you imagine their spirits looking down and giving their blessing from their place of eternal rest?

"This is the accomplishment of the American Revolution. This is the accomplishment all over this world of the principles which have made Great Britain free, and France free, and Italy free, and America free, and which have now been able to make free this splendid company of more than 50,000,000 of human beings, to whom freedom has so long been denied.

"It is not often that one may witness the birth of a nation. But these nations have not been dead. By a tyrannical control, by a military autocracy, by a despotic power, their bodies and their souls have been held separate. Their bodies lay prostrate under giant domination and were bound hand and foot. But their souls were free. Their spirits were at large in the hearts and minds of their men and women and children who are bearing their standards today. Those souls were immortal and could not be killed. The bodies might be in chains, but the souls could not be reached by military autocracy, nor could the spirit be broken. What we celebrate and sing, what we give thanks for to Almighty God, is that we have been permitted to make possible, to join in making it possible, for those souls of nations to return to their bodies, to unite them once more in a real personal existence so that they may no longer be names, no longer be aspirations, no longer be distant and unfulfilled hopes, but that now they are accomplishments on the pages of human history, where the record of freemen is written.

Work of Unselfishness.

"We stand at the summit of a mountain and what we look upon is a land of invitation, a new land of opportunity, but a new land with its own serious problems and grave difficulties. Liberty is not a name. Liberty is not something to be plucked from a tree like ripe fruit. Liberty is something to be labored for, something to be understood, something to be appreciated, something to be protected, something to be defended. Liberty is not license; liberty is not the privilege to do each one as he pleases or to take each one what he wants. Liberty is rather an opportunity to live freely in common with other men and women, to discipline ourselves to an understanding of brotherhood, of service, of community feeling, and to help build about us a great common structure, not of selfishness, but of service."

The Rev. Dr. Howard C. Robbins, Dean of the cathedral, who preached the sermon at the liberation exercises, said of the war and its results:

"It was as though the Creater had summoned us to watch while he broke the world in pieces and fashioned it anew. We have seen God reveal himself again as a God of judgment and as a God of justice. This is the most essential meaning of these tremendous months. Half of the things in that old ruined order cried out to him for judgment and for justice. He planted into the hearts of all oppressed and persecuted nationalities that love of country, that consciousness of nationality, which is the very seed of liberty. He watched long for it to grow. He does not reckon time as short-lived man must reckon. He let them water the seed of freedom with tears, with the sweat of labor, and with the blood of sacrifice. But, when the time was ripe, he spoke as the God of judgment and justice, and the whole earth was shaken. He has seen the sorrows of many nations. Today he has given them their reward."

Proud of America's Part.

In his sermon of thanks for the war's end at the Temple Beth-El Dr. Samuel Schulman said yesterday:

"We will be called upon to see now that the world does not become the sporting ground for anarchy. We fought to make autocracy an impossibility for the future, but as a self-governing people, which has learned by experience the indispensableness of the marriage of liberty to law, we equally detest mobocracy.

"In order to win the war we have given the world a matchless example of efficiency. America can well be proud of what it has accomplished in a year and a half. To make possible that efficiency, many sacrifices of liberty and rights were demanded and temporarily made with cheerfulness, but we would make a mistake if we thought that the change of Government and the suppression of America's habitual thinking, made necessary by war, are things that deserve permanence.

"In helping the world to achieve liberty and lifting weak peoples to their feet, that they might freely and proudly walk in independence, we did not intend to become so enamored of our military processes as to content ourselves with the forms of self-government, while the spirit was crushed. There is a great challenge in the present situation to the American spirit."

Bishop Luther B. Wilson of the Methodist Episcopal Church, who returned recently from six months at the battlefront in France, preached yesterday at the Chelsea Methodist Church, 178th Street and Fort Washington Avenue.

A Tribute to Our Allies.

"If a nation ever had a right to be proud of its soldiers," he said, "the homes of America have a right to be proud of the sons whom they have sent to the battle line in France, and in my praise of the sons of America I include those of the navy, for every man on a warship has been on the battle line every moment. It is the testimony of the French officers that the sons of America were absolutely reckless of self interest in battle and this did more than any other act to break the heart of the German Army. And there has been nothing finer than the fortitude of our men when wounded. A surgeon, who said that he had handled hundreds and thousands of our wounded boys, told me that, except when they were under the influence of an anesthetic, he had never heard them moan. I myself have seen hundreds of the wounded and have never heard a querulous word from any of them.

"As for the French infantryman, I have seen him under many circumstances, but never when his face was not toward the foe. He has been putting his shoulder under the world's burden and his sword was unsheathed never to be replaced until civilization was saved forever.

"And of Great Britain, I want you to remember the Grand Fleet, guarding not only the shores of Great Britain but also the shores of America and the shores of human civilization."

Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, who preached at the Free Synagogue at Carnegie Hall, pleaded against treating Germany in a spirit of vindictiveness, and said:

"Reparation, restoration, and the fullest guarantees for their accomplishment must be demanded, for they are just. We must not be mushy or soft in our demands, and I don't believe the terms of the armistice would be called soft or mushy, but vindictiveness must be put aside."

LVOFF PREDICTS NEW ERA IN RUSSIA

Prince Declares His Country, Struggling with Bolshevists, Will Rise Again.

WARM PRAISE FOR WILSON

Tells Guests at President Butler's Dinner That Russia Awaits Development by American Capital.

President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University gave a dinner in his home last night to thirty guests in honor of Prince Lvoff, Premier in the First Provisional Russian Government, who came to this country early this month to present to the State Department his ideas upon the rehabilitation of Russia. Prince Lvoff also was President of the Union of All-Russian Zemstvos and Municipalities.

Dr. Butler, at the dinner last night, proposed a toast to the health of Prince Lvoff and to the welfare of the Russian people, and Prince Lvoff said in reply:

"I am sincerely touched by your cordial welcome and by the feelings which you expressed to me. I attribute them all to the deep feeling of sympathy that you have for the Russian people and for my native land. I think the friendly relations that exist between the democracies of the United States and Russia are facts that do not require any corroboration.

"In the peace terms of your President, the leader of democracy all over the world, not only special attention was given to Russia, but a particularly cordial disposition was manifested. I may assure you that these feelings are reciprocated and are deeply rooted in the hearts of both nations, and I would like to emphasize them.

"These feelings have their origin in the very foundation of the physical and moral realm. We are the only two nations which possess sufficient land for our inner development. We have an ample amount of fertile soil and natural resources. By the character of their population both nations are eminently democratic. True, you are far ahead of us in your political development and in economic culture, but notwithstanding long years of political oppression we have not remained behind in moral development and the Russian people have contributed to the treasures of the world rich spiritual gifts.

"As far as it concerns the economic question, our resources are awaiting American capital and organized labor. We have many characteristic traits in common which bring us closer together. Deep religious feelings, love of peace, and the combination of high ideals with a practical mind. All these traits indicate that under conditions of free development, our paths in the progress of the world would lead in the same direction.

"We are divided by the ocean, but distance that separates friends only serves to strengthen the ties of sincere friendship. I am absolutely convinced that now, when the principles for the future life of all nations have been laid down, when the moral forces of all nations will have new possibilities to manifest themselves, the United States and Russia, like true democracies in spirit, will find many points in common in the general cause.

Reign of Brute Force Over.

"We cannot deny that the trials through which all the world has passed have created great spiritual treasures which predetermine the course in the future and which reveal attractive perspectives. I consider the high moral attitude which has been taken by your democracy and by your wonderful President in international relations one of the most important factors. It signifies that the reign of brute force must forever pass and reveals a new era of spiritual co-operation for free and universal democracy.

"My country at present is passing through terrible calamities; her conditions are unbearable, owing to the long oppression of imperial autocracy and to the fanatical idea of a universal socialistic revolution. It could scarcely be otherwise when we consider some of the negative traits of the Russian people which were diligently cultivated by the previous régime. There might be various reasons for this, but the fact remains that there is complete anarchy in Russia at present. It is the result of the destructive activities of the Bolsheviki—people who dream of a universal upheaval, who have set themselves to forcefully raise a universal socialistic revolution, and to attain the ideals of communism. True, these ideals suffered a complete moral failure in our country, but the destructive force—finding support from outside—continues to act and to threaten the world with the greatest calamity.

Expects Russia to Rise Again.

"But I do not want to dwell on such sad thoughts just at the moment when the patient is showing signs of convalescence. I firmly believe and do not doubt for a moment that the true and positive qualities of the Russian people are alive, that they will conquer the disease, that Russia will rise a healthy and sound nation, and that she will work for the welfare of humanity. I will not speak about the measures that must be applied to a convalescent patient, but I believe that the brothers will support the friend who has been exhausted by a severe disease.

"The hour is near when, after the blood of 4,000,000 of the sons of my native land has been shed for the glorious ideals of liberty, the triumph of universal peace, freedom, and truth will be celebrated.

"It is impossible that Russia should fail to be invited to that celebration. America and Russia decided the fate of the war—Russia at the beginning, America at the end.

"Now, we are all holding to one banner of liberty and universal democracy, where shine the guiding stars of America, and I firmly believe that nobody's conscience will be quiet if Russia's broad, working hand should be forced away from that banner—to which she convulsively clings, bleeding to death—to which she prays with deep faith for universal salvation.

"I lift my glass to you—men of accomplishment in the sphere of endeavor, of thought and of spirit—as to true friends of Russia, and I drink to our joint work for the welfare of humanity."

Choral Recitals at Columbia.

Columbia University yesterday announced the inauguration, on the first Sunday in December, of a series of choral recitals by a semi-professional choir at the conclusion of chapel services, which are held at 4:15 in the afternoon. Between forty and fifty picked singers, the men soloists selected from New York churches and the women from schools of the university, will give a program of educational and religious music of the various schools from Palestrina to the modern Russian school. The Columbia University Chorus, which has been temporarily suspended because of the university's war activities, probably will resume practice next week.

GEN. BIDDLE IS HONORED.

Entertained with Admiral Robinson at Australian Club in London.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—The Australian and New Zealand Club of London gave a luncheon today to Major Gen. John Biddle, commanding the American forces in the United Kingdom, and Rear Admiral S. S. Robison, who took the place of Vice Admiral Sims, the latter being absent in Scotland, assisting in taking over the surrendered German warships.

The toast to the King, coupled with the name of President Wilson, was proposed by Sir Thomas Robinson, Agent General for Queensland.

General Biddle, in replying to the toast to "Our Guests," referred to the qualities, physical and temperamental, in which Americans and Australians resembled each other. After dwelling on the great part in the war played by the British dominions, General Biddle emphasized the enormous contribution of the British Isles in men and treasure. The treatment of American soldiers in England, he said, had been wonderful.

Admiral Robison recalled Australia's hearty welcome to the American fleet some years ago.

YALE KEEPS TO PLAN.

No Sign Yet of a Change from Army to Academic Course.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 24.—Although rumors are current that Yale will be reorganized the first of the year on the basis of a university of fine arts, instead of continuing on a military basis, it is announced that examinations for admission to the university will be held here Dec. 16 to 19, and that the next term in the school year, revised to meet the requirements of war training, will begin on Dec. 30. No further examinations for admission to the university will be given before the annual papers are presented in June for the next school year.

No definite word has been received from the Government changing the present schedule under the present Student Army Training Corps, although a modification is possible before the examination papers are presented.

Before that date the members of the present corps, which has been devoted to artillery study, will have an opportunity to obtain commissions by passing examinations and it is expected that many of the corps, which now numbers about 600, will leave the institution. The artillery battalion was organized nearly four years ago and the university has been during that time the only institution of its kind which has prepared undergraduates to receive commissions through their artillery study.

The naval and laboratory units at the university are not expected to undergo change of scope at present.

SAW CLOUDS FORM CROSS.

Appeared as Leinster Sunk Over Spot Where She Was Torpedoed.

DUBLIN, Oct. 18.—Over the sea where the Dublin mail boat Leinster was sunk by a German torpedo in the Irish Channel, Oct. 10, with the loss of about 480 lives, a great white cross was seen in a clear sky by residents of the Dublin coast, they aver. Canon Pim, rector of Christ Church, Kingstown, sent the following statement to The Irish Times:

"On Saturday afternoon last there was a bank of cloud on the horizon and against a clear sky above it there appeared for some moments the form of a great white cross of absolutely perfect shape. It was seen by at least four members of my own household, as well as by other people.

"One of the witnesses described it to me that it had seemed to him first as if there were a great cloud figure with outstretched arms which assumed the form of a cross, and as the sharpness of its outline passed it seemed to be full of the faces of men and women. It was just, as it were, over the place where the disaster to the Leinster happened.

"One presumes to offer no explanation, but it was certainly there, and at least it was a symbol of surpassing comfort."

PLACED 2,500,000 MEN.

Employment Service's Record from January to October This Year.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Approximately 2,500,000 workers were directed to jobs by the Labor Department's Employment Service from the time of its organization last January to Oct. 30. The service also announced today that the number of its offices had been increased from ninety to nine hundred.

There will be a continued demand for the services of the agency in the placement of men mustered out of the army and navy, and the placement of all workers. The War Department and War Industries Board are co-operating with the service, in order that demobilization and cancellation of war contracts may proceed gradually and in proportion to the ability of peace industry to absorb the workers.

Klein-Frisch.

Dr. Joseph J. Klein, senior member of the firm of Klein, Hinds & Finke, and Miss Janet R. Frisch were married yesterday at the home of the bride's brother, Rabbi Ephraim Frisch, 140 Claremont Avenue, by Rabbi Frisch and his father-in-law, Rabbi Henry Cohen of Galveston, Texas. Dr. Klein is an author of several books on acounting and has been a lecturer at the College of the City of New York and New York University. He served as an expert in the Council of National Defense. Mrs. Klein is a graduate of Cornell University.

Engagements.

The engagement is announced of Miss Roberta Kirkpatrick of Atlantic City to Dr. Ralph Gerard Morris of Brooklyn, at present tenor soloist of the First Baptist Church in Manhattan.

Another engagement recently announced is that of Miss Ruth B. Feingold of 3,133 Broadway, Manhattan, to Henry H. Gelles of Brooklyn.

Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Schenker of 930 Park Avenue, New York, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Esther Beatrice Schenker, to Samuel J. Kaplan.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Albert of 857 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Florence Albert, to Walter L. Lipman of New York.

Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Lindenstein of 216 West 100th Street have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Frances Lindenstein, to Bernard Meyer, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Meyer.

DRAWS UP PROGRAM FOR WORLD LEAGUE

Committee Headed by W. H. Taft Wants an Executive Body to Control.

WOULD GUARD AGAINST WAR

Provision for "Overwhelming Economic and Military Force" in Case of Threatened Outbreak.

A league "aiming at promoting the liberty, progress, and fair economic opportunity of all nations, and the orderly development of the world" is the goal of the League to Enforce Peace, and a "Victory Program," calling for the formation, at the Peace Congress, of a League of Free Nations with judicial, administrative, and executive powers and functions, was announced yesterday. No attempt is made to fix upon the details of world organization, but the principles are offered as the basis for discussion and criticism by all organizations and persons favoring international co-operation. The platform asserts that the welfare of each nation must rest upon the strength of the whole, that the initiating nucleus of the membership of the league should be the nations associated as belligerents in winning the war, and that it should ensure peace by eliminating causes of dissension by deciding controversies by peaceable means, and by uniting the potential force of all the members as a standing menace against any nation that seeks to upset the peace of the world. The platform continues:

For this purpose it is necessary to create:

1. For the decision of justiciable questions, an impartial tribunal whose jurisdiction shall not depend upon the assent of the parties to the controversy; provision to be made for enforcing its decisions.

2. For questions that are not justiciable in their character, a Council of Conciliation, as mediator, which shall hear, consider, and make recommendations; and failing acquiescence by the parties concerned, the league shall determine what action, if any, shall be taken.

3. An administrative organization for the conduct of affairs of common interest, the protection and care of backward regions and internationalized places, and such matters as have been jointly administered before and during the war. We hold that this object must be attained by methods and through machinery that will insure both stability and progress; preventing on the one hand, any crystallization of the status quo that will defeat the forces of healthy growth and change, and providing, on the other hand, a way by which progress can be secured and necessary change effected without recourse to war.

4. A representative Congress to formulate and codify rules of international law, to inspect the work of the administrative bodies and to consider any matter affecting the tranquillity of the world or the progress or betterment of human relations. Its deliberations should be public.

An executive body, able to speak with authority in the name of the nations represented, and to act in case the peace of the world is endangered.

The representation of the different nations in the organs of the league should be in proportion to the responsibilities and obligations they assume. The rules of international law should not be defeated for lack of unanimity.

A resort to force by any nation should be prevented by a solemn agreement that any aggression will be met immediately by such an overwhelming economic and military force that it will not be attempted.

No member of the league should make any other offensive or defensive treaty or alliance, and all treaties of whatever nature made by any member of the league should at once be made public.

Such a league must be formed at the time of the definitive peace, or the opportunity may be lost forever.

The platform was drafted by a special committee of which William H. Taft, President of the league, was Chairman, and the following men were members: A. Lawrence Lowell, President of Harvard; Oscar S. Straus, formerly Minister to Turkey; Theodore Marburg, formerly Minister to Belgium; Hamilton Holt, Talcott Williams and William H. Short of New York, and Glenn Frank of Boston. The platform has also been accepted by the New York League of Free Nations Association.

WAR CROSS FOR OWENS.

France Honors ex-New York Policeman and 19 Men of Unit.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—Twenty members of the section of the American Army Ambulance Service commanded by Lieutenant Martin Owens, formerly a New York policeman, have been cited in a divisional order of the French Army and awarded the War Cross with silver leaf.

Sergeant George H. Lowe, Lieutenant Owens's assistant, has been promoted to a First Lieutenancy.

General Pershing, early in September, congratulated Lieutenant Owens, M. Mathis and Stephens Drouser, all of the Fordham University Ambulance Unit, for heroic rescues under fire. The General said:

"It is gratifying to the Commander in Chief to have such men, who are ever ready to voluntarily risk their lives and to face the greatest dangers for the sake of others, numbered in the American Expeditionary Forces."

ROBERT A. BUTLER ACCUSED

Democratic State Committeeman Arrested on Burglary Charge.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y, Nov. 24.—Robert A. Butler, a Lehigh Valley conductor and Democratic State Committeeman for the Third Monroe Assembly District, was arrested tonight on charges of burglary and grand larceny. It is alleged he has admitted participating in three raids on the Rosenberg Brothers' clothing factory, from which about $25,000 worth of clothing and cloth has been stolen in the last six months.

The loot was taken to Buffalo, and Robert Roscoe and John McCafferty, who are alleged to have helped Butler dispose of it there, are under arrest, as are two Buffalo liquor dealers.

Secretary Lansing a Guest Here.

The Secretary of State and Mrs. Lansing were guests for luncheon yesterday, on their way back from Watertown, N. Y., to Washington, of Mrs. Samuel McRoberts at 125 East Seventy-second Street, as was also Mrs. John W. Davis, the wife of the newly appointed Ambassador to Great Britain. Mrs. Davis spent the week-end with Mrs. Roberts.

TELLS OF RELIGION IN ARMY.

Chaplain Lawson Says There Are No Atheists in Front Line.

Chaplain F. W. Lawson of the 302d Machine Gun Battalion, who was wounded twice while in the Vesle sector and in the Argonne Forest, told of his experiences last night in the Judson Memorial Church, in Washington Square. He spoke of the good feeling which existed between Protestants, Jews, and Catholics in the army. "One of my best friends," he said, "was a Jewish Sergeant."

"I doubt if there is such a thing as an atheist," said Mr. Lawson. "At least there isn't in a front line trench. The American soldier is religious, and it is not uncommon to see him sitting on a stone or under a tree reading his Bible or prayer book. A census of all American soldiers in France was taken as to what they considered the three great sins, and these were, in the order of their importance, cowardice, selfishness, and conceit."

Chaplain Lawson praised the work of the relief organizations in France, and said that he had once met one of his former professors at Princeton in a Y. M. C. A. hut handing out cookies and cigarettes.

The kind of a citizen that the returned soldier will be depends largely upon the people here, Mr. Lawson said. "The American soldier is fundamentally a bigger man than when he left home, and he has bigger ideas of democracy. The subjects about which the soldiers talked most to me when we were alone were social justice, clean politics, and an honest, clean-cut Church."

OPPOSES REDFIELD'S IDEAS.

Congressman La Guardia Says America Must Seek New Markets.

Major Fiorello H. La Guardia, army aviator and Representative in Congress from the Fourteenth New York District, said last night in his address at the Public Forum of the Church of the Ascension that he believed there would be no more great wars, because the spirit of conquest and imperialism, which had had so long a career in the world, was finally crushed with the downfall of Germany.

Speaking of America's future in export trade he said:

"We must give thought to the seeking of new markets to dispose of the vast quantities of merchandise which we produce to keep industries running, to keep wages compatible with living conditions and to prevent standards of living from going back. In this I do not agree with Secretary of Commerce Redfield, whose attitude is that we should not seek out new markets, but sit back and await developments."

Major La Guardia said that there was no Bolshevist menace in this country, because the average man was a man of intelligence.

FIND U. S. OFFICER DRUGGED

Lieut. Doyle, Long Reported Missing, Arrested with a Woman.

Lieutenant James Doyle, 29 years old, of 1,871 Morris Avenue, the Bronx, attached to the 9th Company, 3d Battalion, at Camp Upton, who was reported missing twenty-nine days ago, was arrested last night in an apartment in West Seventieth Street by detectives on the staff of Captain Dominick Henry. With him they arrested a woman, who said she was Mildred Terry, 21 years old, of 200 West Seventieth Street, on a charge of felonious assault and of violating the section of the Penal Code making it a crime to give narcotics to soldiers.

The detectives said Doyle was semi conscious when they found him. They took him to his home, where he was treated by an army surgeon and kept under military guard. The woman said she had formerly been an assistant cashier at a large hotel. Information regarding the Lieutenant's disappearance was refused last night at his home.

HOT WATER TANK EXPLODES

Man Killed and Two Women Injured in Home of George Coe.

The explosion of a hot water tank in the kitchen at the home of George Coe, an insurance broker, 1,015 Park Avenue, yesterday morning, killed one man and injured two women, all servants in the house. The man was Frederick Brady, and those injured were Jeane Dow, the cook, who is in the Presbyterian Hospital with contusions and lacerations, and Mary Sullivan, kitchen maid, who was taken back to the Coe home after her injuries had been dressed at a hospital.

The house is owned by Lewis G. Morris. It was about 11 o'clock yesterday morning while the cook was preparing dinner that the tank, attached to the kitchen range in the basement, let go with a roar that was heard for several blocks.

The explosion shattered all the windows in the basement and tore out the frame of the dumbwaiter leading to the first floor. Slugs of iron from the boiler flew in all directions in the kitchen. Calls were sent to several hospitals and a group of ambulance surgeons worked over Brady in vain.

RAISE DARTMOUTH SALARIES

College Trustees Recognize the Inadequacy of Present Stipends.

HANOVER, N. H., Nov. 24.—The Trustees of Dartmouth College at a special meeting today recorded their recognition of the inadequacy of the salaries of college professors and instructors and their determination to readjust salaries at Dartmouth at the earliest possible moment. It was voted to make immediate increases in the compensation of several members of the Faculty.

In this connection Trustees said that as one of the beneficiaries under the will of Mrs. Russell Sage the college would receive not less than $500,000. It is understood that this will be added to the endowment, the income to be used in strengthening the Faculty.

It was announced that Dartmouth undergraduates, who had left college to join the army and who purposed to return to their studies would receive scholastic credit varying from one term to one year, according to the length of their service. Men discharged from the service will be permitted to re-enter college at the beginning of any term.

Andrew Carnegie 83 Today.

Andrew Carnegie is 83 years old today, and in accordance with his custom he will spend the day quietly at his home at Fifth Avenue and Ninety-first Street. For many years before the war it was his custom to spend the Autumn at Skibo Castle, in Scotland, but poor health and difficulties of ocean travel caused him to abandon the journey, and he bought Shadowbrook, at Lenox, Mass. His health has been good for several months, although he had several attacks of illness about a year ago. As usual he will play clock golf on the lawn at his home this afternoon, and the only observance of the day will be a dinner tonight at which a few of his friends will be present.

WILL INVESTIGATE MOONEY PROSECUTOR

Grand Jury at San Francisco to Take Up District Attorney's Activities.

UNIONS THREATEN STRIKE

Organizations, in Various Parts of Country Talk of United Action in Protest.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 24.—The San Francisco County Grand Jury will begin an inquiry tomorrow night into alleged irregular conditions pertaining to the administration of justice by the office of District Attorney Charles M. Fickert, as charged Friday by John B. Densmore, Director General of the Federal Employment Bureau, in a report addressed to Secretary Wilson. Densmore has been subpoenaed by the Grand Jury.

Part of the report dealt with Fickert's activities in the prosecution of Thomas J. Mooney, now under sentence of death in connection with the Preparedness Day bomb explosion, in which ten lives were lost.

Machinists' unions of San Francisco and Oakland, and the Boilermakers' and Iron Shipbuilders' Union of Oakland voted today to strike on Dec. 9 as a protest against the execution of Mooney.

The machinists sent a telegram to President Wilson urging him to use his influence in behalf of Mooney before sailing for Europe.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 24.—Union boilermakers voted today in mass meeting to go on strike unless a new trial or pardon is granted Thomas J. Mooney. Union street car men will vote tomorrow on the strike proposal.

BOSTON, Nov. 24.—Announcement of a meeting of the officers of thirty unions affiliated with the united Hebrew trades of Boston on Thursday, to discuss the advisability of calling a general strike as a protest against the carrying out of the death sentence upon Mooney, was made tonight by Max Hamlin, Secretary of the central organization. The unions have a membership of about 30,000.

Edward F. McGrady, former President of the Boston Central Labor Union will go to Washington this week to confer with international officers of several unions regarding the Mooney case. He said today:

"If Mooney is put to death, I am afraid that it will mean the birth of a Bolshevist movement in America that will be impossible to control. The workers know that Mooney did not get a fair trial."

GIVE TO AID MOONEY.

Socialist Meeting Raises Fund to Send and Finance Speakers.

At a Socialist meeting in the New Star Casino, held last night under the auspices of the East Harlem Agitation Committee in interest of the radical labor movement to prevent the execution of Thomas J. Mooney in San Francisco, hung a sign which read:

"Red? Verboten. Herr von Hlen."

Henry Fruchter, who presided, adverted to Mayor Hylan's prohibition of the display of the red flag in the streets of New York as an autocratic act, and declared the gathering would not submit to "Eugene V. Debs dying in jail," nor to the execution of Mooney. William Karlin said labor interests abroad refused to have anything to do with Samuel Gompers, though he did not mention Mr. Gompers by name. The same speaker charged that John D. Rockefeller was trying to keep American soldiers policing Europe. George R. Kirkpatrick called Gompers "the Rip Van Winkle of the labor world," asserted Germany was the best-educated nation on earth, and protested that the Kaiser should have been arrested for his crimes. The crowd of some 2,000 contributed $112.88 in Mooney's interest after the Chairman said he wanted to send speakers throughout the country "so we can catch up with Russia."

Will Protest in Mooney's Behalf.

A call for a meeting in Cooper Union on Thursday evening, Dec. 5, to protest against execution of the sentence of death upon Thomas J. Mooney, convicted of complicity in the Preparedness Day murders in San Francisco, was sent out yesterday by the Central Federated Union. Frank J. Walsh, Joint Chairman of the War Labor Board, has been invited to address the meeting.

BROKE UP RED FLAG PARADE

Demonstration at Minneapolis Prevented by Soldiers and Civilians.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 24.—The red flag demonstration advertised to be held here this afternoon, to prevent which Governor Burnquist last night ordered out State troops, did not take place. An effort was made to stage a parade, but soldiers and civilians soon broke it up and tore up several signs demanding the "release of political prisoners" carried by the marchers.

A crowd of several thousand persons assembled at Gateway Park, where a meeting was to have been held. The soldiers prevented any disturbances.

CHINA TO DESTROY OPIUM.

1,200 Chests to be Burned in Deference to Allied Representations.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, Nov. 23.—The Government has decided to destroy the remaining stocks of opium in Shanghai in deference to Anglo-American representations. Three hundred chests have been sold, and 1,200 will be burned in presence of the allied representatives, the Government making a virtue of necessity.

The Parliament has telegraphed congratulations to the American, British, Belgian, French, Italian, Japanese, and Portuguese Parliaments.

The von Kettler Memorial is being torn down. The material will be used in the erection of a monument in the central park in commemoration of the allied victory.

FOR CONTROL IN JERSEY.

Richards Declares Frelinghuysen and Baird Are Fighting Edge.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 24.—"United States Senators Joseph S. Frelinghuysen and David Bird of New Jersey are attempting to wrest the control of the State from Governor Edge," declared State Senator Emerson L. Richards of Atlantic County, in explanation of the fight to keep him from taking his seat in the terminating year of his term. "It is a case of one Republican trying to deprive another Republican of the office to which he was elected by the people, because he happened to place his services at the disposal of the National Government."

At a Republican caucus in Trenton last week the right of Senator Richards to retain his seat was raised on the ground that he had surrendered his Senatorial prerogatives when he accepted a commission in the army. A committee was named to obtain legal opinion on the matter and to report on Tuesday. Senator Richards, who is a lawyer, said he assumed the report would be unfavorable because it was easy to procure an opinion to fit any given case.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

KLEIN—FRISCH.—Mrs. Hannah Frisch announces the marriage of her daughter, Janet Ray, to Joseph J. Klein on Sunday, Nov. 24, in the City of New York.

MEEHAN — EMANUEL. — Mr. Jonas F. Emanuel announces the marriage of his daughter, Helen E., to Mr. Leonard J. Meehan, Thursday, Nov. 21.

Died.

BACON.—On Sunday, Nov. 24, 1918, at 116 East 64th St., Elizabeth Henshaw Bacon, daughter of the late Daniel Dorham Bacon and Mary D. Bacon. Services will be held at her late residence, on Tuesday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock. Boston papers please copy.

BENJAMIN.—At her residence, Irvington-on-Hudson, on Sunday, Nov. 24, 1918, Mary Isabel, wife of the late Rev. William Henry Benjamin, D. D., and daughter of the late John Kearny Rodgers, M. D. Notice of funeral hereafter. It is earnestly requested that no flowers be sent. Paris and Philadelphia papers please copy.

BILBROUGH.—William H., of Elmira, N. Y., at Roosevelt Hospital, Saturday, Nov. 23, 1918. Funeral services in the chantry of Grace Church on Monday afternoon, Nov. 25, at 2:30 o'clock. Elmira papers please copy.

CLARKE.—Anna M., aged 33 years, on Saturday, Nov. 23, 1918, beloved daughter of Louise Ammann, at her home, 166 Weirfield St., Brooklyn. Funeral private, Wednesday morning.

COHEN.—Israel B., on Sunday, Nov. 24, aged 51 years, devoted son of Dora and the late Morris Cohen, and dearly beloved brother of Jennie Schlossberg, Pauline Epstein, Elias, Louis, Joseph, and the late Rachel Davis. Funeral from his late residence, 1,340 Madison Av., Tuesday morning, Nov. 26, at 10 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

COLDEWEY.—On Oct. 10, killed in action in France, Lieutenant George Coldewey, elder son of August and Marie Coldewey and beloved husband of Sophia Boscher Coldewey. Notice of memorial service later.

COLEMAN.—Rose McAlister, beloved wife of the late John Caldwell Coleman. Funeral Monday, Nov. 25, at the Chapel of St. Luke's Hospital at 11:30 A. M.

COLWELL.—On Saturday morning, Nov. 23, John S. Colwell, beloved husband of Louise and father of Louise H. Colwell, Isabel Colwell, John Colwell and Florence Colwell-Carey. Funeral from his late residence, 1,129 Fulton Av., Bronx. Requiem mass at St. Augustine's Church, 167th St. and Franklin Av., Monday, Nov. 25, at 9:30 A. M.

CUSHMAN.—Sallie R., after a lingering illness, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. George Lockhart Darte, 447 Fort Washington Av., widow of the late John Thompson Cushman of Albany, N. Y., and daughter of the late Colonel William T. and Eliza Boxley Fourqureau of Halifax County, Va., in the 61st year of her age. Services at her late home on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment in Rural Cemetery, Albany, N. Y. Richmond, (Va.) Providence, (R. I.,) and Wilkes-Barre papers please copy.

DELIGDISH.—H., beloved husband and father, 85 Stuyvesant Av., Brooklyn. Funeral from his late residence, 10 A. M. today.

EDWARDS.—On Nov. 23, Martin Nevius, aged 77, of apoplexy, beloved father of Harry C. and Florence A. Edwards. Funeral private.

FERGUSON.—William C., Jr., at Ridgefield, Conn., Nov. 24, in the sixteenth year of his age, son of William C. and Edith Van Dyck Ferguson of Garden City, L. I. Funeral notice later.

FITZPATRICK.—Suddenly, Nov. 20, at Albuquerque, N. M., William Gill, beloved husband of Bessie, son of Mary Raleigh and the late J. G. Fitzpatrick and brother of Jay, Harry, Alexander, and Reginald. Funeral from his mother's residence, 321 Bedford Park Boulevard, Tuesday, Nov. 26. Requiem mass, 11 A. M., Church of St. Philip, Grand Concourse and 202d St.

GALLUB.—Hyman, beloved husband of Kate, father of Simon, Phil, and Mrs. Anna Gasman, Mrs. Fanny Goldberg, Mrs. Celia Buchbinder, and Mrs. Bessie Kaufman. Funeral from his late residence, 25 St. Nicholas Av., at 10 o'clock sharp.

GREENSTONE.—Abraham, Nov. 24, husband of Betsy Greenstone and father of Samuel Greenstone. Funeral Monday, Nov. 25, at 41 Union Av., Brooklyn. Burial Union Fields Cemetery.

HOLLANDER.—Frederick John, died Nov. 23, at his home, 20 20th St., Elmhurst, L. I. Funeral service to be held Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock. Interment at 2 P. M., at Mount Olivet, Wednesday.

HOWIESON.—Suddenly, of pneumonia, at Rochester, N. Y., on Nov. 24, John T. Howieson, beloved husband of Alida S. Bowen, formerly of Flushing, L. I. Notice of funeral hereafter.

JOECKEL.—On Sunday, Nov. 24, 1918, George Joeckel, in his 31st year. Funeral services Wednesday, 1:30 P. M., at his late residence, 165 Halleck Av., Brooklyn. He was a member of Queens Borough Lodge, No. 878, B. P. O. E., and Congenial Club of Brooklyn. Interment Lutheran Cemetery. Survived by Mrs. Rose Joeckel, mother; 4 brothers, 2 sisters.

JOHNSON.—On Saturday, Nov. 23, 1918, John Edgar Johnson, beloved husband of Fanny Hallock Johnson, in his 82d year. Service at his late residence, 105 Croton Av., Ossining, N. Y., Monday afternoon, Nov. 25, at 3:15 o'clock. It is requested that flowers be omitted.

JUDGE.—Harry. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, 66th St. (Frank Campbell's) Monday, 10:30 A. M.

KELLY.—Nov. 24, Loretta Cecile, beloved wife of Henry Kelly, Jr., at her residence, 570 Park Av. Notice of funeral later.

KOELLMER.—Oscar J. Lying in state, THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell's,) Broadway, 66th St.

LEDOUX.—At her residence, 39 West 50th St., New York City, on Saturday, Nov. 23, Annie Van Vorst Powers, daughter of the late William P. and Mary Van Vorst Powers, and for forty years the wife and comrade of Albert R. Ledoux. Funeral from her late residence on Monday, Nov. 25, at 5 o'clock.

LEFFLER. — On Sunday morning at 52 Washington Av., New Rochelle, N. Y., Elsa, aged 31, beloved wife of Leo H. Leffler, and daughter of Mrs. Hugo Lederer. Services at Linden Hill Cemetery, Tuesday, Nov. 26, at 11:15 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

LEMONT.—On Sunday, Nov. 24, at her residence, 440 West End Av., Amelia Cary Lemont, beloved mother of Seward Lemont and Jessie Lemont Trausil and sister of Mrs. George H. Moore; wife of the late Seward Merrill Lemont of Louisville, Ky., and daughter of the late Frederick and Elizabeth Cary Bleyle. Services at Cave Hill, Louisville, Ky., on Thursday of this week.

McNALLY.—Corporal Richard J., Company M, 107th United States Infantry, killed in action, Sept. 29, 1918, in France, beloved son of former Captain John J. McNally and Mary A. McNally. Solemn requiem mass will be celebrated at the Church of Incarnation, 175th St. and St. Nicholas Av., on Wednesday, Nov. 27, at 10 A. M.

MARTIN.—Suddenly, on Nov. 24, 1918, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Karl H. Doodwin, 38 Shadyside Av., Summit, N. J., Ella P. Martin. Funeral private.

MEYER.—Entered into rest Nov. 23, 1918, Christina C. Meyer, (nee Heinbockel,) in her 48th year, dearly beloved wife of William H. Meyer and devoted mother of Marie Sievers. Funeral service at her late residence, 204 East 116th St., Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private, at Greenwood Cemetery.

MOONEY.—On Nov. 23, Mary E. Canavan, beloved wife of Matthew T. Mooney, 146 West 168th St., corner Ogden Av., Highbridge, Bronx. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MORRISON.—On Saturday, Nov. 23, Richard H. Morrison, in his 73d year. Funeral from his late residence, 107 East 91st St., Monday, Nov. 25, at 8 P. M. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

Died.

MUCHEMORE.—On Nov. 22, Mary Elizabeth, widow of Joseph S. Muchemore, in her 73d year. Services at the Chapel of the Home, 104th St. and Amsterdam Av., Monday, Nov. 25, at 11 A. M.

NEWMAN.—In New York City, on Nov. 24, Lura Barden, mother of G. Barden Newman. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway, 66th St., Tuesday morning, 10 o'clock. Interment private. Detroit (Mich.) papers please copy.

PLATT.—At Watchung, N. J., on Saturday, Nov. 23, 1918, Mary Frances, widow of Benjamin G. Platt, aged 68 years. Funeral services from her late residence, on Hillcrest Road, Watchung, N. J., Tuesday, Nov. 26, at 2 P. M.

POPE.—Suddenly, on Sunday, Nov. 24, 1918, Leon N. Pope, beloved son of Anna Pope, (nee Miller,) in his 34th year. Relatives and friends, also members of the Mecca Lodge, No. 210, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 72 Seaman Av., on Monday, Nov. 25, 1918, at 2:30 P. M.

RICE.—On Friday, Nov. 22, Mary Clare Madden, beloved wife of Charles I. Rice. Funeral from her late residence, 222 Park Av., Rutherford, N. J., Monday, Nov. 25, 10:15 A. M. High mass of requiem at St. Mary's Church, Home Av., Rutherford, 10:30 A. M. Automobiles will be in waiting at Rutherford Depot, Erie Railroad, on arrival of 9:30 A. M. train from Chambers St., New York.

RIDGWAY.—James Vandervoort, on Nov. 24, at Summit, N. J., husband of Jessie S. Ridgway, (Nee Pott,) father of Helen Weldig, Philip Stanton Ridgway, and Lawrence Van Brackle Ridgway. Interment at Graceland, Chicago. Chicago papers please copy.

SEAMAN.—Of Bayside, L. I., on Sunday, Nov. 24, 1918, Franklin Townsend Seaman, beloved husband of Anna J. Seaman, son of Dr. Richard F. B. Seaman, in his 36th year. Funeral services at 92 Clifton Place, Jersey City, N. J., on Tuesday evening, Nov. 26, at 8 o'clock. Funeral service at the home of his father at Locust Valley, L. I., on Wednesday, Nov. 27, 1918, 2 P. M.

SLOSSON.—Killed in action, Sept. 29, while in command of Company E, 105th U. S. Infantry, Capt. James S. Slosson, in the 33d year of his age, son of Agnes B. Slosson of Geneva, N. Y., beloved husband of Annette Slosson.

SMITH.—On Sunday, Nov. 24, 1918, Herbert, husband of Emeline J. Smith, in his 65th year. Funeral service at his late residence, 488 Avenue E, Bayonne, N. J., Tuesday at 8:30 P. M.

STERN.—At her residence, 615 West 162d St., on Sunday, Nov. 24, 1918, Henrietta Mussliner, dearly beloved wife of Morris H. Stern and mother of Henry M., Blanche, Jerome, Martha S. Kraemer, Delia Zeiller, Estelle Myers, and Lillian Shane, in her 74th year. Funeral at convenience of family.

THORNE.—In France, Oct. 18, of influenza, 1st Lieut. Howard Olwin, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Howard E. Thorne of Rutherford, N. J. Boston and Yonkers papers please copy.

WAKEMAN.—Frances, daughter of the late Zalmon B. Wakeman and Sarah Ann Fowler, at Southport, Conn., Nov. 23, in her 83d year. Funeral services from her late residence, on Rose Hill, Monday, Nov. 25, at 2 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

WARD.—Horatio Jennings, Morris Av., Mountain Lake, N. J., suddenly, Nov. 23. Funeral services will be held at his late residence Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

WARD.—SONS OF THE REVOLUTION in the State of New York: With regret announcement is made of the death on Oct. 18 of Marquand Ward, killed in action in France, a member of this society and younger son of Judge Henry G. Ward of the Board of Managers.
ROBERT OLYPHANT, President.

WHITE.—Suddenly, at Orlando, Fla., Saturday, Nov. 23, 1918, Addison G. White of 25 Plymouth St., Montclair, N. J. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WOLF.—Philip, beloved husband of Mina and father of David, Abraham, Joseph, Lena, and Sarah, after a prolonged illness, passed away Nov. 24, 1918. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 262 Covert Av., Brooklyn, Tuesday, Nov. 26, 10 A. M.

ZELLER.—Gustav O., suddenly, beloved husband of Lydia Zeller and father of Elsie, Gustav, Richard and Hugo. Services private.

In Memoriam.

DICKEY.—A memorial service for Lieutenant Stephen Whitney Dickey, killed in action in France, will be held on Tuesday, Nov. 26, at Grace Church, Broadway and 10th St., at 5 P. M.

PATZOWSKY.—In everlasting memory of our dearly beloved father, Richard Patzowsky, who died Nov. 25, 1916.

Dr. Louis Delamarre Dead.

PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 24.—Dr. Louis Delamarre of New York, Secretary-General of the Alliance Française of America, dropped dead on the street early today. He was 64 years old, and was a graduate of Sorbonne University, Paris.

Obituary Notes.

HELEN S. BOND, member of the teaching staff of the Southampton (L. I.) High School, died yesterday in the Flushing Hospital of pneumonia. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. A. Bond, and her home was in Keeseville, Essex County, N. Y.

Dr. GUSTAV G. ZELLER of 595 West End Avenue died on Saturday. Dr. Zeller was President of the Egyptian Lacquer Manufacturing Company.

Mrs. FRANCES WAKEMAN, daughter of the late Zalmon Wakeman, died on Saturday at Rose Hill, Southport, Conn. She was born in 1835. Her father was a merchant in this city prior to the civil war.

MARGARET ALICE HARVEY, housekeeper of the Hotel Blackstone, died on Saturday. She was a daughter of the late Edward Harvey, and was born in this city fifty-three years ago.

Mrs. LURA BARDON NEWMAN, a former actress and widow of Frank Newman of Detroit, died yesterday in the Presbyterian Hospital. Mrs. Newman was born in Ovid, Ill., fifty-two years ago. She leaves a son, Lieutenant G. Bordon Newman, United States Marine Flying Corps, at Miami, Fla.

Mrs. ROSE McALISTER COLEMAN, widow of John Caldwell Coleman, died in St. Luke's Hospital on Thursday. She was born in New Haven and came to New York as a bride, living at 167 West Seventy-third Street. While Mr. Coleman was President of the West End Association, Mrs. Coleman was interested with him in civic betterment work.

Mrs. SALLIE R. CUSHMAN died yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. George L. Darte, 447 Fort Washington Avenue. She was 61 years old.

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W. H. TAFT WOULD ACT AS JUDGE OF BASEBALL LAW AND FACT

TAFT GIVES TERMS AS BASEBALL HEAD

Former President Names Conditions Under Which He Would Take Office.

ONLY AS A LEGAL ARBITER

Present Commissioners Not Aware of Movement—Heydler Supports One-Man Idea.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24.—Former President William H. Taft, in reply to an inquiry regarding the proposition made to him to act as arbitrator in baseball disputes, wired The Public Ledger today as follows:

"Waterbury, Conn., Nov. 24, 1918.

"Mr. Hempstead and Mr. Frazee called on me together to ask me if I would consider acting as arbitrator between the National and American Leagues in matters involving the legal construction of contracts between the leagues and their application to transactions between them as they might arise. I said to them that I did not practice law as an advocate in courts, but that I had acted as arbitrator in several cases.

"I said that if they would write me a description of the kind of arbitration in which they wished me to act, and the particular function they wished me to perform, I would consider it and advise them. I could not act except as a judge of law and fact, or in any way take part in the management of their associations.

"It must be work of a strictly legal character. I said, further, that I wished to consult my brother Charles, to be assured by him that he had parted with all interest in baseball properties, so that, should I become arbitrator, no question could arise as to my impartiality between parties contending before me."

Baseball men of the country were almost unanimous in their approval yesterday of a one-man National Commission with William Howard Taft, former President of the United States, as that man, to handle the controversies of the nation's game. The exceptions were two of those who right now enjoy positions on the baseball tribunal.

August Herrmann, Chairman of the present National Commission, characterized the movement to place Mr. Taft in control of baseball as a huge joke. In an interview given in Cincinnati yesterday Mr. Herrmann first pleaded his complete ignorance of the possibility or contemplation of such a move, and then added that it appealed to him most humorously.

Byron Bancroft Johnson, President of the American League, and as such a member of the commission, slipped quietly into New York yesterday and hid himself behind the doors of his hotel. He refused to see any newspapermen and by the same taken refused to discuss the new situation. Persons in charge at the hotel where Mr. Johnson is known to be located, refused to give out any information as to how long Mr. Johnson expects to remain in New York. Mr. Johnson would not answer the telephone, probably because he did not wish to discuss baseball with the new move in view.

Rumors flew thick around baseball headquarters yesterday that Ban Johnson may be deposed as head of the American League at the coming meeting next month. Several owners have publicly declared their opposition to Mr. Johnson acting further. It was said yesterday that Mr. Taft had been offered the place as supreme baseball judge, as a first step in a movement to get rid of Mr. Johnson. H. H. Frazee, owner of the Boston Red Sox, is one owner seeking a new order of things in baseball.

John Heydler, Acting President of the National League, and holder of the third seat on the National Commission, declared that should Mr. Taft accept the leadership of baseball, it would be the most wonderful thing that ever happened for the game. Mr. Heydler gave his unqualified support to the movement. In speaking of the change in baseball legislation, Mr. Heydler said:

"Baseball would benefit greatly should Mr. Taft accept the responsibility offered him. It would do the game tremendous good and would materially aid to settle the many petty wrangles which are now detracting from the worth of baseball."

"A well-trained legal mind is extremely necessary in the conduct of baseball," continued Mr. Heydler. "Many questions arise between the major and minor leagues that are much involved and only can be correctly straightened out by a jurist of experience.

"I am certain that Mr. Taft would do baseball a world of good. I know he could handle the work of the National Commission much better alone than as the commission is now made up. There are few times during the year when the three members of the commission are able to sit together, and most of the cases must be decided by mail. With such an able jurist as Mr. Taft considering the cases sent through the lower legislative bodies, and knowing his lack of prejudice, it is certain that all concerned would benefit. It is baseball's biggest move, and should go through."

Charles H. Ebbets, President of the Brooklyn Dodgers, added his support to the movement started by Harry N. Hempstead, President of the Giants, and Harry H. Frazee. Mr. Ebbets sent a telegram to Mr. Taft saying that he and his associates of the Brooklyn Club earnestly hope that Mr. Taft will accept the office of National Commissioner. Mr. Ebbets assured Mr. Taft of his unqualified support.

BAKER OFFERS SUPPORT.

Owner of Phillies Promises Aid if Taft Accepts.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24.—The following telegram was sent today to W. H. Taft by W. F. Baker, President of the Philadelphia National League Ball Club:

"The Philadelphia National League Ball Club will welcome your acceptance of the position of solo arbitrator or judge in all matters of dispute and claims heretofore brought before our National Commission as constituted today. The change from the present commission of three to that of a single head will entail considerable readjustment, and I will pledge you my support in every way possible if arrangements can be made with you to take over this important task. It will be with much confidence that the club owners, the players and fans will receive and accept your decisions in all matters referred to you."

KRAMER ENTERS LONG RACE

Sprint Champion to Ride in Six-Day Event.

Frank Kramer has been signed up to ride in the international six-day bicycle race at Madison Square Garden during the first week of December. Kramer convinced himself that he was fit for the long grind and decided to enter. For the last three weeks Kramer has been training and finds that his knee, which bothered him last year, is perfectly normal again.

The Bowker brothers, Lester and George, are the most recent entry to the race. It will be their first appearance in New York, but they have ridden in events in Newark and Boston. The Bowker boys are from Inwood, L. I.

CAMP DIX BEATS AVIATORS.

Mineola Airmen Outclassed in Battle at Football.

Camp Dix's gridiron eleven vanquished the Mineola Flyers in a game at Ebbets Field, Brooklyn, yesterday for the National Aeronautic Committee, by a score of 12 to 0. The New Jersey soldiers outclassed and outplayed the birdmen to a greater extent than the score would indicate, but fumbles, with a stiff defense by the aviators at critical moments, prevented a larger score.

Lieutenant Albright, a former Brown player, Fish and Austin, led the way for Camp Dix. The play was principally in Mineola's territory, and the flyers were on the defensive for the greater part of the game.

Lieutenant Albright gave Camp Dix its points through touchdowns in the second and fourth quarters. The second quarter opened with the soldiers on Mineola's 14-yard line, and on the fourth play the former Brown star went through the centre for a touchdown. Fish missed the goal. On the first play in the fourth quarter Lieutenant Albright intercepted a forward pass from Addleman and raced 35 yards for a touchdown. Fish again failed to kick goal.

During the game Sergeant Clarence Coombs, holder of the flight record from Belmont Park to the Statue of Liberty and return, hovered several hundred feet above the field. From his machine he dropped a football, which fell outside the baseball park. It was retrieved, and in the intermission between halves was offered for sale at auction. Clifford Du Temple bought the pigskin for $35. It was autographed by Sergeant Coombs and Captain C. N. Wharton, a former Pennsylvania player, who officiated as linesman.

The lineup:

Camp Dix (12.)	Position.	Mineola (0.).
Powers	L. E.	Pioblet
Mantor	L. T.	Tierney
Lipman	L. G.	Webber
Teetsel	C.	Harney
Harman	R. G.	Hudson
Van Dyne	R. T.	Templeton
Lt. Smith	R. E.	Montgomery
Lt. Albright	Q. B.	McMahon
Fish	L. H. B.	McAvoy
Austin	R. H. B.	Pastel
Sgt. Smith	F. B.	Addleman

Score by periods:

Camp Dix	0	6	0	6	—12
Mineola	0	0	0	0	—0

Touchdowns—Albright, 2. Substitutions—For Camp Dix: Witzel for Harman, Voight for Fish, Captain McKelvey for Austin; for Mineola: Adams for Pioblet, Pioblet for Adams, Wilcox for Pioblet, News for McMahon, Prince for News, Welsh for Addleman. Referee—Boatswain's Mate Burwinkle. Umpire—Mr. Jacklitsch. Head linesman—Captain C. N. Wharton, Pennsylvania. Time of periods—Two of 15 minutes and two of 12 minutes each.

FOOTBALL RULE WANTED.

Middies Fail to Find Right of Awarding Touchdown.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Nov. 24.—The game here yesterday between the Naval Academy and the Great Lakes Training Station elevens has furnished a subject for discussion which may last a long time. While the matter is of no practical moment, as the Naval Academy authorities quickly conceded the touchdown after Substitute Saunders had run from the side lines and tackled Eilson, there is a complete failure here to find any rule by which a touchdown could be awarded as a penalty.

Young Saunders regrets deeply his act, which was done entirely upon the impulse of the moment. He will probably take no further part in athletics at the academy. The touchdown was also awarded directly behind the goal, which made the try easy. It is probable that Eilson would have had to down the ball far to the side.

FORMER CHAMPION BEATEN.

Findlay Douglas on Losing Side in Golf Match.

Frank Hoyt, one of the best of the Siwanoy amateurs, and Herbert Strong won by a margin of 4 up and 3 to play over Findlay S. Douglas, former amateur champion, and Tom Kerrigan of Siwanoy in a four-ball exhibition match at the Engineers' Country Club yesterday afternoon. The match was in the interests of the United War Work Campaign.

Considering the temperature, the course was in excellent condition, and Kerrigan, who had never been over the Engineers' layout before, declared he had never seen such perfect greens. The course covers more than 6,400 yards, and the golfers were put to the test at every hole.

While Strong did the best playing, Hoyt helped out, winning the first hole with a 4. At the turn Hoyt and Strong were 2 up, having a best ball of 39 to the others' 41. The match ended on the fifteenth green, where the opposing teams halved in 5. Hoyt and Strong had a best ball of 7, to 80 for the other pair. Strong made the round in 79, Kerrigan 81, Hoyt 84, and Douglas 88.

VETERAN GOLFERS VICTORS.

Smith and Nicholls Win Close Match at Home Green.

Alec Smith and Gil Nicholls, veteran golf professionals, were extended to defeat the amateurs Oswald Kirkby and T. V. Bermingham, in a four-ball match at the Wykagyl Country Club yesterday. At the end the veterans won by 1 up.

Had it not been for indifferent putting, Kirkby would have had a low score. He had to play practically the best ball of the professionals, as Bermingham was off his game. The professionals won the match on the outward journey, for by the time the turn was reached, they had a lead of 3 up, their best ball being 37 as against 40 for the amateurs.

Coming back, Kirkby and his partner picked up two of the holes, so that going to the home hole, the professionals were dormie. A half in 5 there left them 1 up. Kirkby and Nicholls were credited with individual scores of 77, Smith having 79, and Bermingham being several strokes worse.

HORTON LEADS OVER LINKS.

Has Low Score in Golf Match at Hudson River.

Elijah Horton of St. Andrew's and George Thomson of the Mount Vernon Country Club defeated Al Novak of the home club and Frank Butler of the Kingswood Golf Club, New Hampshire, by 5 up and 4 to play in an exhibition four-ball match at the Hudson River Country Club yesterday. The winners had a best ball of 71, to 76 for the opposition.

Horton had the best individual score of the quartet, 75, while his partner had 76, and Butler and Novak 78 and 80, respectively. The match was for the benefit of the United War Work Campaign.

PROS PLAY GOLF BENEFIT.

Hagan and Anderson Win Easily at Marine and Field.

After the first few holes there was never any doubt as to the outcome of the four-ball professional golf match on the links of the Marine and Field Club yesterday. Jack Hagan of Salisbury and Carl Anderson defeated Fred Galligan, of the home club and Jimmy Crossan of Wheatley Hills 4 up and 3 to play. This match was for the benefit of the home coming wounded and about $100 was raised.

The only time in the match that Anderson and Hagan slipped a cog at the same hole was at No. 2, where Anderson topped his drive and followed that by getting into two bunkers, all of which cost him a 6. Hagan was home on his second shot, but took four putts. Hagan won the fifth hole in 3, a stroke under par. The best ball was 68 to 72.

FOOTBALL MENACE GONE FROM SOUTH

Pittsburgh Extracts Sting from Yellow Jackets in Season's Leading Game.

The Southern football menace, which for the last three years has been exciting followers of the sport throughout other sections of the country, has been wiped out and flung aside almost in the twinkling of an eye. The enviable football record achieved by dint of hard work by Georgia Tech failed to stand up under the wrecking methods adopted by Glenn Warner's Pittsburgh Panthers. In one game Georgia Tech becomes only a team which basked in the limelight of its own supporters and failed miserably when crowded out into the open and given battle by another of mightier mien.

The result of Saturday's contest between Georgia Tech and Pittsburgh was a distinct surprise to New York followers of the game, who had fed up on the potential scoring abilities of the Yellow Jackets and were prepared to see Atlanta eleven fling aside the resistance of Pittsburgh. The Panthers, like the home-town genius, were too well known to be acclaimed. Pittsburgh had gone about piling up football victories over the best teams of the country, with such consistency that gridiron critics were never unduly excited when the Panthers won.

But Atlanta had been sending out news for several years of the wonderful aggregation which could find no opposition worthy of the name. Scores over a hundred were frequent, and the Tech team even rolled up over 200 points in one game. Such speed was unusual and beyond the idea of Northern or Eastern football. The East was ready to be convinced that Atlanta was really the nursery of football genius.

In the game Saturday Pittsburgh tumbled the Heisman theories of football as rapidly as Georgia Tech could advance one. There did not seem to be a scoring play in the bag of tricks brought North by Tech that Pittsburgh could not solve all too quickly. Georgia Tech was smothered, outclassed, and so decisively beaten it probably will take the Southern team three more years to regain its lost reputation.

Georgia Tech failed to make a dent in the Pittsburgh armor in what was probably the most interesting game of the season, and it was the weakness of the Southern eleven which stood out. In the other big attraction of the day the best team of the two in action was beaten, and on the flukiest kind of flukes. The Great Lakes Naval Training Station team won from the Naval Academy players by 7 to 6, but only in the result of the game was the Chicago aggregation entitled to any merit above the midshipmen.

Until three minutes before the game ended the Middies had outplayed their rival collection of individual stars in every department of the game excepting in punting, another accomplishment of Paddy Driscoll hard to equal. The Middies in fact were only four yards from a second touchdown when in a tremendous mixup the ball was dropped by Roberts, and Eilson of the all but beaten Great Lakes team recovered with a free field. He converted defeat into victory rapidly.

Fred Dawson's Columbia eleven continued to keep its supporters smiling by defeating New York University in most decisive fashion. Columbia has not been beaten so far this season, but it tackles its hardest proposition of the year next Thursday when it meets Syracuse at Syracuse. Reports from the headquarters of the up-State farmers have it that Syracuse is making no great plans for the Columbia game, but hopes to hold its strength in reserve for the battle with Rutgers at the Polo Grounds Saturday. If this is so some one had better speak a few words to the Syracuse coach, for the Columbia team of 1918 is an accomplished eleven of power and one that is not to be considered beaten.

Dawson knows a lot about Syracuse. He has seen the up-State team play and he has taught his team a lot of the tricks employed by Syracuse. Columbia students are not half as optimistic about the result of the game as is Dawson.

Pennsylvania made a game comeback in reversing its early defeat at the hands of Swarthmore. Penn now is going along in fine stride and should have no trouble beating Dartmouth in its final game. Dartmouth is worse off than ever, judging from the beating it took from the humble Brown team Saturday at Boston.

AMERICAN GIRL WINS CUP.

Leads Trotters for Season of Racing on Speedway.

American Girl, A. Isaeff's chestnut mare, driven by J. Manning, trotted to a straight heat victory over J. J. Morris's bay mare Grace Worthy yesterday in the final Fall matinée of the Road Drivers' Association on the Harlem Speedway. The victory gives American Girl the trotting championship cup for the year. She compiled the winning total of thirty-four points. R. Jacob's bay mare Kitty Justo, which finished second to Leo A in the 1:11 trot, was runner-up, with twenty-seven tallies, while John Gayton, Jr., was third, with twenty-one points.

The struggle for the pacing championship cup was won by J. Leonard's Silent Sister by a margin of one point over Lustrous McKinney, belonging to M. S. Kearins. Silent Sister had twenty-eight points, against twenty-seven for Lustrous McKinney. In this division E. A. Meckel's Countess Kohl finished third.

Three split heats were furnished in the six brushes which closed the local harness racing season. In the 1:05 pace Lustrous McKinney was forced to three heats before gaining the blue over Moe Aronson's Hal Direct.

The summaries:

1:07 CLASS—TROTTING.			
Catherine P., b. m., (E. Carpenter)	2	1	1
Longwood, b. g., (W. J. O'Neil)	1	2	2
Time—1:10; 1:10; 1:13.			
1:15 CLASS—TROTTING.			
John Gayton, Jr., b. g., (A. Bruno)	1		
Time—1:25.			
1:05 CLASS—TROTTING.			
American Girl, ch. m., (J. Manning)	1	1	
Grace Worthy, b. m., (J. J. Morris)	2	2	
Time—1:13¼; 1:09.			
1:10 CLASS—PACING.			
Silent Sister, b. m., (J. Leonard)	1	1	
Oakland Boy, Jr., ch. h., (B. Dunn)	2	2	
Time—1:17; 1:15½.			
1:11 CLASS—TROTTING.			
Leo A., br. g., (J. A. Barrington)	1	1	
Kitty Justo, b. m., (R. Jacob)	2	2	
Time—1:18½; 1:20.			
1:05 CLASS—PACING.			
Lustrous McKinney, b. g., (M. S. Kearins)	4	1	1
Hal Direct, ch. g., (M. I. Aronson)	1	4	2
Lillian W., ch. m., (J. F. Flaherty)	3	2	3
Countess Kohl, br. m., (E. A. Meckel)	2	3	4
Time—1:08; 1:08; 1:06.			
1:09 CLASS—TROTTING.			
Bessie Baron, br. m., (E. Carpenter)	2	1	1
Gunfire, gr. g., (L. Albano)	1	2	3
Bruno, b. g., (A. Bruno)	3	3	2
Time—1:10½; 1:14½; 1:12.			

HORSE SHOW FOR UPTON.

Soldiers at Camp to Exhibit Prowess as Riders.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, Nov. 24.—A horse show and riding contest will be held on Brigade Field here Wednesday. There are many fine horsemen in camp, and practically all are entered in several of the events.

The program will consist of a drill by the troop, a mule race to be ridden bareback over jumps, bucking contest, dressing race, mounted wrestling on mules, officers' chargers for cup presented by Lieutenant J. Stanley Reeve of the remount depot, packing contest, monkey drill, and half-mile race on the flat for horses owned by the Government.

REMER SETS MARK FOR ONE-HOUR WALK

Veteran Lowers Record Made in 1880 and Beats Time for Eight Miles.

Richard F. Remer, New York A. C. veteran walking champion, yesterday eclipsed two records that have been on the A. A. U. books to the credit of J. B. Clark since 1880.

Starting from scratch on the track at Macomb's Dam Park, in an eight-mile handicap arranged especially to give him a chance at the old marks, Remer covered 7 miles 1,437 yards 4 inches in one hour. This erased the previous record of 7 miles 1,318 yards. Remer's time for the eight miles was 1 hour 1 minute 34 seconds, displacing Clark's mark, which was 1 hour 2 minutes 8½ seconds.

Remer finished twelfth in a straggling field. Thirty-six walkers started with varying handicap allowances, but because of the stiff pace only ten were checked up at the finish. There was some confusion by the officials who were so intent on the remarkable performance of Remer that they paid scant attention to anything else.

Remer seldom has shown greater form. The biting cold weather went disregarded as he plodded along almost like a machine. When his handicapped rivals had been sent on their journeys the veteran walker started briskly to make athletic history. He struck into a fast stride and increased his pace gradually.

Remer had one purpose in view and he never for a moment lost sight of it. He was there to create a new record and he called on every bit of his energy and walking ability to carry him through. His pace, once he struck his fastest gait, never relaxed and at the finish he showed no effects of his record-making walk other than a slight puffing.

Competent Amateur Athletic Union officials were on hand to attend to the details of starting and measuring, and there were at least three timers of recognized ability to hold watches.

The individual prize went to Thomas F. Hickey, of the Pastime A. C., a 54-year-young walker who started with an allowance of 23 minutes and finished first in 1 hour 22 minutes 7 4-5 seconds. The race was held by the Pastime A. C. for the benefit of the United War Work Campaign.

The order of finish follows:

Pos. Name and Club.	Hdcp.	H. M. S.
1—T. F. Hickey, Pastime A. C.	23:00	1:22:07 4-5
2—John Coyle, unattached	20:00	1:19:03
3—O. Weeks, Hollywood Inn A. A.	23:00	1:23:03
4—P. C. Abihil, Pastime A. C.	21:00	1:21:26
5—W. C. Redey, Pastime A. C.	13:30	1:22:37
6—K. Hearns, Pastime A. C.	6:30	1:08:07
7—H. Cohen, American Walkers' Association	15:00	1:16:55
8—A. Jessup, Morningside A. C.	7:15	1:19:14
9—G. Bromley, Pastime A. C.	12:00	1:14:14
10—H. Brady, Pastime A. C.	22:00	1:24:14

HOLL VICTOR IN ROAD RUN.

Final Sprint Decides Opening Event of Bronx A. L.

Sprinting the final 100 yards of his four and one-half mile journey, Charles Holl of the Mohawk A. C. yesterday won the opening handicap road race of the Bronx Athletic League. The chase was held under the auspices of the Mohawk A. C. Holl started with a handicap of 2 minutes 30 seconds and crossed the finish line a winner by about ten yards, in 25:32.

Holl covered ground rapidly, so that when Macombs Dam Park was reached for the last leg of the race he had crept up to within challenging distance of Charles Beagan, who was leading. In the dash to the tape Beagan was unable to keep up with the fast traveling Holl.

The order of finish:

Pos. Name and Club.	Hdcp.	Actual Time.
1—Charles Holl, Mohawk A. C.	2:30	25:32
2—C. Beagan, St. Anselm's A. C.	5:00	28:06
3—Frank Power, Mohawk A. C.	2:45	26:05
4—Frank Wilson, Mohawk A. C.	2:00	25:57
5—J. McGuinness, Mohawk A. C.	2:00	25:58
6—T. O'Connor, St. Anselm's A. C.	2:00	26:00
7—J. Brooks, Mohawk A. C.	2:00	26:06
8—S. Bennett, St. Anselm's A. C.	5:00	29:13
9—W. Boak, Mohawk A. C.	3:00	27:25
10—J. Flatley, St. Anselm's A. C.	4:00	28:34
11—J. Primoshic, St. Anselm's A. C.	5:00	29:50
12—R. Brand, St. Anselm's A. C.	2:00	27:15
13—F. Titterton, Pastime A. C.	Scr.	25:17
14—J. Kurtzo, Pennant A. C.	5:00	30:31
15—E. Baum, Pennant A. C.	5:00	30:38
16—J. Loscar, St. Anselm's A. C.	Scr.	25:40
17—F. Hutchko, St. Anselm's A. C.	5:00	31:35
18—J. Bailey, St. Anselm's A. C.	5:00	33:00
19—N. Dorzio, Pennant A. C.	5:00	33:50
20—A. Levy, St. Anselm's A. C.	5:00	33:58

STOKELEY IN FRONT AGAIN.

Athlete Keeps Up Winning Record in Harlem Road Run.

William Stokeley of the St. Christopher Club registered his seventh consecutive road-running victory yesterday in the series being conducted by the Morningside A. C. over a Harlem course of four and one-half miles. Stokeley set the pace from start to finish, and won by more than 400 yards from W. Jackson, a clubmate. Stokeley's time was 24:25. Ten runners started, and seven finished.

The order of finish:

William Stokeley, St. Christopher Club, 24:25; W. Jackson, St. Christopher Club, 24:49; E. Lehman, Morningside A. C., 24:58; E. Kallivas, Morningside A. C., 27:33; G. Thompson, High School of Commerce, 27:55; J. Winnick, Kings County A. A., 28:13; J. Jeszeck, Morningside A. C., 29:03.

M'VOY LEADER AT TRAPS.

Has High Score in Regular Sunday Shoot of N. Y. A. C.

The first month of Sunday shooting at the Travers Island traps of the New York Athletic Club came to an end yesterday. It brought to a close the November shoot on both the tournament and the Byronel trophies. There was a tie in each event. On the shoot off, the former trophy was won by W. R. Delehanty. The Byronel Cup was taken by G. W. Derrick.

A leg on the Red Cross Cup, a three months' trophy, was won by M. McVoy, Jr. He had the only straight string of 25 targets made during the day. McVoy also had the satisfaction of being the high scratch gunner of the day with a card of 92 out of a possible 100 targets.

The scores:

Name.	Red Cross Cup.	Tour. Cup.	Byr'l Cup.	Scr. and Handicap Cups.
J. M. McLoughlin	2 22	2 25	4 46	85 8— 93
F. Ham	3 25	2 24	5 46	86 14—100
W. R. Delehanty	5 25	5 24	12 48	76 22— 98
D. L. Culver	2 24	2 20	4 50	88 10— 98
E. H. Locatelli	6 25	6 22	12 41	62 20— 82
G. W. Derrick	2 25	3 25	6 50	91 14—100
G. H. Martin	1 25	0 21	2 47	90 8— 98
J. I. B. Bristol	6 21	6 20	12 45	62 22— 84
E. B. Anderson	3 20	3 24	6 45	77 12— 89
M. McVoy, Jr.	0 25	2 25	4 48	92 8—100
W. G. Allen	3 21	3 25	6 40	75 12— 87
N. R. Tirrell	6 23	6 20	12 45	64 20— 84
H. K. Curtis	0 23	0 22	0 47	92 0— 92
R. B. Cole	3 25	3 25	6 46	85 15—100
Z. Rogers	2 25	2 24	4 45	86 12— 98
R. M. Owen	3 25	3 25	6 49	89 12—100
B. L. King	0 18	0 13	0 31	62 0— 62

MORSE VICTOR AT SOCCER.

Dry Dock Team Defeats New York Eleven, 3 Goals to 1.

Furnishing a complete surprise for the soccer talent, the eleven representing the Morse Dry Dock & Repair Co. of Brooklyn vanquished the New York Football Club by 3 goals to 1 in the second round of the cup competition of the Southern New York State Football Association at Lenox Oval, yesterday.

The Longfellows of Brooklyn earned a place in the semi-final round of the New York State Cup competition for the War Fund by defeating the Prospect Football Club by 3 goals to 0 in the second game of the double-header at Lenox Oval. By half time the Longfellows had practically clinched the victory, thanks to goals by Irvine and Lomas.

Clan MacDuff's soccer eleven obtained the verdict in the Combination League match at Leavit Park, Flushing, against the Queen's Rangers by 1 goal to 0. Siegel, from the left wing, shot the only goal of the game.

The Macomb's Athletic Club's soccer team won from La Sultana team by 4 goals to 1 in the Combination League game at Recreation Park. Callahan shot three of the goals and Donnelly one for the Macomb's A. C.

Speaking of evening clothes, ours speak for themselves.

They're ready to sit with you at any festive board on short notice. Neither you nor we will be ashamed of their appearance. Price about half a fine tailor's.

Every Evening Elegance!

Dress overcoats.
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Suits Which Awaken Thanksgiving Thoughts

EXAMINE them—you will find that you have much to be thankful for.

* *

An imported Saxony, or a cheviot, or a tweed that smacks of the $100 tailor.

* *

A business suit or a cutaway, with the trimness and easy grace of finest made-to-order clothes.

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An evening suit presenting refinements you have thought inseparable from the highest-

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* *

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44th and Broadway 1363 Broadway 58 Nassau 150 Nassau
20 Cortlandt 30 Broad 42nd and Fifth Ave.

Clothes at: 30 Broad, 241 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 42d and Fifth Ave.

WITH AMERICAN AVIATORS IN FRANCE, Sept. 20, (Correspondence of The Associated Press) ". . . . the aviators went silently to their quarters for their great, heavy Arctic clothing. In the turn of a hand they were back on the field, swathing and swaddling themselves to the eyes, tucking chocolate in their pockets (for they get hungry up in the air), or breaking open a fresh package of chewing gum, which helps to alleviate nervousness, and has a steadying effect."

—*NEW YORK TIMES.*

Please remember some soldier boy over there received that package of your favorite Adams gum, when you found it missing from the counter. If you can't get Adams Black Jack, try Adams California Fruit, Adams Pepsin, Adams Yucatan or any other Adams brand.

ADAMS

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Adams Black Jack
Adams Chiclets
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Adams California Fruit
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Adams Clove

Send a Stick in Every Letter to Your Soldier Boy

8,000,000 WOMEN IN RED CROSS WORK

Association Values Their Output of Supplies in 12 Months at $59,000,000.

VAST AID TO THE ALLIES

Surgical Dressings and Refugee Garments Contributed to Them Total 227,236,548.

The American Red Cross issued yesterday its final report covering the activities of the organization during the last seventeen months. This last section of the report deals with the work of about "8,000,000 patriotic American women—the volunteer industrial army of the American Red Cross—who have backed the cause of justice and humanity." The value of the output of hospital and other war supplies which these women produced in the last year is placed at about $59,000,000.

The report, which summarizes the vast work accomplished by these millions of women, is as follows:

"During the last seventeen months the patriotic women of the American Red Cross have produced a total of 291,004,000 necessary articles, as follows: Surgical dressings, 253,196,000; knitted articles, 14,089,000; refugee garments, 1,464,000; hospital garments and supplies, 22,255,000.

"Working with raw materials valued at $40,000,000, these women produced finished articles valued at $59,000,000 during the last year alone.

"The American Red Cross has become one of the world's greatest manufacturing concerns, having over 8,000,000 active operatives, many of whom have now become skilled workers, after months of arduous, loving labor. Of all the articles produced by these patriotic women perhaps none are more welcome than those which are knitted, as is attested by the numerous letters of appreciation from the men in khaki and navy blue, both here and overseas.

"Practically every one of America's soldiers who have crossed the Atlantic in liberty's cause has carried with him some of the knitted articles furnished by the Red Cross. These consist of socks, mufflers, helmets, and wristlets. All the men in the camps on this side who are in need of knitted articles will be similarly equipped this Winter, and many soldiers of our allied armies and thousands of refugees in the war-stricken districts will also be so equipped.

Vast Supplies to Allies.

"That the American Red Cross has not forgotten our brave and valiant allies is shown by the following shipments, made during the last year: France, a total of 180,064,733 surgical dressings and refugee garments; England, 2,275,895; Italy, 44,303,352; Serbia, 200,294; Russia, 262,238; Palestine, 40,036; with a gross total to all of these countries equaling 227,236,548 garments of various sorts.

"With only a few hundred thousand women actively engaged in chapter production work prior to our entry into the war, this number soon swelled until today we have over eight million conscientious, hard-working volunteers in the Red Cross organizations of America.

"Under an agreement entered into with the Medical Department of the army last March, the Red Cross makes a large quantity of surgical dressings for the army with materials which the Medical Department furnishes. No similar arrangement has been made with the navy, but the Red Cross has furnished many ships and numerous naval hospitals with chapter supplies, by approval of the Surgeon General of the Navy.

"Hundreds of millions of yards of gauze, a hundred million yards of fabric, and millions of pounds of yarn have been made up into dressings, garments, and knitted articles by these 8,000,000 workers since America entered the war.

"The Red Cross Department of Supplies recently placed orders for 20 000 000 buttons and 250,000,000 yards of thread, thus getting the very lowest market prices.

Kept Uniforms Repaired.

"In connection with their other duties, many women of the chapters have undertaken the repair of soldier uniforms and clothing for the Reclamation Division of the Quartermaster's Department of the army.

"With a view to increasing the number of supplies available and as economically as possible, the Bureau of Chapter Production is constantly experimenting in the manufacture of substitute materials for those which are hard to obtain.

"Many suggestions are received and considered regarding the change of standards in supplies, but all such changes are made, however, as the result of direct authorization from the foreign commissions of the Red Cross.

"In presenting this resumé of the activities of the American Red Cross, the War Council wishes to assure the millions of women who have thus nobly chosen to work for the cause of freedom and our men in the field that their work is fully appreciated and that no mere words are capable of describing the good which they have accomplished, both here and abroad."

The report concludes with a reference to the future work of the American Red Cross, and adds that "all who have come in contact with these loyal patriotic workers" know that the great tasks ahead will be accomplished.

JEWISH CONGRESS TO MEET.

Administrative Committee to Fix Date Tomorrow for Session.

The Administrative Committee for an American Jewish Congress will meet tomorrow to fix a new date for the congress, to which delegates were chosen in general elections held more than a year ago and which is to deal with the subject of the revival of the Jewish nationality in Palestine and the question of guaranteeing equal rights for Jews in all the European countries in connection with the peace settlement.

The congress was to have been held about a year ago, but, owing to our country's entrance into the war, was postponed. Since the signing of the armistice the congress organization, which has offices at 1 Madison Avenue, has resumed its former activities. The Chairman of the Executive Committee of the American Jewish Congress is Nathan Straus. The Chairman of the Administrative Committee is Colonel Harry Cutler. Adolph Lewisohn is Treasurer. Among the elected delegates are Louis Marshall, Julian W. Mack, Mrs. Joseph Fels, Adolph Kraus, Victor Rosewater, Oscar Straus, Henry Morgenthau, Marin A. Meyer, Julius I. Peyser, Cyrus L. Sulsberger, Jacob H. Schiff, Louis Kirstein, Dr. Stephen S. Wise, and S. M. Techheimer.

The Carib Floated, Undamaged.

The American freight steamship Carib, which went ashore off Point Lookout, Long Island, on Thursday night, has been floated and reached Quarantine yesterday afternoon. She was not damaged, as the weather remained calm during the three days she was fast on the sandbank.

TO DISCUSS MILK COSTS.

National Commission Will Look Into Present High Prices.

The New York Milk Committee announced yesterday that, in order to determine the actual cost of the production and distribution of milk and to ascertain whether the high price is justifiable, the National Commission on Milk Standards will meet in the Morrison Hotel in Chicago on Sunday, Dec. 8, the day before the session of the American Public Health Association. The call for the meeting was issued by Stephen G. Williams, Chairman of the New York Milk Committee. Those who will participate in the meeting are:

Dr. Carl L. Alsberg, Chief, Bureau of Chemistry, Washington, D. C.; Dr. John F. Anderson, New Brunswick, N. J.; Dr. B. L. Arms, State Board of Health, Jacksonville, Fla.; Dr. W. A. Evans, Chicago; Dr. Charles J. Hastings, Medical Officer of Health, Toronto, Can.; Professor E. V. McCollum, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore; Dr. J. N. Hurty, State Board of Health, Indianapolis; Dr. J. S. Neff, Narberth, Penn.; Dr. Charles E. North, New York; Dr. E. C. Levy, Captain, U. S. A., Camp Pike, Arkansas; Dr. William H. Park, Director of Laboratories, Department of Health, New York; R. A. Pearson, Department of Agriculture, Washington; M. P. Ravenel, Lieutenant Colonel, U. S. A., Camp Kearney, California, formerly Department of Preventive Medicine, University of Missouri; Professor M. J. Rosenau, Major, U. S. N., Brockton, Mass., formerly Department of Preventive Medicine and Hygiene, Harvard University; Professor H. C. Sherman, Department of Chemistry, Columbia University; Dr. L. L. Van Slyke, Agricultural Experiment Station, Geneva, N. Y.; H. C. Wells, State Health Commissioner of Delaware, and Dr. William C. Woodward, Commissioner of Health, Boston.

A committee to call upon Mayor Hylan today to ask him to continue his efforts for an inquiry into the price of milk was appointed at a meeting held yesterday at the east side headquarters of the United War Work Campaign at 89 Avenue B. The meeting was called by Mrs. Louis Glucksman, a member of a district school board, who explained that many reports had been made to her by school teachers that children not properly nourished were deficient in their studies.

TO KEEP WOMEN ON CARS.

New York Railways Company Also Will Give Jobs Back to Soldiers.

The New York Railways Company yesterday announced through its occasional publication, The Green Car Traveler, that it would not only offer work to its 613 employes who entered the service, but that it would also retain the women who were employed to fill the men's places. The announcement reads:

> A job and a welcome to our men—613 of our employes are in Uncle Sam's service. When they come home they will find not only a hearty welcome—but their jobs. And our more recent employes will also be retained. The war so reduced our forces that there will be work for men, old and new—even more.
>
> Thanks to the women, it has been possible to keep up this service during the war; and we shall need them even after our men return. We believe the great riding public appreciates their services as fully as we do.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt said yesterday in discussing the labor situation which would result when soldiers returned to their former places which had been filled by women during their absence:

"The economic necessity of some women is quite as great as that of many men, and it is necessary that woman be protected in their right to work, and to work at good wages. I hope every corporation will be able to re-employ its men without discharging its women, or at least without discharging them before they are able to find work elsewhere. Of course, a good many women went into work for patriotic reasons, and will return to their homes now that the war is over. But I am sure that there are many thousands of women who must work, and who ought to be protected."

Miss Mary Garret Hay said: "The New York Railways Company has set a good example, which we hope other corporations will follow. Of course, it is a question which every corporation must adjust for itself, but we hope that each one that has taken on women will be able to keep them."

TO GIVE WIRELESS TESTS.

Weagant Promises a Complete Exhibition of Discoveries Next Summer.

Complete tests of the invention of Roy A. Weagant, which, it is assserted, eliminate static interference in wireless telegraphy, will be made next Summer, Mr. Weagant said yesterday, in reply to the suggestion of Professor Michael I. Pupin of Columbia University that the real value of the device could not be determined until it had been tested before disinterested scientific men. "I am skeptical when it is claimed that the static problem is completely solved," Professor Pupin said.

"We are going to make the tests that Professor Pupin calls for during next June, July, and August," Mr. Weagant said. "They cannot be made immediately because nobody would accept tests made in Winter, when there is much less static electricity to contend with than in Summer. I cannot say yet where the tests will be made, but they will be carried out in the presence of disinterested scientists. In all probability Professor Pupin himself will be invited to attend."

PROVOST GUARDS HERE.

Men of New Body Can Arrest Any Person for Military Offense.

Soldiers of the Provost Guard are patrolling the streets of New York for the first time in the war. It was learned yesterday that the military authorities had recently ordered the military police discontinued and had authorized the organization of a provost guard here, under command of Major Thomas, with headquarters at Center Street and City Hall Place, but it is not known what emergency had brought about the change. Maj. Gen. J. Franklin Bell, commander of the Department of the East on Governors Island, who was said to have established the guard here, could not be reached last night. Nor could a statement be obtained from Major Thomas, and none of the other officers cared to discuss the reasons for withdrawing the military police.

The distinction between this purely military guard and the police is that the guard may make arrests of either civilians or soldiers for military offenses, and these prisoners must be taken before an army tribunal instead of the civil authorities.

An unofficial explanation of the purpose of the Provost Guard is to the effect that its members are carrying out the War Department's plan to prevent men deserting from the cantonments and camps and returning without leave to their homes because of the signing of the armistice and the consequent cessation of military training. The guards are also doing general police work, such as maintaining order and keeping a general surveillance over men in uniform, preventing the sale of intoxicants to soldiers and sailors and are arresting all civilians found smuggling liquor to men.

One of the guards said the military detail had been put here because of the difficulty policemen found in handling soldiers in case of trouble in the streets.

"In disputes between soldiers and civilians city policemen found it difficult to manage the man in uniform," said a guard. "The man in military uniform sometimes, whether in the right or wrong, is inclined to object to the interference of a policeman and questions his authority, and his protests are often backed by the sympathies of the crowds. As a rule the soldiers submit quietly to the Provost Guard and the police are rather glad of our help."

NEW MOVE TO END FOOD PROFITEERING

Board Says Retailers Must Placard Prices Paid, Profits Taken, and Prices Demanded.

ASKS CONSUMERS TO HELP

Promises Prompt Prosecution of Any Dealer Guilty of Violating Price Rules.

The Federal Food Board has moved to end profiteering in food. It announced yesterday that beginning tomorrow all retail stores must display "fair price" schedules that will be furnished by the board. The board not only promises to prosecute retailers, but it invites both the retailers and consumers to notify the board of any excessive charges that come to their attention. This is the regulation adopted by the board:

1. Every retailer dealing in any of the following staple food products, to wit: meat, fish, beans, rice, oats, corn meal, raisins, prunes, flour, sugar, bread, milk, butter, cheese, eggs, potatoes, onions, and cabbage, or in such staple food products as may be hereafter duly specified, shall post in his store in the printed form or forms as provided by the Federal Food Board, the names (indicating the kind and grade) of said products, respectively, together with the following information relating thereto, viz.:

(a) The fair maximum price to the retailer, the maximum margin allowed to the retailer, and the fair maximum price to the consumer;

(b) the price charged to the consumer.

2. The required data, as aforesaid, shall be posted conspicuously, in such form and position as to be available for the information and guidance of the buyer. If one-third or more of the retailer's customers speak a foreign language, such information may be posted in that language, in addition to the publication in English.

3. The asking or exacting, by a retailer, of any margin in excess of that officially prescribed by the New York Federal Food Board will be regarded as prima facie evidence of profiteering and, therefore, unlawful, and subject to immediate prosecution.

4. This regulation is effective as of Nov. 26, 1918, in all the counties in Greater New York City, Westchester, Nassau, and such other counties as may be hereafter designated.

In plain language it means that the retail dealer in food must display prominently in his store a placard giving the prices the Food Board allows the wholesaler to charge him, the percentage of profit on each article that the Food Board permits him to take and the price the consumer should be asked to pay.

The board believes that there are advantages in this schedule both for the consumer and the dealer. One is that the retailer charging fair prices is protected against excessive prices on the part of the wholesaler from whom he purchases, and he is also protected against criticism and unjust complaint. The consumer is not only protected against profiteering, but he is constantly and definitely advised of the fair maximum retail and wholesale price of the goods he buys. The schedule gives him the services of the expert market men on the board.

In making public the new order yesterday the board made this statement:

"Retailers and consumers are urged to report, immediately and in writing, to the New York Federal Food Board, 6 West Fifty-seventh Street, New York City, any apparent or known excessive charge, at wholesale or retail. All such communications will receive immediate and active consideration.

"With the idea of promoting uniformity in the displaying of price schedules, the Federal Food Board has approved a sample bulletin board for the posting of price schedules. Dealers who want these bulletin boards should communicate with the Federal Food Board."

FOOD COST ADVANCED 16 PER CENT. IN YEAR

Department of Labor Gives Out Figures for Last September, Based on 22 Essentials.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The Department of Labor authorizes the statement that the average family expenditure for food, as indicated by the retail price of twenty-two essential articles, was 16 per cent. more in September, 1918, than in September, 1917. The figures are based on price quotations received monthly from more than 2,000 retail stores.

In addition to monthly changes in the United States as a whole and in each of forty-five cities, the figures show comparative costs as between cities. The greatest increase is found in Baltimore, where food was 23 per cent. higher in September, 1918, than in September, 1917. The lowest increase is found in Salt Lake City, 10 per cent.

For the twelve months ended with August, 1918, the cost of food, based on prices and consumption, was 15 per cent. higher in Providence, R. I., than the average for the United States. Denver, Col., shows the lowest cost, 19 per cent. below the average. Chicago is 6 per cent. below; New York 5 per cent. above the average for the United States.

In September, 1918, as compared with September, 1917, the increase in each of the cities and the relative cost in each city for the year ended with August, 1918, as compared with the average cost for the United States for the same period, were:

City.	Percentage Increase.	Relative Cost.
Atlanta, Ga.	19.9	105.8
Baltimore, Md.	23.4	104.7
Birmingham, Ala.	14.2	106.0
Boston, Mass.	15.5	111.4
Bridgeport, Conn.	14.4	108.3
Buffalo, N. Y.	16.5	98.7
Butte, Mon.	10.9	89.3
Charleston, S. C.	20.3	105.6
Chicago, Ill.	15.7	94.2
Cincinnati, Ohio	14.7	95.2
Cleveland, Ohio	15.9	99.6
Columbus, Ohio	15.0	97.2
Dallas, Texas	14.3	105.9
Denver, Col.	16.1	80.6
Detroit, Mich.	16.1	99.9
Fall River, Mass.	17.6	108.6
Indianapolis, Ind.	13.6	95.7
Jacksonville, Fla.	16.4	106.2
Kansas City, Mo.	16.6	96.1
Little Rock, Ark.	14.5	106.4
Los Angeles, Cal.	19.5	81.8
Louisville, Ky.	17.9	101.7
Manchester, N. H.	15.6	108.8
Memphis, Tenn.	19.1	102.1
Milwaukee, Wis.	13.8	93.2
Minneapolis, Minn.	12.0	88.6
Newark, N. J.	18.6	106.3
New Haven, Conn.	17.0	112.6
New Orleans, La.	14.9	101.8
New York, N. Y.	16.5	104.9
Omaha, Neb.	15.5	94.8
Philadelphia, Penn.	18.4	105.2
Pittsburgh, Penn.	16.0	104.3
Portland, Ore.	20.0	81.1
Providence, R. I.	15.1	115.0
Richmond, Va.	20.6	105.0
Rochester, N. Y.	15.2	99.7
St. Louis, Mo.	15.2	95.1
St. Paul, Minn.	12.4	90.7
Salt Lake City, Utah	10.0	80.6
San Francisco, Cal.	20.6	81.4
Scranton, Penn.	12.3	102.4
Seattle, Wash.	23.0	82.7
Springfield, Ill.	11.0	98.2
Washington, D. C.	19.4	109.2
United States	16.3	...

TO BAR BOOTHS FROM PARKS

Intimation by Commissioner That Permits Will Be Refused.

A letter from Park Commissioner Berolsheimer to the Merchants' Association intimates that no further permits will be issued for the erection of booths for the sale of candies and other goods in any of the city's small parks. A complaint was made to the association by one of its members of a booth at Broadway and Twenty-third Street, near Madison Square.

In forwarding the complaint to the Park Commissioner the association said that in common with most citizens it is opposed to granting such privileges. In his reply the Commissioner said that the permit for the stand, which expires on Dec. 31, would not be renewed by him.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

9 Cents per word each insertion.

BEAVER PLUSHES Wanted.—Kerami, Peerless T-10; high shades, velour and poplin; spot cash. Gramercy 1074.

BEAVER Wanted.—Sydney Blumenthal's Furmoss only, for cash. Jacob Masur, 134 West 35th.

BEAVER Wanted.—Chase's 27 or 38 inch; Blumenthal's nuphur, for cash. Gramercy 6034.

BIRDSEYE CLOTH Wanted.—All widths, any quantity; state prices, &c. G. L., 210 Times.

BROADCLOTHS, 315 Botany, Brown, and Taupe, and 110 Kersey Brown Wanted.—Must be cheap. Phone Gramercy 2452.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Brown, plum, and reindeer, at a price. I. Novick, 45 West 27th. Farragut 9644.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—F. & H. or Botany, will exchange black, navy for other shades. Haft, Farragut 9752.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany 315, F. and H.; cash. Greeley 833.

CAMBRICS Wanted.—Berkeley, No. 100, or better, any quantity, cheap, cash. Manesse, 54 Eldridge.

CAPES, Coats, Suits Wanted.—Better grade. 43 West 27th St., 5th floor.

CHECKS Wanted.—All wool shepherd checks. Madison Square 242.

COATS Wanted.—Juniors' snappy Spring styles by prominent jobber; yours or our materials. Call with samples, 141 W. 28th St., 12th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Large jobber looking at Spring styles of coats, suits, dresses, and capes. Call with samples all week. 12 West 27th, 5th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders on better coats and suits; prefer manufacturers with materials. Call all week, 5th floor, 11 West 32d St.

COATS and Suits Wanted.—Jobbers looking at ladies', misses', and juniors' Spring suits and coats; better grade. 19 West 24th St., 11th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Children's, 2 to 6, 6 to 14; jobber looking at Spring styles all week from 1 to 3 P. M. Call 2 West 19th St., 11th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber will look at infants', children's spring coats from 1 to 5; your or our material. 126 W. 22d St., eighth floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobbers looking at Spring samples of coats and suits. 3 E. 28th, 2nd floor.

COATS Wanted.—Looking at Spring samples. Call all week, 20 West 33d St., ninth floor.

COATS, SUITS and CAPES Wanted.—Looking at high and medium price spring samples. Call at 6 W. 18th St., 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats, better class, before 10 A. M. 118 Madison Av, 10th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking all week after 2 o'clock. 5th floor, 151 West 26th St.

COATS Wanted.— Jobbers looking at high grade garments only. 105 Madison Av., 16th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at coats from $12.50 to $20. Call, all week, 6th floor, 56 West 22d St., New York.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and capes all week. 105 Madison Av., 5th floor.

COATS, SUITS, DRESSES Wanted.—Highest grade garments, to $100. National, Canal 4222.

COATS, Suits Wanted.—Jobbers buying Spring garments. 7th floor, 35 West 31st.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Better grade, Spring. 5th floor, 115 West 26th St.

COATS Wanted.—For cash, 1,000 children's and ladies' coats. Telephone Farragut 596.

COATS Wanted.—Spring coats; orders placed. I. Novick & Co., 45-47 West 27th St.

COLLARS Wanted.—Raccoon shawl collars, at a price. Madison Square 2715.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Will purchase for cash, if less than market prices, any quantity bleached cambric, pajama checks, and white madras shirtings. B 376 Times.

CREPE DE CHENE Wanted.—Eagles 815 or similar; also wash satin, georgette, taffetas; must be cheap. Madison Square 3822.

CRYSTAL CORDS AND SILVERTONES Wanted.—All colors. Madison Square 5825.

CRYSTAL CORD Wanted at a price. Madison Square 2715.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large dress jobbers now placing big orders on new Spring silk and serge dresses; if you have right styles we furnish materials, and you can get big business immediately. Call this week between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., 3d floor, 26 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will buy for spot cash any quantity serge, velveteen, jersey, satin or tricolette dresses; exceptional bargains only considered; samples daily 9 to 12. Wiener, 53 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are placing orders with contractors on new Spring models in taffeta, Georgette, crêpe de chine and meteor. Submit samples second floor, 30 East 33d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will buy quantity serge and party dresses; contractors equipped for quick action submit latest styles; samples daily. Wiener, 53 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring dresses of the better kind, also good evening and party dresses. Call all day, E. Chandler, 10 West 29th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Big jobber looking at better grade of dresses; snappy styles; orders placed. Call Monday, 3 West 29th, Room 904.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring better and medium dresses. Paris, 18 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Cash for jobs of serge dresses. Madison Square 1873.

DRESSES AND SKIRTS Wanted.—Looking at Spring samples. Levin, 149 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Looking at stout and regular dresses. 127 West 25th, 1st floor.

FLAG BUNTINGS Wanted.—Wool. Haas, 2 West 15th. Chelsea 8636.

FURS Wanted.—Two or three skin Kit Coney collars for spot cash; must be cheap. Royal Cloak Co., 44 West 28th St.

FUR COLLARS Wanted.—Nutria, raccoon and opossum shawl collars. Harry Greenberg Company, 137 West 25th St.

FURS Wanted.—Open for opossum, raccoon, nutria and sealine collars. Haft, 104 West 27th.

FUR Wanted—Two or three skin kit coney collars, or similar. Max Goldstein, 48 West 25th. Chelsea 4676.

FURS Wanted.—Open for quantity raccoon and nutria shawl and roll collars. Greenberg, 114 East 23d.

FUR COLLARS Wanted.—In Shawls, Coney, opossum, raccoon and sealings, any quantity. H. Adler & Son, 22 West 32d.

FUR COLLARS Wanted.—Nutria, Australian opossum, raccoon, sealine. Farragut 257.

FURS Wanted.—Kit Coney, opossum, raccoon, nutria, collars and cuffs. N. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th St.

FURS Wanted.—3,000 collars for ladies' coats, all kinds. Call with samples, 1,140 Broadway, tenth floor.

FUR TRIMMINGS Wanted.—Also fur effects. Farragut 9387.

KERAMI Wanted.—For cash. Telephone Farragut 2347.

METALAMB Wanted.—At a price; immediate delivery. Coopersmith, 1,123 Broadway. Chelsea 4411.

PEAU DE CYGNE Wanted.—Tan and seal. Tannenbaum, 39 W. 29th St.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Blumenthal's Yuwin and others, also mole. Phone Farragut 8496. Harry Greenberg Company, 137 West 25th St.

PLUSH Wanted.—Peco at a price. Madison Square 2715.

POM POM Wanted.—Baffin, Behring seal, 2075, all colors. Phone Farragut 3885 after 9:30.

POPLIN and French Serge Wanted.—Colors, right price. Rineberg, 41 West 25th St.

SATIN Wanted.—Cloak manufacturers' sol satin; also other linings and taffetas. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

SERGES, Velours, Tricotines Wanted.—Spring shades, for cash. Farragut 2347, 4th floor, 12 West 27th.

SERGES Wanted.—Styles 54289 and 7120, quantity no object, for cash, at a price. G 381 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy 54 inch French serge from $1.50 to $1.60. Lorraine Dress Co., 15 E. 26th St.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, $1.60; 99, 1464, 7614, 227; Tricotine 5889, 4718. Gramercy 4856.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, navy only. Minker, Mad. Sq. 4845.

SERGES Wanted.—Cash; 54289 WFX navy, black. Loeb Nussbaum, 31 West 26th.

SHEPHERD CHECKS Wanted.—All constructions. Call Room 1,613, 354 4th Av.

SILKS Wanted.—Fancy; any assortment; must be cheap. Phone Farragut 3885 after 9:30.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—All colors, for cash. Flapper Coats, Inc., 105 East 29th St., N. Y. C.

Buyers' Wants

SUITS Wanted.—Juniors' snappy Spring styles by prominent jobbers; yours or our materials. Call with samples, 141 W. 28th St., 12th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring styles, medium grade. Temporarily located at 28 West 22d St., Room 67.

SUITS, Coats, and Capes Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Spring styles, all week. 4th floor, 12 West 27th.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobbers looking at Spring suits; placing orders. Call with samples, 9th floor, 34 West 27th St.

TAFFETA Wanted. Jobs taffetas, Georgette, cotton back tricolette. Feller, 30 W. 32d.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield 4718, navy and Spring shades, for cash. Chelsea 6549.

VARIMOLE Wanted.—Blumenthal's and high lustred black kerami, full pile. Gramercy 5124.

VELOURS Wanted.—American 032, taupe, in exchange for burgundy. Madison Square 1969.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightweight poplin, silvertone, all shades. Fidelity Cloak, 43 West 16th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—Will prepay 25c per yard for the exchange of 544-13009, green, for navy or brown. Greeley 6757.

VELOURS Wanted. — 032, 0360, similar cloths; must be cheap. Farragut 3885 after 9:30.

VELOURS Wanted.—032 reindeer and botany broadcloth, brown and taupe, will pay cash. Gramercy 2452.

VELOUR Wanted.—American 0300 and K 544; cash. Greeley 833.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—27 inch twill back, Worral dye, navy. Rashkind Soloff, 244 5th Ave.

WHITMAN'S 774, also 90610 or 06077 wanted, Spring shades only, cash. Williamsburg Manufacturing Co., 1,133 B'way, N. Y.

Offerings to Buyers

9 Cents per word each insertion.

BAFFIN COATS, also high-grade coats, velour, silvertone, pom pom, at reduced prices. Etkin, 106 West 32d St.

BEAVER, Baffin and seal plush short coats, $10 to $50; immediate delivery. Harry Greenberg Co., 137 West 25th St.

BEAVER.—Chase 16-row strips, 6 pieces, $2.50 net cash. A. Hoenigsberger, 16 South Market St., Chicago.

BEAVER.—Chase's nutria, 58 inches wide, very cheap. Schaffel, Madison Square 4620.

BEAVERS.—50 inches, all qualities, for immediate delivery. Phone Gramercy 5573.

BLACK SATEENS, remnants, all kinds, white goods. Phone Stuyvesant 7610.

BLANKETS.—10 cases Lawrences in assorted colors. Farragut 294.

BROADCLOTHS, Velours, Kerseys.—All colors and makes, also serges and poplins. H. L. Bunin, 348 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 651.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany, black, navy, reasonable. Room 206, 43 West 27th St. Farragut 4875.

BROADCLOTH'S.—Botany's 315, green, Juilliard's 110; black; very reasonable. Gramercy 5087.

BROADCLOTHS.—Juilliard's 110, Stevens 7422, black, Slaters 2192X. Madison Square 3121.

BROADCLOTH.—110 Juilliard, all shades, at right price. Kogut, 120 W. 22d.

CHEVIOTS, Meltons, and Velours, ¾ Valentine's, McKenney's, Golden's, Flagler's, Kennedy's, Newhouse; 6-4 cotton warp velours, Stoney & Starkey's 27, 1850, Daniel's 100, Gaunt's 68, De Land's 4000; below market price. Greeley 4379.

CHINCHILLAS.—Salts white, large quantity, $3 yard. Tannenbaum-May, 19 W. 24th.

COATS.—Large quantity of assorted styles and material on racks, at sacrifice prices; good value in black coats; our special for this week is all wool velour coats, half-lined and fur-trimmed, at $11.50. F. J. Gelfond, 141 West 28th.

COATS.—2,000 mercerized cotton plush coats, different models, to close at sacrifice; also silk plush coats, trimmed with fur bottom collars, and cuffs, or kit coney trimmings, $17.50-$21.50. Ulin Bros., 34 East 12th.

COATS.—High grade; immediate delivery; silvertip bolivias, pom pom, silvertones, Normandies, velours, pile fabrics, &c.; Spring line for jobbers now ready. Mezeritsky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—700 beautiful styles, self-collars and fur-trimmed, K 544 and 11050 American velours, pom poms, silvertones and kerseys, very, very low prices. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

COATS.—1,000 stout coats at slim prices; junior, misses', and children's coats; to close out, in all desirable cloths and shades. F. J. Gelfond, 141 West 28th.

COATS.—All wool pom pom, velour, broadcloth, fur, and self-trimmed latest models; good value; quick delivery. Shapiro & Davis, 29 West 35th.

COATS.—1,000 all wool, velour plush collars, all lined, to close out. Jos. Schwartz, 127 West 26th.

COATS.—Children's, juniors' and ladies' coats to close out at reasonable prices. Edelson & Hand, 16 West 22d St.

COATS. — Infants' intermediate, children's and junior coats, for immediate delivery. D. Strauss, 141 West 20th St.

COATS.—500 cotton plush ladies' and children's sizes at a price. Rosenfeld Bros. & Rosenberg, 22 W. 21st.

COATS AND SPORT COATS, Salts, beaver and plush and other pile fabrics. N. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th St.

COATS.—500 coats to close out, fancy silk lining, fur collars. J. I. Cloak Co., Inc., 43 West 27th St.

COATS to close out, crystal cord, silvertone, velour, and broadcloth, $27 to $50. Eisenberg & Sommerfield, 32 East 31st St.

COATS.—An excellent assortment of plushes, silvertones, wool velours, in stock to close out. Norwalk Bros., 105 Madison Av.

COATS.—Children's exceptional value; bargain basement. Levitan Bros. & Zarkower, 136 West 21st.

COATS.—150 coats, majority lined and half lined, to close at $7.60. I. L. Singer & Co., 22 West 26th.

COATS.—Better grade, very cheap; also beaver and plush coatees. I. Novick, 45 West 27th. Farragut 9644.

COATS.—300 ladies' silvertone coats, unusually cheap. Julius Goldstein, 153 West 23d St.

COATS.—Fine lot of coats in the season's most wanted styles, fabrics, and shades, to close out. J. P. Slater, 11 West 32d St.

COATS.—5,000 children's sizes 2 to 6, 8 to 14, to close out cheap. Rosh & Mayer, 17 West 28th.

COATS.—To close out at reasonable prices before stock taking. J. Stoll & Co., 12 West 27th St.

COATS.—Juniors, novelties, children's coats, all kinds; infants, $12 dozen. Hutner, 48 W. 25th.

COATS.—Plush, fur-trimmed, plain, $3.50 to $25. Hutner, 48 W. 25th.

COATS. — Velours, broadcloths, silvertones; $3 to $10 cheaper. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—500 ladies' plushes, fur collars, $12.00 up. Schwartz, 31 W. 15th St.

COATS.—500 girls' cloth plushes to close out. Schwartz, 31 W. 15th.

COATS and SUITS.—3,000 to close out. S. & S. Garment Co., 22 West 27th St.

COATS, SUITS.—Our best styles, to close out, M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d.

COATS, infants', children's, juniors'; close out. Cass & Rosenthal, 153 West 27th.

COATS.—500 ladies'-juniors' coats to close out, cheap. Fidelity Cloak, 43 West 16th.

COATS.—Junior and children's coats at a sacrifice. Weksler, 279 5th Av.

COATS.—Velour, broadcloth, to close out. Rubin & Horowitz, 38 West 20th.

COATS.—Ladies' and misses' coats to close out at sacrifice. Weksler, 279 5th Av.

COATS.—Children's; 500 sizes, 2 to 6, 6 to 14, to close out. S. E. S., 140 5th Av.

COATS.—1,000 wool velours, assorted, 4-14; $2.25, $4.75. Nivel, 151 West 36th.

COATS.—Closing out raccoon nutria trimmed. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

COATS.—200 high-grade girls' coats, cheap. Julius Goldstein, 153 West 23d.

COATS.—Velours, broadcloths, fur trimmed; big sacrifice. Feldman, 54 East 13th.

COATS.—Children's, infants', all materials, close out. Tannenbaum-May, 19 W. 24th.

COATS.—Jobs big variety of cloth, plushes. Shoen & Weissman, 43 West 27th St.

COATS.—Jobs in stout, regular and children's coats. J. Dun, 127 West 25th.

COATS.—Better grade; very cheap. I. Novick & Co., 45 West 27th St.

CORDUROYS. — Tinne's 27-inch fancy and Rollinson's silvertones, plush. Chelsea 9688.

COTTON PLUSHES.—50 and 54 inches, all shades and qualities, for immediate delivery. Phone Gramercy 5573.

COTTON VOILES.—White, chiffon finish; 10,000 yards 140s double, double below market price. Levy & Jacobs, 44 E. 32d St.

DRESSES.—Before stock taking will sacrifice all serge, wool, jersey and silk dresses below cost. Broder & Co., 48 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—500 serge and satin dresses to close out. Salan & Kaufman, 12 West 31st St.

DRESSES.—Jobs to close out; silks, $5; wool French serge, $6.75; wool jersey, $9.75. Loeb Nussbaum, 31 West 26th.

Offerings to Buyers

DRESSES.—Newest serges, taffetas, georgettes; Spring line ready for jobbers. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES, children's, 7 to 14, repps and ramies, $12; jobbers only. Mohr Garment Co., 41 West 17th St.

DRESSES.—Before removal sacrifice; velvet combinations, serges, silks, stouts. Deutsch, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Satin and taffeta, close and cheap. Silverman-Stock, 130 West 28th.

DRESSES.—1,500 silks, serges, to close out cheap. Paris, 18 West 27th.

DRESSES.—1,000 job serges and satins, at a sacrifice. Meyer Basniak, 20 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Taffetas, satins, serges, jerseys, to close; $6.50. Queen, 149 West 36th.

FELTS.—All colors, for pennants, caps, slipers, upholstery; new lot; all prices and grades; right prices. 1,457 Broadway, Room 911. Bryant 1058.

FELTS, all colors, for pennants, caps, slippers, upholstery; 2,500 yards left; clear out cheap. 1,457 Broadway, Room 911. Bryant 1058.

FLAGS.—American and Italian, all sizes, lowest cash prices; act quick. S. Asch, 227 Canal St., N. Y.

FLAG SILK BUTTONS.—Close out. Goets, 149 W. 30th. Greeley 4028.

FLANNEL.—About 4,000 yards single nap, heavyweight, white flannel interlining, reasonable. Tel. Madison Square 980.

FLANNELS.—White and unbleached, suitable for interlining; reasonable price. Gramercy 1600.

FURS.—Small quantity furs for collars, trimmings. 856 6th Av., 1st floor.

FUR MUFFS, SCARFS below cost. 151 West 23d.

GABERDINE.—Cotton; 10,000 yards O. D. 10,000 yards grey state; can be dyed and finished as wanted. Room 1710, 354 4th Av.

GARTERS.—About 100 dozen pairs vertical hose supporters; special price; write for sample. Y 271 Times Annex.

GEORGETTE.—We manufacture an all-silk cloth in the gray or finished. Mad. Sq. 1034. Knickerbocker Ribbon Co., 456 4th Av., 31 St.

GINGHAMS, Berwick and Advance, 15 cases; good assortment; lowest prices. Chelsea 7098.

JEANS.—Horton, 5 cases, will sell below market price; also 5 cases colored voile. Chelsea 4581.

KERAMI.—Blumenthal's genuine mole kerami. I. Arbus & Sons, Farragut 3334.

KERSEYS, velours, Juilliards 2062, Metcalf's 9190, American 11052, in quantities, colors; very reasonable. Gramercy 5037.

KNITTED CLOTH.—Limited quantities, O. D. khaki; immediate delivery; price right. Specialty Knitgoods Mfg. Co., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 9414.

ORGANDIES, 21½c.; voiles, 22½c.; mercerized nainsooks, batiste; will sell all below market price. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 3822.

OUTING FLANNELS, 36-inch stripes, light ground, at low prices. Franklin 802.

OVERALLS.—Ladies' Khaki, Sweet Orr; five dozen, $15 a dozen. Lenox 5561.

PAJAMAS, flannel, men's and ladies', $22.50 dozen; bath robes, men's and ladies', $31.50 dozen; good value; immediate delivery. Chelsea 7665.

PAISLEYS.—Quantity good assortment to close cut; exceptional bargain. Mad. Sq. 6143.

PECO PLUSH.—Blumenthal's Omar beaver, also quilted lining, and York's fancy twill. Chelsea 9688.

PERCALES, 25,000 yards, 36-inch wide; good assortment of stripes and figures; all or part; low price. Allen, 116 West 32d St. Farragut 4680.

PERCALES.—Have 25 cases Bordens & Slaters 68-72 at 21½c, 3-10. Merchant Textile Exchange, 147 North 12th St., Philadelphia.

PIECE GOODS.—Juilliards 6717, Bochmann silvertones, A. W. Co. 11050-12075, Reidell's Bolivia and Botany 315. Madison Square 920.

PLUSHES and Trimmings.—Esquimette, 54-inch, Peco. Auffmordt's, (Peerless,) Blumenthal's Hudson Bay, Pearson's 8041, cheap. Greeley 4379.

PLUSHES.—H. & H. 1286, 1278; David's silvertone; Pearson 8041. Murray Hill 1166, Mr. Smith.

PLUSH.—Peco, T. 10, Dobson's 864, $3.50. Hutner, 48 W. 25th.

PLUSHES.—"Sixty," good quality; will sell cheap. Phone Gramercy 4605.

PLUSHES.—Blumenthal's lapinex seal plush, at $3.75. I. Arbus & Sons, Farragut 3334.

POM POM.—$3 American, 0816, plum and green; Ethan Allen 5428; Oxford, 1 piece; $2. Phone Mad. Sq. 4080.

POM POM.—12075, two reindeer, one taupe; low price. Farragut 332.

POPLINS AND SERGES.—Amoskeag, Pacific, Whitman, Hamilton, and Juilliards serges and poplins; all colors; low prices; no telephone calls. A. Agress & Son, 27 West 26th.

POPLINS AND SERGES, 774, 767, P. P. L., and Spring shades; also shepherd checks, all wool and cotton mixed. Gramercy 2901.

POPLINS.—Silk and cotton, street shades, to close out at a price. Madison Square 377.

POPLIN.—Cotton; Whitman's T 46 in gray state; 200 pieces; can be dyed and finished as wanted. Room 1710, 354 4th Av.

RAINCOATS, jobs men's, ladies', children's, to close out. Schwartz, 31 West 15th.

SATIN.—Black, cotton back; piece dyed; 650 yards; cheap. Greeley 4296.

SECO, white, colors, very cheap. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 3822.

SERGES and POPLINS.—838, 104, 54289, 1464, 7120, 7008, 99, M. F. L., S. B. G. L., Whitman's 774, 528, 10483, Broadhead 7800, American 90610, 06077, Pacific all-wool Panamas. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES.—838 U. S., 0936 American; heavy weight velours, burgundy and green, 13009, very cheap. Chelsea 8646.

SERGE.—Nine pieces, 56-inch navy, double warp, Storm serge; sacrifice; 60 days. Canal 9617.

SERGES, Velours, Poplins, Oxfords, &c., to cutting-up trade; all leading numbers. Evans Brothers, 404 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 292.

SERGES.—Will sell 25 pieces navy 54289, original tickets, $1.80 cash. Madison Square 377.

SERGE. — 1210, navy, 75 pieces; will sell very cheap. Chelsea 4581.

SERGES.—54221, 54289, W. F. X., Lorraine, 50 and 54 inch. Chelsea 10384.

SERGES.—11433, $2.15; 0609, $2.12½; 8850, $2.15; Poplin 6709½, $1.70. Gramercy 845.

SERGES, 1464, 510, 528, 11433, 0936; very reasonable. Madison Square 8598.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—All cotton, 25 and 50 per cent.; will give dating. L 239 Times.

SHOES, RUBBER BOOTS.—Foreign and domestic trade. Telephone for contract, department, Worth 216. Milton J. Meyer & Co., Inc., 66 Reade St.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery, Georgettes, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, files, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic. All grades and colors. Prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILVERTONE, reasonable, Holden, Leonard, Arthur Joel, &c.; all colors. Madison Square 1520.

SILVERTONES.—All colors and makes, at $3.75. I. Arbus & Sons. Farragut 3334.

SILVERTONES, — Garfield & Reads, all shades; price right. 2956 Madison Square.

SILVERTONE.—Taupe, brown, plum velour, reindeer. Cox & Schreiber, Farragut 3023.

SILVERTONES, all shades, at the right price. Alex Kogut, Chelsea 2966.

SKIRTS.—Manufacturers' and jobbers' complete line novelty silk skirts for Spring ready; latest models. G. P. G., 41 West 17th. Chelsea 6033.

SKIRTS.—Close out plaids, satins, taffeta; poplin; latest models. Globe, 41 West 17th. Chelsea 6033.

SKIRTS.—1,000 all wool serges, poplins, to close; $3.25. Ford, 151 West 36th.

SOCKS.—100 dozen pure worsted and home-knit socks, all colors. D. Moss, 419 Steinway Av., Astoria, L. I. Astoria 2819.

SUEDE.—Mode No. 889, 500 yards 36-inch wide. Telephone Stuyvesant 3159.

TAFFETA AND SATIN, evening shades, for immediate delivery. McCool & Gilchrist, 440 4th Av.

THIBETS.—Newhouse's 9, blue, brown, 87 pieces, 85c.; 24-ounce khaki, $2.50 net cash. Gramercy 6648.

TRICOTINE, Gabardine, and Silvertone.—Any Shade; very reasonable. Progress Garments, Chelsea 6549.

UNDERWEAR, Philippine hand embroidered nightgowns and envelope chemises. Box 329 Times, 2 Rector St.

VELOURS and Kerseys, all wool, American 13046, Kelley's 3000, Slater's 2260; Kersey's American 15020, Juilliard's 2002, Meyer's 5050, Black River, all colors; below market price. Greeley 4379.

VELOURS.—A. W. Co. 0360, 032; J. P. Stevens 4261, Buckley & Cohen 715; burgundy, taupe, plum, brown, green, black; prices reasonable; 60 days. Gramercy 1660.

VELOURS and KERSEYS.—Lightweight and heavyweight at reasonable prices. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

VELOURS AND BROADCLOTHS, 032, 11050, 0360, 7022, 110; also angora zibelines and oxfords. Gramercy 2991.

VELOURS, American 032, Stevens 4281, or Cox Schreibers 230, at $2.75; Joells 9700 at $2.42½. Farragut 9076.

VELOUR.—F. & H., all shades, also Garfield 142-A, all shades; price right. 2956 Madison Square.

Offerings to Buyers

9 Cents per word each insertion.

VELOURS, American, 544, 43046, F. & H. Brightwood. Madison Square 8121.

VELOURS—11050 F. & H. Botany, all colors. Greeley 1156.

VELOURS.—All colors, including reindeer, $3 net. Franken, 130 East 26th.

VELOUR, 032, 4281, 6097, 10714, all colors, including reindeer. Madison Square 9087.

VELOURS.—Saxonia 934; reasonable price. Farragut 332.

VELVETEEN.—24-inch Worrall dyed, twill back, black and colors; will sell reasonable. Manufacturer, 3738 Madison Square.

VELVETEENS.—20-inch straight back; all colors; reasonable. Gramercy 7000, extension 134.

VELVETEEN.—24 inches, twill back, black and colors, to close out cheap. Madison Square 377.

VELVETEEN.—20 boxes, twill back, 27 inches wide, green, 75c yard. Madison Square 378.

VELVETEEN, seven pieces, navy twill back, 27-inch, $1.30. Tel. Madison Square 9777.

VELVETS.—Salts chiffon velvet, old rose, American Beauty, sapphire, copen., $3.85; Cheney's navy seal, $4.75. Heinsheimer Bros., 621 Broadway.

VENETIANS.—Dura luxe, black, 55½c.; colors, 58½c. net; also Conqueror, Ironwear, Monarch, Sol Cohen, Grand Marquise, I. D. L. Oakeale brand, imported; will sell small or big quantities; greatly below market price. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Sq. 3822.

VENETIANS and Sateens.—36-inch Dura-Luxe, Monarch, Sateens, Motor, A1, all colors, below market price. Greeley 4379.

VENETIANS.—32 and 36 inch, high lustre black; attractive prices. Gramercy 3004.

VENETIANS, black and in gray goods. Phone Stuyvesant 7610.

VOILES.—Linings and waists below market price. Ideal Waist, 49 Stanton St.

WAISTS—For sale; on account of moving we have 3,000 Georgette waists from $4.25 to $7; will sell cheap. Brookstone, 245 5th Av.

WAISTS.—Will sell cheap; dresses, skirts very cheap. Hutner, 48 W. 25th.

WAISTS, silk, $3.50 up. Mohr Garment Co., 41 West 17th St.

WOOL VELOURS.—O 32 and O 360 Reindeer and all colors. Telephone 3519 Madison Square, 9:30 A. M.

WOOL.—American, 12075, plum, taupe, reindeer; very cheap. Madison Sq. 242.

YALAMA AND VELOUR 5816, in all desirable colors, cheap. Gramercy 251.

YARNS.—Hand-knitting wool and worsted; immediate delivery; prices right. E. P. Bond Corp., 18 East 22d.

Contracts Offered.

CHILDREN'S COATS Contractor Wanted.—Bring Fall samples. 12th floor, 132 West 21st St.

CONTRACTORS or designers who have new, snappy Spring styles in serge and silk dresses can show them to advantage at 142 West 26th St., 7th floor.

CONTRACTORS wanted, junior suits and coats; Spring styles; call with samples. Top floor, 141 W. 28th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors on high-class street and afternoon dresses; submit samples. 118 West 27th St., 5th floor.

Allied Industries.

BRUSHES.—500 gross surplus stock of Government military brushes; $9 a gross. O. Dennin's Sons, 487 Broadway, N. Y.

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WRIST WATCHES, American military, offered for immediate delivery. Tel. Lenox 2449.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ATLANTA, Ga.—J. M. High Co.; R. J. Haynie, domestics, linens; C. E. Diehl, ladies' underwear, infants' wear; 353 4th Av.; Latham.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.; L. F. Hardy, notions, toilet goods, umbrellas; 1,150 B'way; Longacre.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; J. M. Postley, house furnishings, hardware; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—M. L. Bloom & Co.; M. L. Bloom, skirtings; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; J. B. Godfrey, men's furnishing goods; 2 W. 37th; Imperial.

BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; S. A. Campbell, hdkfs.; Ferris, representing; B. G. Hawkins, rugs; 432 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Eiseman, Kaye Co.; M. Eiseman, leather goods, novelties; 18 West 33d.

CHICAGO—S. P. Platt; J. S. Rosenberg, jobs silk waists; McAlpin.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field Co.; Miss E. Bergh, misses' apparel; Mrs. L. Ryan, ready-to-wear; 1,107 Broadway.

CLEVELAND—Aines Co.; S. L. Hahn, coats, suits; Miss S. Cohen, waists; Miss A. Wohlman, dresses; 116 West 32d.

CLEVELAND—May Co.; J. O. Sprowl, jobs coats; 37 West 26th.

COLUMBIA, Penn.—Triumph Mfg. Co.; W. H. Lucas, cotton piece goods; Imperial.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—M. J. Federman; C. Melanion, jobs coats, suits, dresses; 37 W. 26th.

DALLAS, Texas—Kinsella Hat Co.; W. J. Kinsella, hats; Gregorian.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; J. McConnal, jobs muslin, silk underwear; Mr. Rosenthal, jobs kimonos, knit underwear; Mr. Armstrong, men's neckwear, boys' furn. goods; G. E. Preston, general mdse.; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; C. H. Armstrong, men's neckwear; 225 5th Av.

EASTON, PENN.—Ross Millinery Co.; G. Gross, flowers, fancies; 621 Broadway.

FINDLAY, Ohio—C. D. Levy, jobs coats, suits, and dresses; 37 W. 26th.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Kaufmann's Underselling Store; J. M. Lloyd, jobs coats, suits, dresses; 37 W. 26th.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; A. Moore, millinery; 621 B'way; Cumberland.

JOHNSTOWN, PENN.—M. Nathan & Bro.; M. Segel, jobs coats, hats, waists, silk, muslin underwear; 37 West 26th.

JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—New Idea Store; M. Segal, jobs coats, suits, dresses; 37 W. 26th.

LEBANON, Penn.—L. Samler; A. R. Willauer, toys, house furn. goods; 37 W. 26th; Bristol.

LOS ANGELES—Brownstein-Louis Co.; H. W. Louis, mfg. dep't; 72 Leonard.

MEMPHIS—Bry, Block Mercantile Co.; S. Greenblatt, coats, suits, dresses; 1,150 Broadway.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; Mr. Michels, jobs toys, Christmas novelties; Mr. Bernstein, jobs men's, boys' furn. goods; Mr. McGohn, jobs ladies' ready-to-wear, basement; Mr. Drake, jobs muslin underwear, knit goods, infants' wear; Mr. Wohl, ladies' coats, dresses, waists; 470 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Reub Isaacs & Co.; R. Isaacs, woolens, mfr's clothing; 1,133 Broadway.

SPRINGFIELD—Chas. H. Heer D. G. Co.; L. D. Dall, jobs coats, suits, dresses; 1,150 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS—S. A. Rider Mercantile Co.; Mr. Doelling, novelties, fancy leather goods; 31 Union Square.

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; R. K. Lockhart, jobs coats; Miss E. Gumbiner, jobs, dresses; 37 West 26th.

ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney D. G. Co.; Miss A. F. Hall, misses' apparel; 225 5th Av.

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; Miss L. Sullivan, children's wear; 470 4th Av.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—H. Hirschman Co.; C. R. Posel, sweaters, fancy knit goods; 17 Madison Av.; Bristol.

TRENTON, N. J.—Ross Millinery Co.; H. Gross, millinery; 621 Broadway.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lathrop; Miss A. Thornton, infants' wear; 334 4th Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; J. M. Goldenberg, jobs ladies' suits, coats, dresses; 1,140 Broadway.

COMMERCE LEADERS TO AID RECONSTRUCTION

United States Chamber Planning Big Organization to Co-operate with Baruch.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—In a telegram from Washington today to Dorr E. Felt, Chicago Regional Director of the Resources and Conversion Section of the War Industries Board, Bernard M. Baruch, head of that body, is reported to have stated that that department was to go out of business, and that the War Service Committee, organized through the efforts of the United States Chamber of Commerce, would aid the Government in the industrial reconstruction work now before the nation.

Harry A. Wheeler, head of the United States Chamber of Commerce, said tonight:

"We have already organized for war purposes 367 different committees. They represent virtually every industry in the country, and were gotten together at the request of the National Council of Defense to assist in the industrial war work. Every craft and trade is represented by a separate group of experts.

"These groups have been functioning for war. Now they will function with the Government for reorganization and construction. Each committee is country-wide in its scope. At the Atlantic City convention, which is to be attended by 4 000 to 6,000 persons, a reconstruction program will be mapped out.

"It is planned to merge the 367 groups into a smaller body of thirty-five committees, each composed of kindred industries. Then another still smaller grouping is to be made. There will be ten of these, each representing a basic industrial commodity, as food, iron and steel, metals other than steel, &c.

"The whole organization, from the 367 unit industries up to the board major groups, will be under the management of a central board composed of ten or twelve men. This board will be in direct touch with the Federal Government representatives for co-operation on all the big reconstruction problems.

"Under the system of readjusting conditions and after the war problems through the industrial units it should not be hard to go through the transition period without serious difficulty."

NO SHORTAGE OF TURKEYS.

Supply of Chickens, Ducks, and Geese Also Said to be Good.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—There will be no shortage of turkeys for Thanksgiving, the Food Administration announced today in urging housewives to prepare a holiday menu in keeping with food conservation for world relief.

Reports to the Administration, it is said, also show that the supply of chickens, ducks, and geese is good.

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Undermuslins
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Specials in Crepe de Chine and Wash Satin Garments for immediate delivery.
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All Materials. Serges, $3.75 up.
All dresses priced to stimulate quick sales.
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IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
Prepare for Thanksgiving Parade.
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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION

Markets Examine the Outlook Afresh.

The security markets developed a positive tendency after several days of continued drifting last week, and the fact that it was in the downward direction was not altogether surprising to students of market phenomena. Within trading conditions themselves was supplied a factor which worked for a gradual lowering of the price level. For ten days or so up to the middle of the week quotations had displayed irregularity of a sort which left them at the end of each session about where they had started, excepting, of course, issues which in all markets are subjected to special influences. Trading for the most part was in the hands of speculators whose theories in respect to the future outlook were considerably mixed, and whose operations on the constructive side of stocks and bonds were limited by the current supply of bank credits. Many of the traders with long stocks when the week opened had bought them during the fortnight before Germany quit, accumulating them with the expectation of participating in a substantial rise which they looked for after the armistice was signed. Their foresight in respect to an early ending of hostilities proved correct, but the market diagnosis failed to develop "according to plan" and a protracted wait for prices to justify their wish naturally reacted on their patience. In the markets of other years developments like those of last week frequently were experienced—deferred hopes for a rising trend of quotations brought fatigue and a gradual return to the market of long stock holdings. Such a process when buying power is held in leash by artificial means could hardly result in anything else than the marking down of prices. There were few instances of sudden, sharp reactions, excepting International Mercantile Marine preferred shares, which were affected by a new factor of a character unsettling to the company's plans; rather, the market suffered from the result of persistent if gradual erosion.

A comprehensive examination of the markets in retrospect could not be made, however, if attention were not paid to some of the economic influences which aided in unsettling quotations. It was evident in bank and brokerage office as the week progressed that appreciation of the pending readjustment problems was increasing as time passed. The quarterly report of a representative copper company, showing sharp increases in producing costs during the last six months, drew attention to the copper metal situation, and quite naturally led to consideration of the outlook for this industry. Wall Street sought information and found that producers were wondering what would happen to prices after the Federal control of the market had been removed. Rumors of price concessions in resales of the metal aided in stimulating the activities of bearish traders in copper shares. Definite news of heavy cancellations of war orders directed renewed interest toward the steel-producing companies, the makers of ordnance and airplanes, of clothing and other military equipment. While it was made clear in the preceding week that Government officials and leading business men were striving together to switch manufacturing plants from war to peace activity with as little strain as possible, the course of stocks and bonds reflected a greater degree of conservatism toward the things in prospect than it had done previously. In other words, speculators took second thought about the outlook and were moved to hold back their commitments until they could see more of results and compare these with early expectations.

All signs presented by the stock market indicated that the public had comparatively little part in trading. Because of limited supplies of credit for the use of speculators, those within the Street received small encouragement for extending their operations on the buying side. The short sales of stocks lessen the use of bank credit, and as the professional trader is wont to follow tendencies it is probable that he adjusted his profit-seeking ability to economic occurrences and regulated it by his sense of the tiredness of holders of long stock, assisting the declines with more or less liberal sales of stocks which he planned to get back later at lower levels. Comment in brokerage offices indicated that the short account was appreciably greater at the end than at the opening of the week.

The Government's action in taking over control of the cable companies centred the financial community's attention again on the possibility of measures aimed at Federal operation of public facilities of various kinds after the peace treaty is completed. The extent to which this affected security prices could hardly be estimated, standing alone, but it appeared to stimulate activity among organized holders of railway stocks and bonds to hasten the return of their property from Government direction. The National Association of Owners of Railroad Securities announced an array of legal talent engaged for the task, which emphasized the serious view of the situation being taken by the heads of the organization. The association set to work in the interests of railroad investors very soon after the Government undertook the emergency management of the carriers, and scrutinized closely every detail of the operating contracts provided for the roads. From its zeal when the railroads were taken over by the Railroad Administration, the inference may be drawn that its efforts in urging details of the reverse transaction will supply matter of great public interest. It may have been that the softening tendency of railroad bonds and the weakness of some of the railroad stocks last week reflected the feeling of the markets that a struggle between Government and private ownership was imminent, with the possibility of far-reaching effect on the future development of the country. In the case of bonds, however, allowance in considering the week's price movement must be made for the fact that they had enjoyed an unusual rise in October and the first week of November, in part through bidding by dealers who sought to stock up with securities to meet the expected expansion of the general investment demand. Doubtless, some of these holdings came upon the market at recessions from previous prices as the purchasers sought to lighten their commitments.

The resignation of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo came with no less surprise to bankers than the relinquishment of his work as head of the Railroad Administration did to railway managers. He retires after the more difficult details and burden of Government war financing have been carried through to success. While there were periods when his ideas and those of the bankers did not coincide, it may be said that the greater part of the extraordinary tasks were put through with close co-operation between them, and the banking community will await with interest the name of his successor in the Treasury Department. The nation still has almost unprecedented problems to solve during the readjustment days, a time when a continuation of shoulder to shoulder work between the Treasury and the banks will be highly essential.

CANAL TERMINALS NEARLY COMPLETED

State Engineer Says They Will Be Ready for Spring Navigation.

PROGRESS DURING THE WAR

$19,800,000 Was Appropriated in 1911 for Facilities Most of Which Will Be Available.

Most of the Barge Canal terminals will be completed and ready for operation at the opening of navigation on the canal next Spring, according to announcement made yesterday by State Engineer Frank M. Williams. The work of establishing these terminals, for which an appropriation of $19,800,000 was made in 1911, has been greatly retarded as a result of the war, and yet, Mr. Williams declares, substantial progress has been made even during the war period. Regarding the work to provide terminal facilities in this city for the Barge Canal traffic, Mr. Williams said:

"The Gowanus Bay bulkhead wall, which is 870 feet long, with thirty acres of upland, has been fully completed, while the basin in front of the bulkhead has been dredged to a depth of thirty-five feet. This terminal has been used by the Navy Department, which, early last Winter, took over 450 feet of the bulkhead together with a corresponding width of basin.

"Pier 5, at Coenties Slip, which is 350 feet long and 70 feet wide, is almost entirely repaired, while two auto cranes and a portable package freight conveyor have been installed. The neighboring Pier 6 has been entirely rebuilt. This is 563 feet long and 85 feet wide, and there is now, in force, a contract calling for the erection of a freightshed on this pier. Both these terminals were used during the past navigation season.

"At Greenpoint there is available a pier 320 feet long and 28 feet wide, with a berthing space on both sides. A new pier 410 feet long and 90 feet wide is now built, as is a bulkhead wall 300 feet long. There is an upland area of four acres back of this on which stands a two-story concrete warehouse 161 feet long and 61 feet wide.

"The work on the bulkhead wall at Mott Haven is now in progress and nearly completed, while at the West Fifty-third Street terminal a new pier is partially completed, and it is proposed to let a contract calling for the construction of the pier shed in the near future."

Regarding the progress of the work on terminals at other points of the State, Mr. Williams said:

"The terminals at Albany, Troy, Cohoes, Mechanicville, Schenectady, Thompson, Fort Edward, Whitehall, Port Henry, Plattsburg, Rouses Point, Waterford, Crescent, Amsterdam, Fonda, Canajoharie, Fort Plain, Saint Johnsville, Little Falls, Herkimer, Ilion, Frankfort, Utica, Rome, Cleveland, Syracuse, Weedsport, Lyons, Newark, Palmyra, Fairport, Pittsford, Spencerport, Holly, Albion, Medina, Middleport, Lockport, Seneca Falls, Ithaca, North Tonawanda, Tonawanda, Buffalo (Erie Basin,) Fulton, and Oswego have been provided with dock walls and piers and are available for terminal purposes.

"At smaller places it is probable that the terminals will not be equipped with freight handling devices until more traffic has been developed, as transfers can readily be made by hand truck or small derricks. Freight houses have already been provided on twenty-eight terminals and additional ones are in the course of construction at other sites, while terminal machinery has been provided in other instances. At present here are 5 twelve-ton steel derricks, 17 two-ton steam auto cranes, 2 electrically operated portable package freight conveyors, and 20 three-ton timber derricks in use on the State's terminals."

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED NOV. 23, 1918.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	3,051,144	128,148,223
Same period a year ago	3,357,376	170,096,757

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks	76.85	73.97	80.16	64.12
Same period a year ago	66.16	62.77	90.46	60.42

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
450	ADAMS EXPRESS	65¼	64½	65	−3
8,400	Advance Rumely	26⅞	23½	23½	−½
3,400	Advance Rumely pf.	62⅞	57	57	−5
400	Ajax Rubber	63	62⅞	63	..
8,600	Alaska Gold Mines	4⅛	3⅝	3⅝	−⅛
9,000	Alaska Juneau	2½	2	2	−¼
3	Alleg. & Western	101	101	101	
4,500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	28½	25⅝	25⅝	−2⅝
300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. pf.	81⅝	80⅝	80⅝	−1⅝
1,300	Am. Agri. Chemical	100	100	100	−1½
600	Am. Agri. Chemical pf.	98¼	96	96	−1
6,200	Am. Beet Sugar	63½	53¼	53¼	−10½
16,700	Am. Can	46¼	42⅝	42⅝	−3⅝
100	Am. Can pf.	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	+½
9,900	Am. Car & Foundry	85⅝	81	81	−3⅞
400	Am. Car & Foundry pf.	110	108	108	−3
1,600	Am. Cotton Oil	41¼	39¼	39⅝	−1⅝
200	Am. Express	95	94	94	−1½
4,300	Am. Hide & Leather	15⅞	14¼	15	..
6,600	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	80½	73	78½	+3½
1,000	Am. Ice	43	41	42	..
800	Am. Ice pf.	56¼	54	54	−2
3,900	Am. International	55⅝	53¼	53⅝	−1⅝
3,500	Am. Linseed	40½	39½	39½	−1
1,300	Am. Linseed pf.	82½	80½	80¼	−2¼
3,350	Am. Locomotive	65½	63	63	−3
300	Am. Locomotive pf.	100½	100¼	100½	..
800	Am. Malting	4⅝	4	4	−⅞
700	Am. Malting 1st pf.	50	44½	44½	−½
66,450	Am. Smelting & Ref.	88⅝	83¼	83½	−4¼
800	Am. Smelting & Ref. pf.	108¼	106	106	−4¼
100	Am. Smelters Sec. pf., A	93	93	93	..
18,200	Am. Steel Foundries	95	90⅞	91	+¼
2,100	Am. Sugar Refining	111⅞	110½	110⅝	−1½
100	Am. Sugar Refining pf.	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	+¼
14,400	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	107½	103½	104¼	−3
100	Am. Sumatra Tob. pf.	88½	88½	88½	−1½
10,800	Am. Tel. & Tel.	105⅜	102⅝	104⅜	−⅞
400	Am. Tobacco	192⅞	190	192⅞	−2⅝
100	Am. Tobacco pf., new	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	+1⅞
5,000	Am. Woolen	51⅝	49½	50	−⅞
600	Am. Woolen pf.	95⅝	94⅞	95⅝	−⅛
1,000	Am. Writing Paper pf.	32	30½	30½	−⅛
300	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	13½	13½	13½	+¼
100	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf.	46½	46½	46½	−1½
78,500	Anaconda Copper	69⅝	64½	65¼	−3⅝
400	Assets Realization	2	1½	1⅝	−⅛
800	Associated Oil	69¼	68½	68⅝	+⅜
4,000	Atch., Topeka & S. F.	95½	93	93	−3
550	Atch., Topeka & S. F. pf.	90	88	88	−1
100	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	8	8	8	−⅜
800	Atlantic Coast Line	107½	103¼	105	−1
6,800	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I.	110	106	106⅛	−1⅞
1,400	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I. pf	67⅝	66⅛	67	+⅜
92,600	BALDWIN LOCOMO.	81¼	75	76	−3½
100	Baldwin Locomotive pf.	102	102	102	−2
8,800	Baltimore & Ohio	59	55	55	−3⅜
2,025	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	62	58	58	−5
400	Barrett Co.	103	101⅝	101⅝	−1⅞
2,200	Batopilas Mining	2	1⅝	1⅞	..
600	Bethlehem Steel	65⅝	63	63⅝	+⅜
70,600	Bethlehem Steel, Class B	66⅝	62⅝	63⅞	+⅜
1,850	Bethlehem Steel 8% pf.	106	104¼	105⅝	+⅞
13,000	Booth Fisheries	26	23½	23⅝	+⅜
13,950	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	42½	36⅝	36½	−5⅝
300	Brooklyn Union Gas	93½	92	92	−¼
100	Brown Shoe pf.	95	95	95	−1
600	Bruns. Term. & Ry. Sec.	9	8	8	−2
600	Burns Brothers	151	148	148	−1⅝
3,500	Butte Copper & Zinc	9¼	8⅝	8⅝	−⅜
2,200	Butte & Superior	22⅞	19	19	−3½
300	Butterick Co.	18½	18½	18½	+¼
3,000	CAL. PACKING	50	47⅞	48½	+1
2,400	Cal. Petroleum	22⅝	20½	20½	−2
600	Cal. Petroleum pf.	65⅝	63	63	−3
100	Calumet & Arizona	68½	68½	68½	..
6,200	Canadian Pacific	165	162⅝	162⅝	−2¼
100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	+¼
2,000	Central Foundry	20	18	18	−4
200	Central Foundry pf.	35	35	35	+2
6,100	Central Leather Co.	64	61¼	61⅝	..
300	Certain-Teed Prod.	40½	40	40½	+1½
2,250	Cerro de Pasco Copper	37⅞	35	*35	−1⅝
3,600	Chandler Motor	106	99½	100	−3
5,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	60	57⅛	57⅛	−2¼
200	Chi. & Alton	10	10	10	−⅛
700	Chi. Great Western	9⅛	8⅝	8⅞	−1⅞
1,100	Chi. Great Western pf.	29	26	26	−3
5,000	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	49½	47	47⅛	−2
6,200	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf.	84½	80¼	80¼	−2⅝
800	Chi. & Northwestern	104	100	100	−4½
100	Chi. & Northwestern pf.	131	131	131	−1
20,400	Chi., R. I. & Pacific	28⅝	26¼	26¼	−2
4,300	Chi., R. I. & P. 7 p. c. pf.	83½	81¼	81¼	−2¼
3,700	Chi., R. I. & P. 6 p. c. pf.	71	68	68	−4
18,700	Chile Copper	21⅞	19½	19½	−2½
8,350	Chino Copper	41	37⅝	37⅝	−3¼
100	Clev., Cin., Chi. & St. L.	37	37	37	−3
200	Clev., Cin., C. & St. L. pf	70	69⅞	69⅞	+2⅞
100	Cluett, Peabody	62	62	62	+2
100	Cluett, Peabody pf.	105	105	105	+5
1,300	Col. Fuel & Iron	39¼	37½	37½	−2½
2	Col. Fuel & Iron pf.	101	101	101	..
100	Colorado South'n 2d pf.	43½	43½	43½	−½
4,220	Columbia Gas & Elec.	39⅝	37½	37½	−2⅝
3,600	Consolidated Gas	101½	98½	98⅝	−2⅞
500	Continental Can	72	70	70	−4
200	Continental Can pf.	105¼	105	105¼	+¼
300	Continental Insurance	57	55⅝	57	+3
47,800	Corn Products Refining	49⅝	47⅞	47⅞	−1⅞
1,000	Corn Products Ref. pf.	102½	101⅝	102½	+⅜
41,200	Crucible Steel	58	55	56⅝	+⅝
800	Crucible Steel pf.	91	89¼	89¼	−1¼
13,600	Cuba Cane Sugar	32⅛	30½	30½	−2⅝
2,200	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	81	80½	81	..
200	DEERE & CO. pf.	95	95	95	−1
700	Del. & Hudson	114⅞	114⅛	114⅛	..
400	Del., Lack. & Western	183½	180	180	−2
1,000	Den. & Rio Grande	7	5⅝	7	+2
8,300	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	12	11	11	+½
12	Detroit Edison Co.	120	120	120	
22,800	Distillers Securities	49	44½	46	−2⅞
2,200	Dome Mines	14¼	13⅝	13⅝	+¼
100	Duluth, S. S. & Atlantic	3¼	3¼	3¼	−⅝
600	ELK HORN COAL	31¼	30	31	+1
23,500	Erie	20¼	18¼	18½	−1⅛
6,100	Erie 1st pf.	33¼	31	31	−2⅜
800	Erie 2d pf.	24¼	23	23	−2
1,200	FEDERAL M. & S. pf.	42¾	41	41	−1⅛
100	Fisher Body	38	38	38	−1
200	Fisher Body pf.	91½	91	91½	..
4,200	GASTON, WM. & W.	30¼	29	29¼	−1
800	General Chemical	168½	168	*168	−8
14	General Chemical pf.	101	101	101	..
400	General Cigar	44¼	44	44	..
3,800	General Electric	153⅝	149	149⅝	−5⅝
13,100	General Motors	129	122	124⅝	−⅞
2,100	General Motors pf.	85	83⅛	83⅛	−1⅞
2,700	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	57½	55	55	−1
1,700	Granby Consol.	82	77⅝	79	−2½
11,000	Great Northern pf.	101½	97	97	−4⅝
20,060	Great Northern Certs. for Ore Properties	34	32⅝	33	−¼
5,000	Greene-Cananea Copper	53	47½	47½	−4⅞
900	Gulf States Steel	68⅛	66½	67⅝	−1
100	Gulf, Mobile & North'n	9	9	9	−½
5,400	HASKELL & BARKER	48¼	46½	47¼	+¼
100	Homestake Mining	95	95	95	..
700	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	104	100⅝	100⅝	−3⅝
34,700	Inspiration Copper	53¼	47⅝	48	−4⅞
7,500	Interboro Consol.	9¼	7½	7½	−1⅞
1,000	Interboro Consol. pf.	37	33	33½	−3
3,300	Inter. Agricultural	15¼	10¼	11½	−3¼
3,400	Inter. Agricultural pf.	58	44	50¼	−8¼
100	Inter. Harvester, new	115	112	112	−2⅝
100	Inter. Harv. pf., new	114	114	114	..
30,800	Inter. Mer. Marine	28⅝	25	25⅛	−2⅞
330,000	Inter. Mer. Marine pf.	117⅞	105⅜	107	−5⅝
8,200	Inter. Nickel	32⅝	31⅝	31⅝	−1
4,000	Inter. Paper	33	31	31½	−1¼
1,400	Inter. Paper pf., stamped	64⅝	62⅛	62⅝	−¼
100	JEWEL TEA pf.	94	94	94	−½
3,200	KAN. CITY SOUTH'N	21½	19½	19½	−2½
300	Kan. City Southern pf.	58	57½	58	+½
11,000	Kelly-Springfield Tire	63½	57	61	+4
30,400	Kennecott Copper	39⅞	35	35⅛	−3⅝
210	Kings Co. El. L. & P.	106	102	104	..
200	Kresge (S. S.) Co. pf.	106	105	105	+⅛
1,300	LACK. STEEL	73⅝	72	72	−⅛
100	Laclede Gas	85½	85½	85½	−1⅞
300	Lake Erie & Western	11	11	11	−½
7,300	Lee Rubber & Tire	23½	20⅝	20⅝	−1⅞
7,800	Lehigh Valley	62½	60	60	−2
700	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	38⅝	36¼	36¼	−1⅜
100	Lorillard (P.) Co.	156	156	156	..
400	Louisville & Nashville	120	117	117	−3
200	MACKAY COS.	77	77	77	..
500	Mackay Cos. pf.	64	64	64	..
110	Manhattan Elevated	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	+1½
200	Marlin-Rockwell	82	80	80	+5
28,800	Maxwell Motors	37⅝	25½	25⅝	−10½
11,800	Maxwell Motors 1st pf.	66½	51½	51⅝	−14⅝
8,100	Maxwell Motors 2d pf.	28	19⅝	20½	−7½
400	May Dept. Stores	61½	61¼	61½	−1½
142,700	Mexican Petroleum	166¼	152½	160⅝	−5⅝
100	Mexican Petroleum pf.	104½	104½	104½	..
7,200	Miami Copper	27	24	24⅝	−2¼
25	Michigan Central	92	91¼	92	..
14,400	Midvale Steel	44⅝	43	43	−½
900	Minn. & St. L., new	14	12⅝	12⅝	−1½
100	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	−⅝
100	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M., leased lines	62	62	62	..
2,800	Mo., Kansas & Texas	6½	5⅝	5⅝	−⅝
900	Mo., Kansas & Texas pf	13	12	12	−1½
28,900	Mo. Pacific	28⅝	25⅞	26	−2⅝
2,000	Mo. Pacific pf.	59	56½	56½	−3½
500	Montana Power	77	75	75	−3
200	NAT. ACME	30⅝	30¼	30⅝	..
1,000	Nat. Biscuit	109½	106	106	−1½
5,100	Nat. Conduit & Cable	14⅝	13¼	13½	−⅞
1,100	Nat. Enam. & Stamping	44½	42	42	−2½
100	Nat. Enam. & Stamp. pf	88	88	88	−3½
1,500	Nat. Lead	62	61	61	−1
200	Nat. Lead pf.	105	104	*104	+½
700	Nat. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	9⅝	8⅝	8⅝	−⅝
7,600	Nevada Consol. Copper	20	18	18	−1⅝
1,900	New Orleans, Tex. & M.	34	32⅝	32⅝	−1½
1,700	N. Y. Air Brake	107	102	103½	+2⅝
12,800	N. Y. Central	80⅝	77	77⅞	−4
1,800	N. Y., Chicago & St. L.	34	29⅝	30	..
300	N. Y. Dock	21½	20½	20½	−¼
11,000	N. Y., N. H. & H.	39½	37	37	−2⅝
700	N. Y., Ontario & West'n	22½	21½	21⅝	−1⅛
2,100	Norfolk & Western	109½	107⅝	107⅝	−2½
600	North American	57½	56⅛	56⅛	+2⅛
10,400	Northern Pacific	99⅝	95	95	−5
18,100	OHIO CITIES GAS	43⅝	42	42½	−1½
2,300	Ontario Mining	7⅞	7⅝	7½	−¼
600	Owens Bottle Machine	59	57	57	−2
800	PACIFIC MAIL	33½	32⅝	32⅝	−1⅝
9,000	Pan Am. Pet. & T.	66⅞	64⅝	66	−½
1,000	Pan Am. Pet. & T. pf.	115	113	115	−2½
6,900	Pennsylvania Railroad	49⅛	47½	47½	−1⅝
3,900	People's Gas, Chicago	58	52½	52½	−6
300	Peoria & Eastern	6	5½	5½	−⅛
3,200	Pere Marquette	18¼	16⅞	17	−1½
100	Pere Marquette prior pf.	63½	63½	63½	+½
1,800	Pere Marquette pf.	50	44½	44½	−2½
1,400	Philadelphia Co.	33½	32⅝	32⅝	−⅝
20,820	Pierce-Arrow	46¼	42⅝	43	−2
300	Pierce-Arrow pf.	103	102	102⅛	−⅝
6,700	Pierce Oil	17½	16⅞	17	−⅝
3,300	Pitts. Coal	48	45	45	−2
400	Pitts. Coal pf.	83	81¼	83	+⅛
100	Pitts. Steel pf.	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	−1
9,900	Pitts. & West Va.	37⅝	35¼	35⅝	−1⅜
1,500	Pitts. & West Va. pf.	79⅞	78½	78½	..
300	Pressed Steel Car	64	62	62	−2⅝
100	Public Service, N. J.	93	93	93	+3
1,000	Pullman Co.	129⅝	126¼	126¼	−2
7,800	RY. STEEL SPRING	69⅝	66	67½	+1½
450	Ry. Steel Spring pf.	104	102	104	+1½
13,200	Ray Consol. Copper	24⅛	21	21½	−1⅝
43,400	Reading	89⅝	83⅝	83⅞	−2⅞
300	Reading 1st pf.	38½	37½	38	−½
600	Reading 2d pf.	39	38½	38½	−1
11,700	Republic Iron & Steel	78½	76½	76½	−1
400	Republic Iron & S. pf.	99⅝	99½	99⅝	..
3,600	Royal Dutch tr. rects	112	101	101	−10
4,700	ST. L.-SAN FRAN.	16⅝	14	14	−2¼
100	St. L.-San Fran. pf.	30	30	30	−2
100	St. L. Southwestern	21	21	21	..
200	St. L. Southwestern pf.	39	38	38	−1
700	Savage Arms	60	60	60	−½
7,400	Saxon Motor	11¼	8½	8½	−1½
2,200	Seaboard Air Line	10⅝	9⅝	9⅝	−⅝
600	Seaboard Air Line pf.	22⅝	21	21	−2⅞
900	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	162½	160	160	−5
2,200	Shattuck-Arizona	16	15½	15½	−½
8,300	Sinclair Oil Refining	36	34½	34½	−1½
700	Sloss-Sheff. S. & I.	47⅝	47½	47½	−⅝
136,105	Southern Pacific	105⅛	102	102⅝	−2⅝
100	South Porto Rico Sugar	140	140	140	+5
38,600	Southern Railway	32	29⅝	29⅞	−1⅞
1,700	Southern Railway pf.	70½	69⅝	69⅝	−3⅜
50	Standard Milling pf.	84	84	84	..
113,500	Studebaker Co.	66⅞	54½	*55	−8½
900	Studebaker Co. pf.	100	99	*99	+⅜
3,600	Stutz Motor	47¼	44	44	−2½
500	Superior Steel	37	36½	36⅝	+⅝
2,800	TENN. COP. & CHEM.	16	14½	14½	−1⅝
6,100	Texas Co.	189½	183½	184½	−1½
2,900	Texas & Pacific	25⅞	22½	23	−2⅞
7,700	Third Avenue	19⅝	14½	15	−4½
64,200	Tobacco Products	80⅝	75½	77¼	+1
100	Tobacco Products pf.	98	98	98	−3
600	Tol., St. L. & West. t. r.	5½	5½	5½	−1¼
7,500	Transue & Wms. S. Forg.	40⅞	37	37½	−1
100	UNDERWOOD TYPE	110	110	110	−1⅞
500	Union Bag & Paper	75½	75	75½	+½
22,500	Union Pacific	133½	129⅝	130¼	−2⅝
1,100	Union Pacific pf.	75	73	73	−2½
4,900	United Alloy Steel	40⅝	39	39	−1
21,000	United Cigar Stores	105⅝	101½	103⅝	+⅝
200	United Drug	78	76	78	+1⅞
400	United Drug 2d pf.	84	81	84	+2
700	United Fruit	143	142½	143½	+1½
400	United Railway Invest.	9⅝	9½	9⅝	+½
500	United Ry. Invest. pf.	17	16¼	16¼	−⅝
300	U. S. Cast Iron P. & F.	14¼	14	14	−⅝
100	U. S. Realty & Imp.	20	20	20	−3
16,400	U. S. Ind. Alcohol	105½	99½	102	+1⅝
100	U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf.	94½	94½	94½	−⅛
9,450	U. S. Rubber	72	67½	67⅝	−3⅝
400	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	106½	105½	105⅝	−⅛
1,200	U. S. Smelt., Ref. & M.	49	46	46	−3
200	U. S. Smelt., R. & M. pf	46	46	46	−½
531,980	U. S. Steel	102½	98⅝	100	+⅝
2,114	U. S. Steel pf.	111⅝	110½	111⅝	+⅜
31,900	Utah Copper	84½	75⅝	76⅝	−7⅝
900	Utah Securities	15	14	14	−1⅝
4,700	VA.-CARO. CHEM.	56⅛	52	52	−5¼
200	Va. Iron, Coal & Coke	60	60	60	−½
5,000	WABASH	10¼	9½	9½	−⅜
4,500	Wabash pf., A	39⅝	38½	38½	−1⅝
350	Wabash pf., B	24½	24	24⅝	−⅝
300	Wells Fargo Express	75⅝	75	75	..
5,000	Western Maryland	15	13⅝	13⅝	−1½
900	Western Pacific	22	21¼	21¼	−1½
600	Western Pacific pf.	62⅝	62	62	−½
5,200	Western Union Tel.	92½	87½	88¼	−4½
8,000	Westinghouse E. & M.	44⅞	42½	42⅝	−2
2,700	Wheeling & Lake Erie	11	9⅝	9⅝	−1½
100	Wheeling & Lake Erie pf	20	20	20	−4
1,000	White Motors	46⅝	46	46	..
14,000	Wilson & Co.	73	68½	70	..
64,300	Willys-Overland	27½	23⅝	24⅛	−2⅝
2,200	Willys-Overland pf.	89½	86⅝	87	+½
400	Woolworth (F. W.) Co.	122⅝	120½	120½	−1⅝
1,419	Worthington Pump	53⅝	51½	51½	−3½
255	Worthington P. pf., B	67	66½	66½	−1½

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	Rate	Maturity	Yield
City of Phoenix, Ariz.,	6%	1919	4.50%
City of Joliet, Ill.,	5	1920-21	4.60
Cascade County, Mont.,	5	1921-27	4.70
Spartanburg County, S. C.,	4½	1923-27	4.70
Boro. of Wallington, N. J.,	4½	1928	4.70
Twp. of Franklin, N. J.,	4	1929	4.70
State of Louisiana, Port Com.,	5	1949	4.70
Twp. of Lyndhurst, N. J.,	5	1919-36	4.80
City of Asheville, N. C.,	5¼	1919-57	4.80
City of Portsmouth, Va.,	6	1928	4.80
City of Miami, Fla.,	6	1928	4.875
Buncombe County, N. C.,	6	1929-33	4.875
Surry County, N. C.,	6	1933-58	4.90
City of Greenville, N. C.,	6	1919-32	5.00
Boro. of No. Wildwood, N. J.,	6	1932-33	5.00
Pamlico County, N. C.,	6	1948	5.00

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*$500,000	New York State....4½s	1964	4.10%
*†100,000	New Haven, Conn...4½s	1931-34	4.15
*†100,000	Waterbury, Conn...4½s	1943-48	4.25
*20,000	Providence, R. I....4s	1945	4.30
*500,000	New York City....4¼s	1960-66	4.30
*100,000	Syracuse, N. Y. reg..3½s	1920	4.30
*145,000	Columbus, Ohio....4½s	1934-45	4.40
*33,000	Oregon State......4s	1923-31	4.40

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Rocky River, Ohio	6%	1919-'27	5.10%
McHenry County, N. D.	6	1921	5.20
Bloomdale, Ohio	5¾	1938	5.25
Renville County, N. D.	6	1922	5.25
Milton, Ohio	6	1923	5.25
Florence, Ala.	5	1938	5.40
Dallas, N. C., School D'st.	6	1938	5.50
Cresswell, N. C., School Dist.	6	1938	5.50
Albemarle, N. C.	6	1920-'24	5.50

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the No. 15 & 17 East 40th St., Inc., will be held on Tuesday, Dec. 10th, 1918, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., at the office of the company, No. 508 Century Building, St. Louis, Mo., for the election of Directors and such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

A MEETING OF THE LOT OWNERS OF The Green-Wood Cemetery will be held at its office, 170 Broadway, New York City, on Monday, the 2nd day of December, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time an election will be held for five trustees in place of those whose term of office will expire on that day.

ALFRED L. SEAVER, Secretary.

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EXPECTS NO CRISIS 'WHEN PRICES DROP'

Banker Cites Experience in Economics at the Close of the Civil War.

SEES PROBLEM IN LABOR

Bespeaks Moderation for Both Employer and Worker—Must Not Hold to Our Gold.

B. M. Anderson, Jr., of the National Bank of Commerce, in a discussion of post-war economic policies under the caption, "When Prices Drop," maintains that a free gold market is one of the primary essentials of world rehabilitation. Mr. Anderson foresees a drop both in commodity prices and wages, and holds that the continuance of active business will depend upon the policies which Governments, banking, and business pursue to further the rapid repair of the wastes of war and the restoration of normal conditions throughout the world.

In this connection Mr. Anderson's article is prefaced by a "Foreword" by James S. Alexander, President of the bank, in which, after reviewing the demonstrated efficiency shown by the nation in the conduct of the war, it is reasoned that a like application to the problems of peace should result in preparing this country for the greater service which the world will demand in the years to come.

Mr. Anderson, while believing a drop in commodity prices inevitable as well as a lower wage level, holds that fair play on the part of both capital and labor will prevent industrial turmoil in the United States.

"This continuance of our business activity," Mr. Anderson says, "can be confidently counted upon only if we avoid the mistakes into which war excitements and their distortions of judgment may lead us. If we are generous to our allies and just to our enemies the whole world can revive together and the prosperity of the United States will be assured.

"The belief that there will be a drastic drop in prices is based on obvious conditions. With a vast volume of labor rapidly being discharged from munition factories the world over to resume the production of normal supplies; with steel, copper, coal, shipping and other essentials released; with 50,000,000 soldiers returning to farms and factories there will be an immense increase in the volume of goods available for civilian consumption. Prices should fall, even before this actual transformation is carried far, because wholesale markets commonly forecast impending changes."

The writer says that, under ordinary conditions this would mean a business crisis, with widespread bankruptcy. Yet, to take a historical precedent local to America, the veritable collapse of prices in the North following the civil war produced no such crisis. The fact is cited that in the six months from January to July, 1865, the general average of wholesale prices slumped over 30 per cent.

Mr. Anderson holds that there will be no crisis following this war, and in arriving at that conclusion analyzes factors in the situation, these including the physical needs of Europe today, the financial and credit resources of Europe, the United States as the main source of lendable capital, the policy of the Federal Government, States, and municipalities in after-the-war expenditures, the relations of capital and labor, and this country's commercial policy toward both the Allies and our foes.

"Although all prediction in economic matters is to be accepted with caution," Mr. Anderson says in summing up, "we may expect the civil war parallel to hold so far as falling prices and the absence of crisis caused thereby are concerned. But the continuance of business activity will have to rest on a square deal to labor; and on a generous policy of lending on the part of the United States, the one great country which has a large surplus. Europe has a sound basis of credit to offer. Her people are intelligent, efficient and accustomed to pay their debts. They are impoverished in the present, but their industry and frugality will give them wealth in the future. Even those weaker countries with large foreign debts may still secure new capital from outside on 'receiver's certificates' or on pledge of special revenues. Our own interests are bound up in a magnanimous foreign policy. Especially must we let gold go freely when it will. Unless the rest of the world can revive its commerce and industry, it cannot buy our goods or pay its debt to us. International trade is a matter of reciprocal advantage. All the world shares in the prosperity of a country which plays the game fairly. But the game of commerce must not be played in the future as an adjunct of piratical diplomacy—nor must the game of diplomacy be played as an adjunct to selfish business. We must free the world from the German spirit, as well as from the German Armies.

"Falling prices will be accompanied by falling wages," he says. "A recent estimate would justify the view that over 18,000,000 of our people are at present engaged, directly or indirectly, in war work, including the millions employed in the Army, Navy, and Marine Corps. Many of these workers will remain in their present positions, as the plants in which they work will merely shift back from war work to peace work, but millions will be thrown on the prewar labor market. Demand for their services exists, but only at much lower wages. The process of readjustment calls for tact and fairness on the part of both employers and laborers, and for skillful public guidance."

It is pointed out that the danger in the situation lies in the existence of two bodies of extremists, on the one hand the radical labor element inspired by the Russian Bolsheviki, and on the other by a body of employers who always have opposed labor organizations and who may seek to take advantage of after-the-war conditions to bring about what they call "the liquidation of labor." Mr. Anderson emphasizes that "labor will do well to recognize that present wages cannot be maintained. Business men will do well to recognize that the achievements of labor in the direction of unionization during the war are permanent achievements.

"Above all there must be no scramble for gold after the war," Mr. Anderson said. "The rest of the world must know that as it needs gold and is willing to pay for it, it can get it from us. We must have a free gold market and must put no legal obstacles in the way of free flow of gold. If bankers all over the world should become frightened as to the prospects of gold, they would restrict credits, and a real crisis would come. There is plenty of gold to finance the after-the-war reconstruction if it is intelligently used. There is no danger that the United States will be short of gold after the war. With our huge gold accumulation, and with the heavy interest payments due us from the outside world, the prospect is rather that we will have more gold than it is economical for us to keep. Our Federal Reserve System moreover, should enable us to get along in the reconstruction period with comfort with even less gold than we had before the war."

The writer holds that as the United States is the main source of loanable capital, this country must "continue to tighten its belt and must continue to lend and invest."

PORT FACILITIES NOT USED.

Merchants' Association Says Congestion Here Is Exaggerated.

In commenting on the statement by Chairman William R. Willcox of the New York and New Jersey Port and Harbor Development Commission that diversion of railroad freight traffic is bound to follow if the Federal authorities make Philadelphia instead of New York the point of sailing for ships bound to southern ports and the Gulf of Mexico, the Merchants' Association says:

"Mr. Willcox insists that there is little basis for the assertion that, because of congestion, traffic must be turned to other ports. On the contrary, he contends that neither the railroad facilities nor the berthing accommodations of the port will be utilized to full capacity in the future unless the unwarranted fear of congestion is dispelled. Aside from the loss which the business interests of New York and the surrounding cities should strive to prevent, the whole country, he thinks, will suffer if this city's facilities are not utilized to full capacity.

"That there is an exaggerated conception of this congestion is indicated by figures compiled by the engineers of the commission. The operation of four of the trunk lines reaching the New Jersey shore opposite Manhattan since the beginning of 1914 shows that these roads are now receiving 7 per cent. fewer loaded cars than in the heavy year of 1916, despite a war traffic never before equaled."

TO DISCUSS LABOR'S FUTURE

Labor reconstruction will be discussed at the thirty-eighth annual meeting of the Academy of Political Science, to be held here Dec. 6 and 7. Two sessions will be held at Columbia University on the first day, and two at the Hotel Astor on the second, followed in the evening by a dinner at which Frank A. Vanderlip will preside. Among the speakers at the dinner will be Charles M. Schwab, ex-President Taft, and Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson. The topic for discussion will be "Our industrial victory and its effect on the future relations of labor and capital."

Among those who will speak at the sessions of the Academy are Pauline Goldmark, Dr. Alice Hamilton, Felix Frankfurter, H. J. Laski, Professor Henry R. Seager, and Thomas B. Love, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED NOV. 23, 1918.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$62,018,500	$1,650,309,500
Same period last year ..	26,873,500	924,321,450

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 40 bonds.	81.98	81.25	82.36	75.65
Same period a year ago.	77.21	76.73	89.48	76.72

Range, 1918 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
39	18	10	ALASKA G. M. cv.		33	33	— 2¾
			6s, Series A.......	35	93	93	..
			Ala. Gt. So. 5s.....	93	102	102	+ ½
93	87⅞	5	Am. Ag. Ch. deb. 5s.	102	97½	97½	..
106	97	87	Am. Ag. Ch. cv. 5s.	97½	89	89	— ⅛
101½	91	2	Am. Cotton Oil 5s...	89	98⅛	98⅛	..
89⅞	80	2	Am. Dock & Imp. 5s	98⅛	100	100	..
99½	97⅞	2	Am. H. & L. 6s....	100	92⅝	92⅝	+ ½
101	98¼	5	Am. S. & R. 1st 5s.	93	86	86	— 1⅛
98	88¾	40	Am. T. & T. col. 4s.	87⅞	102	103	— 1
88	77	67	Am. T. & T. cv. 6s.	103½	94½	94	— 2
105	93	528	Am. T. & T. col. tr. 5s	95½	90⅝	90⅝	— ⅝
97½	86	78¼	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s.	90⅝	99⅝	99⅝	+ ⅝
91⅞	82	11	Am. Thread 6s......	99⅝	84½	85¼	— 2¼
99⅝	96⅞	1	Am. Wr. Paper 5s..	87⅝	59	59	+ 4¾
89½	79	34	Ann Arbor 4s......	59	87	87	— ½
59	51¼	1	Armour & Co. 4½s..	87⅞	86¼	87	— 1
89	81½	24	A., T. & S. F. g. 4s.	88	94¼	94¾	+ 2¾
90	79	59¼	A., T. & S. F. cv. 4s, '60.	94¾			
96	80	1	A., T. & S. F., Col.		84¾	85½	+ ⅛
85½	79	11	& Ar. 4½s.........	[illegible]	80⅝	80⅝	— 1⅛
			A., T. & S. F. a. 4s, sta.	81	89¼	89¼	+ ¼
82½	70	8	At. Coast L. 1st 4s.	89¼	85	85½	+ 5
89¼	77	3	A. C. L. unified 4½s.	86½	79¼	79⅝	— ⅛
86½	74	44	A. C. L., L. & N. col. 4s	80⅞	99¼	99⅝	+ ¼
81½	69¼	52	BALDWIN LOCO. 5s	99⅝	83½	83½	— 1⅛
101⅞	97⅞	3	Balt. & O. gold 4s..	85	90	90	— ⅛
87	73½	98¼	Balt. & Ohio ref. 5s.	91½	91	91½	..
92⅝	75½	51	B. & O. pr. lien 3½s.	92⅝	84⅝	86⅛	— ⅛
92⅝	85⅝	13	B. & O. conv. 4½s.	86⅛			
87½	75⅛	67	B. & O., P., L. E. &	80½	80⅛	80½	— ⅛
83	72	5	West Va. 4s.......	88	87½	87½	— ⅛
			B. & O., S. W. Div. 3½s.	88	66½	66½	+ 1½
86¼	80	9	B. & O., Tol & C. 4s	66½	94	95	+ ⅛
66½	57½	2	Beth. Steel ext. 5s..	95¼	85½	85½	— 1
90	92	7	Beth. S. pr. mon. 5s.	86⅝	89⅞	89⅞	— ⅝
87½	78½	40	Beth. Steel ref. 5s..	90¼	96	96	..
93⅛	86	8	Braden Cop. 6s......	96	88	88	..
96	89½	10	B'klyn R. T. g. 5s...	88	93	90½	— ⅛
88	78	1	B. R. T. 7s, 1921....	95⅝	94	94⅛	+ 2¼
96⅝	94⅝	111	B'klyn Un. Gas 5s..	94½	86½	86½	+ 1⅛
95	85	3	B'klyn Un. El. 5s...	86½	86¾	86⅝	..
87½	78⅜	1	B'klyn U. El. 5s, sta.	86¾	85⅝	85⅝	— ⅝
86⅝	78	2	Bush Terminal 5s....	85⅝	85	85	+ ⅜
86	74	5	Bush Ter. Bldgs. 5s.	85	98	98	— 2
84¼	74	2	CANADA SO. 5s....	99	82⅛	82¼	— 1⅛
100	85	16	Car. C. & O. 5s....	82⅛	66	66	— 2⅛
84	82¼	10	Cent. N. E. 4s......	66	82	82	+ ⅛
69	60	5	Cent. Foundry 6s....	82	96	96	..
84½	80	5	Central Leather 5s..	96¼	93	93	— 1⅛
97¼	93	9	Cen. of Ga. cons. 5s.	94⅝	84½	84½	— ½
94⅝	85	10	Cent. Pacific 4s.....	85	86½	86½	— ⅛
86	75	29	Cent. Pac. 3½s......	86½	87½	87½	+ 4⅛
88	85	5	C. R. R. & B. Ga. 5s	87½	100½	100½	+ 4
87½	83	5	Ches. & Ohio cons. 5s.	100½	87½	87⅛	— 1⅛
100½	94	9	Ches. & O. cv. 5s....	88¾	81¼	82	— ⅛
90⅝	76	118	Ches. & O. conv. 4½s..	82¼	81⅝	83	— 2
85⅛	67½	86	C. & O. gen. 4½s....	84⅝	75	75	— 9
85½	72	11	C. & O., B S. 4s....	75	91¼	91¾	+ 1
85	75	4	Ches. & O. fund. 5s.	91¼	76½	76½	+ ⅛
94	80	4	C. & O., R. & A. 1st 4s	76½	41	41	— 8⅝
76½	76	2	Chi. & Alton 3½s...	43	87	87	— ⅛
47½	35¼	17	C., B. & Q. gen. 4s..	87	95½	95½	..
89	78	13	C., B. & Q. joint 4s.	95¼	78	78	— ⅛
96½	92	247	C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 3½s.	78	88	88	+ 2
78½	71½	2	C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 4s	88⅛	92¼	92¼	— 4¼
86½	80	14	C., B. & Q., Neb. Ext. 4s	93⅝			
95⅝	89⅞	3	Chi. & East Ill. gen.		75	75	..
75	75	11	Guar. Trust rcts...	75	30	80	+ ⅛
			C. & E. Ill. ref. 4s..	30	64	65	+ 1
80	25	4	Chi. Gt. W. 1st 4s..	65	86	86	..
69	54	83	C., M. & St. P. 4s, '25	86	89	89	— 2⅜
88½	76½	22	C., M. & St. P. cv. 5s. B	91½	81	81	..
94	75	74	C., M. & St. P. 4s, '34	81	87¼	87¼	— ¼
81	66¼	2	C. & St. P. gen. 4½s	88	79½	79½	+ ⅛
88	77½	18	C., M. & St. P. gen. 4s	80	77	77½	— 2
82⅝	70⅝	16	C., M. & St. P. ref. 4½s	79	84½	84½	— 1⅛
81	64⅝	55	C., M. & St. P. cv. 4½s	86⅝			
80	71¼	26	C., M. & St. P. C., P.		99	100½	+ 3⅞
100½	95½	3	& W. 5s..........	100½	74	74	+ 4
74	67½	1	C. & N. W. gen. 3½s	74	87	87	— ⅛
88	82½	10	C. & N. W. gen. 4s..	87¼	96	96	— 8⅝
96	96	3	C. & N. W. s. f. 5s, reg.	96	88	88	+ 1
88	80¼	5	Chi. Railways 5s....	88	75	75⅝	+ ⅝
80¼	62½	77	C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	76	81½	81½	— ⅛
84¼	72	45	C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	82	88⅝	88⅝	— 2¼
91	85	45	Chi. Union Sta. 4½s.	90⅝	67½	68	— 2
70	62⅝	11	Chi. & W. Ind. 4s...	68⅝	112½	112½	— 4
118¼	102½	10	Chile Copper 7s.....	113	87	87½	— ⅛
89½	77	29	Chile Cop. col. tr. 6s	87½	86	86⅝	— 1⅝
89½	78	140½	Chile Copper cv. 6s.	87½	72	72	— 2⅝
74⅝	55	14	C., C., C. & St. L. g. 4s.	73	82	82	— 1½
83½	64¼	8	C., C., C. & St. L. d. 4½s	82			
75	63	5	C., C., C. & St. L.,		75	75	+ 3
			St. L. Div. 4s.....	75	75½	76	..
76	73	11	Col. Industrial 5s....	76	79	80¼	+ ⅝
82⅝	63	42	Col. & So. ref. 4½s.	81	82	82	+ 2⅞
82	76	1	Col. G. & E. 1st 5s	82	82	82	+ 2
82	76	4	C. G. & E. 1st 5s, sta.	82	82	82	— 3
85	78¼	1	Comu.-Tab. Rec. 6s.	82	104¼	104¼	— 1⅛
108	90	38	Con. Gas cv. 6s.....	105	99¼	99⅛	..
99⅝	95	10	Corn P. ref. s. f. 5s, '34	99½	93⅛	95	+ 6
95	85	2	Cumberland Tel. 5s.	95	93½	93½	— ½
94	93¼	5	DEL. & H. 1. eq. 4½s	93½	96½	97	— ½
97⅝	86	9	Del. & H. cv. 5s....	97	86	87	— ½
88⅝	79	29	D. & H. 1st & ref. 4s	87½	73½	74½	— ⅝
77	63	42	D. & R. G. con. 4s.	75½	61¼	61½	+ ⅛
63	48¼	23	D. & R. G. ref. 5s..	62	95½	95½	+ 1⅝
96⅝	93⅝	1	Det. City Gas 5s....	95½	83⅝	83⅝	+ ⅞
83½	73	12	Det. Riv. Tun. 4½s.	83⅝	76	78	+ 2
80	62	2	Det. United 4½s....	78	88	88½	..
88¼	75	129	Dist. Secur. 5s......	88⅛	94½	94½	+ 2¼
97½	91¼	2	E. T., VA. & G. cons. 5s..	94¼	99	99	+ 5½
99	90	7	Elgin, Jol. & E. 5s.	99	78	73	— 5
79	65	17	Erie 1st con. 4s....	78	60	60	— 1⅞
64½	49¼	86	Erie gen. 4s.......	60⅝	54	54	— 2¼
58	42	15	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. A.	56	53⅝	53⅝	— 2¼
59	42½	81	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. B.	56	57⅝	58	— 2
62	48½	85	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. D.	60	101	101½	+ 1¼
101¼	100	18	Erie 1st cons. 7s...	101¼	81⅝	81⅝	— ½
81⅝	75¼	1	Erie Penn. col. 4s..	81⅝	82½	82½	..
82½	81	1	FLA. E. COAST 4½s	82½	73	73	— ½
74	66¼	1	GEN. ELEC. 3½s...	73	100	100	..
100	91	1	Granby conv. 6s....	100	84⅝	84⅝	— 1¼
86	74	7	HOCK. VAL. 4½s...	85	62½	62½	— 4⅝
69⅝	46⅞	118	Hud. & M. n. ref. 5s.	67	19	19	— 2⅝
25	14¼	222	H. & H. n. adj. 5s..	21¼	85	86	— 1
87	77⅝	10	ILL. CENT. ref. 4s.	86			
96	85½	5	Ill. C., C., St. L. &		95	95	— 1
			N. O. joint 5s.....	95	78	78	..
78	78	2	Ill. C., Cairo Div. 4s.	78	86	86	..
86½	81	6	Illinois Steel 4½s....	86	96⅝	96⅝	— ⅛
97	92	4	Indiana Steel 5s.....	96⅝	55	55	— 1½
58⅝	48	24	Inter.-Met. 4½s.....	56⅝	81	81	— 1⅛
85	77⅝	249	Int. Rap. Tran. 5s..	82½	75	75	— ½
77½	98¼	17	Int. Agricul. 5s......	76	98½	99¼	— 2⅛
104⅝	90	585	Int. Mer. Mar. 6s..	102½	49½	49⅝	— 1½
52	40½	11	Iowa Cent. ref. 4s..	50½	89¼	90	— 1⅝
90	89¼	3	KAN. & MICH. 2d 5s.	90	84¼	84½	— 5
91½	78⅝	24	Kan. City So. 5s...	86⅝	81½	81½	— 1
88½	71½	19	Kan. City Ter. 4s...	82½	68	68	— 1
70	57	6	Keok. & D. 1st 5s..	68	86	86½	— 1
96¼	86	17	LACK. STEEL 5s, '50	87½	94½	94½	..
96½	94½	84	Lack. Steel 5s, '23..	94½	74	74	+ 1
75⅝	70	6	Lake Shore 3½s.....	74	87⅝	88	— 4
92½	82	11	Lake Shore 4s, '28..	91⅝	99	99	+ ½
99	97¾	1	Laclede Gas 1st 5s.	99	92	92	+ ½
92	81½	5	L. V. of N. Y. g. 4½s	92	102¼	102⅝	+ ½
103¼	97⅞	149	Leh. V. col. 6s, t. ctfs.	102½	91½	91⅝	— 1⅞
95	93	6	Liggett & Myers 5s..	92	111	111⅛	— ⅛
117	108	23	Liggett & Myers 7s..	111⅛	78	78½	+ ½
78½	70	4	Long Isl. deb. 5s, '37	78½	98⅛	98⅛	+ 2
99	93	1	L. & N. col. tr. 5s.	98½	91⅝	91⅝	— ⅞
96	83	17	Lorillard 5s..........	92	88⅜	89⅝	— ½
90	81	28	Louis. & N. unif. 4s.	89½	88	88	+ 4
83	71	3	L & N., A. K. & C. 4s	88	88	88	..
88	83½	1	L. & N., Mob. & M. 4½s	88	80⅝	80⅝	— ⅛
84¼	74⅝	5	MAN. Con. 4s, t. ex.	80⅝	85	85½	+ ⅛
86	72⅝	5	Mich. Cent. deb. 4s.	85½	98½	98⅝	+ 6½
98½	92	1	Mich. Cent. 5s, reg..	98½	91	91	..
91	85¼	1	Mich. State Tel. 5s.	91	89⅝	89⅝	— 1⅛
92	86⅝	11	Midvale Steel 5s.....	91	52	53	..
58½	40	28	M. & St. L. 1st & r. 4s	53	88⅝	88⅝	— 1⅛
90	80	30	M. St. P. & S. S. M. c. 4s	89	72⅞	74	+ 1⅝
74	60½	4	Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s.	74	55	55	— 3
58	49	3	Mo., K. & T. of T. 5s	55	44	44	— 2
46	40	10	M., K. & T. 1st & r. 4s	44	63⅝	63⅝	— 1⅝
67½	55½	218½	Mo. Pacific gen. 4s.	63½	100	100	+ 1
100	95	3	Mo. Pac. con. 6s....	100	94¼	94¼	— 1⅝
95½	89⅞	5	Mo. Pacific 5s, '23..	95⅛	88⅛	88⅛	— 1¼
89⅝	70	10	Mo. Pacific 5s, '65..	89	94	94	..
94	85¼	3	Mo. Pacific 5s, '26..	94	71	71	+ ⅛
71	65	6	Mob. & Ohio gen. 4s.	71	91½	91⅞	+ 1½
92½	85½	49	Montana Power 5s..	92	68	68	— 2
70	60	7	NEW OR. Term. 4s.	68	97½	97½	+ ⅛
97½	92	2	N. O., T. & M. 6s..	97½	98⅝	98⅝	— 5⅛
106	93¾	4	N. Y. Airb. Co. 6s.	98⅝	101	101¼	— ⅛
108½	91½	155	N. Y. Cent. deb. 6s..	101½			
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y. Cent. ref. 4½s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y. Cent. con. 4s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y. Cent. deb. 4s, '34.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y. C., L. S. c. 3½s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st 4s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y., C. & St. L. deb. 4s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y. Con. Ry. 4½s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y. G., E. L., H. & P. 5s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y. G., E. L., H. & P. 4s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
102	100	10	N. Y. L. & W. 1st 6s.	102	102	102	+ 1
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. 3½s, '54...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
63	52	2	N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. 4s, '55...	63	63	63	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y., N. H. & H. noncv. deb. 4s, '56.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y., N. H. & H. deb. 6s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y., N. H. & H. cv. 3½s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y., O. & W. ref. 4s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y. Rys. adj. 5s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y. Telephone 4½s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y., W. & B. 4½s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Norf. & S. 1st ref. 5s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Norf. & W. div'l 4s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Norf. & W. con. 4s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. & W. New Riv. 6s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Northern Pacific 4s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Northern Pacific 3s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	OG. & LAKE C. 4s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Ore. R. R. & N. con. 4s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Ore. Sh. Line 6s....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Ore. Sh. Line gtd. 5s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Ore.-Wash. 1st 4s....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	PAC. GAS & E. 5s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Pac. T. & T. 5s....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
116	108	50	Pan. Am. P. & T. Equit. 6s, '25.....	108	108	108	— 6
119	108	42	Pan. Am. P. & T. Equit. 6s, '26.....	108	108	108	—11
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Penn. 4s, 1948......	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Penn. gen. 4½s.....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Penn. gtd. 4½s.....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Peo. Gas Chi. ref. 5s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Pere Marq. 1st 5s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Pere Marq. 1st 4s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Phila Co. cv. 5s, '22.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '20.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '24.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	P., C., C. & St. L. 4½s, I..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	P., C., C. & St. L. 4½s, I..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	P., C., C. & St. L. 4½s, J..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Public Service 5s....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	READING gen. 4s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Read., J. C. col. 4s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Rep. I. & S. 5s, '40..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Rio Gr. W. 1st 4s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	R. I., Ark. & L. 4½s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	St. L., I. M. & S. unif. and ref. 4s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	St. L., I. M. & S. R. & G. 4s....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	St. L. & S. F. p. l. 4s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	St. L. & S. F. prior lien 5s, Ser. B....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	St. L. & S. F. adj. 6s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	St. L. & S. F. inc. 6s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	St. L. S. W. 1st 4s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	St. L. S. W. con. 4s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	St. L. S. W. 1st Ter. 5s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	St. P., K. C. S. L. 4½s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	St. P., M. & M., Mont. Ext. 4s....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	St. P. & N. Pac. 6s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	San. An. & A. P. 4s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Seab. A. L. ref. 4s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Seab. A. L. adj. 5s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Seab. A. L. g. 4s. sta.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Scioto V. & N. E. 4s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Sinclair Oil 7s....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Sinc. O. 7s, with w.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	So. Bell Tel. 5s....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	So. Pac. conv. 5s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	So. Pac. conv. 4s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	So. Pac. col. 4s....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	So. Pac. ref. 4s....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	So. P., S. F. Ter. 4s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Southern Rwy. 5s....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	South. Rwy. gen. 4s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	So. Ry., M. & O. col. 4s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	So. Ry., St. L. Div. 4s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	TERM. C. & I. 5s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Texas Co. deb. 6s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Texas & Pac. 1st 5s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Third Ave. ref. 4s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Third Ave. adj. 5s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Tol., St. L. & W. 4s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	UNION PACIFIC 4s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Union Pacific cv. 4s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Union Pac. 1st 4s...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	U. Pac. 1st & ref. 4s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Un. R. R. of S. F. 4s, un. tr. r......	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	U. S. R. & Imp. 5s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	U. S. R. 1st & ref 5s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	U. S. Smelt cv. 6s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	U. S. Steel 5s......	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Utah P. & L. 5s....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	VA.-CAR. CH. 1st 5s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Va.-Car. Ch. cv. 6s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Virginia Ry. 1st 5s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Va. S. W. cons. 5s..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	WABASH 1st 5s....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Wabash 2d 5s......	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
89⅝	80	4	Western Maryland 4s	[illegible]	87	87	— 1
72	57⅛	5	Western Pacific 5s..	87½	91	91	— 1
90	79½	25	W. U. Tel. r. e. 4½s.	91½	81½	81⅞	— ⅝
92½	80	3	West Shore 4s......	82⅝	78	79⅝	— ⅝
82⅝	71½	12	West Shore 4s, reg.	79⅝	98⅝	99	+ ½
80	70	24	Wilson & Co. 1st 6s.	99	80⅝	81	— 1
100	90⅞	19	Wis. Cent. gen. 4s..	81			
83	69½	10					

Total sales..................................$9,688,500

GOVERNMENT BONDS

Range, 1918 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
102.50	97.20	3647	U. S. Liberty 3½s, 1932-1947	99.98	99.86	99.94	+.03
98.60	93.00	464	U. S. Liberty cv. 4s, 1932-1947	96.70	96.30	96.50	+.10
98.00	93.00	1738	U. S. Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-1942	96.40	96.00	96.00	—.10
99.00	93.80	483	U. S. Liberty 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-1947...	98.70	98.40	98.50	—.06
98.60	93.10	7979	U. S. Liberty 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-1942 ...	98.00	97.70	97.96	+.12
99.10	94.70	16118	U. S. Liberty 3d 4¼s, 1928	98.00	97.70	97.90	..
98.10	97.78	16250	U. S. Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-1938 ...	98.00	97.78	97.80	—.20
			U. S. 4s, coupon.......	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	+ ⅛
107	105	1	U. S. 4s, reg..........	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	— ⅝
107	105	1	Am. For. Secur. 5s..	99⅝	99½	99½	..
99⅞	94½	704	Anglo-French 5s.....	96⅝	96	96	— ⅛
97	88¾	13911¼	Argentine 5s........	89⅝	89	89	..
80½	78	3	Chinese Rwy. 5s.....	71⅛	71⅛	71⅛	..
72	53½	15	City of Bordeaux 6s.	101¼	100⅛	100⅛	— ⅛
102	84	52	City of Lyons 6s....	101⅛	100	100⅛	— ⅛
103½	84	54	City of Marseilles 6s.	101⅛	100⅛	100⅛	— ⅛
103	84	53	City of Paris 6s.....	99⅛	98⅛	98⅛	— ⅛
99½	81½	315¼	Dom. of C. 5s, '31..	98⅝	97½	98	— ⅛
99	88⅞	93	Dom. of C. 5s, '26..	97	96⅝	96½	..
97½	90⅝	76	Dom. of C. 5s, '21..	98⅞	97	97	— 1
99	93½	9	French Govt. 5½s...	104	103	103⅛	+ ⅛
104½	94	1587	Jap. 4½s, 2d Series,				
92½	83½	12	German stamp.....	88¼	87½	88	— 1
			Japanese 4½s.......	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	— ⅝
92½	80¼	1	Japanese 4s........	74½	74⅛	74⅛	+ ⅞
76	73⅛	1	U. K. of Gt. B. & I.				
99½	95⅝	369	5½s, 1919.........	99¼	98⅝	99	+ ⅛
104¼	97½	924	U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1919, new....	102	101¼	101½	— ½
98½	91⅞	313	U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1921.........	98	97⅝	97⅝	+ ⅛

Total $52,200,000

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

Range, 1918 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
87⅝	75¼	1	3½s, Nov., 1954.....	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝	+ 3¼
93	85	1	4s, 1958...........	93	93	93	..
98⅝	87⅝	23¼	4¼s, 1960.........	98⅝	98¼	98⅜	+ ⅛
98⅝	87⅞	13	4¼s, 1964.........	98⅝	98¼	98⅛	+ 5
98⅝	87⅞	10	4¼s, 1966.........	98⅝	98	98⅜	— 1
98⅝	87⅞	4	4½s, May, 1957....	102⅛	102	102⅛	+ ⅛
103⅝	93½	8	4½s, 1963.........	102⅝	102⅛	102⅛	+ ⅛
103⅛	93	36	4½s, 1965.........	102⅝	102⅛	102⅛	

$129,500

Total $62,018,500

Grand total..........................

Investor's Questionnaire

At a time when many securities are being offered at abnormally high interest rates, the prudent investor should apply to them the acid tests which always can be depended on to determine the real soundness of any investment.

This questionnaire, which we will send you, contains adequate tests to be applied to all current types of investments with complete answers. Among the score or more of questions set forth and fully answered in the booklet are the following:—

1. How close are the bonds or notes to the property? Are they a first mortgage, a junior lien, or merely unsecured promises to pay?
2. What is the nature of the mortgaged property? Is its value ample for safety during all periods and conditions?
3. Are the bonds or notes steadily paid off in cash, year by year, out of the earnings of the company, or must they be refunded when they mature by contracting new debts?
4. Is the investment likely to be adversely affected either by labor readjustments or possible restrictive legislation?

If the investor applies these tests to securities offered him, he realizes why it is exceedingly difficult to get more than 6% on his funds with real safety—the safety demanded by trustees, executors, institutions, and the most prudent class of individual purchasers.

The first mortgage serial bonds, safeguarded under the *Straus Plan*, meet these fundamental tests. Their thirty-six year record of prompt payment without a loss during war and peace conditions, indicates their soundness. They yield full 6%.

Write today for this timely and extremely valuable booklet, "Investor's Questionnaire," now being printed, and our current offerings of high grade first mortgage 6% bonds. Ask for *Circular No. A-204.*

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150 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
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Thirty-six years without loss to any investor.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To the Holders of the PRIOR LIEN FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS, dated the 30th day of June, 1909, and of the Scrip representing fractional amounts of such bonds, issued by ECLIPSE TANNING COMPANY:

Please take notice that the property of the Eclipse Tanning Company having been sold for the sum of $100,000 on the foreclosure sale held on the 19th day of September, 1917, by virtue of a decree for sale issued out of the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, in the suit entitled, "United States Mortgage and Trust Company, Complainant, and Eclipse Tanning Company, Defendant," and a Receiver having been appointed to collect the rents, issues and profits of Eclipse Tanning Company in said suit, and said Receiver having paid over to said United States Mortgage & Trust Company the sum of $95.24, the net proceeds of said foreclosure sale, viz., $96,241.15, and said sum of $95.24 are now ready for pro rata distribution among the holders of Prior Lien Gold Bonds and Scrip representing fractional amounts of said bonds of Eclipse Tanning Company, and said net proceeds and said sum of $95.24 will be paid to the holders of said Bonds and Scrip upon presentation thereof at the office of the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, No. 55 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for indorsement thereon of the payments to which the holders thereof are respectively entitled.

Dated, November 1st, 1918.
UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
First Mortgage Bonds of MEXICAN NORTHERN RAILWAY CO. Sinking Fund Notes.

Notice is hereby given, as provided in Article 17 of the mortgage of the Mexican Northern Railway Company to the State Trust Company, dated December 1, 1890, that proposals will be received by the undersigned at its office, 140 Broadway, New York City, up to ten o'clock A. M. Friday, December 6, 1918, for the sale to it as trustee, at the lowest price at which such bonds shall be offered not exceeding 105 and accrued interest of sufficient of the above bonds to exhaust the sum of $13,815.35, delivery to be made December 9th, 1918.

Proposals should be sealed and indorsed "Offers of Mexican Northern Bonds for the Sinking Fund" and addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT. The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all offers, in whole or in part.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Successor Trustee.
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
November 18, 1918.

To the Holders of 7% Gold Notes, Series B, C, D and E, of the Atlas Crucible Steel Company, Dated May 1, 1918.

The undersigned, as Trustee under the Indenture given to secure the above described issue of notes, hereby gives notice that pursuant to the terms of the said indenture, Seventy-seven thousand eight hundred thirty-three dollars and four cents ($77,833.04) has been deposited with it to the credit of the sinking fund under said indenture, and said Trustee intends to apply such funds so far as the amount thereof will permit to the purchase of said notes at the lowest prices offered.

Sealed offers of said notes at a price not exceeding 103% of the principal amount thereof and accrued interest will be received by the Columbia Trust Company, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before December 9, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon.

Notes accepted must be delivered on December 10th, or security furnished that day if required, that delivery will be made within ten days.

The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN, Vice-President.
Dated New York, November 15, 1918.

TODD SHIPYARDS CORPORATION
5 Year 6% Convertible Gold Notes.
SINKING FUND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of Section 4, Article 4, of the Indenture of Trust, under which the above Notes were issued, that the sum now in hand, together with the sum to be paid into the Sinking Fund on December 16, 1918, amounts to Eight hundred twenty-eight thousand, two hundred twenty-five and 74/100 ($828,225.74) dollars.

Sealed offers for the sale of Notes at a price not exceeding accrued interest and 107% of the face amount thereof will be received by the undersigned at any time up to twelve (12) o'clock noon December 10th, 1918, at No. 2 Wall Street, New York City, or No. 177 Montague Street, Brooklyn, New York.

Unless otherwise stated, offers may be accepted pro rata. Offers should be marked "Tender of Todd Shipyards Corporation Notes." Payment for accepted offers will be made December 16th, 1918, at our office, 2 Wall Street, New York, after which date interest on accepted notes will cease.

BROOKLYN TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee under Indenture of Trust.
Dated, New York, Nov. 11, 1918.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO ALL HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE Six Per Cent. Marine Equipment Gold Bonds of the Munson Steamship Line, dated January 1, 1915, and secured by indenture of that date, executed by said Company and by the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company of Baltimore, as trustee:

Notice is hereby given to all holders of the outstanding bonds of this Company of the above mentioned issue that said entire issue has been called for redemption at 105 and interest on January 1, 1919. All holders will therefore present their bonds at the office of the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company, in the City of Baltimore, Md., with all coupons attached, for redemption on said date. (No premium, however, will be paid on the bonds regularly maturing on that date.)

F. C. MUNSON, President.
J. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary.

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Electric Light, Power and Street Railway Enterprises with Records of Established Earnings
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SETTLING OUR BILL FOR THE WAR

In The Annalist today an interesting article analyzes the enormous war debt of the United States and discusses the change which has made our country a great creditor nation.

The article reviews the experience of belligerent countries in the settlement of the debts of previous wars and predicts that liquidation of our bill will not be difficult.

In today's issue
THE ANNALIST
A Magazine of Finance, Commerce and Economics.
Times Square, New York.
10 cents a copy. $4.00 a year.

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Our complete list of Municipal Bonds contains, among many other attractive issues, the following:

ISSUE	MATURITY	YIELD
City of Syracuse, N. Y., 4¼s	1920-1922	4.40%
City of Cleveland, Ohio, 5s	1930-1945	4.50%
Cascade County, Montana, 4¾s	1927-1933	4.60%
Jefferson County, Mo., 4½s	1924-1930	4.60%
State of Louisiana Port 5s	1929-1958	4.70%
City of Painesville, Ohio, 5½s	1929-1938	4.75%
Mitchell County, Texas, 5s	1949-1957	5.00%
City of Ardmore, Okla., 5s	1928-1938	5.00%
McKenzie County, No. Dak., 6s	1923	5.00%
City of Mooresville, N. C., 6s	1919-1938	5.125%
Freestone Co., Texas, Road 5s	1919-1948	5.20%
Houston County, Tex., Road Dist. 5s	1920-1937	5.20%
City of Durant, Okla., 6s	1933	5.25%
Southeast Arkansas Levee Dist. 6s	1923-1937	5.50%
Washington County, Miss., D. D. 6s	1927-1937	5.50%
Walthall Co., Miss., Sup. Dist. 6s	1928-1941	5.50%
Lake Worth, D. D., Palm Beach Co., Fla., 6s	1922-1944	6.00%

We shall be pleased, upon request, to send our latest revised list, G-208, together with full descriptive circulars on any of the above.

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5½%
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High-grade investment bonds, paying an unusually high return over a long period of years, can be obtained today at prices which are relatively low. Upon request we shall be pleased to send you a copy of our Investment circular, describing over one hundred issues of Government, Municipal, Railroad and Public Utility Bonds yielding from 4½% to over 7%. We offer these bonds with our recommendation. You are placed under no obligation in consulting us.

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Cities Service Pfd.
Colorado Pr. Com.
Commonwealth Pr. Ry. & Lt. Pfd.
Childs Co. Com. & Pfd.
Elec. Bond & Share Pfd.
Louisville Gas & Elec. 7s, 1923
Northern Ohio Elec. Com.
No. States Pr. Com. & Pfd. & War'ts
Oklahoma Gas & Elec. Deb. 6s, 1922
Reading Transit & Lt. 6s, 1919
Utah Pr. & Lt. Pfd.
West Virginia Trac. & Elec. 6s, 1919

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GLENROCK OIL

This company is completing wells regularly on its acreage in the various Wyoming fields and has a number of wells drilling. Market situation discussed in our

WEEKLY REVIEW NO. 327

Among other issues treated are:

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Curtiss Aero. | Island Oil
U. S. Steamship | Merritt Oil

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MONEY RATES.

	On Call. High.	Low.	Last.	Renew'ls.
Nov. 18	6	6	6	6
Nov. 19	6	6	6	6
Nov. 20	6	6	6	6
Nov. 21	6	6	6	6
Nov. 22	6	6	6	6
Nov. 23	6	6	6	6
Week's range—				
High			6	6
Low			6	6
Same week last year—				
High			5	5
Low			2½	3⅛
Year to date—				
High			6	6
Low			2	2
Same period last year—				
High			10	6
Low			1¼	1½

	On Time. 60 Days.	90 Days.	6 Mos.
Nov. 18	6	6	6
Nov. 19	6	6	6
Nov. 20	6	6	6
Nov. 21	6	6	6
Nov. 22	6	6	6
Nov. 23	6	6	6
Week's range—			
High	6	6	6
Low	6	6	6
Same week last year—			
High	5¼	5½	5¾
Low	5	5¼	5½
Year to date—			
High	6	6	6
Low	5	5¼	5½
Same period last year—			
High	6	6	6
Low	2½	2½	2¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for retirement with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	4¼@4½
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days	4¼@4½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	5½@6

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days	6
4 to 6 months	6

Other Names.

4 to 6 months	6

DISCOUNT RATES—FEDERAL RESERVE BANK'S COMMERCIAL PAPER.

	Within 15 Days, Incl. Member Banks' Collateral Notes.	16 to 60 Days, Inclusive.	61 to 90 Days, Inclusive.
Boston	4	4¾	4¾
New York	4	4¾	4¾
Philadelphia	4	4¾	4¾
Cleveland	4¼	4¾	4¾
Richmond	4¼	4¾	4¾
Atlanta	4	4¾	4¾
Chicago	4	4¾	5
St. Louis	4	4¾	4¾
Minneapolis	4	4¾	5
Kansas City	4	4¾	4¾
Dallas	4	4¾	5
San Francisco	4	4¾	4¾

The rate of 3 to 4½ per cent. for one-day discounts, in connection with the loan operations of the Government, is approved in the case of the New York district.

Secured by United States certificates of indebtedness or Liberty Loan bonds:

	Agricultural & Live Stock Paper, Over 90 Days.	Within 15 Days, Inc. Member Banks' Collateral Notes.	16 to 60 Days, Inc'sive.
Boston	5	4	4¼
New York	5	4	4¼
Philadelphia	5	4	4¼
Cleveland	5¼	4	4¼
Richmond	5	4	4¼
Atlanta	5	4	4¼
Chicago	5½	4	4¼
St. Louis	5½	4	4¼
Minneapolis	5½	4	4¼
Kansas City	5	4	4¼
Dallas	5¼	4	4¼
San Francisco	5½	4	4¼

Trade acceptances one to sixty days and sixty-one to ninety days at 4½ per cent.

Acceptances purchased in open market, minimum rate, 4 per cent.

Rates for commodity paper have been merged with those for commercial paper of corresponding maturities.

In case the sixty-day trade acceptance rate is higher than the fifteen-day discount rate, trade acceptances maturing within fifteen days will be taken at lower rate. Whenever application is made by member banks for renewal of fifteen-day paper, the Federal Reserve Banks may charge a rate not exceeding that for ninety-day paper of the same class.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK DOMESTIC CENTRES.

	Boston.	Chicago.	St. L.	San. F.
Nov. 18	Par	Par	*25@15c	Par
Nov. 19	Par	Par	*25@15c	Par
Nov. 20	Par	Par	*25@15c	Par
Nov. 21	Par	Par	*25@15c	Par
Nov. 22	Par	Par	*25@15c	Par
Nov. 23	Par	Par	*25@15c	Par

*Discount.

LONDON MONEY AND DISCOUNTS.

	Money.	3 Mos.	Short Bills.	Exch. on London.
Nov. 18	3	3½	3½	25f 97c
Nov. 19	3½	3½	3½	25f 97¼c
Nov. 20	3½	3½	3½	25f 97½c
Nov. 21	3 @3¼	3½	3½	25f 97½c
Nov. 22	3½	3½	3½	25f 98c
Nov. 23	3½	3½	3½	25f 98c

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	British Consol 2½s	British 4½s	Paris Rentes.
Nov. 18	59½	99¼	62f 90c
Nov. 19	59½	99¼	62f 90c
Nov. 20	59⅝	99¼	62f 90c
Nov. 21	60⅝	99¼	62f 90c
Nov. 22	60½	99	62f 90c
Nov. 23	60½	99	62f 90c

BAR SILVER.

	London.	New York.
Nov. 18	49½d	$1.01½
Nov. 19	49½d	1.01½
Nov. 20	49½d	1.01½
Nov. 21	49½d	1.01½
Nov. 22	49½d	1.01½
Nov. 23	49½d	1.01½

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.*—Dealings discontinued.

CORN.	Nov. High.	Nov. Low.	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.
Nov. 18	1.30	1.26	1.28¾	1.24½	1.30¼	1.25½
Nov. 19	1.33	1.29	1.32	1.26	1.34	1.27⅝
Nov. 20	1.33	1.29⅝	1.31⅞	1.28½	1.34¼	1.30½
Nov. 21	1.31	1.30	1.30⅝	1.28⅝	1.33¼	1.30⅝
Nov. 22	1.30½	1.29	1.29⅛	1.26⅛	1.32¼	1.28¼
Nov. 23	..	..	1.25⅝	1.24	1.28¼	1.25⅝
W'k's r'e	1.33	1.26	1.32	1.24	1.34¼	1.25½

OATS.	Nov. H'gh.	Nov. Low.	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.
Nov. 18	.75	73⅝	74⅝	72½	74½	72
Nov. 19	.76	74	75⅝	72⅞	75⅛	72⅞
Nov. 20	.76	75	74⅝	73⅝	75	73¼
Nov. 21	.75⅝	75⅛	74⅝	73⅞	74½	73⅝
Nov. 22	.75¼	75	74½	73¼	74⅝	73
Nov. 23	.74½	74	73⅛	72⅞	73⅛	72⅝
Week's range	.76	73⅝	75⅝	72½	75½	72

Provisions.

LARD.	Nov. High.	Nov. Low.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.
Nov. 18	27.20	27.12	26.45	26.25
Nov. 19	27.02	27.00	26.30	26.00
Nov. 20	..	..	26.40	26.27
Nov. 21	27.00	26.75	26.27	26.05
Nov. 22	26.77	26.65	26.17	25.80
Nov. 23	26.75	26.70	26.12	25.95
Week's range	27.20	26.65	26.45	25.80

RIBS.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.
Nov. 18	24.67	24.40
Nov. 19	24.60	24.37
Nov. 20	24.70	24.55
Nov. 21	24.60	24.32
Nov. 22	24.62	24.30
Nov. 23	24.67	24.57
Week's range	24.70	24.3[illegible]

PORK.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.
Nov. 18	46.30	45.60
Nov. 19	46.20	45.70
Nov. 20	46.60	46.25
Nov. 21	46.05	45.90
Nov. 22	46.35	45.80
Nov. 23	46.50	46.45
Week's range	46.60	45.60

NEW YORK.

COTTON.

	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	Mar. High.	Mar. Low.
Nov. 18	29.01	27.50	28.05	26.85	28.10	26.50
Nov. 19	27.96	27.05	27.35	26.40	26.98	26.02
Nov. 20	28.05	27.35	27.31	26.65	26.95	26.30
Nov. 21	29.00	28.20	28.35	27.45	27.87	26.98
Nov. 22	29.42	28.75	28.74	28.05	28.17	27.40
Nov. 23	28.82	28.00	28.10	27.40	27.35	26.80
Wk's range	29.42	27.05	28.74	26.40	28.17	26.02

	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.
Nov. 18	27.75	26.25	27.50	26.20	26.45	26.00
Nov. 19	26.73	25.80	26.48	25.62	25.00	24.75
Nov. 20	26.75	26.05	26.40	25.90	25.10	24.90
Nov. 21	27.60	26.75	27.37	26.60	..	..
Nov. 22	27.92	27.07	27.60	27.05	..	..
Nov. 23	27.05	26.40	26.68	26.30	..	..
W'k's range	27.92	25.80	27.60	25.62	26.45	24.75

RECORD OF TRANSACTIONS.

New York Stock Exchange, week ended Nov. 23, 1918:

STOCKS, (SHARES.)

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Monday	542,672	406,215	2,135,360
Tuesday	455,782	744,084	1,693,958
Wednesday	523,305	797,903	1,700,005
Thursday	556,240	574,680	1,552,446
Friday	649,040	502,834	1,296,446
Saturday	324,105	331,710	712,260
T'l week	3,051,144	3,357,376	9,027,659
Yr. to date	128,148,228	170,096,751	199,548,666

BONDS, (PAR VALUE.)

Monday	$10,222,500	$4,835,500	$5,419,500
Tuesday	9,222,000	5,147,000	5,470,000
W'nesday	11,118,000	5,794,000	4,839,500
Thursday	9,751,500	4,725,500	6,882,000
Friday	13,689,000	4,150,000	5,584,500
Saturday	8,015,500	3,321,500	2,665,500
T'l week	$62,018,500	$22,873,500	$30,861,000
Yr. to da.	1,630,309,500	924,321,450	1,039,364,000

In detail last week's transactions compare as follows with the same week a year ago:

BONDS.

	Nov. 23, '18.	Nov. 24, '17.	Change.
RR. & mis.	$9,688,500	$6,215,000	+ $3,473,500
Govt.	52,200,000	20,608,500	+ 31,591,500
City	129,500	50,000	+ 79,500
Total all	$62,018,500	$26,873,500	+$35,145,000

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Forecast:

N. C.—Fair Mon. and Tues.

S. C.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; little change in temp.

Ga.—Fair Mon.; Tues. fair, slightly warmer in w.

Fla.—Fair Mon.; cooler in n. Tues. fair; warmer in n. w.

Miss.—Fair Mon. Tues. increasing cloudiness and warmer, probably rain.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Mon. Tues. increasing cloudiness and warmer, probably rain in w.

Mich.—Fair Mon. and probably Tues.; little change in temp.

Ohio—Fair Mon.; Tues. increasing cloudiness.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON

	Demand. High.	Demand. Low.	Demand. Last.
Nov. 18	$4.7590	$4.7585	$4.7585
Nov. 19	4.7585	4.7585	4.7585
Nov. 20	4.75 11/16	4.75 11/16	4.75 11/16
Nov. 21	4.7580	4.7570	4.7570
Nov. 22	4.7565	4.7560	4.7560
Nov. 23	4.75⅝	4.75⅝	4.75⅝

	Cables. High.	Cables. Low.	Cables. Last.
Nov. 18	$4.76 7/16	$4.76 7/16	$4.76 7/16
Nov. 19	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
Nov. 20	4.7655	4.7655	4.7655
Nov. 21	4.76½	4.76½	4.76½
Nov. 22	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
Nov. 23	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16

	Demand.	Cables.
Week's range—		
High	4.7590	4.76 7/16
Low	4.7560	4.76 7/16
Same week last year—		
High	4.75 7/16	4.76 7/16
Low	4.75 7/16	4.76 7/16
Year to date—		
High	4.76 7/16	4.77 1/16
Low	4.75⅜	4.76 7/16
Same period last year—		
High	4.7590	4.77
Low	4.75	4.7643¾

PARIS.

	Demand. High.	Demand. Low.	Demand. Last.	Cables. High.	Cables. Low.	Cables. Last.
Nov. 18	5.45⅝	5.45⅝	5.45⅝	5.44⅝	5.44⅝	5.44⅝
Nov. 19	5.45⅝	5.45⅝	5.45⅝	5.44⅞	5.44⅞	5.44⅞
Nov. 20	5.45⅝	5.45⅞	5.45⅞	5.45	5.45	5.45
Nov. 21	5.45⅞	5.45⅞	5.45⅞	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	5.45⅛
Nov. 22	5.45⅝	5.45⅝	5.45⅝	5.45	5.45	5.45
Nov. 23	5.45⅝	5.45⅝	5.45⅝	5.45	5.45	5.45

	Demand.	Cables.
Week's range—		
High	5.45⅞	5.44⅝
Low	5.45⅝	5.45⅛
Same week last year—		
High	5.73	5.71¼
Low	5.75¼	5.73½
Year to date—		
High	5.38	5.37
Low	5.73⅝	5.71⅝
Same period last year—		
High	5.68¼	5.67¼
Low	5.85⅝	5.84⅝

	Switzerland. Dem.	Switzerland. Cables.	Holland. Dem.	Holland. Cables.	Italy. Dem.	Italy. Cables.
Nov. 18	5.01	4.99	41.75	42.12½	6.36	6.35
Nov. 19	5.00	4.98	41.75	42.12½	6.36	6.35
Nov. 20	4.98	4.96	41.875	42.25	6.36	6.35
Nov. 21	4.99½	4.97½	41.875	42.25	6.36	6.35
Nov. 22	4.98	4.96	41.875	42.25	6.36	6.35
Nov. 23	4.98½	4.96½	41.875	42.25	6.36	6.35
Week's range—						
High	4.98	4.96	41.875	42.25	6.36	6.35
Low	5.01	4.99	41.75	42.125	6.36	6.35
Same week last year—						
High	4.36	4.34	44.25	44.75	8.72	8.71
Low	4.42	4.39	44.00	44.50	8.97	8.96
Year to date—						
High	3.89	3.85	52.875	52.8125	6.36	6.35
Low	5.07	5.05	41.25	41.50	9.15½	9.14
Same period last year—						
High	4.35	4.32	45.50	45.75	6.88¾	6.87¾
Low	5.16½	5.15¾	40.75	40.81¼	8.97	8.96

SCANDINAVIA.

	Copenhagen. Dem.	Copenhagen. Cables.	Stockholm. Dem.	Stockholm. Cables.	Christiania. Dem.	Christiania. Cables.
Nov. 18	26.50	26.80	27.50	27.80	27.00	27.30
Nov. 19	26.50	26.80	27.50	27.80	27.20	27.50
Nov. 20	26.60	26.90	27.70	28.00	27.30	27.60
Nov. 21	26.60	26.85	27.70	28.10	27.30	27.65
Nov. 22	26.50	26.80	27.70	28.00	27.40	27.70
Nov. 23	26.50	26.85	27.70	28.00	27.40	27.70
Week's range—						
High	26.60	26.90	27.70	28.10	27.40	27.70
Low	26.50	26.80	27.50	27.80	27.00	27.30
Same week last year—						
High	34.25	34.75	41.75	42.25	34.50	35.00
Low	33.50	34.00	38.00	38.50	33.50	34.00
Year to date—						
High	31.50	32.00	36.00	36.40	32.75	33.25
Low	26.25	26.60	27.20	27.50	26.60	26.90
Same period last year—						
High	36.80	37.16	45.50	46.00	36.00	36.50
Low	27.00	27.35	29.00	29.80	27.25	27.625

	Greece. Dem.	Greece. Cables.	Rubles, 100. Bid.	Rubles, 100. Ask.	Rubles, 500. Bid.	Rubles, 500. Ask.
Nov. 18	19.40	19.45	22.75	23.05	22.70	23.00
Nov. 19	19.40	19.45	23.25	23.50	23.20	23.45
Nov. 20	19.40	19.45	23.25	23.50	23.20	23.45
Nov. 21	19.40	19.45	22.50	22.75	22.45	22.70
Nov. 22	19.40	19.45	21.75	22.00	21.75	22.00
Nov. 23	19.40	19.45	21.75	22.00	21.75	22.00
Week's range—						
High	19.40	19.45	23.25	23.00	23.20	23.45
Low	19.40	19.45	21.75	22.00	21.75	22.00
Same week last year—						
High	19.40	19.45	13.55	13.80		
Low	19.40	19.45	12.25	12.50		
Year to date—						
High	19.45	19.50	24.90	24.80		
Low	19.40	19.45	11.00	11.25		
Same period last year—						
High	20.05	20.65	29.90	29.50		
Low	19.40	19.45	11.75	12.00		

CHINA.

	Hongkong. Dem.	Hongkong. Cables.	Peking. Dem.	Peking. Cables.	Shanghai. Dem.	Shanghai. Cables.
Week's range—						
High	78.00	78.25	130.50	130.75	122.00	122.25
Low	77.50	77.75	129.00	129.25	120.50	120.75
Same week last year—						
High	71.00	71.25	106.00	106.25	99.00	99.25
Low	70.00	70.25	105.00	105.25	98.00	98.25
Year to date—						
High	91.50	91.75	145.50	145.75	135.50	135.75
Low	71.25	71.50	109.50	109.75	102.50	102.75
Same period last year—						
High	82.00	82.25	129.00	129.25	122.00	122.25
Low	55.00	55.10	85.50	85.62½	80.00	80.12½

	INDIA. Bombay. Dem.	Bombay. Cab's.	Calcutta. Dem.	Calcutta. Cab's.	PHILIPPINE ISLANDS. Manila. Dem.	Manila. Cab's.
Week's range—						
High	35.43	35.73	35.43	35.73	49.875	50.00
Low	35.43	35.73	35.43	35.73	49.875	50.00
Same week last year—						
High	34.50	34.75	34.50	34.75	50.125	50.25
Low	34.50	34.75	34.50	34.75	50.125	50.25
Year to date—						
High	36.75	37.00	36.75	37.00	49.875	50.00
Low	35.00	35.50	35.00	35.50	49.875	50.00
Same period last year—						
High	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	50.25	50.50
Low	32.75	33.00	32.75	33.00	50.00	50.125

	SPAIN. Dem.	SPAIN. Cables.	JAPAN. Kobe. Dem.	Kobe. Cables.	Yokohama. Dem.	Yokohama. Cables.
Week's range—						
High	20.00	20.10	54.50	54.65	54.50	54.65
Low	19.90	20.00	54.50	54.65	54.50	54.65
Same week last year—						
High	23.70	23.75	51.50	51.75	51.50	51.75
Low	23.50	23.60	51.50	51.75	51.50	51.75
Year to date—						
High	28.40	28.625	54.75	54.875	54.75	54.875
Low	19.80	19.90	51.00	52.00	51.99	52.00
Same period last year—						
High	23.90	24.90	52.00	52.50	52.00	52.50
Low	21.80	21.90	50.75	50.87½	50.75	50.87½

SOUTH AMERICA.

	Buenos Aires. Demand.	Buenos Aires. Cables.	Rio. Demand.	Rio. Cables.
Week's range—				
High	44.60	44.75	26.85	27.00
Low	44.60	44.75	25.35	25.50
Same week last year—				
High	45.06	46.07	25.31	25.41
Low	45.61	45.71	25.31	25.41
Year to date—				
High	46.21	46.31	27.04	27.14
Low	43.72	43.82	22.90	23.00
Same period last year—				
High	45.03	45.13	27.25	27.37½
Low	42.76	42.86	23.50	23.60

HIGHER FARE HEARING.

Service Board to Hear New York Railways Company Arguments.

The Public Service Commission will hear further arguments in behalf of the New York Railways Company, which is seeking permission to increase the rate of fare, this afternoon. Increases authorized in surface line fares elsewhere will be put forward by the company as an argument for similar action here.

One of the many problems facing the commission is the apparent certainty that if the surface car fare is increased, travel on the rapid transit lines will become more congested because of the lower fare. It has been suggested that the only way of avoiding this would be to make the fare on both systems the same.

The commission will continue its inquiry into the service on the Culver line of the B. R. T. today. It is believed that the result will be an order directing the company to give better service. Commissioner Kracke has reported that the service is inadequate, trains crowded, and that during the rush hours trains do not run oftener than every fifteen minutes.

CREDIT MEN OFFER TO HELP

Will Care for Business of Any Soldier or Sailor.

The National Association of Credit Men has placed facilities at the disposal of the American Red Cross for the benefit of any business carried on by the family of a soldier or a sailor, according to an announcement made yesterday at the Atlantic Division of the Red Cross. The adjustment bureau of each local association of credit men is to coöperate with the local home service of the American Red Cross wherever any soldier's business in his absence needs expert commercial advice or relief. This service is given by the National Association of Credit Men free.

"If necessary," writes J. H. Tregoe, Secretary and Treasurer of the association, to the Director General of civilian relief of the American Red Cross, "our bureaus can take over the affairs of a merchant and liquidate them at minimum cost and maximum protection."

Applications for this service should be made through the nearest home service section of the American Red Cross.

CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

Trading by Days

	Industrials	Oils	Mining	Bonds
Monday	37,940	52,813	102,260	$712,000
Tuesday	30,745	125,985	154,285	863,000
Wednesday	41,090	134,600	101,110	612,000
Thursday	46,870	69,926	148,180	534,000
Friday	45,941	67,270	131,850	425,000
Saturday	12,400	34,968	68,050	531,000
Total	214,986	485,562	705,735	$3,177,000

INDUSTRIALS

Range, 1918 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
16¾	6⅛	19,600	*Aetna Explosives.	7	6⅛	6¼	— ½
28⅝	14⅝	10,400	Br.-Am. Tob. cou.	22¾	21½	21½	— ¾
58½	18¾	1,600	*Burns Bros. Ice..	46½	42	45¼	— 1⅜
3¼	1⅝	7,600	*Car Light & Pow.	2½	1⅝	2⅝	+ ⅝
12	10⅛	1,400	*Columb. Wallin..	11½	11¼	11⅝	+ ⅛
91½	80	450	*Cramp Shipbuild.	91½	90	90	..
42	17	500	Curtiss Aero......	18	17	17	— 3
4⅝	1	600	Emerson Phon....	2½	2⅛	2¼	— ⅛
83⅝	79	3,100	Gen. Mot. 1% deb.	83⅝	79	80	..
5⅝	2⅛	3,080	Hupp Motor Car..	5	4¾	4⅞	— ⅛
26⅝	12¾	63,200	Keystone T. & R...	26⅞	20	24⅛	+ 4⅝
6	2⅛	400	*Lake Tor. Boat..	2⅝	2½	2⅝	— ¼
50½	33	300	Lima Loco., new..	44	43½	44	— 1
5¼	2⅝	7,300	Marconi of Am...	5¼	4¾	4⅞	..
4⅝	2	470	Nor. A. P. & P...	8¼	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
56½	34½	720	Penn. Seb.Stl.v.t.c.	42½	34½	42½	— 6½
18⅝	10⅛	1,770	*Relc Equip. Corp.	12⅝	12	12¼	+ ⅝
8	8	100	Seaboard S. & M.	8	8	8	..
2⅞	⅛	5,700	*Smith Motor Tr..	¼	3/16	¼	..
7⅝	5	2,200	*Steel Alloys Corp.	7⅝	6⅝	7⅝	+ 1⅛
13¾	8¼	400	Standard Motor...	8½	8½	8½	— ¼
20¼	11	6,500	Submarine Boat...	14¾	12⅞	12⅞	— 1⅛
35⅝	19⅞	14,500	*United Motors...	35½	33½	33⅝	— ⅛
3	1	1,000	*U. S. L. & H....	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ⅝
7⅛	4¼	29,800	U. S. Steam. Co..	6⅝	5½	6¼	+ ¾
1⅞	⅝	1,000	United Zinc.......	⅝	⅝	⅝	— ¼
4	2¾	15,200	Wayne Coal	4	3¾	3⅞	— ⅛
11⅞	4⅛	14,200	*Wright-Mar. Air.	5⅝	4⅝	4¾	— ⅞

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Range, 1918 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
18¼	11¼	2,800	Anglo-Amer. Oil...	18	17¼	17¼	— ⅝
470	470	1	Colonial Oil.......	470	470	470	..
145	85	127	Galena-Signal Oil..	107	85	85	—23
99	90	100	Ind. Pipe Line....	97	96	97	+ 5
365	290	271	Ohio Oil	327	318	318	— 8
49	26	3,015	Pehn. Mex. Oil....	47½	44½	46½	+ 1½
574	418	12	Prairie Oil & Gas.	555	555	555	..
296	249	20	Prairie Pipe Line.	288	288	288	— 2
339	210	225	Stand. Oil of Cal..	339	332	335	— 3
700	620	6	Stand. Oil of Ind..	700	700	700	+ 5
635	490	105	Stand. Oil of N. J.	617	594	594	—26
302	214	870	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	300	289	280	—20
420	317	80	Vacuum Oil.......	385	384	384	— 6

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS

Range, 1918 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
11/16	5/16	100	*Allen Oil.........	7/16	7/16	7/16	..
1 1/16	3/16	14,800	*Barn. O. & G.....	5/16	5/16	¼	— 1/16
8⅝	5⅝	23,800	*Cosden Oil.......	7½	7⅛	7¼	— ⅛
7½	5¼	800	*Elk Basin Pet...	6¾	6⅝	6⅝	— ¼
16	3	230,200	*Esmeralda Oil...	10	5	6	— 1
4	1⅛	4,800	*Federal Oil......	2⅝	2	2⅛	..
5	2⅝	12,400	*Glenrock Oil.....	3¾	3⅜	3½	— ⅛
86½	39¼	2,300	*Houston Oil......	77	72	72	— 3
11/16	¼	1,000	Imperial Con. Oil..	11/16	11/16	11/16	..
15⅞	12¾	6,600	*Inter. Pet.......	15¾	14½	15⅝	+ ⅝
5⅛	1⅜	13,500	*Island O. & T....	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜	— ¼
29⅝	17½	300	*Merritt Oil......	23	22¾	23	— ½
2⅛	⅝	14,500	Met. Petrol.......	1 1/16	1½	1 3/16	— 3/16
135	85	200	*Midwest Oil......	108	108	108	..
137½	96	5,525	*Midwest Ref.....	137½	135	135½	— ½
89	42	5,200	*Northwest Oil....	56	51	51	— 5
10¼	6¼	47,200	Okla. P. & R......	10¼	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
40	18	19,000	Omar Oil & Gas..	22	18	22	+ 2
82	56	2,700	*Royal Dutch, new.	72	65	65	— 8
10¼	6	1,300	*Sapulpa O. & R..	7½	7⅛	7⅛	— ¼
½	⅛	5,600	Security P. & R...	½	⅛	⅜	+ ⅛
1⅝	⅝	10,700	Sequoyah O. & R..	11/16	⅝	⅝	— 1/16
43	20	25	Sinclair Oil, war's	43	40	40	..
24	15	4,400	*Sinclair Gulf.....	22	19¾	20	— 2½
2¾	1⅜	40,000	*Stanton Oil......	2¼	1⅜	2	+ ⅝
17½	12½	5,100	*Texas Co. rights.	15¾	14½	14¾	— 1¼
1⅜	3/16	1,700	Texana O. & R...	⅝	⅜	⅝	..
2¼	⅝	6,000	*U. W. Oil, new..	13/16	13/16	13/16	+ 1/16
6¾	1⅜	2,970	*Victoria Oil, new	2⅝	2¼	2½	..
3⅝	3	300	Way. Oil & G....	3½	3⅛	3¼	+ ⅛

MINING STOCKS

Range, 1918 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
74	37	16,700	Alaska-Br. Col. M.	†42	40	42	..
88	50	1,200	American Mines...	†88	87	87	..
13	3	28,800	*Atlanta	†5	4	4½	..
1½	⅝	19,500	Big Ledge Copper.	1⅛	1	1⅛	..
6	3	1,000	*Booth	†4	4	4	..
63	41	52,500	Boston Montana...	†50	46	50	+ 2
56	35	26,750	*Caledonia Min....	†43	39	40	..
1½	7/16	29,000	*Calumet & Jerome	9/16	½	½	— 1/16
2¼	1½	2,400	Canada Copper....	2⅛	2	2 1/16	..
48	37	22,000	*Candelaria Silver.	†48	46	48	..
19	3	14,800	Cashboy	†7½	6	6½	— ½
1⅞	¾	3,900	*Cerb. S. M. & M.	1¼	1	1⅛	+ ⅛
2½	1	500	*Coco River Min...	1	1	1	— ½
2 1/16	1 1/16	5,100	Con. Ariz. Smelt..	1⅞	1 1/16	1⅞	+ 1/16
7¾	4½	44,500	Cons. Cop. Min...	6⅝	5⅝	6¼	+ 1
6	4¼	9,500	Cresson Gold.......	5¼	5⅛	5¼	..
2¼	½	4,400	*Denbigh Mine....	11/16	⅝	⅝	— 1/16
1 5/16	7/16	800	Dundee Ariz. Cop.	1⅛	1	1 1/16	..
2⅛	⅞	5,800	*Eureka Croe. M..	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
2½	1⅜	5,150	First Natl. Cop...	2½	2	2¼	+ ⅛
11/16	17	2,200	Goldfield Cons....	†22	21	22	+ 1
5	1½	5,000	*Gold Merger......	†3	2½	3	+ ½
10	2½	8,000	*Great Bend.......	†4	4	4	— 1
6 1/16	2⅞	7,105	Hecla Mining......	5⅞	5⅛	5¼	— 1/16
11/16	5/16	3,300	*Iron Blossom.....	5/16	½	½	+ 1/16
⅞	1/16	500	*Jerome Verde....	½	½	½	— 1/16
90	40	17,900	*Jim Butler.......	†47	40	41	— 6
24	8	1,000	Jumbo Ext........	†10½	10½	10½	..
9	1½	3,000	*Kewanas	†4	4	4	— ½
11/16	¼	1,000	La Rose Consol...	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
60	37	4,000	McKinley-Darr'h	†50	47	49	+ 2
½	¼	1,800	*Magma Chief.....	†25	25	25	..
42	25	8,300	Magma Copper....	32½	30	30	— 3¼
8½	2½	1,000	Marsh Mining......	†4	4	4	+ 1
6¼	2⅞	2,550	Mason Valley......	3⅞	3⅝	3¾	— ⅛
56	25	33,700	*Mother Lode.....	†43	33	35	— 8
14½	11	900	N. Y. & H. R.C.M.	12½	11	12	..
1 1/16	31	24,600	Nixon Nevada.....	†38	33	34	— 1
6	1⅞	21,500	*Onondaga Mines..	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅝
4⅞	3½	4,100	*Ray Hercules.....	4	3¾	3⅞	— ⅛
54	27	11,400	Rochester Mines...	†34	32	33	..
18	7	5,500	San Toy...........	†10	9	9	— ½
15¼	7½	2,400	Seneca Cop Corp..	14¼	13½	13½	— ½
85	65	15,700	Silver Can. Min...	†85	75	85	+12
⅞	1/16	1,000	Silver K. of Ariz.	1/16	1/16	1/16	..
7	2½	1,000	*Silver Pick.......	†4	4	4	+ ½
1	71	3,600	*Silver Fissure Sil.	⅝	⅝	⅞	..
½	5/16	5,500	Stand. Sil. Lead..	1/16	⅝	1/16	..
¼	10	32,000	Stewart	†16	14	16	..
14	7	25,200	*Success Mining...	†18	9	11	+ 3
3⅜	1⅞	600	Tonopah Belmont..	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
1⅞	1	5,470	Tonopah Ex.......	1⅝	1½	1⅝	+ ⅛
4	2 5/16	500	*Tonopah Mining..	3¼	3 5/16	3¼	..
1 1/16	⅞	500	Tuolumne Copper..	†⅞	⅞	⅞	..
5¼	3	2,800	United Eastern..	4½	4⅜	4⅜	— 1/16
28	6	8,500	*U. S. Z. & L.....	†8	6	7	..
52	4	24,500	*Ward Min. & M..	†37	35	37	— 1
82	73	3,000	Wash. Gold Qua..	†82	80	81	..
43	37½	13,000	Wasapika	†43	37½	43	..
1½	1/32	9,000	West End Con.....	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ 11/16
22	11	38,300	*Western Utah Ex.	†19	15	18	+ 2
21	8½	25,700	White Caps Min...	†19	15	15½	— 1
2	1½	2,000	White Caps Ext..	2	2	2	+ ½
17	4	17,000	Wilbert Copper....	10	9	10	+ 3

BONDS

Range, 1918 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
101	99¼	$120,000	*Am. Tob. 7s, '19.	100⅝	100⅛	100⅝	— ⅛
101¼	100⅛	96,000	*Am. Tob. 7s, '20.	101	100½	100¾	— ⅛
101⅝	99½	85,000	*Am. Tob. 7s, '21.	101⅜	100⅝	101⅛	— ⅛
103	99½	198,000	*Am. Tob. 7s, '22.	102⅛	101¼	101⅞	— ⅜
103½	99¼	165,000	Am. Tob. 7s, '23.	102½	101⅞	102	— ⅛
101	99⅝	15,000	*Beth.S.7%, '19, w.i.	100⅝	100⅛	100⅝	— ⅝
100⅛	98⅛	1,000	*Beth.S.7%, '21, w.i.	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	— ⅝
100½	96	65,000	*Beth.S.7%, '23, w.i.	100⅝	100	100¼	— ⅛
98⅝	97¼	186,000	*Canadian Pac. 6s.	98⅝	98¼	98⅝	— ⅛
125	115	60,000	*Con. Cop. 7s....	125	115	125	..
106¼	101¼	150,000	*Fed. Farm Ln. 5s.	104⅝	104	104	— ⅝
100⅞	97⅞	6,000	*Gen. El. 6%, 2-yr. n..	100	100	100	..
101	99⅝	7,000	*Gen. El. 6%, '20.	100¼	100	100¼	— ⅛
99½	97⅝	850,000	*Inter. R. T. 7s, w.i.	98¾	97⅞	98⅝	— ⅝
100⅝	99⅞	195,000	*Kan. C. Ter. 6s, '23.	100¼	99⅞	99⅞	— ⅝
99	98¼	875,000	*Lig. & M. 6s, '21.	99	98¼	98⅞	..
73	33	62,000	*Rus. Gov. 5½s...	71	67	70	— 1
78	35	485,000	*Rus. Gov. 6½s...	71	67	70	— 1
101½	99¼	99,000	*U. S. Rubber 7s.	100⅝	100½	100⅝	..
100¼	98⅝	200	*Wes. E. 1-yr. 6s, w.i.	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	— ⅝

*Unlisted. †Sells cents per share.

QUOTATION LIST OF OUTSIDE SECURITIES

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Dividend and Interest Periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. x Ex dividend.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Quotation Nov. 23, 1918. Bid.	Asked.
Albany Southern, '39..	5	Mar. & Sep.	70	78
A. W. W. & Elec., '34	5	Apr. & Oct.	70	73
Anac. & Pot. River, '49	5	Apr. & Oct.	85	92
Appalach. Pwr. 1st, '32	..	June & Dec.	70	75
Ariz. Power 1st, '33..	6	May & Nov.	82	87
Ashev. P. & L. 1st, '42	5	Apr. & Oct.	83	90
Au.-Aiken R. & E., '35	5	June & Dec.	60	65
B. Rouge El. 1st, '39...	5	Feb. & Aug.	79	85
Buf. Gen. El. 1st, '39..	5	Feb. & Aug.	..	97½
Buf. & Niag. F. Elec. Ry. 1st, '35..........	5	Jan. & July	..	89
Do 1st, '42..........	5	Jan. & July	93½	96½
Buf. & Lock. 1st, '33..	5	Jan. & July	..	98
Buf. & Sus. 1. 1st, '32.	5	June & Dec.	90	96
Buf. & Iron deb., '26	5	Jan. & July	86	89½
Cape Breton El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	79	86
Capital Trac. 1st, '47..	5	June & Dec.	97	98
C. & P. Tel. cons., '29.	5	Jan. & July	96	97½
Charleston City Ry., '23	5	....	94	95
Charleston Con. R., G. & Elec., '99..........	5	Mar. & Sep.	88	95
Cit. Serv. deb., Ser. B.	7	Jan. & July	117	120
Cleve. Elec. Ill. '39...	5	Apr. & Oct.	93	96
Colo. Power 1st, '53...	5	May & Nov.	85	90
Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec. 1st, '36..........	5	Jan. & July	84	90
Conn. Pr. 1st & Con., '63	5	Apr. & Oct.	84	89
Conn. R. & Ltg., stpd., 1st, '51	4½	Jan. & July	87	89
Do unstamped, '51...	4½	Jan. & July	87	89
Cons. Gas, (Balt.) '54	4½	Jan. & July	88	90
Do, 1939	5	Jan. & July	99	100
Cons. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Pwr. (Balt.) gen., '35	4½	Jan. & July	84	86
Cons. G. of N. J., '36..	5	Jan. & July	89	93
Do 1st, '65..........	5	Apr. & Oct.	85	..
Cons. T. of N.J. 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	90	93
Cons. Water of Utica 1st, '30	5	Jan. & July	93	98
Do deb., '30..........	5	Jan. & July	85	..
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32....	5	May & Nov.	90	94
Dallas Elec. 1st, '22....	5	Apr. & Oct.	85	90
E. Texas Elec. 1st, '42.	5	May & Nov.	82	90
Econ. Lt. & P. 1st, '56.	5	June & Dec.	90	98
El Paso Elec. coll., '32.	5	Jan. & July	82	90
Ex. Springs Water, G. & Elec. 1st, '32......	6	June & Dec.	90	95
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54.	5	Apr. & Oct.	77	83
Gal. Elec. 1st 5s, '40..	5	May & Nov.	80	85
Gas & Elec. of Bergen County cons., '49....	5	June & Dec.	90	..
Gen. Gas & El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	55	65
Gt. West. Pwr. 1st, '46	5	Jan. & July	80	85
Harwood Elec. 1st, '39.	5	Jan. & July	95	..
Houston Elec. 1st, '25.	5	Feb. & Aug.	91	95
Hudson Co. Gas, '49...	5	May & Nov.	90	94
Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49......	4	May & Nov.	60	65
K. C. Long D. T., '25..	5	Jan. & July	84½	86
K. C. Home T. 1st, '23	5	Jan. & July	84¾	86
Knoxville Trac., '38...	5	Apr. & Oct.	93	100
Middle West Util., '25.	6	Jan. & July	87	92¾
Miss. R. Power 1st, '51	5	Jan. & July	73	..
Mobile Electric 1st, '46	5	May & Nov.	75	80
Musk. G. & E. 1st & ref., '26	5	June & Dec.	90	95
Nash. R. & L. 1st con., '53	5	Jan. & July	92	98
Do ref., '58..........	5	Jan. & July	62	70
Nev.-Cal. El. 1st 6s, '46	6	Jan. & July	89	94
Newark Gas, '48.......	5	June & Dec.	92	95
Newark Pass. Ry., '30.	5	Jan. & July	92	95
No. Jer. St. Ry. 1st, '43	4	May & Nov.	61	..
N.Y. & Hob. Ferry, '46	5	June & Dec.	80	..
N. Y. & Westchester Lighting gen., 2004...	4	Jan. & July	67	73
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32.	5	Jan. & July	..	96
Do ref., '32..........	6	Apr. & Oct.	100	101
N. Ont. L. & P. 1st, '31	6	Jan. & July	75	80
Norf. & Ports. Tr., '36	5	June & Dec.	78	83
Norf. Ry. & Lt., '49...	5	May & Nov.	93	96
N. St. Pwr. 1st ref., '41	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	92
N. Tex. El. coll. tr., '40	5	Jan. & July	80	85
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. cons., '28........	5	Jan. & July	80	85
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. & Bridge con., '28	5	Jan. & July	80	85
Ontario Power 1st, '43.	5	Feb. & Aug.	89	91
Do deb., '21..........	6	Jan. & July	96	98
Ottum. R. & L. 1st, '24	5	Jan. & July	89	91
Pacific Gas & Elec. (Ariz.) 1st, '31.......	6	Jan. & July	90	96
Pensacola Elec. 1st, '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	80	85
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st, '30	5	May & Nov.	79	83
Pot. El. Power 1st, '29.	5	June & Dec.	96⅝	..
Do cons., '36........	5	Jan. & July	94½	95½
Riverside T., '60.......	5	June & Dec.	..	83
Rutland R. & L. 1st, '46	5	Mar. & Sep.	..	65
St. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., H. & Power 1st, '37..	5	May & Nov.	85	90
Salmon Riv. Pwr., '52.	5	Feb. & Aug.	85	87¼
Seattle Elec. cons., '29	5	Feb. & Aug.	82	90
So. Cal. Edison gen., '39	5	Jan. & July	88	91
So. Jer. G. & E. 1st, '53	5	Mar. & Sep.	83	88
S. W. Pr. & Lt. 1st, '43	5	June & Dec.	84	87½
Stand. Gas & El., '35..	6	Apr. & Oct.	79	85
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st, '31	4	May & Dec.	73	..
Syracuse Lt. & P., '54	5	Jan. & July	71	76
Syracuse Light 1st, '51	5	June & Dec.	85	90
Tampa Electric 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	88	91
Twin S. G. & E. 1st, '53	5	Apr. & Oct.	80	86
United El. of N. J., '49	4	June & Dec.	71	..
Un. Lt. & Rys. 1st, '32	5	June & Dec.	81	85
Do deb., '26..........	6	May & Nov.	88	92
Unit. R. & E. cons., '49	4	Mar. & Sep.	78½	79½
Do income, '49.......	4	June & Dec.	56	58
U. S. Pub. S. 1st, '27..	6	Feb. & Aug.	90	94
United Util. conv., '48.	6	Jan. & July	90	95
Washington Gas, '60...	5	May & Nov.	95	98
Wash. R. & E. con., '51	4	Jan. & July	71	71½
W. States G. & E., '27.	6	June & Dec.	88	91
Wheel. Tr. 1st con., '31	5	Jan. & July	80	88

INDUSTRIAL BONDS.

Lima Locomotive, '32..	6	May & Nov.	95	100
Monon Coal 1st, '36....	5	June & Dec.	60	70
Poch. Con. Coll. 1st, '57	5	Jan. & July	87	90
Rogers-Brown Iron 1st ref., '18-'40	5	Jan. & July	90	97
Wickwire Steel 1st, '34	6	May & Nov.	97	100

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Nov. 23, 1918. Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Pwr.	..	..	....	14	16
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 18	66	69
Am. Gas & El. ($50)..	2½	Q	Oct 1, 18	105	106
Do pf. ($50)	75c	Q	Nov 1, 18	44	45
Am. Light & Trac....	†5	Q	Nov 1, 18	238	240
Do pf.	1½	Q	Nov 1, 18	101	103
Am. Power & Light...	1	Q	Sep 1, 18	60	63
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 18	74	77

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Nov. 23, 1918. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Public Utilities...	¾	..	Jul 1, 14	..	25
Do pf.	a1½	Q	Jul 1, 18	38	41
Am. W. Wks. & Elec..	..	..	....	7	9
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 15,18	69	72
Do participating pf..	..	..	....	14	17
Bat. Rouge El. cum. pf.	3	S	Jun 1, 18	70	80
Buffalo Gen. Electric.	2	Q	Sep 30,18	102	104
Cal. Electric Gen. pf..	1½	Q	Oct 1, 18	80	85
Capital Traction......	1¼	Q	Oct 1, 18	86	88
Car. Power & Light...	½	Q	Aug 1, 18	30	33
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 18	90	93
C. Miss. V. El. cum. pf	1½	Q	Sep 1, 18	..	45
Chas. Cons. Ry. ($50).	..	..	....	40	45
Cities Service........	*½	M	Nov 1, 18	206	298
Do. pf.	½	M	Nov 1, 18	82¼	82½
Colorado Power.......	½	Q	Oct 15, 18	29	33
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Jun 15,18	93	97
Columbus Elec. pf....	3	S	Jul 15, 18	73	77
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt..	1	..	Nov 1, 17	23	25
Do. pf.	a1½	Q	Nov 1, 18	51	52
Conn. Power pf.......	1½	Q	Sep 3, 18	73	77
Con. Trac. of N. J....	2	S	Jul 15, 18	50	62
Eastern Texas Elec...	2½	S	Jul 1, 18	50	54
Do. pf.	3	S	Jul 1, 18	73	77
Elec. Bond & Share pf.	1½	Q	Nov 1, 18	92	95
El Paso Electric.....	2½	Q	Jun 15,18	73	78
Essex & Hudson Gas..	4	S	Jun 1, 18	110	120
Federal Light & Trac.	..	..	....	9	10
Do. pf.	1½	..	Sep 1, 14	40	43
Gal. & Hous. El. pf...	3	S	Sep 14,18	63	68
Gas & Elec. of Bergen	2½	S	Jul 1, 18	75	..
Illum. & Pr. Sec......	..	..	....	15	25
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 15,18	85	95
Miss. River Pr. pf....	3	S	J. & J.	38	42
Nashville R. & L. pf..	1¼	Q	Oct 1, 18	58	65
Newark Con. Gas.....	2½	S	J. & J.	80	83
Niagara Falls Power..	¶5	Q	Oct 1, 18	187	190
No. Ont. Light & Pwr.	..	..	....	11	15
Do. pf.	3	S	Jul 15, 18	50	55
No. States Power.....	1¾	..	Jan 20,18	63	65
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 21,18	87	89
Nor. Texas Electric...	1	Q	Sep 3, 18	60	65
Do. pf.	3	S	Sep 3, 18	70	75
Pacific Gas & Electric.	1¼	..	Oct 15, 17	39	40
Do. pf.	1½	Q	Nov 15,18	84	86
Pac. G. & E. (Ariz.) pf	1¾	Q	Jul 10, 18	80	90
Pac. Pr. & Lt. pf......	1¾	Q	Nov 1, 18	85	95
Republic Ry. & Light.	1	..	Jul 15, 18	18	20
Do. pf.	1½	Q	Oct 15, 18	58	60
Southern Cal. Edison..	1¾	Q	Nov 15,18	79	82
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 15, 18	95	98
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.	4	S	Jun 1, 18	95	105
Standard Gas & Elec.	..	..	....	10	12
Do. pf.	1½	..	Oct 1, 18	33	35
Tampa Electric.......	2½	Q	Nov 15,18	98	102½
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.	..	..	....	3¼	4
Do. pf.	..	..	....	18	19
Tri-City R. & L. pf...	1½	Q	Oct 1, 18	83	87
United Light & Rys...	1	Q	Oct 1, 18	40	42
Do 1st pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 18	74	76
Un. Ry. & El. (Balt.).	50c	Q	Oct 15, 18	21	22
United Utilities......	..	..	....	15	25
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 18	85	95
Washington Gas......	90c	Q	Nov 1, 18	55	56
Wash. Ry. & Electric.	1½	Q	Sep 1, 18	50	..
Do. pf.	1¼	Q	Sep 1, 18	70	71
Western Power.......	..	..	....	14	16
Do. pf.	1	Q	Oct 15, 18	60	62
West. States Gas & E.	½	Q	Aug 15,18	20	30
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 15, 18	85	91
Wisconsin Edison.....	$1½	..	Dec 30,17	31	36

*¾ payable in com. stock. †Incl. 2½% payable in com. stock. ¶Incl. 3% extra. a—Payable in scrip.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Nov. 23, 1918. Bid.	Asked.
America	$1,500,000	14	S	Jul 1, 18	495	505
Am. Exc. N..	5,000,000	a7	S	Nov 1, 18	220	230
Atlantic ($100)	1,000,000	2½	Q	Oct 9, 18	170	180
Bk. of Cuba.	100,000	6	S	Jul 1, 18	175	..
Batt'y Pk. N.	400,000	†6	S	Jul 1, 18	190	200
Bowery	250,000	†6	Q	Nov 1, 18	400	..
B'w'y Cent'l.	100,000	..	..	....	135	145
Bronx Nat...	200,000	3	S	Jul 1, 18	160	170
Bronx Boro..	150,000	..	..	....	125	130
Bryant Park.	200,000	3	S	Jul 1, 18	145	155
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	..	Jul 1, 18	19	23
Chase Nat'l..	10,000,000	4	Q	Oct 1, 18	390	410
Ch.P. Nat....	3,500,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 18	237	242
Chelsea Ex..	400,000	3	..	Apr 1, 17	115	125
Chemic. Nat.	3,000,000	2½	B	Nov 1, 18	395	402
Citizens Nat.	2,550,000	2½	Q	Oct 1, 18	215	225
City (Nat'l)..	25,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 18	445	450
Coal & I. N.	1,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 18	220	..
Colonial	500,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 18	400	..
Columbia	1,000,000	4	..	Jul 1, 1[illegible]	158	167
Comm. Exch.	200,000	10	S	Jul 1, [illegible]	390	410
Commonw'th.	400,000	5	S	Nov 1, 18	200	..
Com. Nat....	25,000,000	2½	Q	Oct 1, 18	198	205
Contin'l ($75)	1,000,000	3½	S	Aug 1, 18	100	110
Corn Exch...	3,500,000	4	Q	Nov 1, 18	325	335
E.R Nat. ($25)	250,000	2	..	Jun 1, 16	20	25
Europe	150,000	5	..	Jan 13,17	110	130
Fifth Av.....	200,000	12½	Q	Oct 1, 18	1800	2200
Fifth Nat....	250,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 18	215	225
First Nat....	10,000,000	¶5	Q	Oct 1, 18	900	1020
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30,18	170	180
Gotham Nat.	200,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 18	200	212
Greenwich...	500,000	4	Q	Sep 30,18	330	..
Hanover Nat	3,000,000	a8	Q	Oct 1, 18	690	..
Harriman N.	1,000,000	5	S	Jul 6, 18	243	245
Imp. & T. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	Jul 1, 18	510	515
Irving Nat...	4,500,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 18	††272	277
Liberty Nat.	3,000,000	4½	Q	Oct 1, 18	390	415
Lincoln Nat..	1,000,000	2½	Q	Nov 1, 18	250	275
Manh'n ($50)	2,500,000	†$2½	Q	Oct 1, 18	165	170
Mech. & Met.	6,000,000	4	Q	Oct 15, 18	305	315
Mer. Nat. ($50)	2,000,000	$2	S	Jul 1, 18	125	135
Metropolitan.	2,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 18	168	175
Mutual	200,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 18	380	400
N. Netherl'd.	200,000	4	S	Oct 1, 18	200	210
N.Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	10	S	Jul 1, 18	430	..
N.Y. Co. Nat.	1,000,000	10	..	Jan 2, 17	130	..
N.Y. Pro. Ex.	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct 15, 18	200	..
Pacific ($50).	500,000	$1	Q	Nov 1, 18	135	..
Public	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30,18	210	220
Park Nat....	5,000,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 18	512	..
People's ($25)	200,000	$1.25	S	Jul 1, 18	130	140
Seab'd Nat..	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 18	450	470
Second Nat..	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 18	400	425
Sherman Nat	500,000	1½	Q	Oct 1, 18	125	130
State	2,000,000	3	S	Jul 1, 18	108	..
23d Ward....	200,000	3	S	Aug 1, 18	115	130
Un. Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	4	S	Jun 29,18	150	155
Wash. Hgts..	100,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 18	275	..
Westch'r Av.	100,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 18	169	175
Yorkville	200,000	5	Q	Sep 30,18	300	310

*And 55% special. †Incl. 4% extra. ‡Incl. 50c extra. ††Includes one-third share Irving Trust Co. stock. ¶And 5% of First Security Co. a—Incl. 2% extra. c—Incl. 1% extra.

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Nov. 23, 1918. Bid.	Asked.
Bankers Tr..	11,250,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 18	440	455
Brooklyn	1,500,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 18	500	510
Cent.-Union..	12,500,000	5½	Q	Oct 1, 18	410	418
Columbia	5,000,000	3½	Q	Sep 30,18	310	315
Commercial..	500,000	..	..	....	90	98
Empire	1,500,000	3	Q	Sep 30,18	300	..
Equitable Tr.	6,000,000	5	Q	Sep 30,18	365	368
Far. L. & T..	5,000,000	4½	Q	Nov 1, 18	380	388
Fidelity	1,000,000	2	Q	Sep 30,18	210	215
Franklin	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30,18	220	235
Fulton	500,000	7	S	Jul 1, 18	..	260
Guaranty	25,000,000	5	Q	Sep 30,18	378	385
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Nov 1, 18	265	275
Hudson Tr...	500,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 18	135	143
Irving Trust.	1,500,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 18	‡	..
Kings Co....	500,000	6	Q	Nov 1, 18	630	650
Law. Title & Tr. Co.....	4,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 18	93	98
Lincoln	1,000,000	1	Q	Nov 1, 18	100	110
Manufact'rs..	1,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 18	160	..
Metropolitan.	2,000,000	6	Q	Sep 30,18	350	..
New York....	3,000,000	8	Q	Sep 30,18	590	..
N.Y.L.I. & T.	1,000,000	10	S	Jun 10,18	..	875
People's Tr..	1,000,000	4	Q	Sep 30,18	280	300
Q. Co., Jama	600,000	..	..	....	65	75
Title G. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	Sep 30,18	260	305
Transatlantic	700,000	3	..	Jan 2, 18	160	175
United States	2,000,000	25	S	Jul 2, 18	900	910
U. S. M. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Sep 30,18	405	415

*Incl. 2% extra. †Incl. 1% extra. ‡See Irving Nat. Bank.

INSURANCE, REALTY, AND SURETY COMPANIES.

Am. Alliance	$1,000,000	7½	S	Jul 15,18	210	215
Am. Sur'y ($50)	5,000,000	$1	Q	Sep 30,18	60	64
Bd. & Mtg. G.	5,000,000	4	Q	Nov 15,18	205	212
City of N. Y.	583,000	2	..	Jul 1, 18	105	..
Commonw'lth	500,000	5	S	Nov 1, 18	300	325
Continental..	10,000,000	$2	Q	Jul 10, 18	54	57
Fidel. Phenix	2,500,000	12	S	Jul 10, 18	352	360
Globe & Rut.	700,000	¶10	Q	Oct 31,18	830	..
Great Amer..	2,000,000	15	S	J. & J.	285	320
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	1¼	Q	Oct 1, 18	80	85
Home Fire...	6,000,000	12½	S	J. & J.	440	450
Lawyers Mtg	6,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 18	90	100
Mtg. Bond Co	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Sep 30,18	85	87
Nat. Lib. ($50)	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	147	155
Nat. Surety..	4,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 18	216	220
N.Y.T. & M.	2,125,000	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 18	60	..
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	15	S	J. & J.	170	175
No. River ($25)	600,000	5	S	A. & O.	39	40
Pacific ($25).	400,000	5	S	Jul 17, 18	35	45
Realty Asso..	4,000,000	3	S	Jul 15, 17	70	80
Stuyv't ($100)	700,000	3	..	Jan 1, 17	50	60
Westc'r ($10)	1,000,000	‡50c	Q	Nov 1, 18	32½	34

*And 1% extra. †Including 5% extra. ‡And 10c extra. ¶And 5% extra.

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

Bl'k'r St & F Ferry stock	$900,000	¾	S	Jul 1, 18	21¼	..
B'way & 7th Av	2,100,000	2½	Q	Oct 1, 18	100	125
B'l'n C. R. ($10)	12,000,000	25c	Q	Oct 15, 18	12¾	14
Ch. & 10th St	630,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 18	85	100
8th Av. R. R.	1,000,000	4	Q	Oct 15, 18	191	210
42d St & G. St	748,000	4½	Q	Nov 1, 18	185	210
Ninth Av....	800,000	2	Q	Oct 15, 18	90	120
6th Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 10, 18	82	95

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Nov. 23, 1918. Bid.	Asked.
American Brass.......	*1½	Q	Nov 15,18	205	210
American Chicle......	1½	..	Jan 20,16	49	51
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 18	69	72
Amer. Typefounders...	1	Q	Oct 15,18	38	39
Atlas Powder.........	d5	Q	Sep 10,18	163	168
Do. pf.	1½	Q	Nov 1, 18	87¼	88¼
Babcock & Wilcox.....	2	Q	Oct 3, 18	109½	111½
Bord. Cond. Milk.....	4	S	Aug 15,18	94	98
Do. pf.	1½	Q	Sep 14,18	95	100
By Products Coke.....	1½	Q	Nov 15,18	120	125
Cardenas Am. Sug. pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 18	..	80
Celluloid	2	Q	Sep 30,18	130	140
Central Aguirre Sugar	2½	Q	Oct 1, 18	162	165
Central Coal & Coke..	1½	Q	Oct 15, 18	60	63
Certainteed Products..	$4	..	Jan 28,18	41¼	42¼
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 18	86	87½
Do 2d pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 18	79½	80½
Chi. Ry. Equipment...	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 18	101	103
Childs	½	Q	Sep 10,18	41	43
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Sep 10,18	91	93
Columbia Graphophone	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 18	90	93
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 18	85	90
Crocker-Wheeler	2	Q	Oct 15,18	94	98
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 15,18	97	102
Del., Lack. & W. Coal	$1¼	Q	Oct 15, 18	170	172
Eastman Kodak.......	a2½	Q	Oct 1, 18	500	..
Fajardo Sugar.........	2½	Q	Nov 1, 18	85	95
Federal Sugar.........	1¾	Q	Jun 17,18	92	96
Do pf.	1½	Q	Nov 1, 18	91	93
Gillette Safety Razor.	$2	Q	Aug 31,18	100	101
Great Western pf......	1¾	Q	Oct 2, 18	107	110
Guantanamo Sugar....	$1¼	Q	Sep 30,18	49	52
Hercules Powder......	‡4	Q	Sep 25,18	210	215
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 15,18	106½	100
Ingersoll-Rand pf.....	3	S	Jul 1, 18	97	101
Int. Silver............	..	..	....	30	45
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 18	78	83
Lanston Monotype.....	1½	Q	Aug 31,18	66	68
Manati Sugar..........	2½	Q	Sep 3, 18	90	97
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 18	88	95
Matanzas-Am.	..	..	....	8	15
Do pf.	..	..	....	70	80
Merg. Linotype........	2½	Q	Sep 30,18	138¼	139¼
Midwest Refining......	$1	Q	Nov 1, 18	135	136
Nat. Candy...........	2½	S	Sep 11,18	52½	53
Do 1st pf.	3½	S	Sep 11,18	102	105
Do 2d pf.	3½	S	Sep 11,18	93	95
Nat. Sugar Refining..	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 18	97	99
New Jersey Zinc......	4	Q	Nov 9, 18	265	270
New Niquero Sugar...	3½	S	Jun 1, 18	170	190
Niles-Bement-Pond ...	3	Q	Sep 20,18	117	110
Do pf.	1½	Q	Aug 20,18	95	98
Otis Elevator.........	1¼	Q	Oct 15, 18	54	..
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 15, 18	79	83
Procter & Gamble.....	1½	Q	Nov 15,18	700	..
Remington Typewriter	..	..	....	31	33
Do 1st pf.	1⅝	..	Oct 1, 14	108	112
Do 2d pf.	2	..	Oct 1, 14	101	104
Royal Baking Powder.	2	Q	Sep 30,18	122	125
Do pf.	1½	Q	Sep 30,18	87¾	90
Safety Car H. & Ltg..	1½	Q	Oct 1, 18	55	57
Santa Cecilia Sugar...	..	..	....	16	19
Do pf.	3½	S	Aug 1, 18	50	55
Shredded Wheat......	2	Q	Oct 1, 18	110	112
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 18	..	90
Singer Mfg...........	2½	..	Jun 30,18	198	203
Texas & Pacific Coal.	b1½	Q	Sep 30,18	905	920
Yale & Towne Mfg....	2½	Q	Oct 1, 18	200	210

*And 3½% extra. †Incl. 2% extra. ¶And $10 extra. a—And 2½% extra. b—And 5% extra, payable Oct. 30. d—Incl. 3% extra. e—Incl. 1% extra.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY.

Notice of Special Meeting of Stockholders.

Cleveland, Ohio, October 25, 1918.

To the Stockholders:

Inasmuch as the President of the United States has by proclamation dated December 26, 1917, taken over the possession, use, control and operation of the transportation systems and [illegible] controlled, [illegible] The New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, effective December 28, 1917, [illegible] been authorized [illegible] to compensate [illegible] over and other [illegible] Congress entitled [illegible] operation of [illegible] under Federal control [illegible] compensation of [illegible] purposes," [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of The New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company [illegible] said stockholders [illegible] held at the [illegible] floor Marshall Building, Cleveland, Ohio, on Tuesday, the [illegible] day of [illegible], 1918, at nine o'clock [illegible] for the purpose of ratifying [illegible] the Director General of Railroads [illegible] operation, control [illegible] connected with [illegible] over by the [illegible] railroad and [illegible] any other business [illegible] before the meeting [illegible] approval of such [illegible] Board of Directors [illegible] cute or cause [illegible] dent of the United States [illegible] General of Railroads [illegible] as the President [illegible] the said contract [illegible] tion to be paid [illegible] control of the [illegible] portation and [illegible] Company and [illegible] maintenance and [illegible] other matter [illegible] of the taking [illegible] properties, and [illegible] such contract, [illegible] pensation to be [illegible] and in case the [illegible] have entered into [illegible] and confirm the [illegible] authorize the [illegible] such other and [illegible] deem necessary [illegible] sation, proper maintenance [illegible] turn of the property [illegible]

[illegible] J. TURNER, Secretary.
The New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT AT AN ADjourned special meeting of the "Ladies' Society of the German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York," held at [illegible] Hall, New York City, on the [illegible] day of November, 1918, the following [illegible] adopted by a vote of at least [illegible] of all the members of said Ladies' Aid Society, to wit:

"RESOLVED, That the corporate name [illegible] Society of the German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York [illegible] to 'Ladies' Auxiliary to Lenox Hill Hospital.'"

Dated New York City, November 15th, 1918.
ELIZABETH C. PFEIFFER, President.
[illegible]

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Harpersley Holding Corporation will be held at [illegible] 54th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, [illegible] 1918, at eight-thirty o'clock P. M. [illegible] for the election of directors [illegible] for the ensuing year, and [illegible] other business as may properly come before said meeting.

New York, November 20, 1918.
EMILY E. EATON, Vice-President.
MARY L. BUSH, Secretary.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION 34.—Special meeting Monday, Nov. 25th, 8 P. M., for purpose of nomination officers for the year 1919. [illegible] East 84th St. All members requested to attend.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

GREAT FALLS POWER COMPANY.

First Mortgage dated May 1, 1911.

Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee under the above mortgage, hereby gives notice that it will receive [illegible] at its office, No. 16 Wall Street, New York City, up to 3 o'clock P. M. on December 23, 1918, [illegible] bonds [illegible]

[illegible]

Dated New York City, this 25th day of November, 1918.
BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
By H. F. WILSON, Jr., Vice President.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED

Fifty-Year Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned [illegible]

NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
By R. G. CURTIS, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1918.

LOST OR STOLEN.—Temporary Certificates [illegible] AMERICAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO. [illegible]

ROBERT GARRETT & SONS.
November 20th, 1918.

DIVIDENDS.

REPUBLIC IRON & STEEL COMPANY

PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 61.

At the meeting of the Board of Directors held November 19th, 1918, [illegible] on the Preferred Stock [illegible] payable January 2nd, 1919, [illegible]

COMMON DIVIDEND NO. 9.

At the meeting of the Board of Directors November 19th, 1918, [illegible] payable February 1st, 1919, [illegible]

RICHARD JONES, JR., Secretary.

THE CRESSON CONSOLIDATED GOLD MINING & MILLING CO.

Distribution No. 59.

[illegible]

ADOLPH ZANG, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

DAVIS-DALY COPPER CO.

Dividend No. 2.

Boston, Mass., November 15, 1918.

[illegible]

C. G. SCHIRMER, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF CONSOLIDATED ARIZONA SMELTING CO.

New York, November 20, 1918.

The Board of Directors [illegible]

FRANK W. THOMPSON, Treasurer.

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY.

New York, November 21, 1918.

[illegible]

S. M. FELTON, President.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.

Ajax Rubber Company, Inc.,
1,796 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

The Directors have this day declared a dividend of [illegible] ($1.50) per share [illegible]

STUART WEBSTER, Treasurer.

COPPER RANGE COMPANY

A quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share, being Dividend No. 45, will be paid on Dec. 14, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Nov. 18th, 1918.

F. W. PAINE, Treasurer.
Boston, Nov. 13th, 1918.

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY

New York, Nov. 22, 1918.

A quarterly dividend of Two and One-half Per Cent. (2½%) has been declared upon the Common Stock of this Company, payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 31, 1918.

LANCASTER MORGAN, Treasurer.

GOVERNMENT TELLS BUILDING PROGRAM

Heads of Departments Reveal Why Builders May Feel Assured of Prosperity.

MONEY TO BE FREER

Federal Brick Prices May Be $18 Before Spring—Big Cement Year Ahead.

Building interests throughout the country may plan with full assurance of Federal and financial support for the greatest peace time Government and private construction era the country has ever known, according to official information given to Ford H. Dow of the Dow Service Daily Building Reports by heads of the various construction divisions of the Government at Washington when the war-time restrictions on building construction were raised by the War Industries Board last week.

Bernard M. Baruch, Chairman of the War Industries Board, said that it was the intention of the Federal authorities to encourage private construction to the utmost without further delay, and he took occasion to thank every owner and contractor, architect or engineer throughout the United States for the patriotic co-operation given to his department during the period when it was necessary to curtail their endeavors. The present policy applies to the manufacture of building materials, systems of distribution by rail or water, financing of building projects and actual construction.

Labor in any quantity desired will be made immediately available to any contractor who wants it, and there will be full co-operation by the Fuel and Railroad Administrations. The same consideration and encouragement will be given to road construction, sewer work and street paving as in all other forms of municipal construction or improvement in the domestic market.

D. R. McLennan of Chicago, who has been serving as Chief of the Non-War construction section of the War Industries Board, said: "You may state with authority that there will be a heavy export movement for all building materials just as soon as ships come off the ways to carry it over."

France will spend $680,000,000 for immediate reconstruction work. This fund has already been appropriated, of which $360,000,000 is to be spent on railroad work, $200,000,000 on port, bridge, and highway construction, $100,000,000 for public works in the provinces and communes and $20,000,000 to help solve the problem of temporary unemployment.

Captain Kenneth Murchison of New York, speaking for Colonel W. A. Starrett, Chief of the Emergency Construction Division of the War Department, said:

"The Emergency War Construction Department is immediately to proceed to close down. All necessary construction work in this department will be handled by the regular division of the War Department. There will be no more hospital construction, but where additional hospitals are needed the cantonments in various sections of the country will be remodelled to serve as hospitals."

James A. Wetmore, Supervising Architect for the Treasury Department, said: "Construction work in this department which has been deferred during the war will proceed at once upon a very important scale. For instance: We will announce within a few days that we will receive estimates on the construction of thirty-eight Post Office buildings of the highest type of construction, which will be received in January. A few days later we will call for estimates on thirty-two additional structures of the same high type of construction which will also be ready for letting in January.

Immediately following that announcement another call for bids on the construction of forty-five additional Post Offices will be released for estimates to be received some time in February. All of these structures will average $500,000 in cost and this is only a part of the construction work to be released by this department."

R. J. Potbury, Chief of the Plan and Specification Department of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, said: "The volume of work that has come out of this bureau in war time will still be important in peace time for there is a vast quantity of necessary nonwar construction that has been deferred during the war that is vital to the Government's peace program and this work will now proceed on a fair scale."

Announcement was received in the building material trade on Saturday in all parts of the country that the temporary fixed Government price on common hard brick was $14.50 per thousand, and in the case of New York the quotation was f. o. b. dock N. Y. Light hard brick was listed at $10.50. The actual hard brick yard price was $12.50, but there is an allowance of $2 a thousand for towage in the Hudson based upon 1917 transportation figures, upon which the present price was fixed. Since these figures were arranged towing charges and other costs of transportation on the Hudson have advanced, with the result that when the subject is taken up after Dec. 1 for a new fixed price an additional allowance of at least $3 a thousand will have to be made, making the price somewhere in the neighborhood of $18 a thousand. Contractors, therefore, in figuring Spring building work will do well to base their estimates on the $18 minimum basis.

All fixed prices for steel prevail until Dec. 31. There is doubt in the trade as to whether the policy of fixing of prices will be continued, but the probabilities are that the present plan of price arrangement will be continued in the light of the tremendous demand for domestic construction and export business that already is developing.

Portland cement is in for the biggest year in its history. Production during the next twelve months no doubt will exceed the greatest quantity of cement ever turned out in the United States, namely, approximately 93,000,000 barrels. The kilns in all parts of the country have been promised coal and labor, and some are actually at work producing cement to the utmost of their capacity. Throughout the country shipments totalled almost 11,000,000 barrels in October, 1916; a little over 9,000,000 barrels in 1917, and only 6,250,000 barrels in this year, representing a loss in volume shipped of approximately 33 per cent.

For the first ten months of 1916 the shipments were almost 81,931,000 barrels; in 1917 they were around 79,000,000 barrels, and this year shipments totalled only 63,500,000 barrels, representing a loss from last year's volume of approximately 20 per cent. In zones 1 and 2, representing the two manufacturing sections supplying New York, the ten-month losses were 20 per cent in zone 1 and 22 per cent. in zone 2.

The Portland cement interests of the country, at its annual convention at the Biltmore, New York, next month, will perfect a worldwide and domestic promotion campaign for American cement in the hope of winning, particularly in South America, the huge German cement trade that American cement manufacturers heretofore could not touch. The domestic price for this commodity probably will not be advanced until Spring, and contractors or architects figuring this commodity should make allowances for advances that now seem sure to come some time after the first of the year.

The dawn of the new era in building construction has not registered in actual orders to any appreciable extent in building material dealers' yards in any section of the country. The change about came so suddenly that, except for necessary work that was ready immediately to proceed, there is comparatively little work ready for actual delivery of materials.

Architects' offices throughout the country have been disorganized for more than two years and clients have shown various inclinations about proceeding with work until some official information was obtainable from proper authorities at Washington as to what the Federal policy will be toward permitting construction work to proceed.

There is a probability that the Capital Issues Committee will continue to exercise power as to the flotation of securities for regulatory purposes until after the next Liberty Loan, but the Dow Service is assured that it will be the Government's policy to encourage financial institutions to permit general construction to proceed.

GOMEZ OUT FOR PRESIDENT.

General Accused in Recent Disturbances in Cuba Will Run.

HAVANA, Cuba, Nov. 24.—General José Miguel Gomez, former President of Cuba and the leader of the last revolution, has announced his candidacy for the next Presidential campaign. The fact has been printed in all of the Havana newspapers and has created a great deal of interest.

The announcement, made by Gomez in a letter to a friend in Havana, stated that he had held interviews with a number of the most prominent men in the United States within the Government and outside of it, and he had received the assurance that the United States would not in any way put an obstacle in the path of his ambition again to hold the helm of the Cuban ship of state. He will run on the Liberal Party ticket.

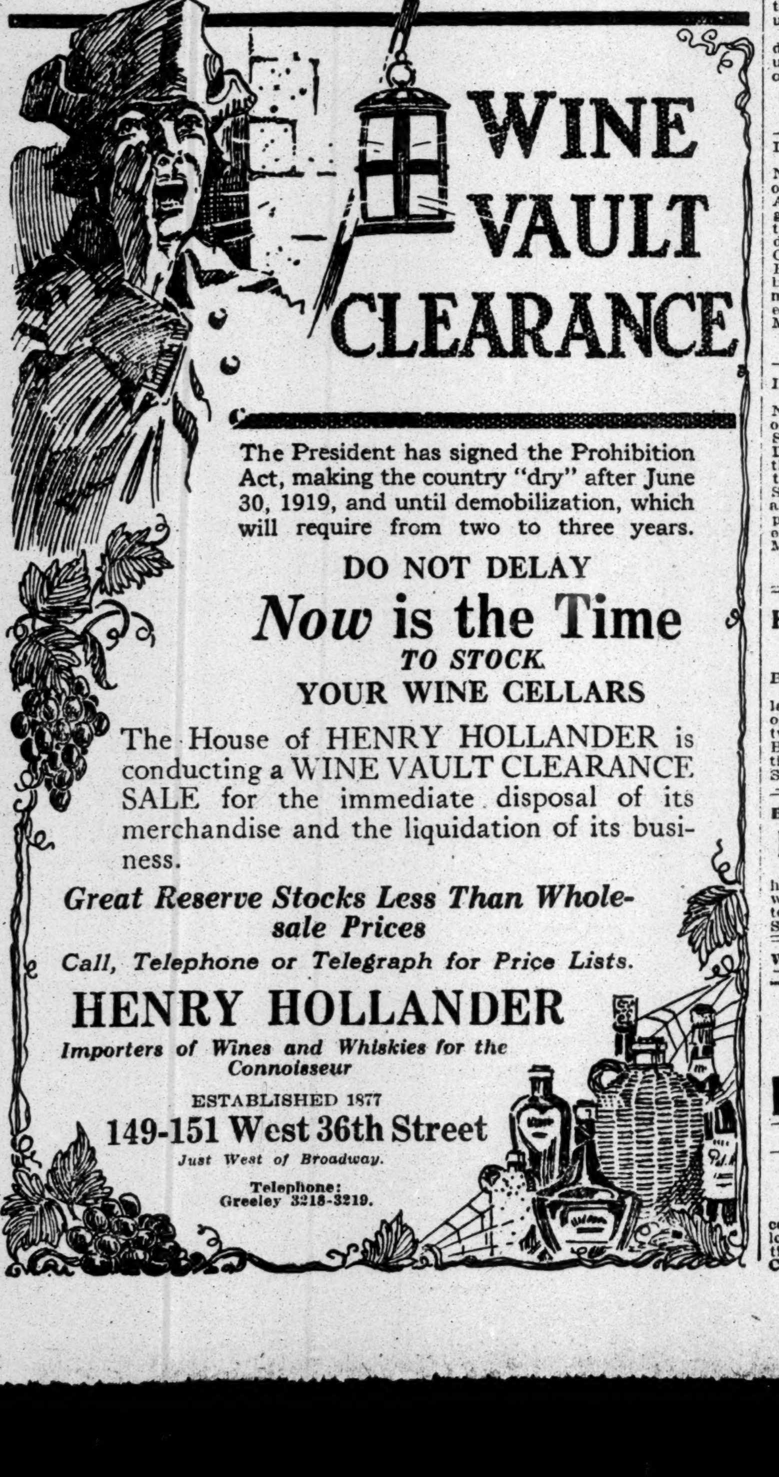
Whether or not Dr. Alfredo Zayas, who has so long been the Presidential candidate of the Liberal Party, will organize his forces and thus split the Liberal vote and make possible the continuance of the Conservatives in the Government has not been made public.

LABOR COMMISSION COMING

Italy to Send Party of Seven to Study Movement Here.

John Spargo, Chairman of the Social Democratic League Committee, who recently returned from Italy, said yesterday that he had received a cable message from Rome saying that the Italian Labor and Socialist Commission was due to arrive here on a French steamship about Nov. 29. It is headed by Signor De Ambris, member of the Italian Parliament.

The object of the visit to the United States, Mr. Spargo said, was to bring the two countries into closer union, and to acquaint the members with the American organization of the labor movement. There are seven other members in the commission besides De Ambris.


WINE VAULT CLEARANCE

The President has signed the Prohibition Act, making the country "dry" after June 30, 1919, and until demobilization, which will require from two to three years.

DO NOT DELAY

Now is the Time TO STOCK YOUR WINE CELLARS

The House of HENRY HOLLANDER is conducting a WINE VAULT CLEARANCE SALE for the immediate disposal of its merchandise and the liquidation of its business.

Great Reserve Stocks Less Than Wholesale Prices

Call, Telephone or Telegraph for Price Lists.

HENRY HOLLANDER

Importers of Wines and Whiskies for the Connoisseur

ESTABLISHED 1877

149-151 West 36th Street

Just West of Broadway.

Telephone: Greeley 3218-3219.

HUNT OLIVE OIL FRAUDS.

Inspectors Find Corn, Cottonseed, and Soy-Bean Oils Misbranded.

Food inspectors have been instructed by the officials in charge of the enforcement of the Federal Food and Drugs act to inspect interstate shipments of olive oil, in order to prevent the sale in interstate commerce of cheaper vegetable oils under the name of olive oil.

Very little olive oil is now being imported, say the officials, and the domestic olive oil is not sufficient to supply the demand. The abnormally high price of genuine olive oil has tempted unscrupulous dealers to mix cheaper vegetable oils with a little genuine olive oil and to sell the mixture labeled as olive oil. Cottonseed oil, corn oil, and soy-bean oil are the principal substitutes used.

Several seizures have been made and a number of prosecutions are now pending in the Federal courts as the result of finding in interstate commerce products labeled "olive oil," which upon analysis were found to consist largely of cottonseed oil. Cottonseed, corn, and soy-bean oils are palatable oils which are not injurious to health and there is no objection to their sale as food when properly labeled, say the officials. Their sale as olive oil, however, is a fraud, and their shipment in interstate or foreign commerce labeled as olive oil is a violation of the Federal Food and Drugs act. The sale of cottonseed, corn, or soy-bean oils under the name of olive oil is also a violation of the laws of most States. State and city food inspectors are co-operating with the Federal food inspectors in stopping this form of adulteration.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 26275.—In the Matter of HYMAN DIAMOND, Alleged Bankrupt.

To the Creditors of the Above Named Alleged Bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of October, 1918, a petition in bankruptcy was filed against the above named alleged bankrupt, and that said alleged bankrupt has filed schedules of his property and a list of his creditors as required by law, which schedules may be examined at this office.

And you are further notified that after the alleged bankrupt has been examined in open court the said alleged bankrupt proposes to offer terms of composition to his creditors of 25%, payable 10% cash and 15% in three notes of 5% each, and that a meeting of the creditors herein will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 5th day of December, A. D. 1918, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, act upon the composition proposed by the alleged bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated New York, November 23rd, 1918.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26365.—In Bankruptcy.—NATIONAL FEATHER DYE WORKS, INC., Bankrupt.

National Feather Dye Works, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 15th, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on December 5th, 1918, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26375.—In Bankruptcy.—BERTHA CASS, Bankrupt.

Bertha Cass was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 19th, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on December 5th, 1918, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of J. P. GORMAN CO., INC., Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York the undersigned, Receiver in Bankruptcy, offers for sale all the property, assets and effects of the above named bankrupt at 880 Canal Street, of every kind and description of the following: Merchandise, machinery and fixtures.

Bids for the above described property, assets and effects, either in separate lots or as an entirety, may be submitted to the Receiver, Roger B. Wood, 37 Wall Street, New York City, on or before 10:30 A. M. on November 30, 1918, at which time and place bids will be opened by the Receiver and creditors may attend and express themselves in reference thereto. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or cash for at least ten per cent. (10%) of the amount of the bid. The Receiver reserves the right to reject any or all bids, in which event the said property will be sold at public auction on the premises by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, on Tuesday, December 3, at 10:30 A. M.

Further particulars as to the foregoing may be obtained on application to the undersigned attorney or Receiver.

ROGER B. WOOD, Receiver.

GEORGE WILLIAM CLUNE, Attorney for Receiver, 115 Broadway.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of VIBRO-SONO CO., INC., Bankrupt.—No. 26331.

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of Peter B. Olney, Jr., the Receiver herein, at public auction, under the Rules and practice of this Court, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, at the premises of the bankrupt, No. 145 West 36th Street, New York City, on November 25, 1918, at 10:30 A. M.

The property to be sold is as follows: All the right, title, and interest of the bankrupt, in and to tools, dies, presses, machinery, boxes, desks, office furniture and fixtures, safe, typewriters, check protector, finished instruments for the deaf, tell taps, detectaphones, etc., all used by the bankrupt in its business as manufacturers and distributors of Sound Instruments.

The Receiver reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale, unless it shall bring at least 75 per centum of its appraised value.

PETER B. OLNEY, JR., Receiver, 80 Broadway, New York City.

New York, November 19, 1918.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID STOLL, trading as NEW STANDARD DRESS CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Mon., Nov. 25, 1918, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 6 West 22nd Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Dresses, piece goods, machines, power tables, motor, safe, fixtures, etc. MELVILLE BOYD, Assignee.

MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Petitioning Creditors and Assignee, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISAAC SCHWARTZ, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Nov. 25, 1918, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 27 West 27th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Ladies' Coats, piece goods, trimmings, office fixtures, safe, etc. GEORGE HIRSCH, Assignee.

MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Petitioning Creditors and Assignee, 299 Broadway, New York.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Brooklyn.

BRICK, DETACHED, WITH DOUBLE GARAGE, up to the minute in every particular; large living room, with open fireplace; opposite Prospect Park, 180 Ocean Av., between Lincoln Road and Parkside Av.; take Brighton Beach line to Prospect Park station. C. G. Reynolds, on premises, or 999 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET

DO YOU WANT A HOME?

Send for list of handsome 7-room brick houses, ready to occupy, on Brooklyn subway, 30 minutes from Times Square; easy terms. Few for rent.

Silsby, 217 Broadway, N. Y. Barclay 4585.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECIALISTS IN WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.

Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

FOR SALE FACTORY TO LEASE

Modern two-story fireproof building, just completed, 20,000 square feet; good central location, convenient to best transit. For particulars apply to Louis Gold, builder, 44 Court St., Brooklyn. Telephone, Main 7050.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

A well furnished, comfortable house to rent from Dec. 1 or by as many months as desired, Madison Av., near 79th St.; rent very reasonable, including Winter coal; references required. Telephone Lenox 841.

Private house for sale; 5 stories, 15 rooms, 4 baths; excellent condition; refined location; valuable leasehold. Owner, 62 W. 51st.

58TH, 344-6 EAST.—Two single flat houses for sale; steam heated; owner on premises. Jones.

Long Island.

BAYSIDE.—Immediate possession; practically new house and garage; plot 40x100; seven rooms and tiled bath, open fireplace, built-in Hoosier in kitchen, parquet floors, hardwood trim, gas, electricity, steam heat; price, $5,950; small cash payment and $45 a month. H. D. Lewis, 47 West 34th St., city. Tel. Greeley 6896.

New Jersey.

Bargains.—Six rooms, bath, all improvements; steam heat; hollow tile stucco dwelling; half hour, Erie; $3,750; easy terms. W. Brady, 154 Nassau St. Tel. 3806 Beekman.

Nearby farm, 40 acres, modern buildings; sacrifice. Frank Stevens, 200 Broadway, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

15-room furnished room house for sale; Winter supply of coal in cellar; price $2,500 cash; profit, $150 per month; hours for inspection, 10 to 12, 2 to 4. 259 West 75th St. Telephone Columbus 9937.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

WHY PAY RENT? WHEN small cash payments, your rent, and tenant's buys and pays for this elegant 2 family up-to-date brick; only 18 minutes to City Hall; write for particulars and let me show you. Biedenkapp, Room 74, 36 East 23d St.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

BRONXVILLE, N. Y.—"Small Acres;" (plots ½-acre up;) highest and oldest aristocratic section. Lucas, 20 Depot Pl., Mt. Vernon.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Gentleman's estate; modern Colonial dwelling; 1½ acres; beautiful shade; lawns, fruit; excellent location; want New York private or income. Frank Stevens, 200 Broadway, New York.

Real Estate Wanted.

I have a buyer for a real gentleman's country estate on north shore Long Island, easy distance New York. Call or write Daniel Gerard, 1,270 Broadway, New York.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

TOP FLOOR LOFT.

Wonderful opportunity to sublet best loft in neighborhood; occupancy about Feb. 1; price $4,200; size 56x110. Apply 118 5th Av., top floor.

NEW FACTORY,

30x100, with extension, 12x25; water, steam, electricity; 65 miles out on Lackawanna; rent or sell reasonable. Address M. K., 167 Times.

Will share part of my office in best machinery building to responsible party only; very light and completely furnished. Calleson, 50 Church St. Tel. Cort. 5286.

Loft, 5,000 sq. feet, 53d St., near B'way; steam, elevator, exceptional light; suitable manufacturing, auto repair, storage; cheap. Miller & Co., 898 8th Av.

509 5th Av., at 42d St.—Large, light space, suitable for showrooms and offices. F. J. Guilfoyle & Co., 165 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 7475.

Madison Av., 785, (67th.)—Desirable parlor floor, formerly doctor's office; basement store.

Rolltop desk, $11.50 monthly; mail, telephone privileges, $3. 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Office for rent in suite; furnished. Room 1008, 90 West St.

Offices, $25 to $100; 30-story building. 110 West 40th St., Room 1203.

20,000 square feet fireproof factory building; rent 50c. Robert Bonsall, 261 Broadway.

Loft to let for light manufacturing purposes, 25x80; 798 Tremont Av. H. Berkowitz.

110 W. 34th.—Offices, showrooms, $20 up; 12-story building. Broadway, 34th St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Small shop, suitable for auto repair; good location; ground floor preferred; early occupation desired. S 54 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

49TH ST., 146 EAST.—Handsomely furnished, three-room apartment, linen, silver, Dec. 1, 6 months or longer. Apt. 84.

57TH ST., 116 EAST.—One and two large rooms, with bath.

APARTMENTS OF THE BEST TYPE. Well furnished, East Side-Park Av. Sections, $200 Monthly up; Long and Short Leases. PAYSON McL. MERRILL CO., INC., 9 East 44th St. Tel. Murray Hill 8300.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENT OF QUALITY. EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO., 4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av.

ATTENTION!—APARTMENTS, furnished, two and three rooms and bath; $17.50 weekly and up; full hotel service; one block from subway. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th St.

MADISON AV., 518.—Two-room sunny apartment; complete lease $125, immediate. Wallace.

MY SPACIOUS APARTMENT, atmosphere of refined country home more than city apt.; four master bedrooms, two baths, open fires, &c.; references. Phone Mrs. Evans, Murray Hill 8513.

PARK AV. Section.—Attractive two rooms, bath, kitchenette, steam, electricity. Plaza 5120.

SUBLET.—5th Av., near 80th St., furnished apartment, six rooms, $225 month. L 316 Times.

SUPERIOR two-room apartment for season, $150 monthly. Phipps. Murray Hill 5278.

Furnished—West Side.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchen, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

52D, 43 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large room, bath room, steam heat, newly decorated.

54TH ST., 200 West.—For rent, three room furnished apt. for the winter, apply after twelve thirty. Apt. 6 A.

56TH ST., 342 WEST.—Sublet charmingly furnished housekeeping apartment, 3 rooms, bath. Mason.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Thorndyke Apartment Hotel.)—Attractive suite, two rooms and bath; fine hotel service; low weekly, monthly rates.

69TH ST., 245 WEST, (the new west end.)—Two and three room apartments, $65-$85; latest improvements; completely furnished.

72ND, 240 W.—Handsome 2 rooms and bath; maid service and electric light; steam heat; furnished or unfurnished; tea room in building.

85TH, 250 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive seven all outside rooms, newly renovated. Superintendent. Driscoll.

85TH ST., 332 WEST.—Four modern, attractive rooms, bargain, very sunny. Nash.

91ST ST., 252 WEST.—Private family would let desirable gentleman comfortable front room, adjoining bath; exclusive. Telephone Riverside 3960.

109TH ST., Corner Broadway.—For sale, elegantly furnished front corner apt., 9 rooms, 3 baths; rent, $166; sacrifice, $900. Phone 3915 Cath.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED. Choice apartments, 4 to 12 rooms; East, West; $150 up. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist. 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

Attractive Apartments. Hotel Conveniences. At Apartment Rates. Inspection Invited

THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA,

100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.

110th St., between Amsterdam & Columbus Av. Fully furnished Apartments rented monthly.

1 Room with kitchenette & bath from $35 up.

2 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $50 up.

3 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $65 up.

Telephone Academy 613 for further information. Linen and maid service if desired. Two blocks east of Broadway Subway, near 6th and 9th Av. "L." Reference essential.

BROADWAY, 2,788, (110th Subway.)—$85, private three-room elevator apartment; kitchenette. Mack.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 90's.—New, elegantly furnished, front, 7-room apartment, new high-class building, $250 month; Winter or yearly lease. Phone 3915 Cath.

DESIRABLE FURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR RENT. F. R. WOOD, W. H. DOLSON CO., Broadway, Cor. 80th St. Tel. Schuyler 3800.

Doctor's apartment and fully equipped office to sublet. One or two responsible doctors. 255 W. 108th St. Academy 595.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. R. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125, (between 84th and 85th.)—Nine rooms; three baths; handsomely furnished, piano, Victrola, immediate possession; long, short lease. Mrs. Coyle. Schuyler 5900.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

114 WEST 57TH ST.

Unusually wonderful studio, three rooms and bath. Studio room, 25x35 ft.; two open fireplaces, most artistically furnished.

Unfurnished—East Side.

49TH ST., 26 EAST.—Two rooms and bath; gas and electric light free; also basement for business. Herbert A. Sherman, 41 East 41st St. Janitor on premises.

Unfurnished—West Side.

52D ST., 47 WEST.—Two elegant large rooms, kitchenette, bath; electric light, telephone.

57TH ST., 200 WEST, COR. 7TH AV.

Two-room Duplex Apartment	$2,000
Six-room Housekeeping Apartment	3,000
Seven-room Duplex Apartment	4,200
Eight-room Simplex Apartment	4,300

Apply to the Resident Manager.

58TH ST., 209 WEST.—3-room apartment, unfurnished. Apt. 6D.

74TH, 138 WEST.—Exclusive private house; handsome, large; parquet floors, steam, electricity, tiled bath, (shower;) superior service.

80TH, 330 WEST.—New building; 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette; all latest improvements; $100 monthly.

92D ST., 309 WEST, NEAR WEST END AV.

1 AND 2 ROOMS AND BATH, $660-$1,000.

OREGON, 162 WEST 54TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.

CORNER APARTMENT, 6 ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS AND BATH, $1,700.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 460, (corner 108th.)—Five rooms; electric, elevator, telephone; $65.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 900, Corner 161st.—Large 8-room apartment, with 2 baths and two extra large foyers; facing Riverside Drive; rent $135 per month. Apply office.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

OCEAN PARKWAY, 362, (Brooklyn.)—Elegant nine-room apartment, electric light, parquet flooring; garage accommodations. S. Gilman.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED FOR SPECIAL CLIENT, Well furnished apartment, 7 or 8 rooms, 3 master bedrooms; west side, 59th to 116th St.; rent $250-$300. Also 5 rooms, 3 months, $150. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 West 72d St.

WE HAVE NUMEROUS CALLS FOR FURNISHED APARTMENTS. LIST YOURS WITH US. F. R. WOOD, W. H. DOLSON CO., B'WAY, COR. 80TH. Tel. Schuyler 3800.

Furnished or unfurnished studio, large, and bedroom, by composer, Eighth to Seventieth; good light, quiet; give full particulars; around $80. Room 1001, 52 Broadway.

Wanted immediately for 2 adults, 6-7 room apartment on Park Av. or vicinity; $500 month. Telephone 4998 Vanderbilt or send for particulars to de Flores, 402 Madison Av.

Wanted, in vicinity of 90th St. and West End Av., 7-room apartment, Dec. 15 or Jan. 1 to June 1; not over $250. Box 335 Times, 2 Rector St.

Have high class tenant for two-room apartment; will pay $100 per month, 5 months. Send particulars at once to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Furnished and unfurnished houses and apartments for clients. Mrs. Gerrit Smith, 31 East 48th St. Murray Hill 8483.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Couple want 3 rooms, furnished, $125. Miller, 162 West 50th. Circle 3067.

Responsible party want modern five-room apartment; upper west side. S 65 Times.

Unfurnished.

4 or 5 rooms, steam heated, electric light, upper west side or Jerome Av. section; near subway. Box H 614, 1,265 Broadway.

Five or six rooms, between 90th and 160th Sts., not over $75. Tel. 3470 Morningside, Apt. 4 G.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

HOTEL AMSTERDAM, 25th St. and Lexington Av.—Catering to permanent guests at popular prices; single rooms, $7 per week and up; newly renovated; all improvements.

LEXINGTON AV., 591, (Corner 52d St.)—2 large rooms, suite, use of kitchen.

MADISON AV., 174, (33d.)—Rooms; $50-$35-$25; refined; lease Oct., 1919.

PERSON having nice apartment in 50th St., near Madison Av., offers well-furnished front room; all conveniences; an exceptional opportunity to secure the comfort of a real home at $8 per week; meals optional. Homelike, R 59 Times.

The Management of THE NEWEST ALLERTON, EXCLUSIVELY FOR BACHELORS, 143 East 39th St., are now receiving applications for residence in their NEW 16-STORY RESIDENCE FOR MEN. Completely furnished. The congenial spirit and atmosphere of a well-appointed club for men of refinement. Shower baths, reading rooms, library, billiard room, handball courts, &c. Rates $8.50 to $13 per week; references.

THE HOTEL BELMORE. Northeast corner 25th St. and Lexington Av., two blocks from subway station; special permanent weekly rates, $5 week and up. Madison Square 501.

West Side.

9TH, 11 WEST.—Large room, private bath; also small room; steam; references.

16TH ST., 51 WEST.—For artistic people, single, double rooms; private bath; studio; old mahogany, chintz; restaurant.

40TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large room, top floor, overlooking park; studio; references; bachelor.

50TH ST., 43 WEST.—Large furnished room; electric light; running water; bath.

53D, 60 WEST.—Exceptionally fine parlor suite; also comfortable room; every convenience.

58TH ST., 40 WEST.—Attractively furnished, large, double room, with bath.

70TH ST., 10 WEST.—Exceptional house; large front room, suitable for two gentlemen; breakfast optional.

71ST ST., 45 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, telephone, electricity, running water; desirable location.

72D, CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Large room and bath; electricity, steam heat; private house; gentleman, business woman; reasonable. Columbus 1242.

71ST, 163 WEST.—Large room, running water, heat, also small room.

75TH, 181 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, single or suite, running water, electricity. Ross.

75TH, 154 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms; electric lights, telephone.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Large sunny room, well furnished; private bath; dressing room.

76TH, 2 WEST.—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED FRONT PARLOR; ELECTRICITY.

76TH, 147 WEST.—Medium sunny room; running water; $6; electricity, parquetry; artistic home.

76TH, 59 WEST.—Large, outside room in apartment; all modern conveniences; suitable gentleman. Call after 6. Hall.

76TH, (344 West End Av.)—Select house; beautifully furnished room, bath; steam; electricity.

76TH, 116 WEST.—Newly furnished house; room with private bath, electricity, telephone; $14.

76TH, 45 WEST.—Large, comfortable, furnished room with private bath.

76TH, 148 WEST.—Large and medium sunny rooms, bath adjoining; electric light.

77TH, 314 WEST.—Fine, sunny room; bath; exclusive house; attractive front basement; references.

78TH, 122 WEST.—Attractively furnished, large and small rooms, private bath, electricity, telephone.

78TH, 161 WEST.—Entire floor, 3 large connecting rooms, bath, kitchenette privileges.

78TH, 161 WEST.—Newly opened residence, large, small rooms; continuous hot water.

82D, 117 WEST.—Well furnished back parlor; private bath; also single room.

85TH ST., 101 WEST, (Apt. 5.)—Second floor, high-class house; attractive rooms.

86TH, 55 WEST.—Elegant room, private bath, clean beds, electricity; first-class house.

86TH, 140 WEST.—For bachelors or business women, a real home; unusual.

87TH, 45 WEST.—Two rooms, suite, private bath, and parlor floor; also other rooms; board optional; convenient locality.

88TH, 344 WEST, (Riverside.)—Comfortably furnished rooms, all conveniences; references.

89TH, 70 WEST.—Select house; exquisitely furnished double rooms; steam heat, electricity.

89TH, 306 WEST.—Finely furnished room, private bath.

90TH, 27 WEST.—Large room, with private bath; also other room; electricity.

91ST, WEST, (2,469 Broadway.)—Subway station; beautiful large sunny three-window room, $35 month; also small room. Apt. 40.

91ST ST., WEST, (2,469 Broadway.)—Subway station; beautiful large sunny three-window room, $35 month; also small room. Apt. 40.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

103D, 79 WEST.—Front parlor suite, near bath; gentleman; $7. Miller.

103D, 2 WEST.—Cosy court room, $3.50; bath, phone; gentleman. Robinson.

107TH, 210 WEST.—Large front parlor bedroom; elevator. Apartment 35.

110TH, BROADWAY.—Superior home accommodations for one or two gentlemen. Cathedral 9088.

113TH, 541 WEST.—Beautiful large, comfortable room; running water; elegant elevator apartment. Hart.

122D, 607 WEST.—Handsome suite; southern exposure; $40 monthly. Cooke.

143D, 518 WEST.—Large, light, airy outside room; elevator; conveniences. Apt. 16.

BEAUTIFUL studio room in private Fifth Av. home, near Brevoort. Stuyvesant 3054.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 428.—Attractively furnished room, heat, $3.50. Academy 4126. Husband.

ELEGANT ROOM in exclusive bachelor studio, opposite Brevoort Hotel, to responsible gentleman; $10 weekly. Phone Spring 3639.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 214, (Corner 94th.)—Beautifully furnished outside room in exceptionally clean and well appointed private apartment. Phone Riverside 3287, Apartment 2.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, Corner 84th St.—Sunny room, bath, for one person. Schuyler 1548.

ROOM.—Elegant apartment; fine view; no children; $50 per month; telephone Col. 5796 during morning hours for appointment.

WEST END AV., 263.—1 suite of 3 large rooms and bath; reference required.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

FLOOR, private house; newly decorated; very desirable. Telephone Plaza 2566.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Wanted—Furnished room, well lighted and heated, with connecting bath, in desirable location, near transportation line to Times Square; state location and price; references exchanged. Y 272 Times Annex.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

38TH, 29 EAST.—One large room adjoining bath; also one small room.

West Side.

57TH, 351 WEST.—Large rooms; back parlor; private bath; piano; French table.

54TH ST., 54 WEST. Rooms with board; references.

69TH, 105 WEST.—Sunny room, adjoining bath; steam heat; running water; references.

70TH, 23 WEST.—Large, sunny room, top floor; bath adjoining; refined Jewish surroundings; excellent cuisine; table guests. Mrs. Newburg.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

212 WEST 72D ST. PRIVATE BATHS, ELECTRICITY, STEAM HEAT. TABLE BOARD. COL. 6396.

74TH, 125 WEST.—Large room, private bath, electricity; parlor, front room; table guest.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, newly decorated room, bath adjoining; steam; unusual table; references.

78TH, 256 WEST.—An unusual house for unusual people; usual prices; small rooms, electricity, steam heat, running water.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

107TH, 322 WEST.—Luxurious residence; sunny room, electricity, running water, exceptional table.

110TH ST., 601 W.—Attractively furnished room, with best of home cooking, refined surroundings. 7600 Cathedral, Apt. 3 N.

113TH, 544 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Large, sunny room, with private bath, large dressing room, in private house; also smaller room, with running water.

120TH, 116 WEST.—Double front room; excellent Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2123.

THE WILLIAM HENRY, 279 West End Av., (corner 73d St.) Exclusive family hotel, overlooking river and Schwab mansion; rooms with private baths; excellent table; dinner guests accommodated.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large double room; private bath; meals; one flight; singles, facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

WEST END AV., 315.—Private family; attractive small front room; unexcelled table.

BOARD WANTED.

Two connecting rooms and bath with board by family of three; references given and required; state full particulars and price. B 47 Times.

Gentleman requires board, residence, in high class boarding house or private family. Y 268 Times Annex.

Young Jewish couple desire board, homelike surroundings; state terms. S 63 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New York State.

WHITTIER INN, Sea Gate, N. Y. Harbor, 45 minutes out; room, board, $18 up; solarium, open fireplace. Tel. Coney Island 900.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; furnished cottages; booklet. Special Thanksgiving rates. Phone 1165 White Plains.

THE PEPPERDAY, New Rochelle, N. Y., family and transient hotel. Open year round; steam heated; 35 minutes Grand Central Terminal; European and American rates. Phone New Rochelle 2064 5.

Long Island.

INVALIDS CHRISTIAN SANITARIUM. nonsectarian; beautiful location; moderate rates. Bayside, L. I. Phone Bayside 3006W.

New Jersey.

ALTITUDE 300 FEET. Ideal home for nervous and convalescent people who desire rest and quiet. PALISADE AV., PALISADE, N. J. Phone Cliffside 222. Take Fort Lee Ferry.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER.—9 years' experience; thoroughly competent; controlling accounts; capable, reliable, accurate; best references. R 56 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly competent, 7 years' experience double entry; efficient and accurate. Weinstein, 286 Pulaski St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance; 5 years' experience; accurate; $20. Rattner, 886 Flushing Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, controlling accounts, trial balances; 6 years' experience; $25; reference. R 679 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPIST, efficient and capable; 3 years' experience; salary $18. Box 73, 2,121 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—2 years' experience; highest credentials; salary $15. O 759 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, nine years' experience; 25 years old; $27 weekly. Address T. M., 200 East 23d St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; thoroughly competent; references. Apartment 74, 400 Manhattan Av. Morningside 846.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; controlling accounts; experienced and reliable; salary $30. G 400 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; controlling accounts; competent; highest references; start $28. G 399 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced; entire charge; modern methods; stenographer; references. G 279 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, double entry; full charge; good penman; $23. G 636 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, 6 years' experience; conscientious; first-class references. O 786 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT, typist, experienced, wishes position with advancement. Kaiser, 432 East 79th St.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly competent; can take entire charge office; $20. B 518 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, executive ability, four years' experience; A1 references. S 61 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—6 years' experience; accustomed taking entire charge; references. S 66 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, neat, accurate, American Christian; best references. R 27 Times.

CHAMBERMAID, experienced, or chamberworker and waiting. Call Monday or Tuesday, Seller, 110 East 84th St.

CLERK.—Capable, experienced; payroll; accustomed to responsible work; salary $18. B 347 Times.

COMPANION and attendant, business woman would like position with refined elderly lady; references furnished. Address Box 138, 852 Columbus Av.

COMPANION, hostess or matron; refined, cheerful, and able woman; would travel or care for motherless family where help is kept. Mme. X., L 188 Times.

DRESSMAKER, fashionable, wishes few customers by day; late with leading establishments. Phone 6853 Schuyler.

GOVERNESS, refined, experienced, children 3 years up; references. D. M., 217 East 62d St. Plaza 6488.

GOVERNESS wishes position after 3 P. M.; $6; reference; student. 100 East 101st.

GOVERNESS, visiting or companion, wishes position, 9-5. R 8 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER wishes position, plain cook, preferably young married couple. Write only, Becker, care Kreger, 259 Steuben St., Brooklyn.

LAUNDRESS, French, colored, Martinique, for private family; no English; city only; references. Call C., 263 West 24th.

LAUNDRESS, good, day's work; good references. Write Epps, 2,263 7th Av.

MASSEUSE.—Expert scalp and Henna treatments at ladies' residence. Phone Academy 1820.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients, latest methods. Lockhart, 472 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

NURSE.—Thoroughly competent nurse seeks position infant; 15 years' experience; no objection to country; wages $45-$50; best city references. G 333 Times.

NURSE.—English trained nurse wishes position; refined; references. E. H., 522 West 140th St.

SALESWOMAN.—7 YEARS' EXPERIENCE TRAVELING, HAVING HAD CHARGE BRANCH OFFICES UNITED STATES, CANADA, AND THE ORIENT, SEEKS HIGH CLASS CONNECTION; NEW YORK CREDENTIALS. G 393 TIMES.

SEAMSTRESS.—French; at home or by the day; underwear a specialty. G. Desforges, 39 Cathedral Parkway, Apt. 12. Tel. Academy 942.

SPANISH-ENGLISH assistant and stenographer to export manager; experienced in accountancy; preferably downtown New York, or Cuba. S 52 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, Christian, wants permanent position with reliable downtown firm; $15. R 648 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER or private secretary desires position with responsible firm requiring integrity, ability, and experience; $25. Box 339 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, beginner, high school education, business training, desires position with large concern; salary $10. R 685 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—One year's experience; graduated high school, also secretarial course. R 686 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—2 years' experience; capable; $15. Duncombe, 53 West 111th. Harlem 5815.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 months' experience; neat, accurate, rapid, conscientious; $15. Greene, 1,225 Boston Road.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced; can prove capability; willing worker; $18-$20. G 634 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—3 years' experience; accurate, conscientious, punctual; excellent references; $20. B 512 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Eight years' experience, assist bookkeeper if necessary; efficient; $18. L 318 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly competent, experienced, large capacity handling details; initiative; $19. L 319 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, conscientious, 3 years' commercial experience; knowledge of law; $18. R 680 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, COMPETENT; THREE YEARS' EXPERIENCE; $16. G 665 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, Christian, good, reliable position of greatest consideration; $20. R 677 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, high school graduate; excellent grammarian; $17. R 661 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Typist, Switchboard Operator; 2½ years' experience office routine; references. R 635 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, competent, conscientious worker; $18. Phone Chelsea 9946.

STENOGRAPHER.—3½ years' experience; familiar with office routine; references; $20. G 397 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; rapid, accurate, and reliable; excellent references. S 69 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly competent; 4 years' experience; salary $18; best references. L 288 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—1½ years' experience; highest credentials; some knowledge bookkeeping; $12. O 758 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced; accurate; high school graduate; $18. R 39 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent; 3 years' experience, desires position downtown. P. C., 560 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, 17, neat, competent; references. Telephone Miss R., 6265 Tremont.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, 18, neat, competent; references. Telephone Miss F., 6265 Tremont. Address 453 Tremont Av.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, experienced, high school graduate; $18. S. Gross, 440 East 137th.

STENOGRAPHER, 18; capable, intelligent, some experience, desires position. O 789 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Assistant bookkeeper; high school graduate; 2 years' experience; $17. M. K., 66 East 96th St.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, two years' experience; American; reference; $15. B 520 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER; 5 years' experience; efficient; $18. R. Liebman, 1,701 Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; $22-$25. B 449 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, four years' experience, initiative, executive ability; $22. S 31 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Very capable; expert at all work; $25. W 7 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, efficient, desires permanent position. Miss E. B., 250 2d Av., City.

YOUNG LADY, with knowledge of stenography, filing, and general office experience, wishes position. Apartment 72, 102 West 75th.

YOUNG LADY wishes position as assistant in doctor's office. R 7 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, refined, intelligent, desires permanent position; some knowledge of typewriting and filing, understands meeting people; references exchanged; $25 week. B 552 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, ten years' secretarial and managerial experience, executive ability, desires opening; hard worker, willing to assume responsibility. Address B 46 Times.

Employment Agencies.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Thoroughly experienced houseworkers, excellent cooks, investigated references, seeking places; day workers a specialty. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 W. 59th.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

BERTA CARLSON Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, 89th. Riverside 9463.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, with broad and varied experience in public accounting, thoroughly understanding the features of cost and general accounting, together with the internal periodical analysis and examination of accounts, desires a permanent position with a prominent and conservative concern as office manager or accountant; at present detailed to an investigation by public accounting concern, and appointments can only be made after 5 P. M.; salary $2,300 minimum. Executive, W 434 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—EXECUTIVE, with general experience in office management, efficiency, and factory cost systems; also has had wide experience in financial, business, sales, and traffic management, advertising, credit, and collection systems; can furnish references and bond; at present employed in Government war accounts. R 62 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, cost, and factory, 20 years' experience, installations and constructive, production, perpetual inventory, cost, and factory accounting systems; employed by C. P. A. as senior; opportunity for permanent future rather than high initial salary. Address Y 244 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT-EXECUTIVE, 34, married, 15 years' experience, office manager, organizer, systematizer; best references; want connection where knowledge, initiative and loyal service will be appreciated. L 244 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, (24,) graduate Pace Institute; public cost experience; leaving Government immediately; prefers certified accountant's office; $35. L 317 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Junior, (21,) desires position in accountant's office; experienced and well recommended; N. Y. U. student. R 651 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; $10 monthly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—GENERAL ACCOUNTING, AUDITING, SYSTEMATIZING; TAX REPORTS. ROBINSON, 128 BROADWAY. CORTLANDT 4275.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, systematized; monthly audits, part time bookkeeping; very reasonable. Kahn, 40 West 28th. Phone Farragut 4200.

ACCOUNTANT, (24,) with public accounting experience, desires position with C. P. A. L 324 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, bookkeeper; married; eight years' experience; $35. G 310 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, (24,)—Semi-senior, desires connection with reputable accountants. L 315 Times.

OPEN for executive position, financial, commercial, or initial line; the greater responsibility the better executive. W 433 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT MANAGER or plant Supt., mechanical engineer, wide experience in supervision, organization, management of plants, maintenance, production, layout; good references; available immediately. R 365 Times.

AM LEAVING present position because of limited future; executive ability, knowledge office detail; college graduate, 23. O 753 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, credit man, 23, 5 years' practical experience ladies' neckwear house, 1 year with accountant. Roseman, 814 East 163d St.

BOOKKEEPER, executive ability, take full charge of office; 12 years' experience clothing line; married; salary reasonable. L 323 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (25,) 7 years' experience; general ledger, customers' ledger; knowledge costs; graduate Packard School; $30. G 317 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, general utility man, 40, competent, experienced; able to take full charge, or assistant to executive. Trustworthy. G 323 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 20; high school graduate; 2 years' experience; best references; quick, accurate, and reliable. O 792 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 20, A1 references, 4 years' experience; moderate salary start. R 621 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; 4 years' experience; full charge. Esther Smith, 283 Steuben St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, 33, married, best references, open for position; salary $27. O 784 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, (26,) controlling accounts, financial statements; mercantile, manufacturing experience. S 14 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT and typist, 18, beginner, seeks position, with advancement. O 790 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, accountant; married; eight years' experience; unquestionable references. G 315 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, desires position reliable concern; $20. Oettinger, 114 East 87th St.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, (20,) 5 years' experience; quick and accurate; references. R 531 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, 17; stenographer, typewriter; experienced; references. Max Gonshay, 179 East 100th St.

BOOKKEEPER, 28, expert college graduate, wishes position; salary $25-$30. W 47 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, sales and purchase ledgers, also pay roll. $23. R 506 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced young man, 19, high-school graduate, desires position. W 423 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER in bank wishes extra work after 5 o'clock; has thorough knowledge of bookkeeping. R 684 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry, controlling account, trial balances; efficient stenographer. O 774 Times Downtown.

BUTLER, 20 years in same family; best references; absolutely sober; country preferred. S 64 Times.

BUTLER or VALET.—Experienced Japanese wishes position; city or country. H. N., 141 East 56th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Owner putting car in dead storage for Winter wishes to place his driver in good steady position; A1 mechanic, well versed in high-class cars; Pierce-Arrow or similar cars. Phone Schuyler 4476.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, (37,) married, 14 years' experience, 5 years with last employer, desires position; private; experienced on high class cars. Robert Slama, 331 East 68th St., or phone Lenox 4129.

CHAUFFEUR, 35, married, mechanic, wishes private position; 17 years' experience; drives all high-class cars; excellent references; $35. Fedor, 414 East 70th St. Rhinelander 2558.

CHAUFFEUR, 28, single; seven years' experience, foreign and domestic cars; A1 mechanic; best references; wishes private position. Lennon, 112 W. 63d; Tel. Circle 2799.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, 33; 15 years' experience; best references; expert Pierce driver; city, country. Scheiblin, 528 East 80th.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, competent, reliable man, good references; will take charge; best references. Julius Galant, 946 Trinity Av., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR.—Lady desires to place her former chauffeur, whom she can highly recommend; wages $40. Telephone Bryant 7267.

CHAUFFEUR (27) wishes position; 5 years' experience, New York; A1 references; go anywhere; strictly sober. Chauffeur, 2,063 5th Av.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, gentlemanly, expert driver and mechanic, all cars; highest testimonials. Phone Columbus 9416. W 53 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, single, (33,) wishes position, private; five years' experience; best references. Brennan, 154 East 66th. Plaza 2864.

CHAUFFEUR, first-class driver, mechanic; sober, honest, and attentive; best of references. Nebozuk, 92 Kent Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, broad experience, sober, reliable. Howard, Prospect 7338.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, 4 years' experience, wishes position, private or commercial. L. Brett, 153 E. 83d.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, mechanic, private, city or country; reliable, references. Cephas, 243 West 63d St.

CLERICAL.—Young man wishes position with reliable firm; 3 years' experience; 2 years high school. G 328 Times.

CLOAK JOBBERS, ATTENTION.

Young man, experienced handling contractor's piece goods, wait on trade, shipping. R 650 Times Harlem.

COLLEGE MAN, 20, business experience; position with progressive firm. S 69 Times.

COOK, Japanese, wishes position in small family, city; good cook; best references. J. A., 463 East 72d St.

COPYMAN, college graduate, limited professional experience illustrating, limited knowledge French, wants advertising journalism, publicity, sales correspondence. R 45 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, salesman, general office worker, 43, capable, trustworthy, personally agreeable, desires connection where results will be test of merit; $40 weekly. L 223 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, eleven years' shop and drafting room experience, as layout man, designer, checker; best references. K 366 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—Practical mechanical, layout and detail man, seeks good connection. R 617 Times Downtown.

EDITOR with technical education and training as writer, seeks connection. W 584 Broadway.

EXECUTIVE.

Graduate of Harvard College and Law School, 33, intelligent, energetic and conscientious, is available for executive position in which he can apply experience gained in successful law practice, general business, and responsible war work. R K 166 Times.

EXPORT SHIPPER.—Thoroughly experienced with packing and shipping to all countries; with references. W 11 Times.

HARDWARE MAN, 13 years' experience one firm, wishes to connect with reliable concern that will give reasonable opportunity to advance. X 261 Times Annex.

HOTEL CLERK.—Day or night position; experienced; best of references. W 11 Times.

INSURANCE COLLECTOR.—Tactful, effective; retains old good accounts, attracts new business; wants charge of department, broker's office or company. R 43 Times.

INTERPRETER.—Age 34; English, French, Italian, Greek, Turkish, and Albanian. G 272 Times.

MANAGER.

Young man, 28, university graduate; chemical engineer, business and executive ability; 4 years' experience as general manager of chemical manufacturing plant, seeks position of responsibility with firm for chemical manufacturing; best references. L 247 Times.

MANAGER, American, accountant, efficiency training, selling ability; 10 years' experience. K 290 Times.

MAN.—Position wanted by English-American, 45, single; can paint and do carpenter work; sober, honest; prefer to go South. T. B. P., Box 292, Palisades Park Borough, N. J.

MAN, 25, married, wishes to connect with good concern as freight expediter, a good outside traffic man; reasonable salary. Excellent references. S 48 Times.

MAN.—American, 39; general office man; not afraid of work or hours; able executive; references; salary $30. S 323 Times.

MAN with railroad, steamship, traffic experience; has been doing Government work. L 260 Times.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, (25,) German-American, first class mechanic and draftsman, desires position with a reliable concern as foreman or assistant manager. Address Mr. Krapp, 191 West End Av., city.

OFFICE MANAGER wants position reliable concern paying not less than $35 weekly; much experience; best references. X 378 Times Annex.

PURCHASING AGENT.—Six years' experience purchasing of paper, printing, stationery, and machinery, desires connection; refers to manufacturers in export and import house. S 56 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT, technical steel, mechanical equipment, building construction; 12 years. O 704 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, French toilet line for over 20 years, Western representative for California, Washington, and Oregon, desires taking additional meritorious small line of promotion and perfumery buyers; leave shortly for West. Address V 227 Times Annex.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN. — South American, age 24, knowledge of English, Spanish, Italian, French, desires to be connected with good concern to start as salesman. G 662 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Cuban, (35,) familiar with South American trade, wants connection with house willing to do export business. Sola, 352 West 48th St.

SALESMAN (29) desires position; excellent references; honorably discharged U. S. Army. R 682 Times Harlem.

SALES PROMOTION MANAGER desires position with corporation or manufacturer. J. F. Maguire, Cherry Av., Jamaica, N. Y.

SECRETARY, stenographer, executive, clerical, American; salary commensurate high grade ability. R 538 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Can you use a young man who is clean, honest, industrious, and who has had a thorough stenographic training? If you will give me a chance, I know I will make good; will begin at $15. Address Young Man, 36 West 123d St. Telephone 518 Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish, experienced in exports, desires position; good references. Address G 664 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 18, office experience, high school education, energetic, capable worker. G 862 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, with little experience, willing, lawyer's or broker's office preferred. G 635 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST wishes secretarial work evenings; 10 years' experience. R 683 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, possessing initiative, desires permanent position; salary $25. B 445 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, 8 years' experience, secretary, correspondent; expert stenographer. R 21 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Eight years' experience; rapid, accurate; excellent references; $25. L., 3,625 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid typist, intelligent; two years' law; understands dictaphone; $22. G 648 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT of general construction, schools, factories, &c., fifteen years' experience, to take full charge handling men; can furnish best references. Telephone 3824 Cathedral. 540 West 112th. Apt. 24.

TRACER.—Young man, thorough knowledge of tracing, shipments, express, or freight, wishes position as tracer or investigator or traffic department of reliable concern. K 281 Times.

TRAFFIC MANAGER, experienced, with particular interest, knowledge and original ideas in intercity motor truck transportation, desires executive position with a responsible firm. G 327 Times.

VISITING TUTOR.—English, French, Latin; prepares for schools, colleges. Phone 1090 Academy.

YOUNG MAN of 27 years, who has been in business for himself for 5 years, desires to connect with a reliable import or exporting concern; willing to go to a foreign country; at present am managing a New York purchasing sales office; can furnish best references. B 444 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 29, wishes position to assist export manager; would be of valuable assistance, having had wide experience clerking at different steamship companies; start small to learn business. G 394 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, married, wide-awake, responsible, earnest, last position chief clerk, seeks connection with wholesale house; neither stenographer nor typist; $23-$25. O 788 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, college education, legal training, executive ability, desires opportunity go abroad as representative of foreign enterprise; excellent military and civil references. L 325 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, college education, good appearance, highest credentials, competent, zealous worker, desires position with prospects; initial salary secondary consideration. R 57 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, experienced salesman, desiring change, seeks association with representative house; excellent credentials; moderate arrangements. G 232 Times.

YOUNG MAN, honorably discharged, seeks connection with manufacturing or mercantile house; highest references. G 605 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, 4 years' experience as shipping and receiving clerk, highly recommended, wishes position. B 459 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20; 3½ years' high school education; no experience, but intelligent, and quick; desires position with a future. J. Weisberg, 2,314 Westchester Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 26, married, wishes position where advancement is assured; mechanical shop, selling experience; reference. A. V., 3,525 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, 25, shipping, stock, and receiving experience, capable of taking charge; 8 years' clothing experience. R 551 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, business experience, wishes connection import-export house; willing; start small; ambitious learn business. K 313 Times.

YOUNG MAN having knowledge of bookkeeping and banking business, desires to connect with a reliable firm. R 663 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (21;) honest; clerical experience; good penman. Clerical, 376 Broadway, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 18, wishes position sample department of textile house, cotton preferred. Henry Tassoff, 24 East 103d St.

YOUNG MAN, student in advertising, seeks position; experienced office clerk. S 67 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, with high school education, would like to secure office position with reliable concern. S 68 Times.

YOUNG MAN would like to work in office as clerk or timekeeper; can typewrite. Pollack, 156 1st Av.

YOUNG MAN, 19, intelligent, reliable, trustworthy, desires position, with advancement. O 791 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, 3 years in shipping department, desires reliable connection. O 783 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, desires position with reliable house; general office experience. B 435 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, with export and domestic shipping experience, requires position. R 653 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires position, preferably with export house. L 729 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) desires position at clerical work. G 392 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ADDRESSOGRAPH and graphitype operator; only experienced need reply. The Manufacturers' Liability Insurance Co., Room 516, 1 Montgomery St., Jersey City.

ATTENDANT for insane hospital; liberal pay. Call at 146 East 28th St., today, at 4 P. M.

ATTENDANT NURSES.—Wanted, attendant nurses in House of the Holy Comforter, 196th St. and Grand Concourse.

BOOKKEEPER,

EXPERIENCED,

AND CAPABLE OF FILLING RESPONSIBLE POSITION IN PUBLISHING HOUSE.

Must be accurate, good penman. Apply in own handwriting.

THOMAS Y. CROWELL CO., 428 WEST B'WAY.

BOOKKEEPER.

One who has had department store experience; must be rapid and accurate and able to take trial balance; liberal salary assured to the one with the necessary qualifications. Apply main office, sixth floor, Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER to take charge of office of small factory and assist manager; must understand double entry and possess tact and initiative. The right party will have an unusual opportunity for advancement. Write stating experience and salary expected. S 53 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, accustomed to handling accounts receivable and accounts payable ledger; experienced in manufacturing line preferred; permanent position; good future to bright, capable person. Address Ledger, 240 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry for publishing house, located on West 31st St.; permanent position; state salary and experience; references required. Address own handwriting, "Atlantis," General Post Office, Box 700, New York.

BOOKKEEPER, state experience and salary expected; knowledge of typewriting and stenography considered essential to advancement. Mercantile, O 785 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; must have practical knowledge of double entry bookkeeping, including trial balance; salary $18. Apply in writing to R 634 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, capable of taking entire charge of accounting office in South Brooklyn; state salary and references. Efficient, Box 10, 326 9th St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, knowledge of typewriting, capable taking entire charge of office, experience in import and export business preferred. B 370 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Girl anxious to learn bookkeeping; good figurer and neat handwriting essential. Plaza Music Co., 18 West 20th.

BOOKKEEPER.—Office head for restaurant, experienced, recommendation, bond; good salary. Write H. Gossler, 440 Riverside Drive, Apt. 42.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, experienced, who can take charge of office; state salary and full particulars. S 59 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—State age, salary, and experience. B 8 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER.—Must be experienced; call or write. J. B. Cohen & Co., 916 8th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, and typist wanted. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

BRIGHT YOUNG WOMAN IN STOCK ROOM: EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY. ADDRESS STOCK, 281 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CASHIERS AND INSPECTORS
WITH EXPERIENCE PREFERRED.
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

CHAMBERMAID and waitress, competent, private house, family four. Call before 11, 323 West 90th.

CLERICAL ASSISTANTS

for our accounting and auditing departments; must be thoroughly experienced and good at figures; liberal salary assured with advancement to those who can qualify. Apply main office, 6th floor. Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and 3d Av.

CLERKS,

between the ages of 18 and 24, for temporary work; must be quick and accurate at figures; liberal salary. Apply between 1 P. M. and 4 P. M. to
NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.,
Room 502, 25 Church St.,
New York, N. Y.

CLERKS.—Old and well organized insurance company, now establishing accident and health branch, offers salary commensurate with ability; excellent opportunity for advancement to those possessing ability and experience in accident and health insurance; hours 9-4, Saturdays 12; write, stating age, education, experience, kind of work performed, salary expected, &c. B 517 Times Downtown.

CLERKS.—$45 month; rapid advancement; big company; hours 9-4, Saturdays 12. Call Room 1048, 120 Broadway.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR
experienced in proving ledger postings. Campbell, Metzger & Jacobson, 8 East 22d.

DESIGNER.
First class on popular priced line of dresses, by large dress house; best reference required; good salary to right party. Call between 9 and 10, Mark Perlman, 25 W 31st St.

DESIGNER on high-class waists wanted by a reliable waist manufacturing concern; write or call Clarendon Waist Co., 277 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

DRAPERS,
SKIRT AND WAIST DRAPERS;
MUST HAVE 5TH AV. EXPERIENCE.
HARRY COLLINS, 9 EAST 57th.

FILE CLERK.
YOUNG LADY, WITH EXPERIENCE.
We require a bright young clerk in our order office; opportunity for advancement.
DE PINNA.
5TH AV., COR. 50TH ST.

FILERS AND INDEXERS.—$50 month; big company; rapid advancement; hours 9-4, Saturdays 12; ages 21-31. Write, stating age, education, experience, B 516 Times Downtown.

FORELADY, competent, experienced with yeast wrapping machines. Auerbach, 46th St.-11th Av.

GIRL, GIRL
for laboratory work; one experienced in putting up packages and familiar with the handling of chemicals preferred. Powers, Weightman, Rosengarten Co., 145 Front St.

GIRL TO ASSIST IN OFFICE, HOURS 8-5:30; $8 TO START; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STEADY POSITION. CHARLES GRABHORN, 20 MAIDEN LANE.

GOVERNESS, Swiss, to take charge of three children, 5, 8, 10 years; one who is obliging and congenial; good inducements; residence Mount Vernon. Apply Joseph Durst, 1,333 Broadway.

GOVERNESS wanted, experienced woman to care for two little girls, 6 and 10. Call after 4 P. M., 55 East 78th St.

HOUSEWORKER.—Must be good cook and white; high-class apartment; no washing; best wages. Call Monday, Mygatt, 65 Central Park West.

HOUSEWORKER, white, plain cook; $50 wages; three adults; reference required. 229 West 78th, Apt. 81.

KEY PUNCH OPERATOR.

must be experienced on Hollerith machine; advancement.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

LUNCHROOM WORK.

Young woman to take charge of girls' lunchroom in large concern. Should have domestic science training or practical experience. Permanent position. Salary to start, $14. G 618 Times Downtown.

MAID, SEAMSTRESS.—Eight-hour day; $10 per week; city reference. Call before 10 or after 5, 471 Park Av., Apartment 9 B.

MILLINERY DESIGNER, HIGH-CLASS MODEL HATS. S 57 TIMES.

MILLINERY COPYISTS; GOOD SANITARY WORKING CONDITIONS; GOOD PAY; STEADY. KANRICH, 601 BROADWAY.

MODEL, size 16, tall and attractive, for showroom; experienced young lady only. Singer Bros., 11 East 26th St.

NURSE, to take care of motherless infant on voyage to England with father; first class passage and all expenses provided; one of British nationality, returning home, preferred; state full particulars. K 295 Times.

NURSE to take care of motherless infant on voyage to England with father; first-class passage and all expenses provided; one of British nationality returning home preferred; state full particulars. K 295 Times.

NURSE to take care of baby; good home and good salary; reference required. Mrs. I. Berger, 2,100 5th Av.

NURSERY GOVERNESS—Wanted well educated young English woman to take charge of 2 small girls, from 10 A. M. to 6 P. M. daily; must understand kindergartening; references required; please write fully. Y 229 Times Annex.

NURSE.—Competent nurse for two children, (boys,) 9 months and 5½ years; personal references required. Call Monday and Tuesday, 9 until 12, Apartment 16. Mrs. Joseph Preis, 151 West 86th.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, competent, for three school children; references. Call 221 East 72d St.

NURSE for baby, 16 months old. 601 West 110th. Telephone Cathedral 7762. Apt. 9M.

OFFICE GIRL; MUST UNDERSTAND FILING; WRITE LEGIBLE; STATE EXPERIENCE, REFERENCE AND SALARY. BOX H. D. 805, TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ORDER CLERKS for manufacturing establishment, experienced on entering and billing, also good typist; write qualifications and salary expected. O C., 336 Times.

MANICURISTS
WANTED AT
WANAMAKER'S,
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

PACKERS
AND WRAPPERS
wanted at
WANAMAKER'S.
Apply Delivery Section.

PIANIST who can play rag-time; good opportunity for advancement; must be good sight reader. Republic Player Roll Corporation, 653 West 51st St.

POSITIONS
FOR
YOUNG GIRLS.

Pleasant work; rapid advancement; a real opportunity for nice girls who are ambitious; our educational director-doctor and nurse look after their business training and health.

Parents are invited to call with their daughters; apply all week.

BEST & CO., Employment Office, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., 7 W. 35th St.

SALESLADIES
experienced in the following departments: Corsets, gloves, hosiery, underwear, and infants' wear; salary $16-$25. I. Berger, 120 West 125th St.

SALESWOMAN for commercial stationery and office supplies; must be experienced; inside position; good salary. Apply after 11 A. M., or by letter. Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

SALESWOMEN

CHINA AND GLASSWARE,

HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

STENOGRAPHER AND CLERK.—Excellent opportunity; big company; hours 9-4, Saturdays 12; only those experienced in accident and health insurance, capable of handling own correspondence with branch offices, agents, and other insurance companies need apply. Write, stating age, education, experience, salary, B 514 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.
Bright young lady, quick and accurate in taking notes and transcribing Underwood machine; must be high school graduate and have had several years' experience; salary to start $18; state age, references. R 678 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, for Publishing house located on West 31st Street; Remington machine; permanent position; state salary wanted; references required. Address own handwriting "Atlantis," General Post Office, Box 700, New York.

STENOGRAPHER, neat, accurate; capable taking dictation; must do touch typewriting; start $10. Reliable Purchasing Co., 135 Mercer St., N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER in office of mercantile agency; excellent opportunity to bright girl for advancement. Klein, 309 Broadway, fourth floor.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady with brief experience; must be accurate with figures; permanent position; prospect of advancement. S 55 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, must be experienced; salary to start, $16; excellent prospects. R 61 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Beginner, school or business references; state salary. S 60 Times.

TEACHER of elementary school subjects in large institution school, beautifully situated, one hour from city; no Saturday or Sunday work; no duties outside of classroom. Apply personally at 470 West 145th St., Monday evening between 7:30 and 8:30.

TEACHER. — Competent lady teacher for twelve-year-old theatrical girl, to travel; state age, qualifications; lowest salary. S 70 Times.

TRAINED BABY'S NURSE. Call Monday or Tuesday, 10-12, 171 80th St., Bay Ridge, Brooklyn.

TRAINED NURSE, graduate, for part time work. L 320 Times.

TYPISTS.

A FEW VACANCIES FOR TYPISTS; PAY ACCORDING TO EXPERIENCE; RAPID ADVANCEMENT FOR BEGINNERS.

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,

25 WASHINGTON ST.,

BROOKLYN, N. Y.

TYPISTS.

Several who are experienced as billers, but not absolutely essential; splendid opportunity for advancement with liberal salary assured. Apply main office, 6th floor, Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and 3d Av.

TYPISTS. — Salary commensurate with ability; large insurance company; hours 9-4, Saturdays 12; policy or card writing experience in accident and health insurance preferred; ages 21-31; write, stating age, education, experience, salary. B 513 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS.—$50-$60 month; insurance company; rapid advancement; hours 9-4, Saturdays 12; policy or card writing experience essential; ages 21-31. Write, stating age, education, experience, salary, B 515 Times Downtown.

TYPIST for copying and stencil work in an educational institution; state age, experience, and salary expected; references required; opportunity for advancement. Address P. C. B., B 897 Times.

TYPISTS.—$50 month; rapid advancement; big company; hours 9-4, Saturdays 12. Call Room 1048, 120 Broadway.

TYPISTS, PIECE WORK, EXPERIENCED, CAN EARN $15 TO $20 WEEKLY. APPLY 9 A. M., BOYD'S, 19 BEEKMAN ST.

WARD MAID, pay $30 per month. Call at 146 East 28th St., today, at 4 P. M.

WRITERS AND TYPISTS
wanted at
WANAMAKER'S.
Apply Delivery Section.

WOMEN wanted at once to bake bread in their homes. G 395 Times.

YOUNG LADIES, fine appearing, under 25, capable of interviewing fashionable clientele to work, in the offices of a publishing house; must have striking personalities; good salary, permanent. Call after 11 A. M. Mayfair Pub. Co., 489 5th Ave.

YOUNG LADY, bright and willing, experienced in filing and ledger work; Christian firm. Apply 280 Broadway, Room 631.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in thirty days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

FILE CLERKS WANTED.
Big demand in business houses for file clerks who have had TRAINING. Salaries $12 to $30 per week. We prepare you thoroughly and promptly for these positions and place you. Only school affiliated with a filing equipment house. Apply today. Franklin 2261.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING,
The Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin St., Near Broadway.

ATTENTION—GIRLS—LADIES.
Learn filing course, $10.
Telephone operating, Elevator operating, Typewriting, Dictaphone, Stenography, Comptometer.
City and Government positions.
CAPTAIN O'BRIEN,
112 EAST 23D.

FILING—INDEXING.
Positions open for our graduates after a month's intensive training.
Day and Evening Classes.
Visitors welcome any time.
Over three thousand graduates.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building, New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING,
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

AMBITIOUS WOMEN ought to hear the lecture "Present-Day Opportunities in Accountancy" by Horatio N. Drury, Tuesday, Nov. 26, at 6 P. M. Write, or telephone Cort. 1465, for complimentary admission card. Pace Institute, 30 Church St., N. Y.

MOTION PICTURE opportunity; competent instructors. We place pupils when competent in actual work. Studio, 142 West 125th St. Hours 1 to 8 P. M.

GIRLS, learn telephone switchboard operating; $10; stenography; bookkeeping; typewriting; speed classes; day, evenings. Chief School, 5 Beekman St.

STENOGRAPHERS! Join our Speed Club—dictation from 80 to 175 words. Any time after 5 P. M. DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL, Tribune Bldg. Phone Beekman 2723.

Employment Agencies.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
99 NASSAU ST. CALL 9-5:30.
Stenographer-secretary, $22-$25; stenographers, clerks, typists, bookkeepers, office girls; free registration.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers; desirable positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

CHILD'S NURSE, $65. Couples, $125. Attendant. Universal Employment Agency, 59 W. 37.

LANG AGENCY, 115 Broadway.—Stenographers, typists, clerical; excellent permanent positions. Call immediately.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, TYPISTS, &C.; FREE REGISTRATION. FULTON AGENCY, 489 5th Av., 93 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, bookkeepers, clerical, $10-$25. Rose Webber Agency, 1009 Tribune Building.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS.—PROMINENT FIRM OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS SPECIALIZING IN INSURANCE WORK, DESIRES TO ADD TO ITS PERMANENT STAFF A NUMBER OF MEN EXPERIENCED IN FIRE INSURANCE ACCOUNTING; THIS IS A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR MEN HAVING EXPERIENCE IN ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENTS OF INSURANCE COMPANIES; REPLY IN WRITING, STATING AGE, INSURANCE EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY DEIRED; ALL REPLIES TREATED CONFIDENTIAL. R 668 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, large publishing house; must be thoroughly experienced, capable handling collections and details; splendid opportunity for reliable person; state age, experience, and salary; give phone number. B. O., S 366 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT wanted by large importing corporation; one who can take complete charge of accounting department and able to prepare monthly balance sheet and profit and loss. Write, stating age, experience, education, &c., O 745 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Wanted at once by firm of public accountants, experienced senior assistants for permanent staff in New York; applicants must send copies of references covering a term of years and state salary required. R 647 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN.

Broad-gauge man wanted by oil tank and furnace manufacturing concern to take complete charge of advertising and assist in editing of factory monthly; mechanical knowledge desirable, though not essential; should be over 30 and have had industrial experience; when writing give detailed statement of business history, age, nationality, salary expected, and when available; all replies treated confidentially. Y 214 Times Annex.

AISLE MANAGERS.

Courteous young men, energetic and ambitious, who have good records of past experience with first-class stores, are required for Aisle Managers; those under 40 years of age preferred; applications confidential.

BEST & CO., 8:30 A. M. to 5 P. M., Employment Office, 7 W. 35th St.

License U. S. E. S., Permit No. 319.

APPRAISERS.—Positions open on our staff for experienced appraisers or men qualified by technical or practical experience to inventory industrial plant equipment; only men of reliability, personality, initiative, and ambition to succeed in appraisal work will be considered; make applications by letter, stating qualifications and requirements. A 752 Times Downtown.

ASSEMBLERS and helpers, experienced on electrical apparatus; good wages; steady work. Apply any time, 4th floor, 217 Centre St.

BALANCE LEDGER CLERK wanted in a small banking institution; accuracy must be one of the qualifications. Applicants will apply in own handwriting, giving particulars as to experience and salary expected. Efficient, A 785 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted on purchase ledger; one who has a practical knowledge of double entry bookkeeping; must be able to take off trial balance, analyze accounts, write a good hand, be good at figures, have the highest references, exempt from military service; state experience in detail and salary expected. Address Chemist, B 529 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER experienced in double entry and controlling accounts, in the office of a manufacturing concern; good chance for advancement; state age, past experience, and salary desired. A 777 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, with experience on ledger posting, checking, and balancing; must be quick and accurate at figures; state salary expected to start. B 553 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Call or apply by letter in own handwriting, stating experience, reference, salary wanted, age. Address Charles Ross Machine Shop, 148 Classon Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Office head for restaurant; experienced; recommendation; bond; good salary. Write H. Gossler, 440 Riverside Drive, Apartment 42.

BOOKKEEPER, capable man to assist; must be accurate and reliable; steady position; advancement dependent upon efforts. S 56 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced Wall St. export typist; state age, experience, religion. G 656 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Rapid, accurate, competent; permanent position; good opportunity; state age, experience, salary desired. B 121 Times.

BOYS,

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Send name and address only.
O 744 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOYS.—Large downtown New York bank desires to employ several of high type as office boys and messengers; they must be ambitious and energetic; special classes are conducted for their benefit and possibilities for advancement are unlimited; luncheon and educational facilities provided. Write, stating qualifications, age, and birthplace of parents. A 749 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—An opportunity is offered to a few young men over 16 years of age to acquire business training in large industrial corporation; qualifications for advancement are ambition, promptness, and willingness; in reply state age, education, and religion; salary $8 to start. A 743 Times Downtown.

BOY, clean-cut American, for general office work in large corporation; good opportunity; need not be over 16; good handwriting desirable; state age, qualifications, and salary. Corporation, B 537 Times Downtown.

BOY IN OFFICE OF LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS COMMISSION HOUSE; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. A 761 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY, by large advertising agency, opportunity to learn advertising business; unusual chance for advancement. Call or write. Room 712, 381 4th Av.

BOY
for errands and be generally useful; chance for advancement. Doty & Scrimgeour, 74 Duane St.

BOY WANTED, ERRANDS AND STOCKROOM; $8. SCHRADER & EHLERS, 239 4TH AV.

BOY FOR OFFICE WORK, UNDER 16. APPLY LIST DEPARTMENT, BOYD'S, 19 BEEKMAN ST.

BOY, bright; must be public school graduate; excellent opportunity for advancement. B 17 Times.

BOY, 15-17 years of age, for office work; good future; salary $12. Apply Monday, 9:30, 221 4th Av., Room 205.

BOY, bright; must be public school graduate; excellent opportunity for advancement. M. Muehlstein, 2,401 3d Av.

BOY, bright, to assist in sample department, by woolen house. Apply in writing, stating salary expected, L 240 Times.

BOY, 15-16 years, order department old established firm; good opportunity. E. C. Fuller Co., 28 Reade St.

BOYS to handle stock in stationery factory; good pay; steady work. Charles Weyand, 22 Howard St., New York.

BOY wanted as messenger by downtown banking house; $9 per week to start. G 564 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—$36 month; rapid advancement; big company; hours 9-4, Saturdays 12. Call Room 1048, 120 Broadway.

BOYS.—Fine opportunity. Sterling Bronze Co., 18 East 39th St.

BOY wanted; steady work; good pay. 17 Madison Av., 4th floor.

BOY wanted in law office; bright, ambitious boy. Room 1005, 27 William St.

BUTCHER.—An experienced cutter for hotel supplies. Corner 33d and 1st Av.

CARPENTER wanted; 8-hour work; $5.50 a day. Apply superintendent, 138th St. and Harlem River.

CHAUFFEURS

Wanted;

Experienced

ROUTE MEN,

CHAUFFEURS,

HELPERS,

FAMILIAR WITH MANHATTAN,

BRONX, BROOKLYN,

JERSEY CITY, LONG ISLAND CITY,

and vicinity.

APPLY DELIVERY,
WANAMAKER'S.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, to give instruction in driving and take care of car; must be first class. American Auto School, 726 Lexington Av.

CLERK.—Shipping and dock clerk, thoroughly experienced and with first-class references, wanted at once by export firm; write fully, stating salary desired. B 547 Times Downtown.

CLERK; MUST BE GOOD PENMAN, OVER 31. APPLY 8:30 A. M., BOYD'S, 19 BEEKMAN ST.

CLOTHING SALESMAN wanted, retail shop, chance of a lifetime for honest worker with following. R 60 Times.

DESIGNER on high-class waists wanted by a reliable waist manufacturing concern. Write or call Clarendon Waist Co., 277 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED—Male.

DIEMAKERS.—Experienced men only for constructing and repairing, blocking and perforating dies used in the manufacture of stamped light sheet metal articles. Simon Zinn, Inc., 25th St. and 11th Av.

DRAFTSMEN.—Marine engine draftsmen, must be experienced, state salary expected and when you can report for work. Standard Shipbuilding Corp, Shooters Island, S. I.

DRAFTSMAN. — Experienced draftsman for auto accessories. Humboldt Machine and Stamping Co., 10th St. and Vernon Av., Long Island City.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, detailed tracers to detail mechanical tracings. Ketcham, 931 Singer Building.

DRIVER.—Wanted, an experienced man for the meat business. Corner 33d and 1st Av.

DRUG CLERK, registered; not a "manager," but manageable; fair treatment, fair salary, fair hours; fair services expected in return; apply by letter; give qualifications, references, experience, age, nationality, salary expected for an 8-hour day. Y 242 Times Annex.

DRUGGIST, registered, experienced, for Rexall store in town near New York; good wages.
E. J. EMELIN,
Mamaroneck, N. Y.

DRUGGIST.—REGISTERED. REID & SNYDER, 740 FLATBUSH AV., BROOKLYN.

FACTORY SUPERINTENDENT, assistant; man experienced in confectionery line to figure costs and act as assistant factory superintendent; good opportunity for energetic, efficient worker. Apply by letter, Schraffts, 60 W. 23d.

FOREMAN wanted, for drapery workshop, located in a Western Massachusetts city; a man who can cut and hang; steady position, good pay, excellent working conditions. Apply in writing to Y 269 Times Annex.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,

Broadway and 33d St.,

REQUIRE

Experienced Gas and Electric Chauffeurs, familiar with the Bronx, Staten Island, and New Jersey territories;

ALSO

MALE AND FEMALE SHEET WRITERS,

ALSO

HELPERS ON AUTOMOBILES.

APPLY MANAGEMENT OFFICE, FIFTH FLOOR.

GOOD PROPOSITION

FOR

HIGH-GRADE MAN.

CAST IRON

FITTINGS DEPT.

A LARGE AND RESPONSIBLE GREY IRON FOUNDRY INTENDS GOING INTO THE CAST IRON PIPE FITTINGS BUSINESS; WOULD INTERVIEW A MAN WITH A GENERAL EXPERIENCE IN THIS LINE FOR THE PURPOSE OF MAKING A PERMANENT AND RESPONSIBLE POSITION.

Y 212 TIMES ANNEX.

IRON STRAIGHTENERS.
DAY SHIFT AND NIGHT SHIFT.
Ideal working conditions; 100 per cent. Government work; good wages; steady employment.
STANDARD ORDNANCE CORP.,
West Side Av. and Carbon Place,
JERSEY CITY.

INSPECTOR
for plant installation and maintenance in a large Brooklyn chemical plant; one who is able to write intelligent reports on conditions as they exist; this is a permanent position for the right man. Reply by letter, stating age, experience, and salary desired, R. R., 387 Times Downtown.

JAPANER.—Man with experience in spraying die castings. Automatic Engraving & Mfg. Co., 2,033 5th Av.

JIG AND FIXTURE TOOL MAKER wanted; first-class on automotive equipment; permanent job on, after-the-war work. Y 266 Times Annex.

LATHE OPERATORS.
Strong, active young men, with or without experience, to break in as piece workers on shell operations for our Edgewater, N. J., plant; 5 minutes from West 95th St. Dock, N. Y. Apply early ready for work; steamers leave dock half hourly. American Can Co.

MACHINISTS to repair dies, machines, and do bench work; steady. Permit 52. Sprague Electric, 528 West 35th.

MAN wanted in a large downtown insurance office, 25 to 35 years of age, to handle outgoing and incoming mail; must have had experience in this kind of work to qualify for position. Answer, stating age, experience, and salary, to Financial, B 519 Times Downtown.

MANAGER WANTED

FOR TALKING

MACHINE DEPT.

A thoroughly experienced man is wanted by a high-class house in a Western New York city; give full details as to experience, age and salary required; to the right man this is an unusual opportunity; in confidence of course.

Y 270 Times Annex.

MESSENGER required for a high-class linen store; permanent position and good salary. Waltole Bros., 373 5th Av.

METALLURGICAL CHEMIST
WANTED,
familiar with treatment and analysis of nonferrous metals, to take charge of metals and melting room of die casting plant; must be technical graduate and have plenty of initiative; excellent opportunity for young man with growing concern; write fully, giving experience, age, schooling, and salary expected. P. O. Drawer 47, Syracuse, N. Y.

MILLINERY MAN TO MANAGE STITCHED HAT DEPARTMENT OF AN ESTABLISHED HAT HOUSE; ORIGINALITY AND EXECUTIVE ABILITY ESSENTIAL; GIVE EXPERIENCE AND REFERENCES; COMMUNICATIONS CONFIDENTIAL. R 670 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

OFFICE MANAGER and credit man for an installment furniture and clothing house; must be experienced in taking charge of several collectors; wide field for right party. M. Kawaler, 4,277 Jerome Av., Ozone Park, Long Island.

OFFICE BOY.—Bright boy, 16-17, with good education for permanent position with corporation at Columbus Circle; salary $10 weekly, and $12 in two months if work is satisfactory; state education, experience, references, and religion in first letter. R 583 Times Harlem.

OFFICE BOY wanted; one that can make ordinary tracings. W. J. Haskins, 50 Church St.

OFFICE BOY—WILLING.
Campbell, Metzger & Jacobson, 8 East 22d.

PACKERS
AND WRAPPERS
Wanted at
WANAMAKER'S.
Apply Delivery Section.

PACKER.—EXPERIENCED IN HANDLING GLASSWARE. APPLY MANTLE LAMP CO., 16 WASHINGTON PLACE.

PIANO TUNERS.
L. BAMBERGER & CO., Newark, N. J., require experienced piano tuners; must thoroughly understand player pianos; good salaries and permanent positions. Employment Office, 7th floor, open from 9 A. M. until 5 P. M.

PIANIST who can play ragtime; must be good sight reader. Republic Player Roll Corporation, 653 West 51st St.

PLATE PRINTER.
L. BAMBERGER & CO., Newark, N. J., require a plate printer for their stationery and engraving department. Employment Office, 7th floor, open from 9 A. M. until 5 P. M.

POLISHERS and machine hands. Sohmer Piano Co., Astoria factory, Jamaica Av. and Boulevard, Long Island City.

PORTER IN LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS COMMISSION HOUSE; RELIABLE MAN TO CARRY KEYS; STATE AGE AND REFERENCES. A 760 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.—Southern and Chicago and vicinity, by prominent cloak and suit jobber, popular prices; commission; those who have held or who now hold similar connections and who feel competent may write, giving all details in one letter in absolute confidence to G 268 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN for prominent men's woolens jobbing house, doing business mostly from sample line placed with the men's tailoring trade. We need an active, energetic man to place our lines and develop business; must also be capable of selling woolens direct to the tailors. Salary. When applying give full information regarding previous employment, &c. This is a good opportunity for the right man. Address P. O. Box 15, Station D, New York.

SALESMAN
colored petticoat line, experienced for New York and New England territory; commission basis; only those having established trade and good following need apply. Arlington Skirt Mfg. Co., 15 East 26th St.

SALESMAN wanted; man to sell hand knitting yarns to the retail dry goods and art embroidery stores in Brooklyn and Long Island; commission basis; only one acquainted with the trade need apply. O 762 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced, on leggings and overgaiters; excellent opportunity for the right man; salary or commission; new house. Write full particulars, which will be held in strict confidence. Address "Leggings," 203 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted for high-grade line of suits, coats, and dresses Pacific Coast and North Middle Western territories; only men with first-class following need apply; commission only. F 614, 1,265 Broadway.

SALESMAN, high grade, capable of handling line of sizings for textile and allied industries; must be thoroughly familiar with trade; salary and commission. Y 224 Times Annex.

SALESMEN to carry side line of clothing specialty, clothing salesmen preferable; commission. Call any time between 9 and 5, Wender & Goldstein, Inc., 301 Adams St., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN wanted to sell sanitary supplies to hotels, real estate, and restaurants; good chance for a hustler; commission. American Sanitary Supply Co., 172 Waverly Place.

SALESMAN. — Experienced clothing and gents' furnishings salesman wanted. Inquire Wedeen's Department Store, 271-273 Smith St., Perth Amboy, N. J.

SALESMAN with experience to sell butter and eggs, for wholesale house; must have some trade; salary. Address Nollman & Co., 141 Reade St.

SALESMAN, experienced only, on fancy feathers and flowers, drawing account against commission, good opportunity for right party. A 786 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN. — Traveling, with established trade down South; raincoats and shirts; commission-drawing account. Empire Mfg. Co., 443 Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced, to carry men's neckwear; established territory for New York State and Pennsylvania; commission. S. M., 212 Times

SALESMEN WANTED. — Six crackerjack salesmen to sell skirts, waists, and dresses, all territories; salary and commission. Address E. B., 172 Times Annex.

SALESMAN for commercial stationery and office supplies; must be experienced; inside position; good salary. Apply after 11 A. M. or by letter. Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

SALESMAN, Welcome Home banners; big sellers; commission. Eclipse Embroidery Works, Brokaw Building, 42d and Broadway.

SALESMEN, for local retail stores, to sell high grade toys. Apply Room 205, 221 4th Av., between 8:30-10. G 391 Times.

SALESMEN, six, wanted, all territories, to sell waists, skirts, dresses; drawing account and commission. B 316 Times.

SOAPMAKER,
experienced, one who understands thoroughly soapmaking; state salary and particulars. K 344 Times.

SOLICITOR, experienced, for a silk dyeing house; state experience, references, and salary. X 363 Times Annex.

STEAM ENGINEER,

competent to handle large cross compound condensing engine, A. C. and D. C. generators. Applicant should have been associated with large plant in past. Eight-hour shift, good pay; must have New York license.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED by U. S. E. S., PERMIT NO. 113.

STOCK CLERK
in wholesale importing house; young man, about 18, having some experience in jewelry novelties; excellent opportunity for advancement; state experience and salary wanted. P. T., 396 Times.

STOCK CLERK.—One familiar with White and Ford parts, able to take entire charge of automobile stockroom and keep the necessary record; give experience, references, and salary desired. Y 265 Times Annex.

STOCK CLERKS for large commercial retail stationery store; must be experienced; permanent position; good salary. Call after 11 A. M., Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

TOOLMAKERS
DAY AND NIGHT SHIFT;
ideal working conditions; 100 per cent. Government work; good wages; steady employment.
STANDARD ORDNANCE CORP.,
West Side Av. and Carbon Place,
JERSEY CITY.

TRANSLATOR from and into Spanish and French, using typewriter; can secure permanent position with export corp., 29 Broadway.

UTENSIL SALESMEN.

Soda fountain utensil, silverware, &c.; to right man will present wonderful opportunity as we need a real salesman that knows the soda parlor trade; salary. B 44 Times.

WANTED
TRAINMEN
AND
STATIONMEN.
AGES 21 TO 55.
SUBWAY AND ELEVATED DIVISIONS,
INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO.,
Apply
9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Daily except Sunday.
165 Broadway—Room 1253.
22 East 22d St.
58 Cooper Square.
149th St. and 3d Av.
124th St. and Lenox Av.
86th St. and Lexington Av.
57th St. and 3d Av.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 63.

WANTED.

RIVETERS,
HOLDERS ON,
SHEAR MEN,
PUNCH MEN,
ASSEMBLERS,
GRINDERS,
GRINDER FOREMAN,
Pipe fitters and helpers,
Plate Straighteners.

Day shift. Night shift.

Ideal working conditions. Good wages. Steady employment.

STANDARD ORDNANCE CORP.,
West Side Ave. & Carbon Place,
JERSEY CITY.

WATCHMAN, reliable, middle-aged; 6 days, 9 hours. Apply Mr. Washburn, 25 South St.

WRITERS AND TYPISTS

WANTED AT
WANAMAKER'S,
APPLY DELIVERY SECTION.

YOUNG MAN.
GROWING SILK CONCERN

Has opening for young man
to act as
GENERAL MANAGER.
Taking charge of books and credits.
Excellent opportunity for one
who has had
Previous experience
WITH A SILK HOUSE.
All applications kept strictly confidential.
A. A., 409 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17 to 19, intelligent, of good character, and willing to work for advancement; references. Apply Monday, 8 A. M., Drug Store, 22 Amsterdam Av., at 60th St., or at 2 P. M. at 443 East 139th, downstairs.

YOUNG MEN in shipping department to be generally useful; stationery experience preferred. Apply by mail or call after 11 A. M., Goldsmith Bros., commercial stationers, 77 Nassau St.

Instruction.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. Send for booklet and pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

MEN, over 21, plenty positions now open, moving picture operating; large field; pays $30 weekly upward; we teach you day and evening. Call at once, 644 8th Av., 42d St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to hear the lecture, "Present Day Opportunities in Accountancy," by Horatio N. Drury, Tuesday, Nov. 26, at 6 P. M. Write, or telephone, Cort. 1465, for complimentary admission card. Pace Institute, 30 Church St., New York.

YOUNG MAN wishes driving lessons on Dodge or Reo, two evenings weekly. Write M. E., 68 Columbus Av.

BOYS learn stenography, bookkeeping, typewriting; day, evenings. Chief School, 5 Beekman St.

Employment Agencies.

"ANOTHER language makes another man." Learn languages at Buccini's, 220 West 59th.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

AUTOMOBILE WAREHOUSE CO., INC.,
1,778 BROADWAY, AT 57TH ST.
1917 Franklin Sedan. 1918 Chandler Touring
1917 Hudson Sedan. 1917 Overland Lim.
1917 Buick Sedan. 1915 Cadillac Limous.
1918 & '17 Dodge Sed. 1917 Hudson Limous.
1917 Chandler Sedan. 1917 Buick Limousine.
1917 Oldsmobile Sedan. 1917 & '16 Cadillac Tg.
1917 Hupmobile Sedan. 1917 Overland Touring.
Time payments can be arranged.
ONE FLIGHT UP.
OPEN EVENINGS AND SUNDAY.
Phone Circle 1417.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
CADILLAC 1918 TOWN CAR.
CADILLAC 1918 4-PASS.
HUDSON 1918 RUNABOUT LANDAU.
HUDSON 1917 TOWN CAR.
HUDSON 1917 SEDAN.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MARMON 1918 Brougham; Town Car.
PACKARD 1918 "3-35," 7 pass.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
No war tax on used cars.
PEUGEOT Suburban Sedan, latest improvements.
1916 SIMPLEX Limousine Landaulet.
CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.
1918 CADILLAC Suburban Limousine.
1918 OLDSMOBILE 6-cylinder touring.
1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1918 WILLYS 6-cylinder touring.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW 4-passenger.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW touring.
1917 OWEN MAGNETIC touring.
1917 MERCER 4-passenger; sport model.
1917 CADILLAC limousine.
1917 HUDSON Cabriolet.
1916 STUTZ Speedster; Bearcat.
1915 CADILLAC Sedan.
1917 ABBOTT-DETROIT speedster.
1918 OVERLAND touring.
TRUCKS! TRUCKS!
1918 PACKARD, 3½-ton.
1917 PACKARD, 4½-ton.
1917 SIGNAL, 3½-ton.
1918 GARFORD, 2-ton; cannot be told from new.
GARFORD 5-TON "dump"; power hoist; has set of brand-new tires.
1917 REO, 2-ton.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
'Phone 667-668 Circle.

BUICK little six touring, cannot be told from new; big bargain for quick buyer; many extras. 1,203 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Decatur 4636. Open evenings.

BUICK 1917 Sedan; also 1918 Buick touring bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 B'way.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS.
roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway. 3d floor.

CADILLAC 1917 LANDAULET.
1916 CADILLAC COUPE.
1916 CADILLAC SEDAN.
1917 HUDSON SEDAN.
1918 DODGE SEDAN.
1918 DODGE 5-PASS. TOURING.
1917 MARMON CHUMMY ROADSTER.
1915 PACKARD 38 SEDAN.
1915 PACKARD 38 TOURING.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE CO.,
10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078-5079.

CADILLAC.

1918 Model 57 touring car—gone over mechanically; 4,200 miles; equipped with cord tires, one spare; $2,650.

DETROIT CADILLAC MOTOR CAR CO.,
536 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Tel. Mulberry 3240. Used Car Dept.

CADILLAC Limousine. — Actually run less than 6,000 miles; original paint and upholstery; nearly new; self-starter, shock absorbers, some new tires, bumpers; everything cost $3,800; sell for $1,500; dandy private car or high-class taxi; splendid car for export. Phone 6977 Schuyler.

CADILLAC BROUGHAM.
Beautiful 1916 brougham limousine, with extra 7-passenger touring body; looks like new; perfect condition guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

CADILLAC 1917 seven-passenger touring; overhauled and repainted; equal to new; bargain. John Tymoff, 920 Union St., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC 1916 Sedan; wire wheels; all new Silvertown cord tires; many extras. Preston, 245 West 55th St. Circle 1293.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan; roadster; touring; landaulet; limousine; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC limousine, 1916; excellent shape; run 9,000 miles; private. Mrs. Goldfisher. Inquire paint shop, 136 West 52d. Oberwegel.

CADILLAC landaulet, beautiful car; time payments. Empire, 1,700 Broadway, one flight up.

CADILLAC 1918 BROUGHAM SEDAN.
D. C. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 COUPE.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CHANDLER chummy roadster, 1918, wire wheels. Empire, 1,700 Broadway, one flight up.

DE DION-BOUTON SEDAN.
Most beautiful car in city; can't be told from new; special built Brewster body; Westinghouse electric starter and lights; six Rudge-Whitmore wire wheels; condition guaranteed. International Automobile Exchange, 150 West 55th St.

DODGE touring, late model, exceptional bargain for quick cash buyer, $450. 1,203 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Decatur 4636. Open evenings.

DODGE sedan, late model; looks like new. J. T. Gevin, 544 Herkimer St., Brooklyn.

FORD 1918 SEDAN.
PRACTICALLY NEW.
ELECTRIC STARTER.
A practically new car with many extras. If you are in the market for a closed car give this your immediate inspection. Any demonstration. On exhibition at The Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

FORD Touring, 1918; must sell; cash or time. Feinberg, 550 East 149th.

HARROUN touring; new; lists for $1,085 delivered in New York; will sell material reduction. Chas. E. Reiss & Co., Inc., 1,741 Broadway.

HUDSON 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
Like new throughout, mechanically perfect. Harry A. Brenner, 1,790 Broadway. 4241 Circle.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan; 1918 touring; 1918 roadster; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

HUDSON 1917 super six touring, beautiful car. Empire, 1,700 Broadway, flight up.

HUDSON Town Car; like new. Phone Marshall, 808 Morristown, N. J.

HUDSON Super Six Cabriolet. Phone 9657 Riverside.

HUPMOBILE touring; latest 1918 model; as good as new; $1,150. Chas. E. Reiss & Co., Inc., 1,741 Broadway.

HUPMOBILE 1917 sedan, excellent condition mechanically; good paint and tires. Columbus 4900.

HUPMOBILE Sedan; new body; rebuilt chassis; bargain; $1,550. Chas. E. Reiss & Co., Inc., 1,741 Broadway.

HUPMOBILE 5-passenger touring; model N; excellent condition; bargain; $700. Chas. E. Reiss & Co., Inc., 1,741 Broadway.

HUPMOBILE 7-passenger; full equipment; wire wheels; almost new; $1,100. Chas. E. Reiss & Co., Inc., 1,741 Broadway.

HUPMOBILE SEDAN 1917.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

HUPMOBILE Sedan; new body, wire wheels. Phone Marshall, 808 Morristown, N. J.

INTERSTATE 1917 5-pass. touring. Brady-Murray Motors Corp., 62d St. and B'way.

LOCOMOBILE, 1914; perfect running order; 5-passenger touring; electrically equipped; automatic air pump; good tires; $400. Inquire John Vissers, New Dorp, S. I.

LOCOMOBILE, 1918 "48" touring car; settle estate; bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON, 4-passenger coupe body, new, very handsome, absolutely up to date, bargain. Dunham Sales Co., 407 So. B'way, Yonkers.

MARMON 1917 Sedan; also chummy roadster; touring; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON SEDAN 1917; like new. Phone Marshall 808, Morristown, N. J.

NATIONAL COUPE, special body, 1917 model; perfect condition; run less than 5,000 miles. Inquire Academy 595.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 4-cylinder touring. Brady-Murray Motors Corp., 62d St. and B'way.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 8-cylinder. Brady-Murray Motors Corp., 62d St. and Broadway.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS.	Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

OVERLAND Touring; latest equipment; any demonstration. West, 479 East 134th, private residence.

PACKARD 1917, imperial limousine body; genuine 2-35; also genuine 2:35 landaulet body; bargains. Interstate Coach Works, 1,926 Broadway, 4th floor.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HERBY GIVEN THAT AN ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE NEW YORK FUR AUCTION SALES CORPORATION WILL BE HELD AT THE HOTEL ST. REGIS, 55TH ST. AND 5TH AV., IN THE BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN, CITY OF NEW YORK, ON THE 26TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1918, AT 6:30 O'CLOCK P. M., FOR THE PURPOSE OF ELECTING FIVE DIRECTORS FOR THE ENSUING YEAR, AND FOR THE TRANSACTION OF SUCH OTHER BUSINESS AS MAY PROPERLY COME BEFORE SAID MEETING.
TRANSFER BOOKS WILL BE CLOSED FROM NOV. 19, 1918, TO NOV. 27, 1918.
DATED, NEW YORK, NOV. 15, 1918.
[SIGNED]
STEPHEN BROOKS ROSENTHAL,
SECRETARY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I, THE undersigned, have severed my connection with the business of Scandinavian Clothing Co., conducted at 140 Van Brunt Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., and that I will not be responsible for any further credit or business in said name without my written consent.
Brooklyn, N. Y., November 11, 1918.
HARALD BECKMAN.

GERALD S. HESS HAS WITHDRAWN from the firm of Baer Brothers, Rochester, N. Y. Baer Brothers will continue the business.
GERALD S. HESS.
BAER BROTHERS.

TAKE NOTICE THAT ON AND AFTER Saturday, Nov. 23, 1918, I, Julius Shapiro, have severed all connection with the firm of Baume & Shapiro, Inc., 702 Seventh Av., New York City.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

PACKARD 4-passenger coupe body, new, very handsome, absolutely up to date, bargain. Dunham Sales Co., 407 So. Broadway, Yonkers.

PACKARD limousine, 1917 model, in good condition. Apartment 5D, 1,000 Park Av. Telephone Lenox 2666.

PACKARD 1918 Brewster collapsible landaulet; 1918 touring; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PACKARD 1918 Brougham Limousine, Fleetwood body; car is practically brand new. M. J. Tymoff, 920 Union St., Brooklyn.

PACKARD 1917 BROUGHAM LIMOUSINE.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "38" LIMOUSINE.
D. C. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW (1918) Limousine, 38 H. P. Cadillac (1918) four-passenger Touring. Packard (1918) four-pass. Fleetwood Tour'g. F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "48" limousine; also landaulet; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 4-passenger 1917 model; perfect condition; run about 7,500 miles; $800. Phone Rehfeld, Chelsea 6146.

SIMPLEX 7-passenger limousine. Brady-Murray Motors Corp., 62d St. and B'way.

STANDARD.—Two exceptionally fine Standard "8" 1918 models, Victoria tops, very stylish and practically new, with full equipment and many fine extras; original price $3,395; choice, $1,900. Taylor Motors Corporation, 1,920 Broadway. Columbus 4643.

STEARNS KNIGHTS	OVERHAULED GUARANTEED
1917 Touring, 4 cyl. 1917 Limousine, 4 cyl. 1915 Landaulet, 4 cyl. 1917 Touring, 8 cyl.	PRICES REASONABLE.

TOURING AND LIMOUSINE BODIES.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

STUTZ 1917 4-passenger Special; Westinghouse shock absorbers; wire wheels; nickel plated radiator, &c. Burrelle, 1,700 B'way.

WINTON 6, 48 horse power, late 1915 limousine, Westinghouse shock absorber; just overhauled; cost $5,200; must sell quickly at $1,500. Cimiotti Garage, 2,906 Broadway.

WINTON model 33 Limousine; Westinghouse air springs; complete equipment. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

Miscellaneous.

Bear robes, 2 beautiful, large size; also imported plush robes; any cash offer; private stable. 148 East 39th.

Motor Trucks.

BARGAINS.

USED TRUCKS.

5-ton PEERLESS COAL BODY.
5-ton POPE GROCERY BODY.
5-TON STERLING PLATFORM BODY.
3-TON RELIANCE CHASSIS.
1-TON MAXWELL CHASSIS.

VAN CORTLANDT VEHICLE CORPORATION,

1896 BROADWAY.

'PHONE COLUMBUS 8763.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD limousine, late 1917 Twin 6, renovated; to hire for season. Owner drives. Write only, Box 43, Room 301, 1,493 Broadway.

HUDSON limousine; new car; courteous treatment; reliable service; owner, Japanese, drives; moderate rates. George Imura, care of 49th St. Garage, 149 West 49th St.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire, hour day, week trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. WILLIAMSON, 204 West 43d St. Phones 4219-3530 Bryant.

BABY FIAT, beautiful limousine, careful and experienced driver, shopping a specialty, rate reasonable. Abbey Inn, 198th St. and Fort Washington Av. St. Nich. 318.

PACKARD, beautiful limousine; twin. for hire, by month; very reasonable; S. G. V. brougham, $300 month. Stanford, River 1627.

CADILLAC.—Beautiful Cadillac limousine; late model; excellent service by the month; moderate rates. A. Worpitz, 137 West 89th.

PACKARD limousine, latest, twin-six, with chauffeur; monthly; reasonable. Papkin, 6215 Columbus.

Automobiles Wanted.

Wanted—Good make 7-passenger touring, 1918 model; must be A1 condition; give details, best cash price; no dealers. L 265 Times.

Wanted.—Quote price on eight to ten two-ton auto trucks, with driver, for night work, eight hours. Address Y 262 Times Annex.

Highest prices paid for cars; telephone before you sell. King. 3186 Fordham.

Pay best prices in city for automobiles. Feinberg, 554 East 149th St., store.

DODGE touring car or sedan wanted; no dealers. Hawley, 80 5th Av.

Automobile Storage.

AUTOMOBILE dead storage, $5 monthly and up. West Side Storage, 310 West 143d.

Automobile Instruction.

	20 REASONS 20
STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway.	Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1.
ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL. 635 West 50 St.	Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.
Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St.	Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

We teach repairing and driving in short time; license and positions guaranteed; classes for ladies. American Auto School, 726 Lexington Av. Phone Plaza 4016.

FOR SALE.

WE PAY HIGHEST PRICES
for PAWN TICKETS, diamonds, and old jewelry. Business strictly confidential. Open evenings. SATZ BROS., 1,581 Broadway.

SAFE, KINSEY, THOMPSON'S 30x36x54 in., ALMOST NEW; VALUE $400; ACCEPT $100; NOW IN BROOKLYN. COIMBRA, BOX 87, CITY HALL STATION.

For Sale.—Residence West 70th St., altered for two families, constituting two duplex apartments, separate and complete; $30,000. Owner, 409 West 59th St.

Lockers.—We have a number of steel lockers in good condition; price reasonable. Lozier Motor Co. of N. Y., Inc., 601 West 47th St. Phone Bryant 3688.

Selling out antique and modern shop, furniture, bric-a-brac, rugs, fixtures. 2,289 Broadway.

Cloak machines and motor for sale. 150 West 27th St., 10th floor. Farragut 3334.

Machines for sale, ten, 44-13; two, 31-15. Telephone 1696 Stuyv.

For sale, motor, 1½ H. P. D. C. Telephone Stuyv. 1696.

Underwood and Remington typewriters. John Simons Co., 350 Broadway. 1468 Franklin.

Furniture.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted.—Comptometers, Burroughs, Monroes, calculating and adding machines. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101.

Wanted, two 54 inch wardrobe trunks. Sam Goldberg & Co., 158 West 29th St.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Non-visible, three months, $6.
Visible, three months, $10 and up.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4733.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

DISTRICT COURT—Mack, J.—In Room 3, 12th floor, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.

Gaul<Tug Cornelia.
Aron & Co<Luckenbach SS Co.
Murray Lighterage Co<Erie RR.
Anderson<Pearson.
O'Boyle<McQuade Stevedore Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—In Room 1, 12th floor, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Equity. For argument at 10:30 A. M.:
Manners<Morosco.
For call:

Pratt-Read Player Action Co<Brand.
Young<Long.
Brower<Passaic Falls Throwing Co.
Lane Bryant<Bellas Hess & Co.
Ghosh<Pathe Exch.
Welsbach Co<Robin.
Kohn<Elmer.
Burgess Battery Co<Novo Mfg Co.
Greco<England, Klein & Levy.
Shubert Theatrical Co<Fine Arts Film Co.
J Kayser & Co<Franklin Simon & Co, Inc.
Am Chicle Co<Lieberman.
Same<Goldenberg.
Same<Shapiro & Goodwin.
Auto Pneumatic Action Co<Otto Higel Co, Inc.
Weiss<Byers & Hayes Co, Inc.
Fromont<Aeolian Co.
Eastern Bridge & Structural Co<J H Parker Co.
Norfolk H & U Mills, Inc<Robinson.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—In Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar.

Re Gurfinkel & Meister.
Burns<Erie RR.
Baldwin<Jardine-Matheson Co.
Auricchio<Armour & Co, (2.)
Dimonte<Beth Steel.
Sniezer<Cent RR, NJ
Terami<Gen Fireproof
Smith<So Pacific.
Ernst<Cobb.
Same<Duchimen.
Fielder<Watts.
White Sulphur Sup Co<Women's Wear.
Same<Daily Trade Record.
Smith<Penn RR.
Alderman<Sarasohn.
Hopper<NY Rys.

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—Court opens in Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Bankruptcy discharges:

O. C. Stackhouse,
R. W. McNeff,
Martin Lash,
Henry A. Feindt,
Frederick Bockelman,
Michael Kellman,
Vincent Breglia,
Cohen & Rosengard,
Charles W. Rainke,
John Fulton.
Under objections:
G. A. Melbourne,
Jacob Feder,
J. M. Lehrfeld,
H. Bitterman.
Adjourned cases:
Rea L. Lenowitz,
Jacob Saturensky.
Motions:
Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Co, (2,)
Grannis & Warley Const Co,
Sadie Smith,
R. E. King Shoe Mfg Co.
Keminway & Gulbert,
Anna Levy,
Clarence Payne,
Delmonico Payne,
Michaels & Azzerad,
Albert Moundorff,
Liberty Bakeries Corp,
Beslowitz Brothers,
Elias Rosnek, (2,)
Herman & Herman,
Augusta Gay,
Morris Kriegel,
Acme Gas & Elec Fix Co.,
Otto P. Weisswange,
Abigail H. Bishop,
Liberty Light and Supply Co
Capital Elec and Supply Co,
Rose Brick Co,
J. B. Rose & Co,
Samuel Zechorosy,
George W. Field,
Elizabeth Rockwell.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. Criminal.
US<W. A. Crolly.
Common law calendar for Nov. 25:

Miller<Continental Shipbuilding Co.
Lukosewicz<Phil & R Coal & I Co.
Miles<Edison Storage Battery Co.
Staten Isl Shipbldg Co<Webster.
Scudder<J C Curtin.
Same<F J Curtin.
Giriaidis<Perpall.
Christenson<Standard Oil Co.
Fisk Rubber Co<Franciscus.
Phoenix National Bk<Gilman.
M Petkunas<Dry D, E B'way & Bat RR.
W. Petkunas<same.
Sabeckis<Grasselli Chemical Co.
Simmons<Hartford & NY Transport Co.
C S Lyman<Bankell.
M L Lyman<Bankell.
Miner<Penn RR.
Ohelx<Astoria Veneer Mills & Dock Co.
US Can Co<Cutler Bros.
Dantuone<Luckenbach SS Co.
Kupresavage<Milliken Bros.
Parry<Cricket SS Co.
Telosharski<Richmond Light & RR Co.
Taylor<Ponoroff et al
Aubry<Penn RR.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. Criminal at 10:30 A. M.

US<Hoffman, (on trial.)
Same<Am Druggists' Syndicate. (2.)
Same<White Star Co.
Same<Granzalke.
Same<S. Bernstein and N Horowitz.
Same<M. Denker and H. Morgenstein.
Same<Mincho.
Same<Accardi, (2.)
Same<Kapper et al.
Same<Kelly, (2.)
Same<J. J. Kelly and F. Accardi.
Same<Elizabeth Woods.
Same<Mora.
Same<Schoen.
At 10 A. M.:
Societa Di Navigazione Transatlantica Italiana.
British SS Gleneden, (motion.)

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

People<Gregory.
Hopkins<Conn Gen Life Ins Co.
Assets Collecting Co<Myers et al.
Shanker Metal Ceiling Co<Rabinowitz et al.
Joslin<Stand Plunger Elev Co.
Gross et al<Mandel et al.
Smith<Osterhout.
Sprada<Int'l Ry Co.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Philbin, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Re Whitman.
Equitable Life Assur Soc<Kennedy.
Harding<Conlon.
N Y Pneumatic Serv Co<Terry & Tench.
Cochrane<Craig Demagnetizer & Ink Dryer Co.
Moskowitz<Moskowitz.
Savage Arms Co<Stevenson.
Re Samberg. (Stephens.)
Leopold<Allison.
Silver<Brady & Son Co, (2.)
Backley<Ballon.
Israel<Bauman.
Butler<Butler.
Fruit Auction Co<France & Can SS Co
Nichols<Satterlee.
Phillips<Gruen Holding Co.
De Nisco<Horn.
August<Socha.
Re McGowan<Williams.
Stine<Messemer.
Morosini<Larkin.
NY Business Bldg Co<Reed & Barton Co.
Silverman<Cherey.
Iowa Sec Co<Ridgewood Nat Bank.
Re Letellier.
Lippman<Ludewig.
Ratkowsky<Ratkowsky, Inc.
Moore Co<Aristo Hosiery Co.
Ross<Ross.
City Real Estate Co<Mulry.
Averill<Tarulli.
Smith<Palmer.
Lawyers Mtg Co<Friedmann.
Bizzarri<Thomson.
Epstein<Halperin.
March<Dorfman.
Khouri<Nat Surety Co
Mendelson<Kugelman
Pollock<Solomon's Ind Consumer Ice Co
Emigrant Indus Sav Bank<Schlesinger.
Guardian Life Ins Co<Ratkowsky, (2.)
Richardson<Sun Ptg & Pub Co.
Pearlstein<Tosti & Barone Cont Co.
Sporn<Same.
Yanitska<Werner.
Tuksman<Lazarus.
Greenberg<Jackson.
Palmer<same.
Isaac<Cragg.
Segal<Rosemond.
D'Amico<Marks.
Re Scoini.
Kupferberg<Barnal Worsted Co.
Am Woolen Co<Bernstein.
Vlakos<Smith.
Haley-Hammond Co<Kingsport Extract Co.
Lasky<David.
Salesnickoff<111th St Realty Co.
Pfau<Stoll.
Liggett<Moore.
Rosenthal<McKeesport Tin Plate Co.
Osenenko<Meade Transfer Co.
Caruso<Home Associates of NY.
Vanderweghe<Schwartz.
Moore<Perot.
Essanay Film Mfg Co<Chaplin.
Re NY, NH & H RR, (Wallace Av.)
Weiss<Am Burlesque Assn.
Wisniewski<Rapuzzi, (2.)
Fink<Ebert.
Cuttle<Kelley.
Commonwealth Mtg Co<Le Roy Sergeant & Co.
Brandt<Herrmann, (2)
Lauer<Raymond.
Bowery Sav Bank<Nunan.
Abel<Greenspan.
Root<Pulitzer, (2.)
White<Bronx Gas & Elec Co.
Re Woolf, (Parkway.)
Nankivel<Gaston, Williams & Wigmore
Mandel<Schaefer.
Kosofsky<Levy.
Re Guryan, (Pleasant Av.)
M D Becerra Co<Camperdown Mill.
Codiroli<Bulletti.
Averello<Packard Motor Car Co.
Offenberg<NY Rys.
Macauley<same.
Levine<Same.
Lewis<Same.
King<Same.
Gross<Same.
Costello<Same.
Base<Same.
Baumgartner<Same.
Schleotowsky<Same.
People<Kline.
Rosenberg<Rosenberg.
176 W 87th St Co<E F Roach Co.
Donovan<Bernstein.
Peter Doelger Brew Co<Furey.
Scobel<Scobel.
Re Fid & Casualty Co
Bico<D Stevenson Brew Co.
Laxer<Keystone Tire & Rubber Co.
De Brigand<Carrizosa
Bamberger<Stern.
O'Neil<McKinley Music Co.
Re Lewine.
Spilky<Spilky.
Sophean<Fidel & Deposit Co.
Re Donnelly, (Powell)
Re Kaufman, (Parkway.)
Zahler<Rothstein.
Re Ferris, (Barnwell.)
CNY<Int Cloak Mfg Co.
Brownstein<Keisner.
Fletcher<Nicholas.
Nat Imptg & Trading Co<Herskovitz.
Kristoff<Gibbons.
Breslow<Weinberg.
Re Jewish Protectory & Aid Society.
7 East 11th St Holding Co<London.
Columbia Const Co<Day.
Re Irving Fire Ins Co
Re Reilly, (Harrison)
Weyburn<Weyburn.
Stenfeld<New Toy Co.
Bettels<Phillips.
Blackman<Epstein.
Mfg & Dealers Motor Underwriters, Inc<Fire Brokers Assn.
Re Rothman & Wagner, (Isaacson.)
Re People ex rel Emmet, (Empire State Surety Co.)
Rieser<Schlesinger.
Untermyer<Same.

PART II.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Part III.—Bijur, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

Stoddard<Stoddard.
Rohan<Rohan.
Gruhn<Empire Sq Rty
Chatterton<Chatterton.
Sanitary Rug Cleaning Co<Godfrey.
Shapiro<Shapiro.
Bosler<Bosler.
Strisen, Reuter & Homeocis<Raritan Chemical Works.
Demurrer:
Union Ferry<Fairchild
Preferred causes:
State of Colorado<Harbeck.
State Bank<Bittner.
Clark<Fleischmann Vehicle Co.
Antonakos<Hunerberg.
Marcus Con Co<CNY.
CNY<Rellim Con Co.
General calendar:
Levinson<Finkelberg.
Niemand<Niemand.
Fleming<McClelland.
Silver King of Ariz Mining Co<Masson.
Kaponer<Kaponer.
Cloak Oper Union 1<Kottler.
Lesser<Lesser.
Sophian<Robinson.
Arnow<Arnow.
Fell<Fell.
Gray<Gray.
Clarke<Clarke.
Black<Berkeley, Case on.

PART IV.—Conalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Davis, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on—Pratt<Pratt.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M.

Gluck<Eureka Salt Corp.
Mendelson<Feinberg.
Lipps<Kirsch.
Gibney<Polak Tire & Rubber Co.
Weinrichter<Inc Land Co.
Parker<Prescott Woolen Mills.
Cole&Dixon, Inc<Jacobs.
Whitcomb<Cox.
Griffen<Submarine Film Corp.
Dryfoos<Silberstein.
Zimmerman<Weinrib.
Levinson<Bethlehem Export Co.
Hertcorn<Bondini.
London Mills Corp<Sipkin.
Brilliantone St Needle Co, Am<Barrett.
Perkins & Goodwin Co<Seely.
MendelsonBros<Shehadi.
N E Equitable Ins Co<Radt.
Solomon<Union Sav Bk of Augusta, Ga.
Weinreb<Price.
Bartholomew<Tomby.
Quaker Woolen Mills, Inc<Evans.
Gudebrod Bros Silk Co<Siegel.
Nitre Power Co<Agency Can Car Co.
Roth<Am Sparkler Co
Berensman<Weber.
Mfrs Trust Co<Tanini.
Mitsui & Co, Ltd<Knobel.
Cone<Rosenbaum.
Honig<Farber.
Hymes Bros Co<Schenectady Hygiene Lab.
Field<Corowsky.
Greenbaum<Hubert.
Jaffe<Horowich.

PART III.—Finch, J.—At 10 A. M.

Silberman<J H Jasper, Inc.
Byrne<Dis & Ext Co.
Cartwright<Gen Baking Co.
Noud<NY Rys.
Greenstein<Nas El RR
Walker<NY Rys.
Sternlieb<Palmer-Herring Motor Co.
Michel<Nas Elec RR.
Heiden<B H RR.
Chiappone<Greenbaum.
Dempsey<Kalbach.
Doran<NY Rys.
Niland<Moor, (2.)
Bisogne<NY Rys.
Christensen<Hanon.
Feder<N Y Cons RR.
Newfield<Schleisser (2.)
Gellelia<Owens & Co.
Kraus<US Rty, &c Co.
Storey<W. J. Taylor Co.
Paul<Crescent Star Rty Co.
Rutchik<Wilson.
Panagiotau<C I & B RR.
Koenig<Hirsch, (2.)
Mahoney<Union Ry.
Rogan<Fried.
Weisheit<Pabst Brew.
Rooney<Taylor.
Grajewski<Post & McCord.
Hanratty<Gimbel Bros
Robertson<Mansfield, (2.)
Fettmen<Richmond Light & RR.
Basile<Hogan & Son.
Weintraub<Int R T.
Sagliano<Penn RR.
Ruykhaver<Woodmanston.
Jaffe<Loew's Syracuse Theatre Corp.
Ellis<NY Rys.
Grisecо<3d Av RR (2)
J Bryan<Inter-continental Const Co.
M Bryan<same.
Rappaport<Third Av RR.
Tannebaum<McAvoy.
Cahill<Larson.
Moran<Baron.
Lattuca<Taylor.
Greenstein<Nassau Elec RR.
Schwartz<NY Rys.
Rosengarten<Nas Elec RR.
Pappacostantopoulos<NY Rys.
De Rosa<Kirchner.
Singer<Mendeloff.
Moriwitz<Kirsh.
Standard Accdt Ins Co of Det<Knight.
Waters<Knight.
Grossman<Rosenberg.
Reinhold<Doherty.
Peters<42d St, &c, Ry
Bernstein<Grand Columbia Ice Cream.
Platt<Sheffield F-Slawson-Decker Co.
Salam<Barrett.
Gibbons<Hell.
Falvey<Taylor, (2.)
McCahey<Conners.
Davison<CNY.
Fell<Hotel Martinique
McGill<Van Bueren Realty Co.
Dolan<CNY.
Roth<Straus, (2.)
Caronia<Consumers Brewing Co.
Goldsmith<Cox, (2.)
Geller<Sacks.
Wilson<American-Hawaiian SS Co.
Baker<Raab.
Sugranis<McGovern, (2.)
Fausek<Bohemian Amus Co.
Perlman<Blumenfeld.
Playle<Dowling.
Simon<Meiser.
Stansky<same, (2.)
Posner<Bklyn R T.
Hene<Westcott Exp.
Blackman<Epstein.
Kaplan<Un Dressed Beef Co.
Kaplan<Union Ry.
Kohn<Int R T, (2.)
Burgess<Mid-Crosstown Ry, (2.)
Sweehulis<Leh V Coal
Johnson<Miller.
Sisman<O Daniels.
Cudahy Packing Co<Zimmerman.
Harnett<Wecksler.
Lynch<3d Av Ry.
Lillie<Stowe Const.
Flatow<Johnson, (2.)
Harrison<Maloney.
Bubello<Halloran.
Hannan<Silz, Inc (2.)
Dayen<CNY, (2.)
Weisel<Daly.

PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.

Inq—Kessel, Jr<Schmeelk.
Inq—Greely<McCloskey.
Everett<Carey.
Fenton, Jr<Oriental Nav Co.
Johnson<Fox Vaudeville Co.
Rosenblatt<Hochtkopf
Levy<Lucille Waist.
Eagle-Nirenberg.
Cohen<Harrison.
McCombs<Elkins.
Beck<Gallert.
Sissman<Leonard&Co
Zalad<Herzog Cloak & Suit Co.
Stern<Erdondi.
Dunn<Trichitt.
Gordon<Bevins.
Hirsch<Mosler & Co.
O Daniels Co<CNY.
Hoffman<Columbia Graphophone Co.
Coler<Callahan (2.)
Merritt & Chapman D & W Co<Terry & Tench.
Brody<Oats.
Import & Trad Nat Bk<O'Connor.
Farkas<Farkas.
Riley<Remington.
Allied Silk Mfg, Inc<Erstein.
Davis<Martens.
Rosenbaum<US Rty & Imp Co.
Titus, Jr<McCrea, (3.)
Hearn Con Co<Rembrandt Rty Co.
Assets & Liab Assn<NY Lodge, 1, BPOE.
Inter Battery Co<Westreich.

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term Rules.
PART III.—Finch, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M.
Lyons<Richardson.
PART V.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M.
Reed<NY Mutual Gas Light Co.
PART VI.—Goff, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VII.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VIII.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.
PART IX.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART X.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M.
Feinberg<Shannon.
PART XI.—Ottinger, J.—At 10 A. M.
McNellis<Int R T Co.
PART XII.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIII.—Benton, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M.
Guaranty Trust Co<Manhattan Co.
PART XVIII.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.
I Goldman Co<Manton Mag. Co.
CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Wills for probate:

Annie Mulphy,
Israel Gold,
James J Porter,
Henry Burfiend,
Lena M Struckhauser.
Charles Fels,
Jane Hayward,
Jennie E O'Grady,
Annie Telepochsik,
Otto T Straub,
Bernard J Woltering.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Contested will:
Daniel Ohlson.
Estates:
Anna M Wohlberg,
Haskell Rosenbaum,
Theresa Auerbach.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Mischon<American Asiatic Trading Co.
Lowe<Manges & Sons.
McCue<NY Rys.
Landy<same.
Tornabone<Clark & Son.
Roffson<Peter Doelger Brewing Co.
Ratowitz<Shapiro.
Hicks<Arch Engineering Co.
Bonagur Bldg Co<Pompel Const Co.
Belzer<Ritz Fruit Co.
Sulsky<Wolf.
Winkler<Alperstein.
Parker<Jordan (2.)
Ginsberg<Chodorov.
Yormark<Remer (2.)
Kaveberg<Perlman.
Shenkman<Brimberg.
Haeseler<Gibson.
Sherman<FitzGerald.
Altman<Zork.
Reliable Fur Dressing & Dyeing<Ballis.
Lack Textile Co<Begstone.
Palette Lithographic Art Co<Binger Co.
Solomon<Levin.
Hollister, Inc<Hulesston.
Haims<Sanders.
Cooperman<Josephsohn.
Rosenblatt<same.
Loveman, Joseph & Loeb<Dietrich.
Kaufman & Rosenstein<Fid & Dep Co.
Levine<Braunstein.
Shevinsky<Silbert.
Pogrizsky<Rosedale Dairy Co.
Weisbaum<Keyes.
Farkas<Mann.
Sherman<Geier.
Rosenberg<Kaddin.

PART II.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Meyer, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Rosenfeld<Singer.
Levy<Norwick Bros.
Ullman<Am Alcohol.
Kisselstein<N Y Rys.
Milkowsky<Hirsh.
Goodman<Feigenbaum.
Union Dressed Beef Co<Hauser.
Sobel<Goldman.
Siegel<N Y Rys, (2.)
Perper<Arbus.
Wener<Cohen.
Kelly<Union Ry.
Foreman<Lichtenstein.
Berliner<Gray Lithograph Co.
Pittsburgh<United Dressed Beef Co of N Y.
Weiss<Seigel.
Greenberg<N Y Rys.
Aken<Int R T Co.
Brandt<Jackson.
Spotkovsky<Weber.
Rosco Trading Co<Kohn.
Raier<Int R T Co.
Nachbar<same.
Klau<same.
Zigman<same.
Held<Heller.
Zimit<Mill Remnant, Corn<Roessel.
Ashers Weiskopf Co<Gramont Holding Co
Sinatra<Cohen.
Albin<Feldman.
Moscahlades<Montagnino.
Rosengarten<Rotkowsky.
Perlman<Tiedemann.
Raskin<Berger Rty & Const Co, (2.)
Tesher<Thorner.
Levine<N Y Rys.
Phillips<Int R T Co.
May<Berman.
Lehrman<Gerson.
Moser<Int R T Co.
Kornfeld<Mark.
Meehan<Dinkelspiel.
Schwartz<Fernabia.
Leff<Ginsburg.
Heilbron<Schmerler.
Bunkin<Lissner.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Barnet<Hickson, Inc.
Van Cleve<Van Cleve (4.)
Kruger<Goldin.
Tawil Bros<Bennett & Aspden.
Glueck<Tull.
Schaeffer<Am Belt Co
Sturmak<Klipper.
Bauer<Fischer.
Kessler<Schwartz. Clear.

PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART III.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Birch<Carvel Const.
Goodman<Armstaedt.
Unterberg<Macksoud.
Holden<Kriegel.
Sozo Atlas Co<Midgley & Prentice, Inc.
Lion<Lahn.
Brown<Kleeman & Co.
Crane<Litchfield.
Barish<Wilkin.
Pathephone Sales Co<Miller Candy Co.
Evans<J M B Co.
Wertheim<Weinrib.
Applebaum<Hirsh.
Lowy<Weill.
Wohlgemuth<Mendel.
Le Roy Silk Co<Lepow.
Furst<Jacobs.
Kogut<Andon Mills.
Rubin<Mosler Safe Co
Levinson<Siegel.
Sims Const Co<Correnti.
Gelfand<Becker.
Van Tassell<Martorelli.
Gelfand<Greenberg.
Goldman<Schwartzbart.
Lennon Co<Simpson.
Coller<Baff.
Feinstein<Sidney Blumenthal Co.
Midland Trading Co<Hechtkopf.
Solomon<Kass.
Ferris<Anderson.
Noschkes<Schwartz.
Geltman<Boylston.
Kimmerle<Hamburg-Bremen Fire Ins (2.)
Greenberg<Josephson.
Fingerhoff<Bank of US.
Friedman<Josephsohn.
Tanenbaum & Kamp, Inc<Schneider.
Malkin<Rubin.
Rubin<Malkin.
Price<Bloch.
Coastwise Lum & Sup<Chevrolet Mot, NY. Case on.

PART IV.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J.—Emigrant Ind Sav Bank<Hughes—Charles M. Beattie. Pomery<Catharine and Water Sts Con Co—Abram M Wallenberg.
SUPREME COURT—Philbin, J.—Re Fiero (Chubb)—Powell Crichton.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Manning, J.—At 10 A. M.

Ferguson<McCarthy.
Budlong<Sperry.
Schwenke<L I RR.
Speth<Same.
Regina<Same.
Re NY Mun Ry, &c, (Weinstein.)
Harris<R & F Building Co.
Davis<Davies.
Dodd<Ins Co of N A.
Union Bank<New Jersey Av Realty Co.
Rosenthal<Marks.
Neulist<Neulist.
Morgan<Morgan.
Tuly<Cotton.
Brooklyn Trust Co<Meyers.
Yelenewitz<Tamarken, (2.)
Kent<Fraser.
Mooney<Mooney.
Re Echelman, (Godwin.)
Silverstein<Silverstein.
Re Rosebank Av.
(Richmond.)
La Borde<La Borde.
Rudolph<Rudolph.
Ringa<Henderson.
Mattson<Lamson.
Schaettler<Thornton.
Mazo<Lafreniere.
Garford Motor Truck Co<Washington Bulkley, Inc.
Albe<US Trust Co.
Elssing Chemical Co<Wm F Elssing.
Berriman<Berkowitz.
Shaff<Thorner.
Block<Block.
Concagh<Int R T Co.
Shainman<Fero.
Hall<Hall.
Martin<Derrenbacher
Free<Keenan.
Mitchell<Mitchell.
Re Isaac Goldman Co.
Re Whitman.
Lawyers Mtg Co<Held.
Miller<Miller.
Greenberg<Pressler.

PART II.—Benedict, J.—Ex parte business.—At 10 A. M.
PART III.—Kelby, J.—At 10 A. M.
In re CNY and lands in 3d Ward, Borough of Queens, for site of refuse destructor, 150th St, 31st Road, &c.
In re CNY and lands needed for opening and extending Remsen Av.
Highest number reached on the regular call, 1190.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Clark, J.; Part III., Lazansky, J.; Part IV., Van Sielen, J.; Part V., Cropsey, J.; Part VII., Aspinall, J.

Bennett<B H RR.
Fox<B, Q C & S RR.
Grutjen<same.
Peterson<Moquin Restaurant & W Co.
Landau<Mendlowitz.
Marcus<CNY.
Marcus Ir Wks<same
Jaeger<B H RR.
Costello<C I & B RR.
Ruddy<Morse D D Co.
Borowitz<B, Q C & Sub RR.
McCormick<Bursch.
Wiechert<Radcliffe & ano.
Durando<N Y Cons RR.
Stubbmann<Flatbush Water Works Co.
McDermott<B H RR.
Cavanagh<Powers.
Wasserman<Artistic Lighting Fixture Co.
Heyman<Coney.
Cannella<Saladino.
Sisson, Com'r, &c<D'Ambrosia.
Gallin<B, Q C & S RR
Harris<Nassau RR.
Interborough Lumber Co<Abramson.
Robrecht<CNY.
Hochman<Siegel.
Gioscio<B'klyn Alcatraz Asph Co & ano.
Paul<CNY & ano.
Smith<Stern & Sons.
Golden<Chelsea Operating Co.
Castagnola<Conners.
Saltalamacchia<Welz & Zerweck.
Hodge<Nassau RR.
Hauer<Alperstein & ano.
Payne<B H RR.
Bloom<Nassau RR.
Maley<B, Q C & S RR
Levy<Arnold.
Beck<Bernstein.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call:

Carroll<Levy.
Studhalter<Mesloh & ano.
Elia<Nota.
Hansen<Nassau RR.
Campbell<Meyer.
McGuinness<Blackert
St Angelo<NY Cons RR.
Rosenblum<Rosenhill Realty Co.
Graham<Egleson.
Moran<Chesebro-Whitman Co.
Maggio<Interstate Auto Trolley Co.
Coughlin<Atlantic Stevedoring Co.
Alperin<White.
Sisson, Com'r, &c<Cavello & ano.
Leffel<Goldstein.
Izzo<Story.
Kushner<Raffa.
Dooley<Trantor.
Levitch<Nassau RR.
Whitehouse<C I & B RR.
Cioffi<Suffolk Gas & Elec Light Co.
Donaghy<B H RR.
Bungert<Bklyn Builders Supply Co.
Kovac<Nassau RR.
Collora<Le Sauvage.
Gannon<Hart.
Licari<CNY.
Diamond<Strober.
Lott<Westchester Lighting Co & ano.
De Polo<Mail & Express Co.
Irvin<Isaacs.
Sievern<Seeleys Sons.
Buccaris<B H RR.
Chirechella<Mason-Hanger-McA & ano.
Bartz<Polish National Alliance.
Steers<Spero.
Goldsmith<Levy.
Juul<Staten Isl RR.
Montiallo<NY Rys.
Chopiak<same.
O'Boyle<Lauria & ano.
Malagrath<Sullivan & ano.

Highest number reached on regular call, 6147.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Susan Constant,
Ellie Moriarity,
Isaac Coombe,
Catherine Kohlsdork,
Mary Dolan,
Edgar Smith,
Esther Wright,
A. Van Nostrand,
Franklin Conklin.
Guardianship of:
Josephine Gaetzner.
Accountings of:
Hugh Kenney,
Stephen Smith.
R. L'Hommedieu,
A. Sangarardi,
Michael Doyle,
Bernard Twillman,
Louise Hansen,
David Julian,
William McElroy,
Estates of:
Margaret Chatfield,
Edward Olsen,
Lawrence Stern,
Max Kaufman,
Harry Salen,
Theodore Johnson.

County Court.

PART V.—Dike, J.—At 10 A. M.

Phillips<B H RR.
Sohn<Nas Elec RR.
Daniels<Klein.
Levy<N Y Cons RR.
Kenney<C I & B RR.
Leavy and ano<Ernst
Dochterow<Austin Nichols & Co.
McNamara<Feldman.
Raitano<Barbuto.
Smith<Harrington.
Cannon<B'klyn Fire Brick Works.
Horowitz<Furst.
Daly<Notolo.
Sosnowski<Wroclowski.
Feist<Stattman.
Gianbruno<Oatis.

Highest number reached, 1065.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers.)—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Giegerich, J.—Motion calendar.

Groll<Groll.
Renk<Mellwin Rty & Con Co.
NY Title & Mtg Co<Prager.
Brinn<Plapinger.
Kramer<E Francis Rty Co.
Feldstein<Nat Cold Storage Co.
Re Whitman.
Holmes<Futterman.
Shaw<Wieland, (2.)
Cohn<Grossman, (3.)
Gorleski<Ruppert.
Reed<Reed.
Lapin<Lapin.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Giegerich, J.
Harris<Harris.
Van Roren<Mackenzie
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Hendrick, J.

Ford<Sprung.
Veeldorano<Union Ry.
Strauss<Brosnan, (2.)
Palitz<Duempleman.
Neuberger<Luchesi.
Lubarsky<Weingarten.
Goldberg<Winnie Rlty & Const et al (2.)
Bronx Borough Bank<McMillian.
Leiner<Dotty-Demos.
Leiber<Heller.
Hoetzel<NY Rys.
Jacobson<Brody.
Monganaro<Samuels.
Moores<Sanguinitto.
Banta<So Blvd RR.
Helfant<Windisch.
Goldman<Borden's Cond Milk Co.
Katz<Kelly.
Nina<CNY.
Ehrhart<Cordes.
McGawon<same.
Shogan<Posner.
Whitney<Blake.

Highest number reached in regular order, 2048.
The following cases will be added to the ready calendar as required:

Eill<Auto Ins Co of Hartford, Conn.
McCaffrey<Int R T.
White<Weigle.
Hagner<Union Ry.
White<NY Rys.
Parker<Pfister.
Strunsky<Seligman.
Ryan<CNY.
Finkelstein<Int R T.
Rockman<Union Ry.
Perlstein<So Bvd RR.
Gross<NYC Int Ry.
Schilke<Wuerts, (2.)
Siddons<CNY.
Stella<Garibaldi Rty & Con Co, (2.)
Nicolette<Union Ry.
Ryan<Remington A-U M C Co.
Steinberg<Doelger.
Palitz<Duempleman, (2.)
Guttentag<Beverson, (2.)
Levine<Royal Ribbon & Carbon Co.
East Side Iron Wks<Baer.
Guido<Union Ry.
Higgins<Union Ry.
Lusbow<Newman.
Curtin<Wiesen & Goldstein, Inc.
Hryndzio<So Bvd RR.
Fusco<Bisceglia.
Buckley<Bond & Mtg Guar Co, (2.)

PART II.—Giegerich, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term; Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.
Motions—Estates of:
Josef Fischl,
Antonio C Vammana,
Patrick F Conroy,
Samuel Hahn.
Wills for probate:
George W Bunting,
August Justus,
Josef Fischl,
Isaiah Smith.
Bernard W Junge,
Clara J Brown,
August Koelsch,
Acc'tg's—Estates of:
Wm J McGough, (2.)
Abraham Selden,
John George Stark,
Frank J Leonard.
Guardianship:
George R Bunting.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—Contested will:
Nanette Baerckel.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers.)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS.—Gibbs, J.

People<Kahlstadt.
Geffen<Rothenberg.
People<Beran.
NY Title & Mtg Co<Pasquini.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.

Lange<NY Tel Co.
Schwartzbach<Un Ry (2.)
Lewis<same.
Darby<Adams-Flanagan Co, (2.)
Sehmkuhl<Int R T.
Gersheim<Reliable Bronx & Ital Bak.
Lapota<Int R T.
Re Morris Huebsch.
Herbst<Int R T.
Terrenta<Union Ry.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Notice is given that the NEWTOWN CREEK TOWING CO., owner of the Steamtug "TRIUMPH," has filed its petition for Limitation of Liability for any loss, damage or injury from said vessel on the night of January 1st, 1916. Value of vessel and freight $6,000. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Max Rockmore, Esq., at his office, Room 349, P. O. Building, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 16th day of December, 1918, or be defaulted.
Dated September 6th, 1918.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The Gulf of Mexico disturbance of Saturday night is moving rapidly northeastward some distance off the South Atlantic Coast, with moderate intensity, and the rains have ceased in the Southern States. There were also light snows in the central plains States and the Texas Pan Handle. Elsewhere the weather was fair, although with quite low pressure from the lake region eastward.

With the exception of rain Monday or Tuesday in the lower Mississippi Valley the weather will be fair Monday and Tuesday east of the Mississippi River, with somewhat higher temperatures in the South.

Storm warnings are displayed on the South California Coast.

Winds for Monday and Tuesday along the North Atlantic Coast will be fresh west, cloudy, probably rain by Monday night, some distance off the coast.

FORECAST TODAY AND TUESDAY.

New York, New England, New Jersey, Pennsylvania—Fair Monday and Tuesday; little change in temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1917.	1918.		1917.	1918.
3 A. M.	36	31	4 P. M.	34	39
6 A. M.	31	30	6 P. M.	32	38
9 A. M.	34	30	9 P. M.	30	36
12 M.	36	37	11 P. M.	28	34

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 34; for the corresponding date last year it was 32; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 41.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 29, at 8 P. M. it was 36. Maximum temperature 40 degrees at 2:15 P. M., minimum 28 degrees at 8:15 A. M. Humidity 69 per cent. at 8 A. M., 53 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.09 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.89 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises.........6:54 | Sun sets.........4:32

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	1:00	1:11	7:13	7:42
Governors Island	1:52	2:05	8:03	8:50
Hell Gate	3:51	4:14	10:23	10:44

Fire Record.

		Loss.
A.M.		
12:30	324 E. 18 St.; Minnie Kleinbaus	Slight
3:50	330 Hewitt Place, Bronx; G. Johnson	Not given
7:05	384 Canal St.; W. Machin Co.	Slight
10:35	215 St. Ann's Av., Bronx; J. Mullin.	Slight
11:15	461 E. 171st St., Bronx; Francesca Macadona	Slight
P.M.		
12:15	Post St. & White Plains Av., Bronx, auto; not given	Slight
12:35	Bleecker & Lafayette Sts.; shed	Slight
3:45	187 Franklin St.; J. Scanlon	Slight
3:30	444 Cherry St.; truck; Bittloff	Slight
3:45	125 E. 59 St.; Franklin Bookshop Co.	Slight
3:45	113 E. 65 St.; not given	Slight
3:50	2,578 3 Av., Bronx; E. McGuire	Slight
5:35	26 W. 116 St.; J. Solomon	No damage
6:00	802 7 Av.; not given	Slight
P.M.		
6:50	1,252 Central Av.; N. Naccatto	Slight
9:50	54 Orchard St.; I. Reichlu	Slight
10:05	Mail box, 60th St. and 3 Av.	Not given
10:25	Washington & Clarkson Sts., (auto;) G. Gelber	Not given
10:40	174 E. 77 St.; Mary Anderson	Not given

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Gilleran<Springfield Cemetery Socy.
Rinnick, as admx<Robins Dry Dock & Repair Co.
Streit<Abrams.
Watts<Schaller.
Babich<NY Rys.
Sztorc, as admx<Amerman.
Randall<L M Blumstein, Inc.
Clark, an inf<Lotz.
Kammerer<Burtis.
Higbie, an inf<Atterbury & ano.
Graveson, an inf<Grayer.
Fullgraft<Brett Lith.
Taylor<Manning.
Short<LI El Ry et al.

The following causes if marked ready will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call.

Doerrer<Weismantel.
Concagh<Int R T.
Scholz<McCray Refrigerator Co.
Riggs, as admx<Ghertler.
Slas, as admr<R H Comey Co.
People ex rel McCahill<Cantor et al.
Marston<Crown Amus Co et al.
Mayer, an inf<Jamaica Auto Sup Co, Inc.
Bonardi<Am Sug Ref Co of NY.
James<Aetna Life Ins.
Perlmutter<B H RR.
Traynor, an inf<NY & Q Co RR.
Thompson<Thompson
Jacob<Prudential Ins Co of America.
Nolen<Quality Dyeing & Cleaning Co.
Hubbs<Waller.
Knowles<Flynn.
Lynch<Ruderman.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2490.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Tompkins, J.—At 10 A. M.

Horton<Horton.
Howe<Howe.
Isaac L. Rice Mem Hosp<Village of No Tarrytown.
Clark-Lee-Tibbetts Co<Ford.
Rogers<Cohen.
Carey<Carey.
Arnold<Arnold.
Theard<Cone.
Bryant Park Rlty Co<Hardon.
St Michael's Greek Cath Ch<Washluko.

Also for the hearing of motions.
PART II.—Keogh, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Schaffhauser<Un Ry.
O'Reilly<same.
Watson<Pfilsch.
Mt Vernon Bldrs' Sup Co<Braunsweig.
Wright-Ogden Co<Brown.
Fowler<Patterson.
Mt Vernon Bldrs' Sup Co<Stewart.
Dunn<West Elec RR. (2.)

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Morschauser, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.; Part III., Young, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Wolff<NY C RR.
Grecke<Yonkers RR.
Curtis<Griglio.
Harris<Loew Amuse.
Healy<Whyte.
Naughton<West E RR
Colantino<Village of Port Chester.
Brown<NY C RR.
Madarash<Jakabouski
Schwartzreich<John Welden Trucking.
Warholy<Star Hygeia Ice Co.
Reynolds<Presbrey.
Dobbins<West Light.
Kirchoff<Dickerson.
Pierrotti<Grimaldi.
Considine Invest Co<NY C RR.
Murphy<Yonkers RR.
Longacre<Yonkers RR (3.)
Grant<NY C RR.
Levene<West St RR.
Natashinska<Solomon & Betty Loeb Mem Home.
Miller<Stern Bros.

The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:
Levy<Int R T.
Farley<Yonkers RR.
Blencestone<Syme.
Highest number reached on call, 518.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

SURROGATE'S COURT, WESTCHESTER COUNTY.—In the Matter of the Estate of ROBERT B. VAN CORTLANDT, Deceased.

In pursuance of an order of Hon. William A. Sawyer, Surrogate of the County of Westchester, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Robert B. Van Cortlandt, late of the Town of Bedford, County of Westchester, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Kean, Taylor & Co., No. 5 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 15th day of January, 1919.
Dated July 3rd, 1918.
JAMES B. LUDLOW,
HAMILTON F. KEAN,
Executors.
CRESCENS HUBBARD, Attorney for Executors, 45 Cedar Street, New York City.

Circulation of Want Advertisements

The publication in The New York Times of all Want or Classified Advertisements paying less than 50 cents an agate line, excepting Lost and Found, is restricted, at the option of the Publisher, to the circulation in the Metropolitan and commuting district.

Classified or Want Advertisements, to be included also in the country-wide circulation of The New York Times, require the payment of the basic rate—50 cents per agate line.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Lines wanted for export. Manufacturers who desire personal representation on leather, hosiery, underwear, and shoes; only large mills considered; representatives getting ready to leave for Italy. J. F. Lynch Co., 366 Broadway, New York City.

Import and export firm with established office in New York City and offices in Japan, China, Asiatic Russia, and Russia, wishes to represent reliable manufacturers for the above named countries; can buy on our own account; thoroughly familiar with foreign markets and languages; A1 references. Address 231 East 17th St., Suite 1, N. Y. C.

Experienced hog breeders, having ranch and facilities, will breed and care for a limited number of pure bred Chester White sows under agreement for half the pigs; purchaser retains ownership to sows; profits distributed every six months after sale of each litter. Address Bank References, 448 Times Downtown.

COMMISSIONS ABROAD.

Well-known business man, sailing in few days for Europe, will undertake business commission from reputable firms and individuals; have connections of highest standing abroad and domestic references. C 803 Times Annex.

Manufacturing plant for sale, whole or in part, containing Cameron cutting machine, 33 Singer sewing machines, 4413, and 4 No. 2456, one, two and three horsepower motors, cutting tables, &c. Telephone Farr. 4770.

Children's garment manufacturers company, looking to increase or establish export and jobbing business, can make advantageous connections with high-class experienced sales organization. Box H 614, 1,265 Broadway.

Partner to join me in a successful business of loose leaf bookkeeping systems, &c.; enterprising business only; no money lenders or curiosity seekers; must have ready cash $4 000. O 787 Times Downtown.

Business man leaving shortly for Japan and Australia, familiar with markets, open for buying or selling commissions; best references. Particulars, H. Hess & Co., 212 5th Av., New York.

Complete shop, with all sorts of machinery for manufacturing any form of clothing, ladies' waists or shirts; floor space about 100 by 100 and 100 by 50; fine location in Brooklyn. B 873 Times Annex.

MUST SACRIFICE!

Profitable, large men's furnishing business; low rent; big business district. R 680 Times Harlem.

For Sale.—Confectioner's store, old establishment; very best location in New York; high-class trade; owner will sacrifice it because of ill health. R 58 Times.

Want partner with $40,000 to buy half in $250,000 business; profits are $85,000 yearly; no agents. E. Bushey, 223 West 49th St. Call 10 to 12 A. M.

For Sale—Garage; best proposition in Harlem; a business that runs by itself; do not answer unless you have $20,000 to invest. R 681 Times Harlem.

Lady will sell half interest in three elegantly furnished apartments, 57th, 5th Av., for $1,500; share profit $200 month; security. Phone 3915 Cathedral.

Established motor trucking business for sale; no agents; principals only. T. B., 436 Times Downtown.

Cuba.—Renowned specialty salesman wants representations for Havanna. Apply Success, S 50 Times.

Chase beaver, velvets, braids, buttons, passementries, &c.; will sacrifice. Third Floor, 11 West 32d.

Twill or drilling 6 oz. goods, khaki color, 16,000 yards; immediate delivery. Farr. 4770.

Ladies' Wearing Apparel Store for sale or partner. S 51 Times.

Partner wanted with $3,000 in essential, established business. G 261 Times.

Partner wanted six or seven rooms on Washington Heights. B 45 Times.

Sacrifice.—Established multigraph plant; interested other line. Room 28, 31 E. 27th.

Business Notices.

ACCOUNTANT, certified; general accounting, monthly audits, investigations, systems, tax reports. Union Audit Company, 32 Broadway. Telephone 734 Broad.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the Matter of VIBRO-SONO CO., INC.—No. 26331.

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of Peter B. Olney, Jr., the Receiver herein, at public auction under the rules and practice of this Court, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, at the premises of the bankrupt, No. 145 West 30th Street, New York City, on November 25, 1918, at 10:30 A. M.

The property to be sold is as follows: All the right, title, and interest of the bankrupt in and to tools, dies, presses, machinery, boxed, desks, office furniture and fixtures, safe, typewriter, check protector, finished instruments for the deaf, tell taps, detectaphones, etc., all as used by the bankrupt in its business as manufacturers and distributors of Sound Instruments. Also all the right, title, and interest of the Receiver in and to all letters patents, applications for patents, and all property located at Boonton Rubber Manufacturing Co. and General Insulation Co.

The Receiver reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale, unless it shall bring at least 75 per centum of its appraised value.
New York, November 19, 1918.
PETER B. OLNEY, JR., Receiver,
80 Broadway, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is given that Ocean Steamship Company of Savannah, as owner of the steamship City of Athens, and William G. McAdoo, as Director General of Railroads, have filed their petition for limitation of liability for loss, damage, injury or destruction from collision between French Cruiser "LA GLORIE" and said vessel on May 1, 1918. Value of said vessel and freight fixed at $1,000. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, damage, injury or destruction must prove their claims before Herbert Green, Esq., Commissioner, at No. 1 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on or before the 3d day of February, 1919, or be defaulted.
Dated, October 25, 1918.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT an annual meeting of the Stockholders of the New York Fur Auction Sales Corporation will be held at the Hotel St. Regis, 55th Street and Fifth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 26th day of November, 1918, at 6:30 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing five directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Transfer books will be closed from November 19th, 1918, to November 27th, 1918.
Dated, New York, November 15th, 1918.
(Signed)
STEPHEN BROOKS ROSENTHAL,
Secretary.

TRUSTEE'S SALES.

Sale of Business and Plant OF Buffalo Potash and Cement Corporation

The business and plant of the Buffalo Potash & Cement Corporation will be offered for sale by the Bankruptcy Court on

Wednesday, Nov. 27, 1918,

at 11:00 o'clock A. M., at the Bankruptcy Court Room, No. 410 Federal Building, in the City of Buffalo, N. Y.

The property to be offered for sale comprises the entire plant, equipment of machinery, materials, tools, office furniture and supplies, including the right, title or interest of the bankrupt in and to the building and structures comprising the bankrupt's estate located at the plant formerly operated by the bankrupt at Katharine and Ensign Streets in the City of Buffalo, N. Y.

The property includes a quantity of limestone, feldspar, calcium chloride, magnesium sulphate and magnesite brick, also crushers, electric transformers and motors, switchboards, water jacketed metallurgical furnace, boilers, blowers, pumps, evaporator, electric and steam crane, pipings, fitting and other apparatus and miscellaneous machinery, and a quantity of scrap iron.

The property has been appraised at $41,671.00, dismantled, and at $105,000 as a going concern. The detailed appraisal may be examined at the Bankruptcy Court Room.
November 20, 1918.
DENNIS J. McCARTHY,
Trustee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Section 3082 of the R. S. U. S. and Paragraph 347 of Tariff Act of October 3, 1913, I have seized and hold 9 cartons and 8 cartons of feathers of wild birds.

Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 2nd, 1918, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated, Nov. 18, 1918.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold 22 gallons of a product purporting to be Olive Oil.

Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 2, 1918, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated Nov. 20, 1918.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Marshal.
U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—PAN AMERICAN TERMINAL & DOCK CORPORATION et al against Schooner "WILLIAM C. MAY," her tackle, &c.

Notice: I have arrested the foregoing vessel upon a libel filed in a cause, civil and maritime, for wharfage, $29,000. Process returnable and cause heard on opening of said Court on December 2nd, 1918, in U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York City, and all persons interested must appear or default and condemnation will be ordered.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.
HARRINGTON, BIGHAM & ENGLAR,
Procs. for Libellant.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—JASON NAVIGATION CORPORATION et al. against Steamship "WESTFIELD," her engines, &c.—Notice: I have arrested the foregoing vessel upon a libel filed in a cause, civil and maritime, for Damages by Collision, $150,000. Process returnable and cause heard on opening of said Court on December 2, 1918, in U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York City, and all persons interested must appear or default and condemnation will be ordered.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.
HAIGHT, SANDFORD & SMITH, Procs. for Libellant.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—A. M. & W. H. WILES CO. vs. Steamboat "CHRYSTENAH," her engines, &c.—Notice: I have arrested the foregoing vessel upon a libel filed in a cause, civil and maritime, for supplies, $181.25. Process returnable and cause heard on opening of said Court on December 2nd, 1918, in U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York City, and all persons interested must appear or default and condemnation will be ordered.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.
RABENOLD & SCRIBNER, Proctor for Libellant.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—MARY ANNE SHIPPING COMPANY vs. Steamship "WARKWORTH," her engines, etc.—Notice: I have arrested the foregoing vessel upon a libel filed in cause, civil and maritime, for Damages by Collision, $185,000. Process returnable and cause heard on opening of said Court, on December 2nd, 1918, in U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York City, and all persons interested must appear or default and condemnation will be ordered.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.
KERLIN, WOOLSEY & HICKOX, Proctor for Libellant.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is given that the Lehigh Valley Transportation Company, owner of the steamtug "Mahanoy," has filed its petition for limitation of liability for any loss, destruction, damage or injury from said vessel on the 26th day of February, 1918. Stipulated value of vessel and freight, $80,592.19. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Henry W. Goodrich, Commissioner, at 49 Wall Street, New York City, on or before February 24 1919, or be defaulted.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—W. & A. FLETCHER COMPANY against Steamer "CHRYSTENAH," her Engines, &c.

Notice.—I have arrested the foregoing vessel upon a libel filed in a cause, civil and maritime, for repairs, $612. Process returnable and cause heard on opening of said Court on December 2nd, 1918, in U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York City, and all persons interested must appear or default and condemnation will be ordered.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.
ROBINSON LEECH, Proctor for Libellant.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Southern District of New York.—PENNSYLVANIA CEMENT COMPANY, Plaintiff, against BRADLEY CONTRACTING COMPANY, Defendant.
TO ALL CREDITORS OF, OR CLAIMANTS AGAINST, BRADLEY CONTRACTING COMPANY:

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that, pursuant to an order of the United States District Court in and for the Southern District of New York, dated and filed the 6th day of November, 1918, you are required to present and file duly verified written statements or proofs of your claims against BRADLEY CONTRACTING COMPANY, with Stephen U. Hopkins, John S. Sheppard and George C. Delacy, the Receivers of that Company, at their offices, No. 1 Madison Avenue, New York City, on or before December 15, 1918; and that, as provided by said order, no person, co-partnership or corporation, asserting any claim whatsoever against said Bradley Contracting Company, who fails so to file such statement or proof on or before the date named, shall thereafter be permitted to assert any claim whatsoever against the estate or assets of Bradley Contracting Company in the hands of said Receivers or to share in any distribution of said estate or assets.
Dated, New York, N. Y., Nov. 6th, 1918.
STEPHEN U. HOPKINS, JOHN S. SHEPPARD and GEORGE C. DELACY, as Receivers of BRADLEY CONTRACTING COMPANY, One Madison Avenue, New York City.
HUGHES, ROUNDS, SCHURMAN & DWIGHT, 96 Broadway, New York City, and
LEO OPPENHEIMER, 60 Wall Street, New York City, Attorneys for Receivers.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—JOHN W. SULLIVAN against AMERICAN PLAYER ACTION COMPANY.

Pursuant to an order of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, dated November 21st, 1918, notice is hereby given by the undersigned, temporary receiver of said American Player Action Company, that

1. All creditors of and claimants against said defendant American Player Action Company who have filed claims, with due proof thereof, may appear before this Court, at a Session thereof to be held in Room 227 of the United States Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, Southern District of New York, on the 5th day of December, 1918, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, and then and there to show cause, if any, why the said temporary receiver should not be authorized and instructed to accept the bid of William G. Besler of $25,000 for the entire assets of the defendant, American Player Action Company, and have such other relief as may be proper.

2. Any person or persons, Company, Association or Corporation on the said return day of said order may make in open Court any further, different, or additional offer for the property of the defendant, American Player Action Company.

Dated, New York, November 22nd, 1918.
MARTIN R. MUSSER,
Temporary Receiver, American Player Action Company, 717 East 140th Street, New York City.
WILLIAM H. WURTS, Solicitor for Temporary Receiver, 15 Broad Street, New York City.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Notice is given that JOSEPH A. RYAN, owner of the barge "M. A. HAMMOND," has filed his petition for Limitation of Liability for any loss, damage or injury from said vessel on or about August 3, 1916. Value of vessel and freight $5,007. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, damage or injury must prove their claims before Louis Bennett, Esq., at his office, Room 254, P. O. Building, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 26th day of February, 1919, or be defaulted.
Dated, November 18, 1918.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.

RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

Laurel House
Lakewood, N. J.
Favorably located for autumn and winter patronage, 60 miles from New York in the famous pine belt of New Jersey. Now open.
A. J. Murphy, Mgr. C. V. Murphy, Asst. Mgr.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

The Breakers
ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST FIREPROOF HOTEL
Ocean Front. Unusually attractive during Autumn and Winter Seasons. Luxurious lobbies and beautifully furnished Sun Parlors thoroughly heated. Charming afternoon musicales with complimentary Tea Service. Garage
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

Our Supper Clientele
is made up of New Yorkers who demand the utmost in food quality and distinctive amusement. After the theatre — Shanley's!
A bounteous bill of stellar vaudeville, exquisitely presented—evenings, 7 to 1
Luncheon—the usual Shanley quality—12 to 2:30 P. M. daily—with music—90c
DO YOUR BIT
Buy W. S. S. Regularly
SHANLEY'S
Broadway—43rd to 44th St.

Table D'Hote Dinner
DELICIOUS BUSINESS MEN'S AND SHOPPERS' LUNCHEONS ALL DAY
Janssen wants to see you
Formerly the Famous Hofbrau
30th Street and Broadway
Exhibition Dancers
SYMPHONY CONCERTS, 6 TO 9 P. M.—FROM 9 UNTIL CLOSE, DANCING.
Make Your Reservation in Advance, Mad. Sq. 3207, for
THAT OLD-FASHIONED THANKSGIVING DINNER

Hotel Bretton Hall
Broadway, 85th to 86th St.
Subway station at 86th St. corner.
NEW YORK
Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel. Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.
TRANSIENT RATES
For Either One or Two Persons, Room and Private Bath, $3 to $5 Per Day
Parlor, Bedroom, Bath, $5 to $8 Per Day.
RESTAURANT OF HIGHEST STANDARD AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES

The Little Club
44th Street Theatre Building
TELEPHONE BRYANT 827.
The management announces that "The Little Club" will open its season on
WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 27TH
NEW HOSTESSES:
BILLIE ALLEN AND HELEN MAXWELL
EXCELLENT CUISINE
SPLENDID BAND

HOTEL NEWTON
2528 B'way, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST.
RATES: Single, $1.50 to $4.00 a day. Double, $2.00 to $5.00 a day.

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UNITED STATES RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION
W. G. McADOO, Director General of Railroads
COASTWISE STEAMSHIP SERVICE
CLYDE LINE—Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays at 12 noon for Charleston, S. C.; Jacksonville, Fla., and all points South. From Pier No. 36, North River, N. Y. Phone 8800 Spring.
MALLORY LINE—Tuesdays and Fridays at 1:00 P. M. for Key West, Fla.; Galveston, Tex., and Pacific Coast. From Pier No. 38, North River, N. Y. Phone 8800 Spring.
MERCHANTS' & MINERS' TRANSP. CO.—Philadelphia to Savannah, every Wednesday; to Jacksonville, every Saturday; to Boston, every Monday and Thursday. From Pier 18, foot Pine St., Philadelphia, at 6 P. M.
OLD DOMINION LINE—Daily except Sunday at 1:00 P. M. for Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Newport News, Richmond, Va., and all points South. From Pier No. 25, North River, N. Y. Phone 1100 Canal.
SAVANNAH LINE—(Ocean Steamship Co.) Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays at 3:00 P. M., for Savannah, Ga., and all points South. From Pier No. 35, North River, N. Y. Phone 3595 Spring.
SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINE—(Morgan Line) Wednesdays and Saturdays at 12:00 noon for New Orleans, La., and Pacific Coast. From Pier No. 48, North River, N. Y. Phone 4000 Farragut.
For passenger information and reservations apply to Company's offices and Consolidated Ticket Offices, No. 64 Broadway, at Rector St.; 57 Chambers St., near Broadway; 31 West 32nd St., near Broadway; 114 West 42nd St., between Broadway and Sixth Avenue. Phone (all offices) 6700 Bryant.
J. J. Brown, General Passenger Agent, Coastwise Steamship Lines, General Offices, Pier No. 49, North River, New York

FRENCH LINE
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Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
NEW YORK—BORDEAUX—PARIS
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Rochambeau...Nov. 30 | Chicago....Dec. 14
Espagne.......Dec. 5 | La Lorraine..Dec. 17
Company's Office 19 State St., N. Y. Phone Broad 4900.

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Lapland......Dec. 7 | Adriatic......Dec. 14
Baltic......Dec. 21
DRAFTS & MONEY ORDERS
Britain—Ireland—Italy—Scandinavia
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York
COMMERCIAL SOUTH AMERICAN LINE
WEST INDIES AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS
PASSENGER AGENTS, 398 BROADWAY.
FREIGHT AGENTS, 39 BROADWAY.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.10 to $3.33.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M.
Phone Spring 9491.

NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, KINGSTON
Franklin St., 4 P. M. Phone 4675—Franklin.
Central Hudson Line
HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES.
Daily Service from Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M.; West 132d St., 6:30 P. M. Table d'Hote Dinner, $1.25. Due Albany 6 o'clock following morning.
Troy Evening Line Mon., Wed., Fri. To Troy Direct.
6 P. M., Pier 43, N. R., N. Y. Tel. Spring 1845.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; furnished cottages; booklet. Special Thanksgiving rates. Phone 1165 White Plains.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL STRAND ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
FIREPROOF
ON THE OCEAN FRONT.
300 delightful rooms with private bath, each equipped with HOT and COLD SEA WATER.
THE TONIC UNEXCELLED
Phone: Atlantic City 1455.

Hotel Dennis,
ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
Situated, planned and managed to give comfort and health.
WALTER J. BUZBY

Marlborough-Blenheim
The Leading Resort House of the World
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
Health Is Efficiency
A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets. No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments.
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HOTEL AND COTTAGES
on the Beach, ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
EVERY CONVENIENCE FOR COMFORT AND PLEASURE
NEAR ALL PIERS AND AMUSEMENTS
Cap. 600. Special Winter Rates. Diet Kitchen
Open All Year. S. Hanstein, Prop.

INSTRUCTION.

The Clark School for Concentration
A SCHOOL WHERE RECORDS ARE MADE
Boarding and Day Pupils
Enroll now for Fall Term.
Catalogs on Request.
The Principal will be at the Main Office (Girls' School) from 12 to 2 P. M. and from 4 to 6 P. M. daily to interview parents.
Special Nurses' Certificate Course
Embracing the 18 counts required of those becoming Red Cross nurses. Nominal tuition fees.
Boys' School, 72d St. & West End Ave.
Girls' School, 301 West 72d St.
Main Office at Girls' School—Phone 744 Columbus.

$15
Monday, Nov. 25, Day or Night, Pays for COMPLETE COURSE in STENOGRAPHY and TYPEWRITING or TELEGRAPHY.
Positions Guaranteed.
Gaffey's School, 5 E. 35th St. NEAR 5th AV.
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INSTRUCTION—Musical.

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REMEY SCHOOL FOR DANCING
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OPEN DAILY, 10 A. M. TO 11 P. M.

"3 GRACES"—A system of well-balanced development of Beauty, Poise, Serenity. For dramatic and vocal artists and for general culture. Endorsed by Margaret Anglin. For appt. cal. Studio, 134 Carnegie Hall. Monday morning, or Thurs., 2-7. Phone Circle 1334.

TO TURN 5TH AV. INTO 'AVENUE OF STATES'

Each State in the Union Asked to Decorate a Block for Parades When Soldiers Return.

MANY GOVERNORS RESPOND

"Avenue of the Allies" Likely to be Far Surpassed by the All-America Display.

A movement to turn Fifth Avenue into "The Avenue of the United States," by asking each State in the Union to decorate a block in welcome to the homecoming soldiers who land at this port, has been started by the Fifth Avenue Association. Officers of the association said yesterday that they expected the efforts of the States would make the thoroughfare even more impressive than it was as "The Avenue of the Allies" during the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign, when each of the Allies took over a block to decorate with myriads of flags, banners, and lights.

Several Governors of States have replied already to the suggestion of the Fifth Avenue Association by appointing committees to confer with the Executive Committee here, with orders to spare neither effort nor money to make the State block a gorgeous expression of welcome to the soldiers. States that have telegraphed their approval of the idea are Rhode Island, Missouri, Idaho, Indiana, Florida, New Mexico, Wyoming, Montana, Pennsylvania, Iowa, Kansas, West Virginia, Mississippi, North Carolina, Nebraska, Oklahoma, and Arizona.

"Regardless of the announcement of the War Department that the units of the American overseas army would be disembarked at various ports along the Atlantic seaboard," says the announcement of the association, "it is generally assumed that there will be one great after-the-war parade of our victorious troops in this city and probably a number of thrilling marches up Fifth Avenue on the days of the return of such divisions near to New York's heart as the Rainbow, the 27th, and the 77th. On the days of these great demonstrations, and particularly on the days when the troops of the different States march in parade up the avenue, it has been suggested that the Governors and other officials and leading citizens of those States be invited by the city to review the parades from platforms erected midway in their State blocks."

It was announced that, although the committees acting for the States would co-operate with one another and with the Executive Committees of the Fifth Avenue Association and the city, much latitude would be allowed to the individual committees to manage their own displays as long as they harmonized with the general plans of "The Avenue of the United States." It is expected that this freedom to express individuality will result in a show of banners and lights that will surpass "The Avenue of the Allies," which was received so enthusiastically that all the banners were sent to Canada for display and probably will be sent to London and Paris.

In their replies the Governors of the States were enthusiastic about the proposal to have New York City welcome the soldiers immediately upon their landing, as was shown by several of the telegrams given out by the Fifth Avenue Association. Committee Chairmen already appointed to serve for different States are: Arizona, Seth Moyle, 43 West Twenty-seventh Street; Missouri, Mrs. Grace H. Swacker, 454 Riverside Drive; Iowa, Theodore P. Shonts; New Mexico, C. E. Lydecker; Kansas, Herbert H. Houston; North Carolina, Ralph Graves; Nebraska, Norris A. Huse, and West Virginia, Rollin C. Bortle.

STUDENT OFFICERS FREED.

Camp Meade School Releases 189 Signal Corps Men.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP MEADE, Md., Nov. 24.—One hundred and eighty-nine students at the Signal Corps Training School for Officers at Camp Benjamin Franklin, were honorably discharged yesterday and sent home. These were the first of the Signal Corps men to leave here.

It is planned to release fully 1,000 men in the development battalions by Tuesday. This is about one-fifth of the strength of the units. The morning report today showed a total of a few more than 5,000 in the development battalions. They are from all sections of the United States, but a majority are residents of Maryland, Pennsylvania, New York, and West Virginia. When the work with the development battalions has been completed, Major Henmaman will turn his attention to the five companies of Coast Artillery of the Virginia National Guard which were sent here about a week ago.

NAVY READY TO DROP MEN.

Half in Second District Can Leave if They Desire.

NEWPORT, R. I., Nov. 24.—Authorization for the discharge of 50 per cent. of the enlisted personnel of the navy and the Naval Reserve in the Second Naval District who enlisted for the duration of the war was received from the Navy Department at the headquarters of the district here today. All the men will have an opportunity to re-enlist for four years if they so desire.

The district, extending from Chatham, Mass., to New London, Conn., includes numerous bases and training schools, some of which will be discontinued. The present personnel of the district is estimated at about 20,000 men.

K. of C. Celebration in Paris.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—The American Knights of Columbus are preparing for an elaborate observance of Thanksgiving Day in Paris in which prominent clergy and laymen of France and allied countries will take part. Major James Connolly, Vicar General of the Catholic Chaplains of the American Expeditionary Force, has arranged for a religious ceremony at the Madeleine, under the patronage of the Archbishops of Beauvaix, Amiens, Soissons, and Meaux. Cardinal Bourne, Archbishop of Westminster, London, and Colonel Workman, Catholic Chaplain in Chief of the Canadian Army, are expected to be present.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—In Harlem, diamond ring; $100 reward. E. Cottrell, 2,001 1st Av.

LOST—Diamond solitaire ring surrounded with onyx, Saturday afternoon, between 87th St. and Columbus Av. and 84th St. and West End Av. Liberal reward if returned to Apartment 6, South, 495 West End Av.

LOST—Saturday, diamond engagement ring, platinum setting, inscribed D. X. C. to L. M. S., March 3, 1917; reward. L. M. Smith, 222 West 39th St., city.

LOST—3-stone diamond pendant, between 172d and 173d on Audubon Av.; reward. Phone Audubon 3390. Apartment 3H.

LOST—7th Av. subway, tan crochet bag, pocketbook, with Government check, money, small amount; reward. Fickett, 1,585 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Two pocketbooks containing valuables value to owner only; liberal reward. B. Riley, 236 West 108th.

LOST—String of pearls, Sunday afternoon, at Pennsylvania Station. Return to Mrs. H. W. Gray, 140 East 56th.

LOST—In taxicab, a black velvet Maison Maurice hat; reward if returned to 30 East 60th St.

LOST—On 5th Av. bus, Friday morning, mink muff; finder will receive suitable reward for return. 9551 Rhinelander.

$50 REWARD FOR SABLE MUFF, WITH BROWN CORD, WITH ANIMAL'S HEAD ON IT, LOST LATE FRIDAY NIGHT, NOV. 22, IN WALDORF OR IN TAXI TO 306 WEST 94TH ST. TELEPHONE 537 RIVERSIDE. M. P. DAVIS, JR., 306 WEST 94TH ST.

AIR BATTLE STAGED FOR MOTION PICTURES

Rickenbacker in Sham Fight with a Real German Plane over American Lines.

WITH THE AMERICAN AERIAL FORCES IN FRANCE, Oct. 20, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—An air battle between a big German biplane and a little French Spad with Lieutenant Edward V. Rickenbacker, an American ace, in the French machine was staged over an American aerodrome the other day for the benefit of an army photographer. The German machine was a big Hannover, which had landed within the American lines because of motor troubles. The motion pictures were made by Captain Edwin H. Cooper in the observer's seat of an American Liberty machine. Lieutenant Thorne C. Taylor of Chicago was in the pilot's seat of the Hannover machine.

At first Rickenbacker's Spad and the German biplane were warily circling around while the Liberty machine encircled both with Captain Cooper grinding the crank of his motion-picture camera. During the manoeuvre Rickenbacker's machine gun was rattling merrily while the guns of the German machine also were working vigorously.

The machines had worked up to a considerable height and attracted the attention of aviators in nearby aerodromes who were not in the secret, and who were amazed to see a lone German biplane circling over an American pursuing group in broad daylight. Four machines from these other camps came over to see what it was all about, ready to put the finishing touch to the German if their help was needed. By signaling they were warned that it was all a game, and they sailed away again. Suddenly the German machine swerved and the figure of a man came hurtling to the ground. A groan went up from the lips of one of the mechanics who had been delegated to fetch the dummy figure, for it had struck the ground nearly a mile from the field. This ended the "fight."

NAON STILL UNDER FIRE.

Argentina's ex-Ambassador Accused of Favoring Germany.

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 24.—The radical newspapers continue to criticise bitterly the resignation of Dr. Romulo S. Naon as Argentine Ambassador to the United States, declaring that he has put President Irigoyen in a false light before the American people.

La Epoca, the organ of the President, says that Dr. Naon's proposal in February, 1917, that an international conference be held in Madrid to avert war between the United States and Germany, instead of being of service to the Entente was the best thing he could have done to further German designs, and that acceptance of the proposal would have entirely separated Argentina from the Entente. The editorial declares that Dr. Naon's proposal was nothing else than that Argentina should traffic its neutrality for material advantages.

"Dr. Naon's later attempt to bring about peace showed him to have failed as a diplomat, as the proposal was made at a time when the United States and the Allies were more determined than ever to bring Germany to her knees," the editorial continues. "Even the Vatican failed to accomplish what Naon thought he could do."

The editorial ends by repeating its daily question, "Why did Naon resign?"

MEXICANS APPLAUD ALLIES.

Enmity Toward the United States Deprecated by Ureta.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 24.—Mexicans supporting the Allies gave a dinner for allied representatives on Friday night at the Chapultepec Café. General Pablo Gonzalez and Jesus Ureta made speeches favoring the strengthening of relations with the United States. Ureta, Mexico's famous orator, said:

"It is absurd that we should be enemies of the United States. It must be considered unpatriotic to be enemies. We must and will be friends."

The speech made a strong impression.

VILLISTAS WRECK TRAIN.

Several Killed in Fight Following Raid on Railway Station.

JUAREZ, Mexico, Nov. 24.—Villa followers commanded by Epifanio Holguin attacked the Mexican Central Railroad Station at Villa Ahumada, eighty miles south of here, at 3 o'clock this morning and later torpedoed a southbound freight train on the same railroad.

According to the official account given out by Major J. Gomez Tagle, in command of the garrison here, Holguin's band, which consisted of eighty men, was driven off after an engagement lasting less than an hour.

Major Tagle said he had received no report on the casualties, but it was unofficially reported that several were killed on both sides.

Meeting of Israelite Alliance.

The annual meeting of the New York Branch of the Alliance Israelite Universelle was held yesterday afternoon in the Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway. Professor Sylvian Levi of the College de France spoke in French. His subject was "The Alliance and the Jewish Question." Abram I. Elkus, former Minister to Turkey, told some of his experiences there, and emphasized the necessity for education, pointing out that much of the political disorder in Russia was due to illiteracy. Professor Richard Gottheil of Columbia University and Mrs. Gottheil also spoke. The meeting was presided over by N. Behar, American representative of the alliance. There was singing by Miss Stella Toledano and by S. Schlager, Chief Cantor of Temple Emanu-El. Miss Lisa Varon recited.

HAS BILLION DOLLARS FOR WORK OF PEACE

Nebraska's Big Profits from the Farms Are Ready for Reconstruction.

NEEDS THOUSANDS OF MEN

Can Employ Not Only Those Who Went to War, but Also Many More Besides.

Special to The New York Times.

OMAHA, Nov. 23.—With a billion dollars in war profits to its credit, half a billion dollars on deposit in its banks, and much of the 1918 crop of corn and wheat and live stock still on the farms, Nebraska is ready for reconstruction work of all kinds. Nebraska people are not going to spend their money foolishly, but they are ready for business, and they have the money with which to carry through any phase of war reconstruction work that comes up.

Nebraska had none of the big war industries which flourished while the war was on. There were no war contracts in this State which drew from other States large bodies of men. Instead, Nebraska sent thousands of its workmen to other States and is now in position to take care, in the returning regular trades, of soldiers or others who come home looking for positions.

Nebraska sent 41,000 men to war. The State can give every one of these his old position the day he crosses the Missouri River. And there will be room for 34,000 more men in this State if they care to come and ask for work. Nebraska can care for 75,000 workmen and can still cry for more to carry on its regular business, to say nothing of the incerase which naturally comes after two years of marking time.

Public works have been at a standstill in the State since war was declared, and had been so for a year or more previous to that event. This was because money and labor were needed for the work of the war. But with the return of peace practically every county is preparing for work of a public nature. And the counties have the money with which to do the work.

Roadmaking is attracting attention all over the State. Nebraska has, outside of cities and municipalities, only about seventy-five miles of paved roads. And this State has more automobiles per capita than any other State. Automobile owners are ready to vote bonds for good roads. Thousands of laborers and skilled workmen can find employment here when the road season opens next year.

Ten million dollars' worth of new buildings are to be built in Omaha, now that restrictions have been removed. This city suffered probably less than any other in the country by the cutting off of steel and other building materials. Several buildings, costing $250,000 to $1,000,000 each, were under construction when the "stop" order was issued, but work on these were permitted to go forward.

In 1919 Omaha will spend $1,000,000 for paving, $1,000,000 for a high school of commerce, $250,000 for a city jail, and $600,000 in other city work. None of these items are included in the $10,000,000 to be spent in building construction next year.

Sixteen thousand workmen went from Nebraska to work in the munition plants, shipyards, and other war work, according to the books of the local Government Labor Bureau. That is, 16,000 workmen were supplied by the Government bureau. Twenty thousand other workmen are supposed to have left the State on their own initiative for war work in other States. And 41,000 Nebraskans are in the army. Altogether, 77,000 were taken by the war out of the regular channels of industry.

Where did Nebraska get that $1,000,000,000 in excess war profits? From her farms. Before the war, 60 cents was a good price for wheat. Now the price is $2 here. One year Nebraska had 80,000,000 bushels to sell. A corn crop of 200,000,000 bushels is common for Nebraska. Sometimes the crop runs up toward 300,000,000 bushels. And there is about a dollar war profit on each bushel of corn. Hogs are selling at $17.50 a hundred pounds today. Before the war the price was about $7.50 a hundred. The price of hay doubled and tripled when the war began. Nebraska produces more alfalfa than any other two States. The State produces more than 100,000,000 pounds of beet sugar every year.

KANSAS WOMAN ELECTED.

Mrs. Grinstead Will Be First of Sex in the Legislature.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 24.—For the first time in the history of Kansas a woman will sit in the next Legislature. At the recent election Mrs. Minnie J. Grinstead of Seward County, Republican, was elected to the House of Representatives. Mrs. Grinstead is a well-known lecturer of the Southwestern part of the State, and it is expected that she will come to Topeka in January plentifully supplied with measures she hopes to have passed.

Although the official count of the vote in all the counties has not been completed, the returns show that the Republicans made one of the cleanest sweeps any party has made in years. Returns have been officially counted from 82 out of the 105 counties.

Henry J. Allen, editor of The Wichita Beacon, who has been in France since last Spring doing Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. work, and who took no part in the campaign, led the victorious Republican State ticket, and will enter the Governor's office with a majority of not less than 140,000. Arthur Capper, present Governor, who defeated Senator William H. Thompson, Democrat, for re-election, will have a majority of more than 120,000 when all the returns are counted.

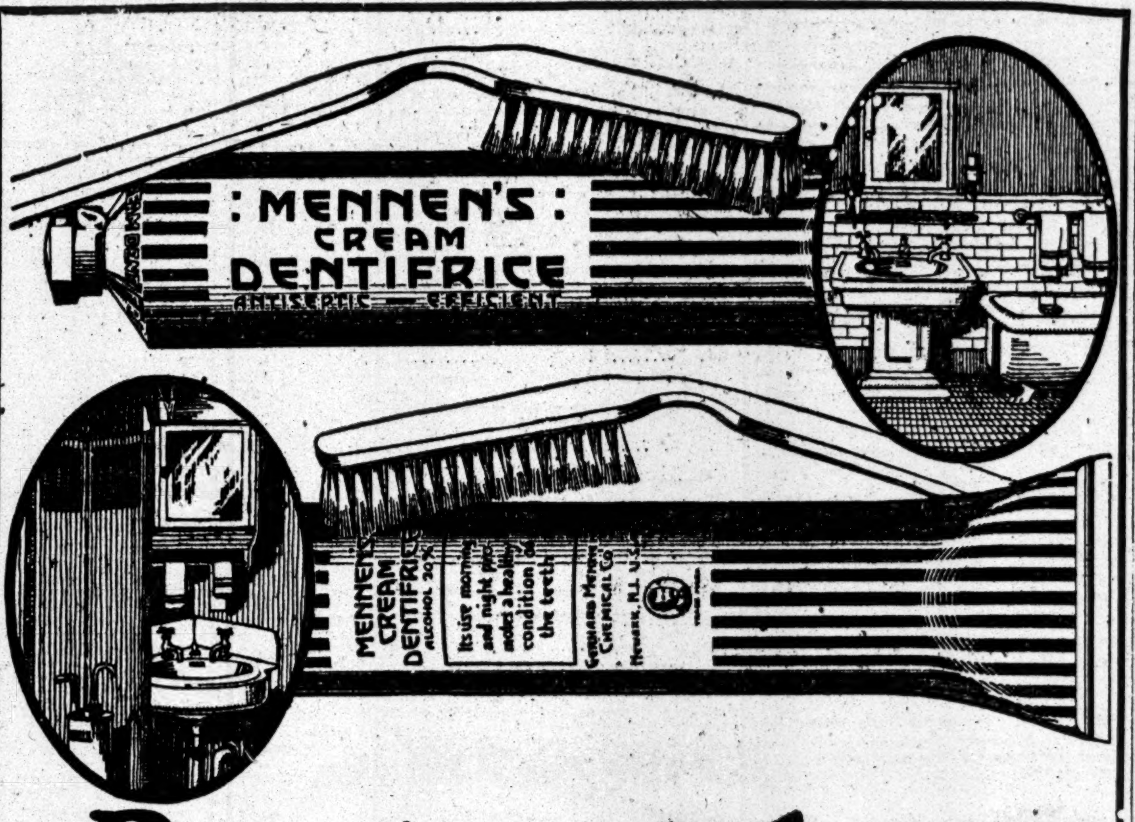
Contrary to expectations and despite the fact that the women turned out as never before, the vote was very light and the complete official figures will show that it was little more than 425,000. Two years ago the vote for Governor was 582,484.

Only the lower house of the State Legislature was elected, but in this the Republicans elected 113 out of the 125 Representatives. As usual, the farmers will have the largest representation in the next House. Forty-eight of the new members are farmers, nineteen are lawyers, and eleven bankers. Six real estate men, five editors, five insurance men, five doctors, two grain men, a painter, a hotel keeper, an abstracter, a tombstone dealer, a coal dealer, and an iceman were elected.

A SOUND POLICY

Men of affairs recognize the importance of Mercantile Safe Deposit. Wherever the pressing business of the day may take them, in town, or out, they have the satisfaction of knowing that their valuable papers and documents remain in the vaults, under careful supervision and accessible only to themselves.

THE MERCANTILE
Safe Deposit Company
115 Broadway, New York
Established 1870.



Buy two tubes—
One for the home and one for the office

THE deceiving thing about bad teeth is that they kill you so slowly. In fact, it is only recently that scientific research has been able to prove that bad teeth are the direct cause of many serious, even fatal diseases.

Dentists are today correctly diagnosing and curing auto-intoxication, rheumatism, kidney trouble, indigestion, headaches and related maladies.

Doctors everywhere are insisting on frequent dental examinations as of vital importance to general health.

The reason teeth are brushed is to remove food particles after each meal. If allowed to remain in crevices, cavities and under the gums, these food particles quickly decay and form acids which attack the lime salts of tooth enamel, weakening the enamel which is broken down by the force of mastication.

Most people only brush their teeth when they arise. That is not enough. A few brush their teeth at night also. That is not enough. It is absolutely essential under modern conditions that you

Brush your teeth five times a day

—after arising, after each meal and before retiring.

If you ate like a savage—on meat and raw fruit—this would not be necessary. Bad teeth are almost unknown among savages.

But you insist on eating the kind of food that is most destructive to teeth—soft, sweet, sticky food, which adheres to the teeth and *must* be removed at once. 90% of civilized people have decayed teeth.

Now let us consider the question of dentifrices.

A brush and cold water are better than nothing. An ordinary, pure soap serves to clean your teeth fairly well, but is, of course, unpleasant to use.

Anything that scours or grinds the enamel is bad. An alkaline dentifrice (most popular dentifrices are strongly alkaline) is very bad, dangerous and destructive.

Such a dentifrice paralyzes the salivary glands and stops the flow of saliva. Saliva is Nature's only agent for neutralizing and rendering harmless the acids of food decay. A dry mouth means that teeth are exposed to the unchecked ravages of acid. An alkaline dentifrice makes a dry mouth.

Mennen's Cream Dentifrice is non-alkaline.

It cleanses, whitens and polishes the teeth wonderfully without scouring or grinding the enamel.

It breaks down tartar formations and mucin plaques.

It *increases* the flow of saliva, Nature's agent for neutralizing acids of food decay, by means of a mild fruit acid which stimulates the salivary glands, thus aiding nature to preserve your teeth.

A 20% content of alcohol serves as an antiseptic deodorant and conditioner of the gums.

Aromatic oils make Mennen's pleasant to use, with a cool, refreshing, delightful after-taste.

Try one tube, you will like it immensely.

Your teeth will be whiter, cleaner and sounder than ever before. A copious flow of saliva will protect your teeth for a long time after using.

Mennen's Cream Dentifrice costs 35c. It is expensive for the same reason that silk costs more than cotton, gold more than lead, cream more than skim-milk. *It is better.*

G. MENNEN CHEMICAL CO., Newark, N. J.
New York Office, Marbridge Bldg., 6th Ave., & 34th St. Phone, Greeley 2828

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says an epicure, but wisely and without waste. Avoid food without flavor. Make it appetizing, enjoyable and digestible with the use of

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SAUCE
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The world's greatest relish.

What Is Meant by the Word "Exclusive"

as applied to the Tailor?

Exclusive fabrics, exclusive patterns, exclusive styles at exclusively HIGH PRICES.

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Arnheim Axioms

A Special Price to Recruit New Friends for
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$32.50

This Special low price is bound to attract a lot of old friends. We expected it would.

But there are plenty of chances for new friends to prove up all the good things they have ever heard about Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes—

At a price less than today's wholesale prices for equally good clothes.

However, both new friends and old friends will find certain advantages in an early choice—at $32.50.

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3d Ave., cor. 122d

YOU'RE letting your bucket down into an empty well, if you expect the Custom-Bred Look in Factory-Born Clothes. The difference commences with the Aristocracy of Woolens and concludes with my Dominant Distinction.

You'll get those rich-texture, fleecy-surfaced, velvety-pile Woolens only to be met in Top-Class Custom Tailoring. You'll get my body-gracing custom fit, my thoroughbred custom style, my gifted journeyman benchwork and my personal attention from Mount-The-Stand to Wrap-It-Up.

Overcoats to individual measure,
$30 *to* $60

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Civilian, Army And Navy Tailor
Broadway at 39th St
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Have you tried one lately?

HAVANA implies richness—smoothness—and sometimes, *heaviness!*

All hint of heaviness, however, is overcome in Robert Burns.

The Havana in Robert Burns' filler is of particularly mild selection. Special care in curing and mellowing gives this Havana a rare quality of mildness.

You will say, when you smoke your first Robert Burns, "This is what I have been looking for—true Havana *taste* plus true *mildness!*"

Make that welcome discovery this very day!

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